SAYS A RELATIVE THREATENED HALL

Ex-Pastor Declares Rector, in Love With Mrs. Mills, Feared for His Life.

EVIDENCE VALUE IN DOUBT

Prosecutor Will Not Call Hungarian Before the Grand Jury.

A new character was added to the dramatis personae of the Hall-Mills murder mystery yesterday when the Rev. Paul F. B. Hamborszky of 324 East Fifteenth Street, former pastor of the Hungarian Reformed Church in New Brunswick, declared that Dr. Hall had told him last June that Mrs. Hall knew of his affair with Mrs. Mills and was jealous, and that a male relative of Mrs. Hall had threatened his life if he did not give up the choir singer.

Dr. Hamborszky also said that Hall had confided in him that he was deeply in love with Mrs. Mills and did not intend to break off the affair, but on the contrary, was thinking of leaving New Brunswick as soon as he returned from his Summer vacation in Maine. According to Hamborszky, Dr. Hall discussed divorce and said he might go to Reno or to Europe to get a divorce in order to marry Mrs. Mills, and that he was willing to leave the church and go into business with the money he had saved.

Dr. Hamborszky at present is not a pastor of any church. He resigned from the Hungarian Church in New Brunswick on April 1 last after trouble with his congregation. Last Spring he conducted services for Hungarians in the chapel of St. George's Episcopal Church in New York, but the attendance at the services was meagre, and Dr. Hamborszky was asked to discontinue them. He is now in the automobile supply business.

Hopes to Win Part of $5,000 Reward.

His story was first published yesterday morning in the Magyar language by the Amerikai Magyar Nepszava, a daily newspaper issued simultaneously in New York, Chicago, Cleveland and San Francisco. Later in the day Hamborszky repeated his story to reporters for English-language newspapers in the office of Julius James Kron, a private detective, at 320 Broadway, who said that he and Hamborszky expected to get part of a reward of $5,000 offered by an evening newspaper for the solution of the mystery, in addition to part of the $1,000 rewar doffered by the Somerset County authorities. Kron also said that he was in the employ of the newspaper that had offered the reward.

Dr. Hamborszky said that he had given his story about Nov. 5 to David Bernheim of Newark, law partner of Deputy Attorney General Wilbur A. Mott of the State of New Jersey, Special Prosecutor in the Hall-Mills case, and that Mr. Bernheim had told him that it would be "a connecting link" in the case. According to the minister, Mr. Bernheim promised to arrange an appointment for him to meet Mr. Mott, but failed to do so. Having received no word from either Mott or Bernheim since the first interview with the Prosecutor's law partner, Mr. Hamborszky said, he had decided to give his information to the public through the newspapers.

Mott Not Impressed.

Mr. Mott said last night that he had gone over the Hamborszky statement carefully and had concluded that it "might be useful as an index and as furnishing leads for the investigators to trace down, but it had little evidential value and would not justify presentation to the Grand Jury." For that reason, he said, he did not intend to call the Hungarian pastor before the Grand Jury when it convenes to hear the evidence in the Hall case at Somerville next week.

Timothy Newell Pfeiffer, attorney for Mrs. Frances Noel Stevens Hall, widow of the murdered clergyman, said he had no comment to make on the Hamborszky statement. The lawyer indicated that he considered it preposterous that Mr. Hall should have confided such matters to a comparative stranger.

The statement of Dr. Hamborszky, which has not been put into affidavit form either for the authorities or the press, was made public yesterday in the following form:

Paul F. B. Hamborszky of 324 East Fifteenth Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, says:

"That I have known the Rev. Edward Wheeler Hall for a period of about ten years. During that period of time I came in contact with Rev. Hall quite often on business and welfare work in matters relating to the Protestant Church in New Brunswick.

"I was formerly pastor of the Hungarian Reformed Church, New Brunswick, for about seventeen years, connected with the same denomination to which Rev. Hall belonged since Dec. 14, 1921. Since this official connection with the Protestant Episcopal Church I became very intimate with Rev. Hall. I met Rev. Hall very often and discussed not only church matters with him, but also personal matters. As I have said, our relations had become rather intimate and the Rev. Hall frequently confided in me. Our social welfare work brought us often together. This was furthered by our interests in church matters which formed a common bond between us.

Met Mrs. Mills With Hall.

"Mr. Kron, an acquaintance of mine for several years, learning of my acquaintance with the Rev. Dr. Hall, came and discussed the Hall-Mills murder with me in a friendly manner and asked me what I knew about it. I disclosed the following information to him:

"While on Metuchen Road, New Jersey, waiting for a jitney, the Rev. Dr. Hall passed me with his automobile. Upon seeing me he stopped. He asked me to jump into his car. In the car was a woman who was introduced to me as Mrs. Mills by the Rev. Dr. Hall. Arriving at New Brunswick, I got out to attend to some business in the city, although the Rev. Dr. Hall asked to take me home. Upon my refusing him, the car in which he and Mrs. Mills were left on its way.

Some time in February, 1922, I had an appointment with the Rev. Mr. Hall to attend a meeting in Rahway, N. J., with him. This was a meeting of clericals of the Protestant Episcopal Church. I arrived at the New Brunswick railroad station on time, and, instead of finding the Rev. Hall, I found Willis Stevens, the brother-in-law of Mr. Hall, awaiting me with a message from the Rev. Hall. Willis stating that Rev. Hall instructed him to inform me that he could not make that train, as per our arrangement that I had with Rev. Hall, but that I wait for the next train; that he would be in time to catch that train.

Says "Willis" Brought Message.

"The Rev. Mr. Hall arrived in time to catch the next train as Willis Stevens stated that Dr. Hall would. Rev. Hall apologized to me for being late, and stated that he had some trouble at home, and that he could not come any sooner. I then boarded the train with Rev. Hall. We sat down together and continued on our way to Rahway, where the meeting of the clericals was to take place. I inquired as to the nature of his troubles at home, and I jokingly remarked 'it was on account of the woman I met you with, was it?' Rev. Hall answered, 'What makes you think so?' I said, 'I heard some rumors about you that you were having some relations with some women.' Rev. Hall answered, 'Yes, my wife is very jealous of Mrs. Mills. What kind of rumors did you hear?' I told him I heard of some rumors, and that ended the conversation at that particular time.

"The Rev. Mr. Hall impressed me as a man who was very disturbed as a result of some marital troubles, and this was furthered to me by his conversation. We continued on our way and attended the meeting. We spoke of church matters, and the conversation with reference to troubles with his wife did not come up again that morning. I did not see him after the meeting. The Rev. Mr. Hall left the meeting before I did. I continued with a number of other clergymen to Perth Amboy.

"In the early part of June, 1922, I again met the Rev. Mr. Hall at the New Brunswick railroad station boarding a train for New York. I wish to say while it is in my mind that previous to our last meeting which I had with him the Rev. Mr. Hall called at my house trying to see me on some matter. I was not home, but I was told that the Rev. Mr. Hall was to see me. Upon learning that the Rev. Mr. Hall was at my home, and that he had seen my wife and told her that he wanted to see me on important matters, I made it my business when I heard of this to call him on the telephone.

"Mrs. Hall Answered the Wire."

"I telephoned Rev. Hall and Mrs. Hall answered the wire. She informed me Rev. Hall would not be in until very late and I might call next day. Knowing Mrs. Hall, I recognized her voice. Something intervened and I did not phone Rev. Hall as perhaps I should have done. Later on Dr. Hall telephoned me and made an appointment. I was not at home and he again spoke to my wife. My wife told me that Dr. Hall said he would like to see me next morning at 10 o'clock.

"Rev. Hall came to my home next morning with his car. We started a conversation which finally led up to confidential things. Rev. Hall asked me: 'Whom did you hear talking about me and Mrs. Mills?' I told him I had heard it from different people. He pressed the matter, but I did not care to give him particular answers to his question, as I did not want to get mixed up with this gossip or bring people into the matter whom I knew. I added that I was very sorry that I had spoken to him about this and should not have done so.

"He went away in a brusque manner and seemed to feel grieved that I did not enlighten him as to the gossip. It is true that he bade me good-bye and that his manner was that of before. On the first day of April, 1922, I left New Brunswick and came to live in New York City. Of course, I did not see the Rev. Mr. Hall or the people I had formerly been associated with in New Brunswick as much as I did formerly.

Deeply in Love With Mrs. Mills.

"In the early part of June I had occasion to go to New Brunswick. I met the Rev. Hall on the station in New Brunswick, and he, learning that I was going to Manhattan, boarded the train with me. The Rev. Hall started the conversation, and asked me how I was progressing with my new work in Manhattan. I answered him that everything was going as well as might be expected, and then the Rev. Hall said he was planning to leave New Brunswick himself. I was very much surprised, as I knew that Dr. Hall was tied there on account of his family. I asked him: 'Are you having any trouble on account of Mrs. Mills? Is that the reason you are leaving?' He said, 'Yes. I am leaving on account of Mrs. Mills. I am deeply in love with Mrs. Mills. I am sorry to say, and cannot get over it. I am planning to do something, to go away.' What did you expect to do? How do you want to sever your relations with Mrs. Hall?' The Rev. Hall said: 'I do not know what I will do. All I know is that I have to get out. I am in constant fear. has threatened me and told me that he will finish me if I do not give up Mrs. Mills.' He then continued to talk about going for a divorce in Reno. He added that he would maybe go to Europe and try to get a divorce there and marry Mrs. Mills. I asked him who — was. The Rev. Hall answered: — — —. 'He threatened you?' 'Yes,' he answered. He said he would finish me if he ever caught me with Mrs. Mills.' The Rev. Hall repeated this about two or three times. I then asked him if he thought anything of Mrs. Hall. No; she is a very cool woman. She has changed very much lately, and I am very much afraid that she will do me some bodily harm.' I asked him: 'What leads you to think that? She evidently must know something about your relations now with Mrs. Mills.' The Rev. Hall said: 'She does. We very often have quarrels on account of Mrs. Mills. I will have to leave New Brunswick.'

Said He Wouldn't Give Woman Up.

"We were talking about his troubles continuously until we reached Manhattan Transfer, where we got on a train for Jersey City, and continued on our way through the tube to Hudson Terminal and went to a soda fountain, where we still discussed this matter. I said to Rev. Hall, "I am sorry that you are having this trouble, but you should give up Mrs. Mills. She is a married woman. You are financially and morally a strong man in New Brunswick, and people would get over this. Do something. See that you get back to your position and hold it. And if you think you cannot stay in New Brunswick, try and see that Mrs. Hall will agree to another pastorate, and forget Mrs. Mills.

"That is the way we parted. He answered, 'I am not going to give up Mrs. Mills. I love her and I cannot give her up. I am going to get out of New Brunswick as soon as I come back from my Summer vacation. What I am going to do I cannot tell now.' I then said to the Rev. Hall that that meant social ostracism for him. It probably meant the end of his entire career as a clergyman. He said, 'I do not care what happens to me. I have a little money and will invest it in some business.' His manner indicated that he had a great deal of stress upon his mind. He seemed in constant fear of something untoward.

"Mr. Kron, learning from me that I had these talks with the Rev. Hall, advised me to give this information to the proper authorities; that it might lead to some result in bringing about justice. Mr. Kron got in touch with the office of the Special Attorney General in this case. As a result I met a Mr. Bernheim in the office of Mr. Kron several days later. I told Mr. Bernheim my story, and after hearing same Mr. Bernheim said it would be a connecting link in the prosecution of this case. He asked me whether or not I was willing to go to Mr. Mott, his superior, in Newark, within the next few days. I told Mr. Bernheim I was willing to go at any time he or anybody else of the prosecutor's office would ask me to go.

"Mr. Bernheim said, 'I will inform Mr. Kron when I want to see you,' and added that it may be next Saturday morning. My recollection is that it was the second day of November, 1922. I have never heard directly or indirectly from the office of Mr. Bernheim or Mr. Mott from that day to this.

"I am making this statement at my own free will, knowing the contents herein contained and the same is true in all respects to my best knowledge and belief.

(Signed) "PAUL F. B. HAMBORSKY.

"Dated Nov. 16, 1922."

Dr. Hamborszky is a youngish looking, middle aged man, well-groomed, and with the air of a man of the world. He has a mustache and wears eyeglasses. Asked why Rector Hall should have confided in him, as he says Hall did, Hamborszky replied that he had frequently applied to Hall for advice concerning difficulties in managing his church in New Brunswick, especially after many members of the congregation left to go back to Hungary after the war. He added that he was chairman of the committee on canons and constitutions in New Brunswick, and that he had gone to Hall for advice in this connection also. In reply to a question, he said that Mr. Hall never told him anything of a personal nature except the information contained in his statement.

Questioned about the circumstances under which he left his pastorate in New Brunswick, Hamborszky said that he had had many disagreements with his congregation and that he had wished to publish a directory of Hungarian business men in New York, so that he handed in his resignation on Jan. 1 last, to take effect April 1. On leaving New Brunswick, he said, he had conducted services for Hungarians at St. George's Church in Stuyvesant Square, but had left because Bishop Manning had refused him permission to hold welcome services in that church for Bishop Desider Balthasar, of the Presbyterian Church of Hungary, on the latter's arrival from Hungary last June.

Told Story Soon After Murder.

According to Hamborszky, he told his story first to three men, Thompson, a mechanic, Miles and Niemeth, a salesman, at the office of the Standard Auto Parts Company, 1776 Broadway, in which he is a stockholder, two days after the bodies of the Rector and Mrs. Mills were discovered. Shortly afterward, he said, he made an automobile trip to New Brunswick and told the story to some men he met in Joseph Parry's poolroom, French Street and Brown Street, when he stopped there to cash a check for $10. According to Hamborszky, one of the men in New Brunswick to whom he told the story was a minor politician, who warned him he had better keep quiet and not tell any of the officials or something might happen to him. The former minister also said that members of his family to whom he told the story also advised him to keep quiet for fear of the consequences.

Hamborszky said that he was well acquainted with County Detectives David and Ferguson of New Brunswick, but did not tell them what he knew. He kept quiet in order not to get mixed up in the case, he said, until his friend, Kron, the private detective, advised him to go to the authorities.

Kron denied that he was employed by Florence M. North, attorney for Charlotte Mills, daughter of the murdered woman. He said that he had been employed as a private detective by Miss Grace Rumiston, the New York lawyer in whose office Miss North studied at one time.

Flight to Mexico Mentioned.

In Scranton, Pa., the Rev. Julius Hamborszky, father of the Rev. Paul Hamborszky, said that his son had told him the story made public in New York, and added that Hall had said that he was making plans to go to Mexico to escape the man who had threatened him. The Rev. A. G. Schodle, who succeeded Hamborszky as pastor of the New Brunswick church, and is dean of the Eastern Convocation of the Hungarian Reformed Church in America, said that he had gone to New Brunswick last April to investigate complaints made against Hamborszky by members of the congregation.

Dr. Schodle said that he did not put much credence in Hamborszky's story and could not understand why he had delayed so long in telling it to the authorities. Dr. Schodle said that he regarded Hall as a fine man, and did not believe he would have made such statements to Hamborszky. The Rev. Sigmund Laky, pastor of the First Hungarian Evangelical Reformed Church in New Brunswick, who knew Hall, also said that he regarded Hamborszky's story with doubt. A high official of the Episcopal Diocese of New Jersey said last night that Hamborszky had resigned voluntarily from the New Brunswick church last April.

Charles C. Burlingham of the vestry of St. George's Church in New York, said that the Rev. Mr. Sturges of the Church Mission House, at 281 Fourth Avenue, had sponsored Hamborszky in connection with the work of the Presiding Bishop and council for services for foreign-speaking people, and had requested that Hamborszky be allowed to use the chapel for such services.

Regard Story as of Value.

It was said in a quarter close to the prosecution last night that, although Mr. Mott does not consider the Hamborszky statement of value as legal evidence, he regards it as highly important from the standpoint of the investigation. Mr. Mott has had this information for more than two weeks, and it has given Mr. Mott and his chief investigator, Detective James F. Mason, a line to work upon. The reasons that his statement will not be put before the Grand Jury—or the trial jury, if the case goes to trial—are that its evidence is meagre, that it is vague, and that it does not deal with thec rime itself. Although the man named by Hamborszky as the man who, Hall said, made the threat against him, is not the man the authorities now have under suspicion as the murderer, the authorities do not consider this a fatal defect in the Hamborszky story.

Subpoenas Out for Witnesses.

Mr. Mott conferred in Somerville yesterday with Prosecutor Beekman regarding the presentation of the case to the Grand Jury on Monday. He said the work of issuing subpoenas for twenty-five to fifty witnesses was going on rapidly.

Charlotte Mills, apparently upset because she had not been subpoenaed as a Grand Jury witness, said last night that she knew how the ten letters written by her mother to Hall, and found between the bodies, had got there. She said that she had tried unsuccessfully to give Prosecutor Beekman this information, and now wants to tell it to the Grand Jury.

Supreme Court Justice Bergen in Trenton yesterday granted writs of habeas corpus, requested by Prosecutor Beekman, under which Pearl Bahmer and Raymond Schneider, who found the bodies on Sept. 16, will be summoned before the Grand Jury Monday. Pearl is in the House of Good Shepherd, Newark, and Schneider is in the Middlesex County Jail.

OHIO RIVER'S SHIFT FOILS GAMBLING LAW

Indiana Bettors Use Machines at Track Now Included in Kentucky's Boundaries.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 17.—Indiana is perplexed by a problem, thrust into its boundaries by the vagaries of the Ohio River in the form of the new Dade race track, opened on Nov. 8, with betting machines, the "ponies" and all race track paraphernalia. Racegoers are casting their dollars into a device illegal under the laws of the State, but operating under the statutes of Kentucky and the Kentucky State Racing Commission.

About forty years ago a roaring flood changed the course of the Ohio River slightly, leaving a peninsula where formerly the river flowed. Kentucky's boundary, as originally fixed, was the low-water mark on the Indiana shore. As a result of the shift in the river the peninsula technically is in Kentucky because the original boundary was the shore of the Ohio. The Dade track, operated by the Green River Jockey Club, is on the outskirts of Evansville and the southern Indiana boys rush to the course each afternoon by automobile. As soon as the ancient shore line is crossed the racegoers technically are in Kentucky.

The peninsula is the only part of Kentucky that actually is attached to Indiana by land. Between races spectators may watch the stern-wheeled packets churning the turbid waters of the Ohio from the grand stand. Several hundred yards of waetr separate them from Kentucky. The prospects are that the race meeting will continue indefinitely, as Kentucky's claim to the land under water has never been contested.

TOKIO PRESS STILL ANGRY.

Continues Sharp Comments on Japanese Naturalization Decision.

TOKIO, Nov. 16 (Associated Press).—Sharp press comment continues to be evoked by the decision of the United States Supreme Court holding Japanese ineligible for naturalization as American citizens.

The Yomuri says it is "manifestly the duty of Japanese statesmen to set themselves to righting the unfair treatment meted out to Japanese."

The Hochi Shimbun on the other hand, believes that the decision confirms the exclusion of Japanese from America. This paper adds:

"If the Americans persist in their present attitude toward the Japanese it is inevitable that racial strife will grow more pronounced."

KILLS WOMEN AND HIMSELF.

Man Murders Two in Pacific Beach Cabin, Hacking Ones.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Nov. 17.—Miss Tansy Bolton, 23 years old; Mrs. J. T. O'Brien, 38, and Hjalmar Andersen, 39, are dead today as the result of a double killing and suicide in a cabin at Copalis Beach, an ocean point about twenty-five miles from here, early this morning.

Anderson, according to the police, slew the two women, first hacking Miss Bolton with a knife and then killed himself.

BANDITS SEIZE MORE AMERICANS IN CHINA

George Olaf Holm, a Lutheran Missionary, Is the Third to Be Carried Off in Honan.

300 AMERICANS IN DANGER

A Dozen Towns Have Been Sacked and Residents Scattered—Government Powerless.

PEKING, Nov. 17 (Associated Press).—George Olaf Holm, an American member of the Lutheran Mission, has been kidnapped by pandits in Honan Province. The powerful bandit army is growing bolder, and it apparently dominates the entire province. A dozen towns have been sacked and burned, and the inhabitants forced to flee. Upward of 300 Americans in the danger zone are greatly alarmed, according to the American Consul at Hankow.

Mr. Holm is the third American missionary to be carried off by the Honan bandits, who also are holding Anton Lundeen and Einar Borg-Breen, together with the latter's five-year-old son. Holm was born in Norway, but is a naturalized American citizen.

A body of armed bandits entered the Holm residence at Chen Yang, seized the missionary in the presence of his wife and two sons and marched him off into the country.

So far as is known here all the kidnapped missionaries are safe and unharmed, and are permitted to communicate with their families.

Foreigners in the unprotected communities in Honan have been advised by their Consuls to flee to Hankow and scores of missionaries already have arrived there. Hundreds, however, still are scattered throughout the more remote districts. The entire staff of the American Mission School at Chikungshan has fled to Hankow, where martial law has been declared.

The head of the Lutheran Mission at Kwang-chow reports that bandits armed with machine guns are looting the cities in that section and are robbing the missions. They are threatening to carry off all foreigners.

The Chinese Foreign Office, replying to the joint note from the American, British, French, Italian and Swedish Ministers demanding action, announced today that it had appealed to General Wu Pei-fu, the military power of North China, to attempt to conciliate the bandits. It is feared that if force is used against them it would jeopardize their captives.

General Wellington Koo, Foreign Minister, said the Government was making every effort to obtain the release of the captives. He explained that the bandits are seizing foreigners in an effort to force the Government to incorporate them in the Chinese army. Dr. Koo asserted that the Government was reluctant to grant this request for two reasons: First, because it would encourage other outlaws to adopt a similar course and endanger more foreigners, and second, because that would increase the size of the army, which already was too large.

Dr. Koo also pointed out that China had been urged to disband unnecessary troops by a resolution adopted by the powers at the Washington conference.

Missionary's Wife Tells of Capture.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 17.—The abduction of Anton M. Lundeen, a missionary of the Augustana Synod of the Swedish Lutheran Church, and C. A. Forsberg, another missionary, by Chinese bandits in the Province of Honan on Oct. 13 was described in a letter received by Miss Lydia Becklund of St. Paul, Mrs. Lundeen's sister, and made public today.

Mrs. Lundeen wrote that between 2 and 3 o'clock in the morning they were awakened by shooting and screaming and general confusion over the city.

"About 5 o'clock," the letter said, "one of the gate-keepers called and said the bandits were in the yard. There was a loud bang at the door and my husband told them to come in. However, they could not open the door and he had to do it for them. He was immediately taken captive and marched to the Forsberg house, where Mr. Forsberg was taken in the same manner.

"Miss Anna Anderson, who has been stationed here, and Miss Anna Johnson, a guest, were with me. We each had a child in our arms, ready to be marched off, when the bandits were satisfied with their loot.

"It was almost dawn and the men were anxious to get away and we were soon out of doors and down the street. Mr. Forsberg and my husband were still together. We were permitted to go back.

"Yesterday afternoon we received a letter from Anton saying that he was about fifty miles south of us. He did not know where Mr. Forsberg was. He said that so far the men had been fairly decent to him.

"Both Mr. Forsberg and my husband have often expressed their desire to preach to these men, and now God has given them the opportunity."

L. M. BOOMER RETIRES.

Gives Up Two Hotels to Attend to Waldorf and Sherry Interests.

Announcement was made yesterday of the withdrawal of L. M. Boomer as Managing Director of the McAlpin and Martinique Hotels. Mr. Boomer stated that the hotels would be operated along the same lines, and that it would enable him to give more attention to his other interests, which include the Waldorf-Astoria and Sherry's in New York, the Bellevue-Stratford in Philadelphia and the New Willard in Washington, D. C. He has for many years been associated with Coleman du Pont in these enterprises.

Arthur L. Lee has been appointed manager to succeed him. Mr. Boomer will continue as a Director in the Greeley Square Hotel Company, which owns these properties. Mr. Lee has been with the hotel since its opening and for many years prior to that was with the Hotel Knickerbocker.

FOUR IRISH GUNMEN EXECUTED IN DUBLIN

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

part are criminals who cannot settle themselves to ordered life.

"The Government takes the fullest responsibility for putting to death certain persons today. The sentence was just. It was no defense that they had not succeeded in shooting some one. It is strange that we hear no indignation when the irregulars kill, and it is only expected when the Government is forced to carry out its decrees. Ireland is suffering from a cancer and we must use the knife to cut it out. It would be an unworthy government if it had no courage to carry through."

President Cosgrave asserted that if the irregulars surrendered their arms tomorrow and acknowledged the Government they would not be punished.

Mulcahy Urges Stern Measures.

DUBLIN, Nov. 17 (Associated Press).—At the conclusion of the Dail Eireann meeting this evening the Laborites asked for an explanation of the execution of four civilians this morning, declaring that unless details were forthcoming they would provoke bitterness in the country against the Government.

Richard J. Mulcahy, Minister of Defense, explained that the men were found in the streets of Dublin at night, carrying loaded revolvers and waiting to take the lives of other men.

"That is the simple case we have to put before the country," he said. "The people have to be shocked and the people have to take stern measures. We are absolutely convinced that unless we deal in the strongest way with those who are committing crimes all over the country and destroying the whole fabric of industry and society we shall not throw back the tide of lawlessness, lust and looting that some mad political leaders have stirred up."

Government officials indicated their intention of holding Mary MacSwiney and denied reports that they intended to release her.

CORK, Nov. 17.—Bishop Cohalan of Cork, preaching in the Cathedral today denounced the republicans' latest appeal to force and asked them to cast their lot with the overwhelming majority of the people.

"There is not one person in one hundred," he said, "who is engaged in or who is in favor of the military action of the irregulars. There are not eight hundred, or half that number, men and women in the city participating in or approving ambushes, firing at national soldiers, forcible seizure of other people's property, or destruction of roads and railways. The number engaged in the republican physical force movement is relatively very small and it is a very wrong and cruel thing for less than 1 per cent. of the population to continue a campaign of destruction which is ruining the country."

COAL PARLEY ADJOURNS WITHOUT AGREEMENT

Operators and Miners Will Meet Again Next Month to Discuss Contract.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17 (Associated Press).—The joint conference of bituminous coal operators and miners' representatives meeting here in an effort to arrive at some basis for conducting wage negotiations next January, without arriving at an agreement voted tonight to adjourn until Dec. 6.

John L. Lewis, President of the United Mine Workers of America, and P. H. Penna of Terre Haute, Ind., an operator who acted as Chairman of the conference, issued the following joint statement when the meeting adjourned:

"The joint commission of operators and miners has devoted itself diligently to the matters for which the convention was called. Some substantial progress has been made and there are grounds for believing that at a later date a definite program can be agreed upon by representatives of the operators and miners. In order to give additional consideration to the matter in hand the committee has unanimously agreed to take a recess until Wednesday, Dec. 6, when we will convene again in this city."

The conference, which had been in progress for four days, considered half a dozen suggestions for a basis for wage negotiations to be started in January. These included national agreements, district agreements, negotiations on the old central competitive field basis, and negotiations on the central competitive field plan with the addition of Western Kentucky, Central Pennsylvania and West Virginia.

FIND 8 MAGAZINE GUNS HIDDEN IN LINER'S HOLD

President Arthur's Crew Deny Knowledge of Weapons Seized by Customs Men.

Eight Colt magazine guns were found late yesterday afternoon in the afterhold of the President Arthur of the United States Lines when she was searched by customs officials at Pier 3, Hoboken, on her arrival from Danzig and Bremen. The vessel arrived with 268 cabin and 199 third class passengers, mails and freight chiefly from Bremen.

The guns were brought over to New York and the customs officials will endeavor to ascertain to whom they were sold and hope by that means to obtain a clue as to the identity of the persons who smuggled the guns on board. It was evident that the guns had been smuggled as they were stowed behind a bulkhead next the hull of the ship. Captain P. H. Kreibohm, master of the President Arthur, officers and members of the crew were questioned by Inspector Albert Hokenson, in charge of the special squad who found the cache and all hands professed entire ignorance of the guns or how they came to be found on the ship.

When the liner arrived she was searched as usual to see if any drugs or liquors were concealed on board, and nothing of a contraband nature was discovered. After the passengers had all gone ashore Inspector Hokenson with his squad of expert rummagers went on board and searched the steamer from the forepeak to the stern sheets, and during this examination the magazine guns were discovered.

The President Harding, also from Bremen, docked yesterday in Hoboken within three hours of the President Arthur. It left port four days earlier, being a much slower vessel.

The President Harding brought 305 passengers, 1,000 sacks of mail and 5,000 canaries from the Harts Mountains, which are hardy birds and renowned for their wonderful notes.

GUARD MEXICANS IN TEXAS.

Mayor of Breckenridge Says He Can Protect Them.

AUSTIN, Texas, Nov. 17.—Telegrams received by Governor Neff today from Mayor C. H. Fulwiler of Breckenridge, where Rangers were sent yesterday, said the situation was quiet and reports of anti-Mexican feeling had been exaggerated by Mexican officials. The Mayor denied that he had informed Mexican authorities he could not give protection to their citizens, and said he had appointed one hundred special officers to assist in handling the situation.

No reports had been received by Governor Neff or Adjt. Gen. Barton today regarding alleged disturbances at Hidalgo and Weslaco. The alleged lynching of a Mexican in Weslaco was followed by a note to Governor Neff from Secretary of State Hughes at Washington.

BRECKENRIDGE, Texas, Nov. 17.—Captain Frank C. Hamer and three Rangers arrived here today from Austin to investigate alleged intimidation of negroes and Mexicans. Captain Hamer said ample protection would be given to the Mexican and negro residents.

The situation has been quiet since a parade on Tuesday night, participated in by some 300 men, the members of which are said to have warned Mexicans and negroes to leave Breckenridge. The exodus of persons receiving threats apparently had been checked today.

LIBYAN TRIBES IN REVOLT.

Said to Have United to Drive the Italians From Tripolitania.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CAIRO, Nov. 17.—The latest to enter the Near Eastern struggle are the Bedouins of Tripolitania and Cyrenaica, who are reported to have sunk their local differences and united under the chief of the Senussi to expel the Italians and establish their own Government.

The effect of the news hereabouts has been merely to cause speculation as to how long the Libyan tribes, which have been fighting one another for generations, can remain united to fight somebody else.

NEW APOSTOLIC DELEGATE.

Archbishop Fumasoni-Biondi to Succeed Bonzano Here.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 17.—Announcement will be made in tomorrow morning's issue of The Baltimore Catholic Review of the appointment of Archbishop Peter Fumasoni-Biondi as Apostolic Delegate to the United States.

Archbishop Fumasoni-Biondi will succeed Archbishop Bonzano, who has been for ten years Apostolic Delegate. Mgr. Bonzano will sail from New York tomorrow on his way to Rome to receive the red hat. The official announcement of the appointment of Archbishop Fumasoni-Biondi will be made in a few days, it is said.

The new Apostolic Delegate is a native of Rome and is 50 years old. He was educated for the priesthood and ordained there and was consecrated Bishop. For a number of years he served at the Vatican. He was Apostolic Delegate to India in 1918 and was appointed first Apostolic Delegate to Japan in 1919.

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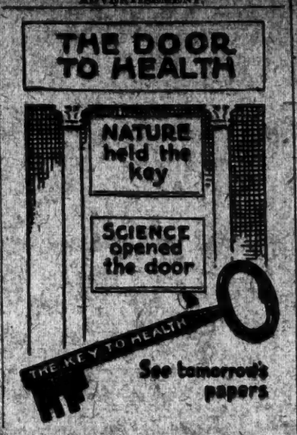

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Today's Princeton-Yale Game By Radio

College men and their friends are invited to the Wanamaker Auditorium Saturday to hear the Princeton-Yale game reported by radio direct from Palmer Stadium. The Princeton-Harvard game was received very satisfactorily last Saturday, the cheering and comments of the crowd being plainly heard. Each play of the game will be reported instantly, beginning at 2 P. M. The Auditorium seats 1,400.

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Men's & Young Men's Clothing

$60, $65 Ulsters and Overcoats, $42.50
$60, $65 Two-trousers Suits, $44.50
$50 Suits, $38

All in sizes 34 to 46, so that even late comers can be fitted. *Every one of these garments, despite its low price, is of highest Wanamaker quality.*

In the London Shops

A final offering of
British-made Lounge Suits, Golf Suits and Overcoats of $60 to $75 grades at $48
Loomed and tailored in England.

$2 for Men's 1-clasp Mocha Gloves
Irregulars of the $3.50 grade

Half pique seam, Paris point or black embroidered backs. Sizes 7¼ to 9. The irregularities consist of a slight unevenness of grain or coloring. Wear and fit are not affected.

774 prs. Men's $8 Shoes at $6.35

High tan lace shoes, high black Scotch grain lace shoes, high brown kidskin lace shoes, black or tan oxfords. Lasts, leathers and styles to please men of varied tastes. Sizes 6 to 11, widths B to E.

$1.25 for $2, $2.50 Wool Half Hose

Full-fashioned, imported all-wool half hose, plain or ribbed. Contrasting embroidered side clocking. In black, tan, cadet blue, mode. Sizes 10 to 11. 1398 pairs. (Only 123 pairs in black.)

Street Floor, New Building

$12 for Men's $20 leather Oxford Bags

35 bags of genuine boarded cowhide leather in brown, three-piece style. Sewed-in frame, sewed corner protectors, leather lining. Frame mounted with solid brass lift catches and lock of extra quality. 18 in. size.

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We laugh at the college boy who took calf's brains for breakfast the day before examination;

Yet the man who gorges himself with lean meat to add to his muscle is acting no more wisely.

Beans are muscle builders, so are milk and eggs and many of the other wholesome foods served at CHILDS.

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In plaids and heather mixtures, belted models. The ideal coat for all outdoor wear. Sizes 7 to 18.
Specially priced for one day only. $8.95
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The Freeman
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SAMPLE FREE: THE FREEMAN, NEW YORK

WHAT TO DO WITH MONEY
Persons having money to invest in substantial undertakings may find the chance they seek in the Business Opportunities columns of The New York Times. Bank and business references required.—Advt.

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One of the Most Certain Recipes—

for being a successful holiday hostess is to know the different and delicious dishes, and the charming and original ways of serving them.

It's to have a table invitingly arranged and to possess the art of being just formal enough, but not too formal, on occasion, and perhaps at other times not formal at all, but as if delightfully improvising.

A wealth of suggestions for every sort of entertaining, from the casual tea to the dinner of many courses, are to be found in:—

Catering for Special Occasions, With Menus and Recipes, *Fannie Merritt Farmer* — $1.24
Serving and Waiting, *Eleanor Merchant* — $1.49
Table Service, *Lucy G. Allen* — $1.49
The Party Book, *Winnifred Fales and Mary Northend* — $2.54

Book Department, Main Floor, 35th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
Herald Square New York

DRY CHIEF TO OUST MANY AGENTS TODAY

Between 30 and 50 Will Be Dismissed in First Move of General Shake-Up.

TEN IN BROOKLYN WILL GO

Places Not to Be Filled, Says Yellowley—Jersey Director to Quit in Few Days.

The expected shake-up in the local Federal prohibition office, reports of which have been heard ever since E. C. Yellowley became Acting Federal Prohibition Director on Nov. 1, will begin today, it was admitted late last night by Mr. Yellowley. Between thirty and fifty agents will be dismissed. Their places will not be filled, according to Mr. Yellowley. Other agents will be dropped later, it was reported.

Ten agents attached to the Brooklyn office are among the number to go. It was reported that all are Democrats, and received their appointment under the Democratic Administration. It also was reported in that borough that the places of these men would be filled with Republicans. Mr. Yellowley declared he knows nothing of the politics of the men to be dismissed. Their places will not be filled, he said.

The Brooklyn office is in charge of William B. Lord, who has a staff of twenty-two agents. The ten said to be slated for dismissal were summoned to headquarters here yesterday.

Mr. Yellowley would not give his reasons for the dismissals to be made today, but intimated that he might say something today. Several days ago Mr. Yellowley intimated that twenty-five or thirty agents would be dropped because of lack of appropriation. From other quarters it has been reported that a number of agents were to be dismissed because of inefficient service.

Federal Prohibition Director Charles H. Brown, in charge of New Jersey, with principal office in Newark, last night confirmed reports that he intended to resign within the next few days. He has held the office nearly two years. Local Federal officials said that Mr. Brown was held in high esteem by officials in Washington.

Mr. Brown said he would resign as soon as he is able to clean up the situation concerning the dismissal of twelve enforcement officers, whose dismissal was recommended on Thursday by the Chief Enforcement Agent. No explanation for the proposed dismissals was made. It was reported in one quarter that one charge against at least seven of the men was in connection with card playing all night while waiting for daylight to come so as to move liquors they had seized in a raid.

Ernest A. Coleman, Field Supervisor, said last night that there is to be a big shake-up in the New Jersey office because some of the agents have not been giving efficient service.

Acting Director Yellowley announced that the basic permits for handling alcohol, whisky and wine of the following holders were revoked because of irregularities:

Alexander Stevens, retail druggist, New Rochelle, N. Y.; Rosina A. Morcaca, retail druggist, 319 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn; the Piccadilly Pharmacy, druggists, 2 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn; William Eckstein, retail druggist, 2,655 Eighth Avenue; Julius Joffe, retail druggist, 919 Second Avenue; Alexander H. McKee, retail druggist, 1,420 St. Nicholas Avenue; Albert Fett, retail druggist, 20 Clermont Avenue, Mosepth, L. I.; Samuel Benjamin, retail druggist, 205 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn; Colombo Mirabella, manufacturer of liquors, 331 Smith Street, Brooklyn; Olympic Laboratory Company, manufacturers, 306 Carroll Street; S. H. R. Drug Company, wholesale druggists, 223 West 116th Street; R. M. Chemical Company, wholesale druggists, 223 West 116th Street; R. M. Chemical Company, wholesale druggists, 381 Hamilton Street, Long Island City, and the Melvale Distillery Company, agents for the Melvale Distillery, 126 Watts Street.

Local prohibition officials said that a seaplane with a carrying capacity of twenty passengers or 300 cases of liquor was operating between Canada and Long Island. The officials have been reluctant to admit that planes have been used in rum-running operations, one reason being, it has been said, that the Government has no appropriation for aerial chasers. From time to time reports have been in circulation that large quantities of liquors were being brought in by the air route.

Before Judge Louis D. Gibbs in the Bronx County Court, William J. McKeown, law partner of Sheriff Edward J. Flynn, pleaded for the restoration of seven barrels of whisky, thirty-five gallons of alcohol and two barrels of sherry which were seized two weeks ago by the police of the Alexander Avenue Station at 282 Alexander Avenue. The liquor is the property of Elizabeth McDonald, who is represented by McKeown. Further hearing will be held on Dec. 5.

"Drys" Won Evanston, Recount Shows.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Evanston, home of the headquarters of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, upheld its reputation by defeating the Illinois "wet" referendum on Nov. 7 by a majority of 346 votes. This was shown today by a completion of the official canvass of the Cook County vote which, as erroneously reported a few days ago, indicated that Evanston voted wet. The official figures showed 4,141 in favor of beer and light wines and 4,487 against.

British End Mail Service in China.

HONGKONG, Nov. 17 (Associated Press).—British postal agencies in China, which will be withdrawn Nov. 30 under the agreement reached at the Washington conference, ended their activities today when the interchange of mails between the agencies as well as the receiving of mails by them from British colonies and other foreign countries ceased.

HARDING WON'T MOVE TO CHANGE DRY LAW

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

the Presidency, if the Republican platform failed to follow suit.

"Republican politicians to whom I have pointed this out," continued Mr. Stayton, "have said that if the Democrats had the 'wet' end and the Republicans the 'dry' end, the Democrats would win, and, therefore, it would be necessary for the Republicans to insert a 'wet' plank in their platform. I notice that already leading Republicans are adopting this idea. For example, Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania, is out with a demand that the Republicans adopt a 'wet' plank in their national platform.

"I look forward to the next Presidential election as one that will be an offset to the 1922 results that both parties will have 'wet' planks in their platforms, putting the 'wets' in control of the balance of power and in a position that the Anti-Saloon League has heretofore occupied. If this be true, all that remains for our association to do is to provide the necessary machinery to keep the 'wets' informed as to who are the liberal candidates, so that their votes will be given to those who are actually 'wet.'"

Stayton for Enforcing Law.

Speaking of the general question of the prohibition law, Mr. Stayton said:

"On the question of enforcement, sentiment has not changed. Decent, responsible citizens always have and always will support our country's laws, even though, as in the case of the Volstead law, they know them to be foolishly conceived and devastatingly ruinous in their effects.

"Conversely, crooks of the bootlegging type and people of easy morals have in the past and will continue in the future to violate laws when they have the opportunity and the desire to do so. Bootleggers are the strongest supporters of the Volstead law, which enriches them at the expense of the general public.

"The recent election proved that the large law-abiding majority of our population wants a modification of the Volstead law which will permit physicians to prescribe alcohol where indicated, without unrolling miles of red tape; which will allow beverages of light alcoholic content (such beverages being preferred by many people now drinking whisky) and which will put a stop to the scandal, crime, ruin and deaths which result from the Volstead act.

U. S. WARSHIPS FOR JAFFA.

Ordered to Palestine Port to Protect Missionaries in Jerusalem.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 17 (Associated Press).—The American torpedo boat destroyers Bulmer and Litchfield have been ordered to Jaffa to protect and maintain wireless communication for the American missionary and relief institutions in Jerusalem and Bethlehem. One of the vessels will be stationed permanently at Jaffa.

ATTACKS DRY LAW ENFORCEMENT HERE

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

have been conducted in an inefficient and disgraceful manner.

Apparently the agents selected for the active work of suppressing illegal traffic in whisky have been chosen principally for political reasons when it was necessary to select men for this work who are worthy of confidence and of such stable character that they would not yield to the temptations to which it was well understood they would be subjected.

These appointees, being exempt from the civil service laws, were appointed and removed without the restrictions which those laws impose; and, consequently, the office seems to have been made the dumping ground for influential politicians who secured appointments for their henchmen without proper regard for the qualifications of those chosen.

"The testimony mentioned shows definitely that the agents operating directly under John S. Parsons, Chief Enforcement Officer, and subject to his directions were treated unfairly and with partiality. At least some of those who connived with people engaged in illegal whisky traffic enjoyed the confidence of Mr. Parsons and were shown favoritism by him, while in some instances the agents who exerted themselves to enforce the law were dismissed or transferred from New York City elsewhere to their disadvantage.

Tells of Day Loan.

"In one instance one of the agents whom he favored committed a serious violation of departmental regulations which was of such character that he should have been promptly dismissed, but he was retained and remained in the service at least until the Grand Jury investigation now in progress was instituted. Mr. Parsons and John D. Appleby, Divisional Chief of the General Prohibition Agents, stated under oath that the facts in the case were communicated by them to Ralph A. Day. Mr. Appleby further testified that had he been in Mr. Day's position he would have suspended the agent referred to and recommended his dismissal. This agent's brother lent Mr. Day a large amount of money.

"In response to the question as to why he failed to investigate the conduct of this agent Mr. Parsons said: 'I don't know except because I was a damn fool.' It is considered that any man who offers as a reason for having neglected to perform his duty that he was a 'damn fool' is unfit to hold the position that he occupies.

"It was Mr. Day's duty to know what was going on in the office under his charge; if he did not know he was at fault; if he did know he is to blame for not having corrected the evils that existed there. The Grand Jury is of the opinion that if a genuine effort is to be made at New York to enforce the Federal Prohibition law it is necessary that the office here be placed in other hands and entrusted to the care of capable, responsible people, and that Mr. Day and Mr. Parsons should be removed from their present positions.

"The Grand Jury feels that the information herein contained should be conveyed to the proper authorities and, therefore, this letter is written as a result of the voluntary and unanimous action of the Grand Jury.

"It is not intended that anything herein contained should be construed as reflecting unfavorably in any way upon Mr. Appleby or the United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York or the conduct of the latter's office.

"Respectfully,

"W. DE SAUSSURE TRENHOLM,
"Foreman."

Mr. Trenholm's Statement.

In giving out the letter Mr. Trenholm made this statement:

"The Grand Jury, which met in September, had heard evidence that the affairs of the Federal Prohibition office here had not been properly administered. Some time in October it was announced that Day and Parsons were to resign, and the officials at Washington were credited with the statement that this was in accordance with a previous Arrangements and an endorsement of Mr. Day's administration.

"The Grand Jury felt that the evidence it had should be placed before the Treasury Department so that the action in the matter of the resignations could be withheld if the department heads were so inclined.

"I was directed to inform Judge Foster that the Grand Jury desired to convey to the Secretary of the Treasury, by a letter the information that it had, but that it doubted the propriety of communicating with him direct. At a conference with Judge Foster he advised that the letter be addressed to him. This was done and the letter was handed to him in open court.

"The understanding was that the latter would be forwarded to the Secretary of the Treasury. The Grand Jury was subsequently reliably informed that a copy had been sent to the Secretary on Friday, Oct. 27, the day the letter was dated.

"The resignations of Day and Parsons were accepted on Nov. 1. Later the Grand Jury was told that the copy of the letter had not been received by the Secretary of the Treasury. This information came from Assistant District Attorney John Holley Clark. Major Clark said that he had been informed by Commissioner of Internal Revenue Blair that the letter had not been received.

"On Monday the Grand Jury was told that the Secretary of the Treasury had informed United States District Attorney Hayward during a personal interview that a copy of the letter had been received. When was not stated.

"In view of the fact that the resignations of Mr. Day and Mr. Parsons were received in spite of the letter, the Grand Jury felt that the facts should be made known, and I was directed to make the letter public. The whole purpose of the letter was defeated by the failure to withhold acceptance of the resignations."

Mr. Trenholm said the charges referred to in the letter concerned entirely affairs under Mr. Day's administration. He declined to make public the name of the agent said to have been retained in spite of a "serious violation" of regulations, and whose brother was said to have lent money to Mr. Day. "The Grand Jury is still in session and its findings will be made public at the proper time," he said.

Day's Comment.

Mr. Day, when his attention was called to the letter last evening, said:

"My resignation was accepted on November 1 according to an understanding with the Secretary. On October 4 I saw Mr. Haynes in Washington and told him of my plans. Later I sent in a letter, formally tendering my resignation."

Asked to comment on the charges made by the Grand Jury in the letter, Mr. Day said:

"I have no comment to make. I have nothing to say."

Later in the evening Mr. Day, through his attorney, Ebel I. Smith, of 120 Broadway, issued the following statement:

"At the proper time, at the proper place and in the proper way, Mr. Day will meet any charge that can be conceived or preferred against him. Charges under-handedly made in a so-called Grand Jury investigation whose principal object seems to be newspaper publicity are impossible to combat.

"The fact that his resignation was accepted by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue irrespective of the scurrilous and unproven letter of the Grand Jury satisfies Mr. Day that his services have been appreciated by the persons best qualified to know."

The text of the letter was read to Mr. Parsons by a NEW YORK TIMES reporter last night by telephone to his home in Oswego, N. Y. Asked to comment on it, he said:

"I have resigned and my resignation is accepted."

When he asked particularly to comment on the sections of the letter which referred to him, Mr. Parson's reply was: "I have no comment to make at this time."

At the time the letter was submitted to Judge Foster, he declined to make it public, saying that it would be improper for him to do so because it contained allegations that could not be answered by the accused. A Grand Jury presentment, he pointed out, was a privileged document.

The Grand Jury, it is understood expects to report on its inquiry within two weeks. For about six weeks it has been devoting its entire efforts to investigation of the affairs of the prohibition office under Mr. Day. Sensational disclosures in the Grand Jury's findings, involving many persons, have been hinted at for some time.

Mr. Day's regime has been the target of investigations for several weeks. H. L. Scaife, a former investigator in the Department of Justice, charged that Day had "admitted to Government investigators that after he became Federal Prohibition Director at New York he had borrowed $100,000 from an alleged bootlegger with whom he was placed in touch by George Glynn, former Republican State Chairman." Mr. Day declared at the time that there was not a word of truth in Mr. Scaife's charge.

Mr. Scaife sent a letter to Secretary Mellon, elaborating on the charges, on Oct. 9, five days after Mr. Day says he first told the officials at Washington that he intended to resign.

At the time Mr. Day announced his intention of resigning he said that he wanted to devote more time to his cloak and suit business, known under the firm name of R. A. Day & Co., at 370 Madison Avenue. "I have been obliged to neglect this while serving as Prohibition Director," he said. Commissioner Haynes, in accepting the resignation, said that at no stage of the enforcement work in New York had the New York branch been on such a high plane of efficiency as it has today."

Anderson's Letter to Harding.

William H. Anderson's letter to the President made public here, in which he asserted that the Enforcement Commissioner was frequently overruled and hamstrung by the Secretary of the Treasury, follows:

November 17, 1922.

His Excellency, President Harding,
The White House, Washington, D. C.

[illegible] Member of the Roosevelt family, most of whom except the only great one, seem to be in favor of the liquor traffic, has made statements apparently calculated to force your hand as respects the enforcement of the dry law. You have declared squarely for law enforcement, and have appointed and have stood by a sincere, aggressive, effective prohibition enforcement commissioner. Therefore, I offer two constructive suggestions which may afford relief from any embarrassment that may come from wet claims that the recent election was a dry defeat.

"The discriminating friends of prohibition have become convinced that your Prohibition Enforcement Commissioner is frequently overruled and hamstrung in his efforts by the Secretary of the Treasury. There was one glaring case which touched my own county in New York State. If this situation is corrected, as it can be by consolidating all of the dry enforcement functions in a bureau independent of any existing department and accountable direct to you, your party will get the benefit that comes from satisfactory enforcement of effective effort in that direction, without the resentment that comes from the failure of enforcement through neutralization of creditable enforcement activity by the hindrances interposed by wet superior officials.

"If the National Republican Party organization will quit trying to force upon an overwhelmingly dry rank and file of the Republican Party, as for example in this State, the renomination and re-election of a beer nullificationist for the United States Senate, conniving at, if not quietly party to a deal with Tammany for wet Democratic votes to elect such Senator at the expense of a clear-cut law enforcement party candidate for Governor, as happened in this State this Fall and two years ago, but will advise the alleged leaders of your party in the State to give decent recognition of the dry sentiment without which the party has no hope of ever carrying or holding the State, there will be less so-called reaction against the Republican National Administration.

Whether the cold-blooded complacency with which it was stated at Republican national headquarters in Washington prior to the election that it was safe to bet any amount of money on the election of Senator Calder, but that the election of Governor Miller was in doubt was due to mistaken loyalty to you because it was recognized that the Governor, if elected, was a Presidential possibility, I do not presume to know.

Two years ago, with the aid of the landslide, we elected the enforcement Governor along with the wet United States Senator. This year the beer Senator was defeated in the general wreck, which assumed such tremendous proportions because of the utter collapse of the entire campaign due to well grounded suspicion that the most of the Republican leaders of this State were involved in a beer conspiracy.

With this resentment against local leadership and the feeling that the national influence of the party was exerted in behalf of wet Republican candidates at the expense of Republican candidates who stood for law, which feeling is entertained by a host of people in New York who are right before they are Republican, it is doubtful whether your party can retain, and it certainly cannot retain, power in this State until the party management reflects the progressive moral sentiment of the party membership as a whole.

Yours respectfully,
WILLIAM H. ANDERSON,
State Superintendent Anti-Saloon League of New York.

LETTER LATE, SAYS MELLON.

Arrived After Nov. 1, When Day Was Out, He Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Secretary Mellon said tonight that he had received the letter written by W. de S. Trenholm, foreman of the Federal Grand Jury in New York, to Judge Foster, for transmission to Mr. Mellon, but that it had not come to him until after Nov. 1, the date on which the resignation of Ralph A. Day as prohibition director for New York had been accepted. As the resignation of Day already had become effective, Mr. Mellon said, he had not taken any action with reference to the letter and would not now take any.

This was all Secretary Mellon cared to say on the subject. An effort made tonight to locate David H. Blair, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was unsuccessful. Mr. Trenholm was quoted in New York as saying that Assistant United States Attorney Clark had told him Mr. Blair had said that Secretary Mellon had not received Mr. Trenholm's letter.

Roy A. Haynes, Prohibition Enforcement Commissioner, could not be found. Assistant Secretary Dewey, Dec. 4, had tendered his resignation to be effective Nov. 1 was made from the Prohibition Enforcement Commissioner's office several weeks ago. The statement was complimentary to Mr. Day and did not indicate that there were any charges against him or that his resignation was other than voluntary.

Shortly after this publication Captain H. L. Scaife, a former investigator for the Department of Justice, charged that Day's resignation was the outgrowth of conditions in his office, and he made the statement that the Federal authorities in New York had evidence similar to that which Foreman Trenholm disclosed in his letter to Judge Foster.

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We have always prided ourselves on making this plain English type of coat successfully. We buy soft, warm, heavy coatings in England, and copy English-made models in our own workrooms. The result is a custom tailored garment, almost as impenetrable by weather as fur; far lighter; and perfect for wear in the motor, at the game, or on walks. In several shadow-cheques and plaids.

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Many a yard will be sold whose like will not be seen again at this price outside of the tweedy lands of their manufacture. Smooth finished patterns with shadow weaves in soft colors, grey, and black and white. Rough tweedy mixtures and the ever useful heathers in many tans, browns and blues. Full 54-inch widths.

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A FULL fashioned English sock—wool or fibre silk and wool—light or medium weight—vertical stripes or embroidered clocks—very choice quality, priced below what many shops would get for them.

All the right colors, of course!

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Men! This Is the Selz Royal Blue

—Apex of Selz Shoe-craft: Quality; Fashion and Value

A sturdy fellow. And a sightly. Sort that pals along right joyously through winter slush. Keeping cold out and comfort in and needing only a rub-up at the end of one trek to be fit and fine for another.

$8.50

Wide Flanges: Heavy Single and Full Double Soles: Light Tans: Dark Tan: Black

Brogue-cut Oxfords or Boot-style

GIMBELS MEN'S SHOE SHOP—Fourth Floor

Why are Kayser vests so long?

It is in the wearing of the Kayser Italian Silk Vests that their superior quality and exquisite tailoring are given the truest test. Just three inches above the knee—they do not wrinkle or roll up.

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Look for the *Marvelfit* reinforcement in the crotch of every pair of Kayser Italian Silk Bloomers—it insures their durability. Stretches with every step, giving comfort and ease of movement.

Marvelfit reinforcement $3.50 and up

Designed for comfort, a Kayser Italian Silk Union Suit fulfils its purpose—with "room enough" yet carefully fitting the figure. Look for the *Marvelfit* reinforcement.

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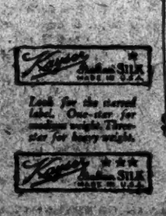
Kayser vests simply can't roll up or wrinkle, because they are so long and shaped to fit the waist and hips. They stay down.

BESIDES, they are *Italian* Silk—the best silk there is—and Italian Silk, so well tailored, hangs snugly to the lines of the body with a feeling of fitness that has never been equalled.

Kayser Italian Silk Underwear is the most luxurious—yet it costs less, because it lasts so long.

Kayser Italian Silk Underwear



Look for the starred label. One-star for medium weight. Three-star for heavy weight.

New Jersey Central Lines

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS

PHILADELPHIA, $3.00

Tomorrow and Dec. 3 and Dec. 17

Leave W. 23d St., 8.17; Liberty St., 8.30; Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8.44 A. M.

Tickets good only on special trains

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

CROSS LONDON

Women's Washable Yellow Chamois Gloves 6-Inch Strap Wrist

$4.25

The World's Greatest Leather Store
694 Fifth Av., New York; 353 Broadway
Boston—149 Tremont Street
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Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

An Extraordinary Offering of

Women's Genuine

Caracul Jacquette Suits

trimmed with contrasting furs

Regularly 200.00

***Specially priced at* 135.00**

Nothing quite so smart as the jacquette suit with its bloused jacket of caracul fur has been evolved this season. And no caracul fur suit of this same splendid quality has sold for less than 200.00.

The caracul jackets are fur trimmed with fitch, fox or self fur, and are smartly bloused, to be worn with the suit or as a separate fur jacket.

The draped skirt is of fine quality broadcloth, beautifully made down to the very minutest detail.

Fourth Floor

As the Result of a Very Special Purchase, We Offer Saturday

REMARKABLE VALUES IN

200 Cloth and Silk Frocks for Women

Made to sell at 25.00 and 29.75

at 19.75

Frocks of Poiret twill, crepe back satin, crepe de Chine and lace with crepe—fashioned along new, clever lines—with an amount of care, too, that is unusual at such a low price.

Hand-made French knots in elaborate design, cascade flanges on sides, girdles of vari-colored beads, combinations of Spanish lace with crepe, bead embroidery, braid, buckles—this constitutes the style phases they embody. All the favored colors are included, and sizes 34 to 44, but not in each model.

Fourth Floor

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Smart Youthful Coats

for girls of 6 to 16 years

in a splendid sale for Saturday

***at* 16.75**

Every one of these various models for the younger girls is as smart and practical as any that have ever been presented.

The materials include tweeds, plaid back mixtures, polaires and chinchillas.

They are collared with self materials or with furs, and warmly interlined. Plain tailored, belted or flare back models, in shades of navy, brown, beaver, red, sorrento or gray.

Girls' Dressy Coats

***at* 22.50**

Of such fine materials as bolivia, plaid back polaire mixtures, broadcloth, velour, astrakhan, camel's hair, in most attractive colors: brown, navy, deer, sorrento, red, gray, cinnamon and tan. These are dressy models with flare backs and novel belts. Their throw collars are fur trimmed or all of self material. Sizes 6 to 16 years.

Second Floor

Natural Raccoon Coats

For Women and Misses

of finely selected skins

***At* 245.00**

A very particular group of 40 inch length raccoon coats of evenly matched skins and soft deep fur. These are the collegiate models that will be seen at almost every football game of the season.

With fancy silk linings and fur or silk girdles.

NATURAL

Muskrat Fur Coats

***Special,* 145.00**

These coats are 40 inches in length, sufficiently long to cover a good part of one's attire, yet decidedly jaunty and youthful of line.

The skins are of exceptional quality, silky and well matched. With shawl collar and girdle belt.

Sixth Floor

Swagger

Vanity Boxes

—dedicated to the service of beauty—

2.50

Efficient in point of size and equipment are these vanity boxes of black enamel, lined with leather or moire.

Inside are large mirror, powder and rouge boxes, lip stick and eyebrow pencil cases, comb and purse. Size 5 x 7.

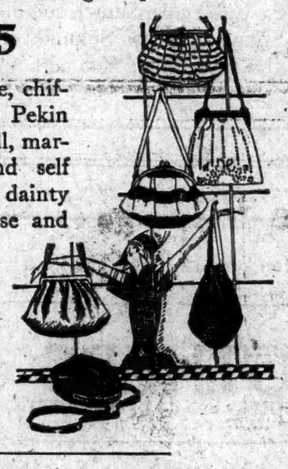
Street Floor

A Sale of Particular Interest—

Distinctive Silk Hand Bags

—each made to sell for a far higher price than

4.95



Of plain and striped duvetyne, chiffon velvet, silk moire and Pekin striped silk—mounted on shell, marcasite, trimmed, filigree and self covered frames, lined in dainty shades, and fitted with purse and mirror.

Some are beaded, others are plain, but each is worthy of a considerably higher price than that of 4.95.

Street Floor

Crepe Chiffon Dance Frocks

for Misses

—as delicately tinted as a nosegay of flowers—

35.00

Made to sell at 49.50

Each is a dream of loveliness come true, planned to grace a dance, dinner or informal festivity with equal charm.

One is bouffant, be-paneled and touched with silver. Another is circular of skirt with gold metal galloon on the skirt and bodice. The third takes triangular panels over a skirt of metal cloth and silvery fruits about the waist. The fourth is a succession of tiny ruffles picoted in silver.

Of silk crepe chiffon in delectable tints of coral, orchid, apricot, flame and American beauty. Sizes 14 to 20 years.

Second Floor

Things Decidedly NEW

Returned—
after too long an absence

Ostrich trimming has come to town again, welcomed by the smartest circles. But then—it's no wonder—considering its versatile powers. Put on one way, it makes a hat naive, another, picturesque, again, sophisticated and still another, dashing. Ostrich trimmed hats. **16.50 to 25.00**

A "foxy" affair

this creature! Through the delicate glass of his body flashes liquid fragrance. A perfect treasure for the dressing table! Imported—of course—in a host of animal shapes that contain the most delightful perfumes. **59c**

At the Horse Show

a number of young enthusiasts scorned evening attire in favor of semi-sport clothes, and the new short fur coats. This coat of caracul (in champagne, platinum or nut brown) has a flattering collar. The inside story is all about a heavy goldish lining — with French knotted seams.

145.00

Two features here—

Chiffon velvet and Paisley—each as new as the other. Paris combines them to make this tea frock, and marks its graceful lines with topaz colored stones . **69.75**

When Satin meets Chiffon

in the same fabric—it does so in a striped effect that makes a charming negligee. To carry out the effect, two bands of marabou border the sleeves and collar, orchid turquoise, French blue and rose . . . **29.50**

Women's and Misses' Skirts

OF SILK OR WOOL

Special at 9.75

For sports, for tailored, for dress wear, these skirts will prove both modish and practical—and with each change of overblouse, one achieves a change of costume.

Satin, crepe de Chine, camel's hair, wool Canton crepe, wool jersey and other woolen fabrics fashion them into a host of well tailored straight line or pleated models. In brown, black, navy, gray, tan, also combination colorings. Waistbands from 24 to 36 inches.

Boys' Suits with Extra Knickers at 10.95

All the season's most desirable models, skilfully tailored in a very extensive variety of all-wool tweeds, cheviots and fine quality drab corduroy. Very serviceable little suits, and really remarkable values at 10.95. Ages 7 to 18.

Junior Boys' Overcoats at 10.95

Smart new models exceptionally well tailored in all-wool overcoating to give maximum amount of service and warmth. All wool lined. Every boy *must* have one of these. Ages 3 to 10.

Boys' Winter Overcoats at 18.95

Comfortable and attractive overcoats, specially made of dependable all-wool plaid-back overcoating, in the newest heather shades. Ages 11 to 18. Unequaled values!

Boys' Chinchilla Overcoats at 12.95

Raglan models, made of all-wool chinchilla, in the select shades of the season. Warmly lined with wool. Ages 3 to 10. Nothing to touch these anywhere in town at the modest price quoted!

Boys' Imported Overcoats at 25.00

Raglan or box coat styles, thoroughly English in their expert tailoring, and warm fleece fabrics. Very choice heather colorings to choose from. Ages 12 to 18.

New Models of

"Plastique"

Brassieres

(exclusive with Saks & Company)

***at* 3.00 *and* 4.00**

Coming well down over the top of the low corsets, these new models of "Plastique" brassieres for average and stout figures meet the demand for a smooth fitting garment that is agreeably restraining. In a variety of materials: flesh, black or white satin; flesh silk broche. With elastic inserts at the sides or back. Sizes 40 to 50.

Third Floor

For Saturday—

Wavy Hair

Switches

***Special* 5.00**

To achieve the modishly high coiffure of the Winter season one must have the assistance of a hair switch such as these. They are of naturally wavy, real hair, in any shade to match your own hair.

Third Floor

Special Values in

BOYS'

Scotch Grain

High Shoes

***Saturday at* 6.00**

Sturdy shoes that have all the earmarks of smart models for mature men. With wing tips and center perforations that boys like.

Fifth Floor

ADVERTISEMENT.

Put Raisins in Oatmeal

Add the lure of sweets to cereals that your children should eat and you'll no longer have to force those healthful foods.

Try raisins in the oatmeal—they make a "new dish" of it.

Raisins also increase the energy and iron in this famous food.

Sun-Maid Raisins should cost you no more than the following prices:

Seeded (*in 15 oz. blue pkge.*)—20c
Seedless (*in 16 oz. red pkge.*)—18c
Seeded or Seedless (*11 oz.*)—15c

Always ask for

Sun-Maid Raisins

Had Your Iron Today?

Fifty-third Year

Flexible Bracelets

Of blue white Diamonds and celibre cut Sapphires, Platinum mountings. Expert workmanship. Extraordinary values.

$475 to $2700

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The difficulty of serving a properly balanced meal is easily overcome by adding them to your luncheon or dinner menu.

GOODMAN'S PURE EGG NOODLES

ALFRED A. KNOPF

ONE OF OURS
By Willa Cather

SUCH discriminating critics as Dorothy Canfield, Burton Rascoe, Zoe Akins, Tom Beer, Llewellyn Jones, Harry Hansen, and many others have praised *One of Ours* in glowing terms. *Already in its 37th Thousand.* $2.50 net

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THE BRIGHT SHAWL
By Joseph Hergesheimer

A GORGEOUS romance of an American boy, the Cuban revolt, and a Spanish dancer, "of which," HUGH WALPOLE said, "Americans should be quietly but surely proud."

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105 W. 40th Street

TELL OF SWINDLE BY 'SPIRITS' THREATS

Terrified Girl and Fiance Say They Gave All Their Money to Avert Misfortune.

THREE WOMEN ARRESTED

Stepmother of Victim Accused of Sending Couple to Fortune Tellers in the Plot.

A story of the domination of a credulous couple by fortune tellers, who obtained from them all the money they had or could borrow by threats of strange things which would happen to them if they did not appease the "spirits" was told to Acting District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora yesterday. He said it was the most remarkable case of its kind that had come to his attention, and that he would ask indictments for grand larceny against the two women fortune tellers and another woman who were held by Magistrate Oberwager yesterday in $25,000 bail each.

Some time ago Katherine Deotti, 23 years old, of 242 Mott Street, who was engaged to Edward Stoppielo, 27 years old, of 246 Mott Street, received a letter which said that if they married both would become cripples and all their children would be deformed. The girl told her stepmother, Marie Aguro, of 242 Mott Street, who, she said, advised her to go to Rose Santora, said to be a fortune teller, of 328 Timson Street, the Bronx.

The Santora woman and Cleminto Carbo, who lived with her, it is alleged, frightened the couple so that they gave up all the money they had, $30. The money was put in an envelope and in a dark room was burned, so they thought, to appease the spirits. Then, it is asserted, they were told that if they didn't get more Edward would drop dead and Katherine would get up in the night and walk outdoors with no clothes on, and Katherine's brother would become a cripple, and they mustn't forget to sprinkle salt all the way from the subway station where they left the train to their home in Mott Street.

Tried to Sell His Business.

It worked so well, it is stated, that Stoppielo gave up $750, all he had, and was trying to sell his trucking business to get $2,000 more, while the girl gave the fortune tellers $15 a week from Sept. 1 until this week.

The man Stoppielo tried to sell his business to was Ralph Pape, a real estate man of 253 West Thirty-fourth Street, who, when he heard the story, showed Stoppielo after hard argument that his fears were groundless, and went with him to the Mercer Street Police Station, where the story was told to Detective Kelly, who arrested the stepmother and the other woman. Later they went to Mr. Pecora.

"The spirits made us lock our engagement rings," said Stoppielo, "once when we were unable to raise the money to be burned and hung in bags around our necks as a charm. Mrs. Santora loaned us $220. Rose had to get in contact with the spirits often while we were with her. So to do that she used to spill two glasses of water on the floor and get down on her hands and knees and lick it up again.

"They said we would have to raise $2,000; they demanded $5,000 at first, but when we couldn't raise that they came down to $2,000. If we couldn't get the $2,000, we were to give Katie's stepmother $20 every night for her to throw outdoors.

"The last time we gave money was on election night. I borrowed $30 that night and gave it to Rosa, and after she had burned it, as I believed, she told me to lift up my shirt and she rubbed the ashes on my shoulder. Then she told me I must not take the shirt off or take a bath for ten days or I would die.

"These spirits used to call up on a telephone in a candy store and tell us what to do—always it was to get more money. They used to tell me what clothes I was wearing, how much money I had, and what pocket I had it in, and what we ate for supper. I remember now that we always told these things to Katie's stepmother.

"Spirits" Broke the Dishes.

"Two weeks ago the voices over the telephone said that the spirits were angry because I had not got the $2,000, and that a lot of dishes would be broken in the house that night by the spirits. In the dead of night there was a terrible crash right side of Katie's bed, and when she jumped out, frightened, there were the broken dishes, and her stepmother sleeping beside her.

"We had to keep sprinkling salt over our shoulders from the subway to the house, so the spirits would not follow us home. One time Katie's stepmother told her she would have to walk absolutely naked in the street, without knowing what she was doing, if the money was not paid. A negro was sent to ride around on my truck so as to pick my body up when I fell dead.

"Finally, I got so desperate that I decided to sell my interest in the trucking business for $2,000, and I went to Mr. Pape. He got the whole story of the spirits from me, but then I realized I was to die if I told anybody, and I got frightened. He laughed at me, and told me to say nothing about the visit to him to Katie's stepmother, and then to call up the spirits and see if they knew about it. I did, and they didn't tell me a word about my visit to him. Then I didn't feel so frightened, and I went to the Mercer Street Station.

"Katie had to give up her wedding trousseau. They kept telling us that her mother had died because she disobeyed the spirits."

When Stoppielo finished, Mr. Pape said to Mr. Pecora: "This is the first time I have seen Katie smile in two months. Eddie was wild with fear, and told me the strain was making a maniac of him. It may be funny to us, but it was no joke to these young folks."

WOMAN AND YOUTH KILLED IN ACCIDENTS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Pine and hauled her out. They tried to make a second dive into the roaring furnace to reach the unconscious form on the bed, but the heat and tongues of angry flame, fattening under the stimulus of the oxygen, drove them back. In the meantime, a still alarm had reached a five house in East Sixty-seventh Street and an engine and a hook-and-ladder truck responded. When they got there the flames were under control. They made short work of the rest of the job. Miss Couche's charred body was carried out.

Dr. Gonzales, Deputy Medical Examiner, joined the police of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station in an investigation which led him to report that Miss Couche had been burned to death accidentally.

The body of the victim, who was 47 years old, was taken to the French Home and will be buried from there. Miss Couche entered the home of Solomon Shaw of 255 West 108th Street six weeks ago as a maid. She was seized with pneumonia on last Tuesday. Her case was grave, and she was admitted to the Institute hospital because of the special treatment.

Her condition became so grave yesterday morning that the doctors despaired of saving her life and a priest was summoned. He administered the last rites of the Catholic Church, after which the treatment was continued, although Miss Couche had lapsed into unconsciousness.

Dr. Flexner's Statement.

Information as to the accident was refused at the hospital until the arrival of Dr. Simon Flexner, Director of the Institute. Dr. Flexner made a hurried preliminary investigation, after which he issued this statement:

"The facts about the fire in the hospital of the Rockefeller Institute at 8:35 o'clock on Nov. 17 are as follows:

"There was constructed there three years ago a chamber in which a higher percentage of oxygen, about 40 per cent., than is contained in the atmospheric air can be kept constantly. This chamber has been used success fully in saving the lives of patients suffering from pneumonia in the advanced stages of the disease. In this instance a patient was in the chamber, but dying; with her was Miss Dorothy Finn, a trained nurse, and Miss Ann Dalen, night supervisor, stationed outside the chamber.

"As the result of an accident not yet explained, a spark from the motor ignited the insulation of the wire which, in turn, ignited the wooden frame of the chamber. Under the circumstances the high percentage of oxygen, itself not inflammable, led to almost instantaneous spread of the flame. The dying patient could not be removed, but the nurse was rescued. The inside fire alarm was instantly responded to and the local staff had the fire under control before the fire apparatus arrived. The damage to the building is slight. No accident of any kind has arisen before in connection with the chamber."

CHEMICALS EXPLODE, KILL COLUMBIA MAN

William Spandow Dies Instantly, Reginald G. Sloane Seriously Hurt in Laboratory.

An accidental explosion yesterday in a chemistry laboratory used by graduate students at Columbia University caused the death of William Eastman Spandow a graduate student, of Memphis, Tenn., and the serious injury of Reginald Gordon Sloane, a Harvard graduate and son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles William Sloane, who are prominent in society in this city.

The students were experimenting in the manufacture of intermediate compounds for aniline dyes. The lives of at least seven other graduate students in the laboratory were imperilled by flying steel missiles which were hurled in all directions as a highly explosive compound shattered the lid of its steel container. The detonation was heard several hundred feet away.

Steel plates were smashed in the floor of the laboratory in Havemeyer Hall and the jar was felt in the fourth floor of the building. Windows in the laboratory were smashed, the asbestos covering was ripped from steel pipes and whirling bits of metal from the broken container swept the big laboratory.

The general opinion last night among the investigators for the university and the city was that Spandow, who was in charge of the apparatus for the day, in part at least had disregarded instructions given to them by the professors who direct the work in chemical engineering. He opened a valve on the side of the heavy steel apparatus before a gas flame had died out of the gas heater underneath, and a tongue of flame darted into the chamber and detonated the imprisoned gases.

A large fragment of the heavy steel cover struck Spandow in the face as he leaned over to read the gauge which showed the pressure of the gases inside the cauldron. Investigators said that this fragment must have weighed at least three pounds, and was hurled with such force that Spandow's head was crushed, and he died instantly.

Sloane was more fortunate. He had been standing over the apparatus with Spandow, watching the pressure gauge. Suddenly the needle darted around, showing a sudden and alarming activity of the gases, and Spandow instructed Sloane to hurry to the cock twenty feet away and turn off the supply of gas.

According to the investigators, shutting off of the gas supply would have been sufficient to cool the substances in the cauldron; but Spandow opened the valve on the side of the vessel, which he and the other students had been warned not to do as long as there was any danger of flame in the gas heater. It is the theory of the investigators that a last dart of flame shot into the chamber and caused the explosion.

Sloane told relatives and physicians in the Knickerbocker Hospital last night that he saw Spandow open the valve, confirming information given earlier in the day by other graduate students. Some of these students said they had seen Spandow open the valve before the gas flame in the heater had died out.

A soft paste of chemical substances within the heater was plastered over Sloane's face and eyes, and an erroneous report on the university campus was that his eyesight had been destroyed. A large steel missile also ripped his scalp and a smaller piece gashed the right side of the face, but Dr. William H. McCastline, the university physician, said that the patient would be out of the hospital in a few days, with eyesight unimpaired and probably no disfiguring marks or burns.

A few minutes before the explosion Arthur W. Hixson, associate professor in direct charge of the laboratory, stopped at the apparatus to ask Spandow how the experiment was going and if all was well with it. Spandow replied in the affirmative, and Professor Hixson read the gauge, which then showed a pressure of about 113 pounds to the square inch in a steel container which had been tested for 750 pounds pressure and later in this same experiment would have been subjected to 200 pounds pressure. After warning Spandow to remove his fuel supply if the pressure increased, Professor Hixson started for luncheon, but had not left the building when the explosion occurred.

In his rounds of the building in inspecting the ventilation, Dr. McCastline had been in the laboratory about fifteen minutes before the explosion, and when in his office in Earl Hall, about two hundred feet away, he heard the detonation, he started for the laboratories. Henry L. Norris, Superintendent of Buildings and Grounds, also was on an inspection tour, and he leaped through one of the laboratory windows and aided the students in their efforts to give first aid to Sloane. Many of the professors in the Engineering Schools also rushed into the laboratory, with members of President Butler's administrative staff, who had heard the explosion at their offices in the library building about one hundred and fifty feet away.

A fire apparatus responded to an alarm, but there was no work for them to do, though an investigation was begun immediately by James A. Callahan, inspector of the Bureau of Combustibles of the Fire Department. An investigation also was started by Captain James Thompson of the West 100th Street Police Station, who turned over his information to the Medical Examiner. Inspector Callahan had not completed his investigation last night, nor had Dr. Norris.

Spandow and Sloane had worked on the same piece of apparatus, which is called an auto-clave, during the Summer session, and during the weeks since the opening of the Fall session, and were thoroughly familiar with its operation. They had just started the experiment yesterday when the accident happened, and it was not to have ended before the late hours of the afternoon. The steel vessel contained aniline hydrochloride, and the test was in the manufacture of dithenylamine, an intermediate used in the manufacture of aniline dyes of various kinds.

Spandow was a graduate of the University of Denver, where he received the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Master of Science, and had been a graduate student in chemical engineering at Columbia for about two years. He was 23 years old, a member of Beta Theta Pi fraternity, and lived in Furnald Hall on the campus. His university records gave his mother's name as Florence Gage Spandow, 711 Falls Building, Memphis, Tenn.

Sloane was graduated from Harvard in 1919 and then took up chemical engineering at Columbia. He is about 20 years old and lives with his parents, whose addresses are given in the Social Register as the Hotel Buckingham and Sands Point, L. I. His address was given on the university records as the Hotel Netherland, at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, where it was said that his family was not expected from the country until Dec. 1. He has a brother in the Law School at Columbia, where his father was graduated in 1871. Mr. Sloane was for many years a lawyer at 52 William Street.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 17.—William Eastman Spandow was a nephew of W. E. Gage, a cotton factor of this city. His mother, Mrs. Florence Gage Spandow, and sister moved to Denver several years ago, but are visiting now in Tucson, Ariz. Spandow's father was a Frenchman, who died several years ago, and the boy received his early education in Paris.

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About 400 Pairs of
SHOES
Formerly Selling up to 16.75
7.75

Including hand bench made shoes in Patent Leather, Satin, Beige, Grey or Brown Suede, Tan or Black Russia Calf; also smart combinations. Welt and turn sole models with Spanish, baby Spanish or Louis XV heels. All sizes and widths in the collection, but not in every style.

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Newer Fashions in Hats with Genuine Fur Brims

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Yale vs. Princeton	At Princeton
N. Y. U. vs. Rutgers	At East Orange
Columbia vs. Dartmouth	At Polo Grounds
C. C. N. Y. vs. Catholic University	At Lewisohn Stadium

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For Men!

McCreery "All-Leather"
SHOES
$7.50
Formerly $9.50

At this newly lowered price we are featuring a high model in a new last—carefully constructed throughout of Tan Calf Viking. All sizes.

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SHOES $5.00
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This is a group of odd sizes

James McCreery & Co.

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Men's Genuine Calf Franklin Shoes
High or Low
$8.00

Calfskin at the price of side-leather

INSTEAD of side-leather at the price of calfskin! New, broad toe and semi-brogue models. A solid, serviceable piece of shoemaking built for hard winter wear and priced below its equals in quality. Tan, black or mahogany.

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AUTOMATIC Spring Shutter
RADIATOR COVER
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Now Only $6 For All Cars
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Associates of Veteran Editorial Writer Celebrate His Half-Century's Service.

COMRADES PRAISE HIS WORK

Mr. Bradford Himself Reviews His Long Career at a Luncheon in The Times Annex.

THE NEW YORK TIMES celebrated yesterday the completion of fifty years' service on this newspaper by Edward Anthony Bradford. Mr. Bradford, for many years an editorial writer, was the guest of honor at a luncheon in Times Annex.

Heads of many departments, as well as members of the editorial and news staffs, gathered at a family function, presided over by Adolph S. Ochs, publisher of the paper. It was an informal affair, bubbling with the good-humored comradeship that has come to characterize gatherings of TIMES people.

Matching the tributes paid to him by telling of his own deep feeling for his fellows and for the institution, Mr. Bradford reviewed a long and honorable journalistic career in the course of which his guiding pen has made its mark on important events in the history of the city, the nation and the world. Like other speakers of the afternoon, he dwelt, without regret, upon the anonymity behind which the newspaper worker toils, merging his own personality in the more lasting one of the institution itself.

Among those who greeted Mr. Bradford, hale and vigorous like himself, were three others who can boast of a half century's service on THE TIMES—Henry Loewenthal and M. B. Abrahams of the news department and E. C. Maubergne of the circulation department. Two others with fifty years on the paper to their credit—A. G. Hall and George Carter, compositors—were kept away by illness and sent their felicitations to their fellow-veteran.

Tribute to Mr. Bradford.

Before he presented the guest of honor Mr. Ochs asked those present to drink a toast to Mr. Bradford, and in the entirely lawful bubbles of a charged water the standing toast was drained. There followed the appropriately tender chords of "Auld Lang Syne," after which Mr. Ochs said:

"Mr. Bradford: We, your associates in the making of THE NEW YORK TIMES, have asked you to be our guest today that we may in this delightful, intimate manner extend to you our greetings and felicitations on the fiftieth anniversary of your entry into THE TIMES's family; and we take this occasion to extend our congratulations and to express our great esteem and affectionate regard for you as a coworker and friend, and to wish you many more useful, happy years with THE TIMES in our comradeship.

"Your life and your work have been an inspiration and stimulus to us, and have been no small contribution toward making THE TIMES the respected and influential newspaper it has been—contemporaneous with your connection with it.

"You have given all that it is possible for a loyal, conscientious and industrious man to contribute to an organization that employs his time and faculties, and it is by such contributions that this great institution has been created and has prospered.

"Your noble qualities of mind and heart; your lofty patriotism; your great storehouse of knowledge, acquired by diligent research and study; your marvelous and delightful facility of expression and your untiring energy and industry; your courage and good-nature; your contempt for falsehood and sham; your wise, unfailing judgment in relation to economic, political and social questions in the affairs of the country; your uncanny discernment of false theories and bad practices of government; your keen, analytical mind, and, withal, your sense of justice and fair play and your broad sympathies have all been given ungrudgingly to THE TIMES, and have been woven into its fabric, giving it tensile strength, warmth and beauty—a fibre that is strong and of the key color.

"So, our dear friend, our brilliant and able coadjutor, we honor ourselves in honoring you, and offer the congratulations and good wishes of countless millions who have enjoyed and been benefited, encouraged and enlightened by the product of your facile pen, and who only know of you as hidden in the reputation of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

"God bless you. May His countenance continue to shine upon you."

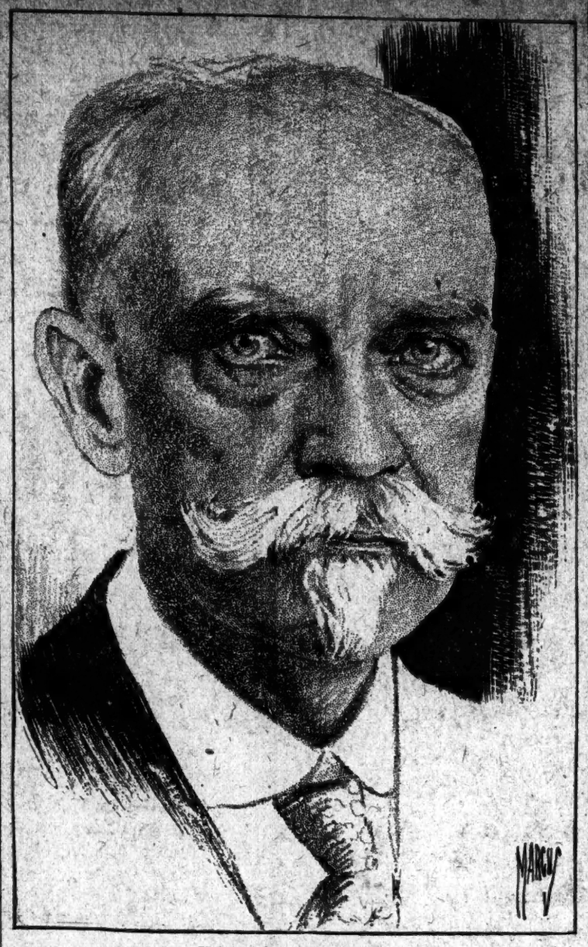
Mr. Bradford's Response.

Touched at the warmth of the greeting from his fellows, nearly all of them his juniors in the work to which he has devoted his life, Mr. Bradford paused for a long look into the faces turned toward him. Then he said.

"I have heard quite some of what my friends have said to and of me today. It will be a delight to remember it while I have breath and life, and to recall it on dark days. It may be just as well that I heard no more. Pride goeth before a fall, and you have made this my proudest day. Also, praise to the face, open disgrace, is another saying. However, no great harm comes from anything once in half a century. I shall be happy to return with interest the compliments paid me just now to whomever will earn them on the same terms. I lack words to say what is in my heart. Deafness has deprived me of intimacies, even of friendships, and I have been a lonely man until my appetite for expression of appreciation has approached starvation. In earlier years I had all I wanted in a dear companionship of as tried and true a friend as God grants to men. When I lost that I have latterly forced myself, and have found comfort in the response. No one who has capacity to hear what I say can know how I appreciate the sentiments which inspire what has been said, and that, too, even though I owe them in too large a part to my deafness.

"THE TIMES and myself were born both in the same year, but not in the same month. Wherefore the fiftieth anniversary of my connection with THE TIMES is also THE TIMES's seventy-first birthday. If reckoned from THE TIMES's rebirth under its present management THE TIMES is my junior, not my senior. Within that shorter period—less than a generation, a mere half of my 60 years—the world as well as THE TIMES has been remade, politically, financially, socially and every other way.

"No one will deny that the world transformation has profited THE TIMES more than any other journal, at least any other American journal. I do not mean in circulation or profits. Those are no concern of THE TIMES's writers. I mean that THE TIMES has grown more intellectually than any other newspaper since its rebirth, when makes it my junior, and makes me responsible to myself for not keeping in closer step with the opportunity offered equally to THE TIMES and all its staff. We all know that THE TIMES is now an institution rather than a mere news chronicle. There are entire departments of THE TIMES as unfamiliar to me as many faces seen daily. And there are many faces altogether missing. So many have died that at least I can boast of being alive. Some have resigned, with results which cause me to congratulate myself on my judgment in remaining, and growing with THE TIMES, but only at a long interval, as somebody says in Virgil, according to my remnant of Latinity.



Edward A. Bradford.

Years of Service Recalled.

"The time of my services has included all editors and all business managers since Mr. Jennings and Mr. Jones. My earlier permanent duties were in the lower ranks of the financial administration. I remember well Mr. Jones coming to my desk one day and asking to see my books. I offered to supply any desired information, but he said that he prefered to be alone with the books. I thought little of it then, but now it occurs to me that it explains some later incidents. My books called for no balance, and provided none, although all the editorial checks except for salaries were drawn by me, and paid on my single signature. There may have been some check on me, but I know of none. Even at a much later day THE TIMES's accounts were not less inadequate. It is generally understood that THE TIMES is not in immediate danger of another receivership.

"With all respect to its writers, I may say that it seems to me that its wealth is due more to its business office than to its writers.

"A glance at THE TIMES's roster in the back of Mr. Davis's absorbing book ("The History of The New York Times") will convince anybody that the changes in THE TIMES have been more in administration than in staff. The changes I have mentioned have been more through death than resignations or dismissals. The changes in the fortunes of the paper have been little short of marvellous when it is remembered that the new fortunes were achieved with the old staff. Fortunate is the staff whose superiors are so loyal to them. And it may be imagined that the administration is itself more comfortable when there is such stability in the staff as distinguishes THE TIMES. I wish I were a practiced speaker and had capacity to jest, instead of presumption to speak seriously. Yet I have had an unusual experience—most unusual for a newspaper writer—and an occasion like this never comes twice. Bear with me if I say soberly that men of character think more of character than of intelligence. All may have character, while few can be brilliant.

Success of The Times.

"THE TIMES owes its success, in my poor judgment, to the fact that it has been steadfast in character even at financial sacrifice. That has been so to my sure knowledge all the way from Mr. Jones to Mr. Ochs. That is why THE TIMES has a moral authority above any other journal. THE TIMES has never pandered to the proletariat, and it has differed from those so miscalled without offending them. THE TIMES has defied its advertisers who sought more than advertisement service. THE TIMES has never sold its conscience for the sake of circulation, and its views have never been tainted by its interests. Honesty has always been THE TIMES's only and best policy, and its character its best asset.

"There is pride in serving such a newspaper, as there is reproach in taking money for service from journals of another sort. Men are known by the company they keep, and by the character of their employers and fellow workers. Nothing connected with this occasion gives me more delight than to think that it attests my associates' belief in my worthiness to be one of them. We all have our failings to meet, but our demands upon ourselves, but we are the aristocracy of newspaper workers, not because we are attached to THE TIMES as excess baggage to be carried, but because we are the sort of workers who make a newspaper like THE TIMES, and THE TIMES is the sort of newspaper made by workers like us.

"My recollection dates back to the exposures of the Tweed ring, and the canal ring in Tilden's time. When I was given my first desk, I found in it the weapons left by my predecessor as a precaution against Tammany assaults. That was in or about the consulship of Mr. Jennings, although he was not a prime factor in the fight against Tammany. That called rather for moral than physical courage. As I remember Mr. Jennings, he was bruesque to his staff, and a blusterer and threatener rather than a real fighter.

The Militant Middy Morgan.

"If any one here remembers Miss Middy Morgan he will appreciate how that lady beat Mr. Jennings at his own game. He called her to his office to make some remarks on her duties. She replied, 'Mr. Jennings, I was here before you and I will stay after you.' He then deputed the discipline of the lady to a subordinate, to whom she made like answer. Said she, 'Do you see that door? Do you see that window? Well, if you don't go out of the door I will throw you out of the window!' The lady was six feet tall, hard and fit, and discretion was the better part of valor.

"I sat in the same editorial cubby hole with Mr. Shepard and was more prudent when he gave me the only correction I remember to have received. Appreciation of me began with Mr. Foord, and was continued under Mr. Miller, and increased by Mr. Ochs. When he proposed a change of my duties, he said, 'Why you do not look as though you thought that you could do it.' I looked as I felt, and I would not have ventured to ask for myself what he proposed. Such appreciation is an inspiration to effort.

"Possibly some who compliment me today may be interested in hearing how I broke into THE TIMES's service. None could begin more humbly, nor with the boldness of greater necessity, nor have been more favored with a series of accidents.

"Fifty years ago I had no idea that the happenings on Nov. 16 of that year would result in this occasion, so gratifying to me. There was to be a football game between Yale and Columbia on that day, and I chanced to walk to it with a college mate, now Bishop Lines of Newark. On the way he told me that he was to report for The World one of the first, if not the very first, of the intercollege football games. I asked him if he had any objection to my snding a report on speculation to some other New York paper. He said that he was only concerned with his own paper and that I was free to do as I chose, and he would help by telling me his methods.

Newspaper Methods 50 Years Ago.

"The telegraph was little used in those days, and his way was to give his report to a railway brakeman, who would carry it to The World and collect a dollar for his trouble. The brakeman was as willing to carry two reports as one, and the two went together. Mine was published in THE TIMES, and a check followed for an amount which I have forgotten, but no dollars ever looked so big to me. After a generation my interest in the incident became faint, until it was revived for me by a classmate who spent some days with me in my home this year. He recalled the incident to me, and fixed the date which enabled me to find the article. I cannot say that now it seems good enough to compare with present reports, or to justify THE TIMES in making room for it. Perhaps THE TIMES had overlooked the game, and thought that my report saved it from a beat by its neighbors.

"THE TIMES accepted other college news from me, and after my graduation at Yale took other news from Harvard, where I was in the Law School. On the strength of those reports I applied to John Reid, then news editor, for steady employment when family reverses made it necessary to put some meat into the refrigerator. Mr. Reid became a good friend of mine and stayed so until he died, but on that particular day he said that he could not use my services. I said that I should call every day until I got a different reply. I fancy that it was to save himself from importunity that he asked me if I could prepare for him an article on the transit of Venus. Under the necessity of that time I would have prepared an article on anything. I think he was embarrassed when I handed in manuscript which later almost filled a page of THE TIMES. He had practically put no limit on his order, and he was rather afraid of publication without some revision by a greater authority.

"He asked me if I objected to his revision by some one in whom he had more confidence than he was justified in feeling in me. I had no alternative but to agree or to withdraw the article, and it was submitted to the President of Columbia, who then was supplying THE TIMES with scientific notes. He returned the article with no other correction than that it was preferable that the diagram should show the sun, earth, moon and planets as differing in sizes. I replied that I was employed to write, not to illustrate, and that the heavenly bodies were of the same size because they were drawn around the same cent, that being the only means available to me.

Took a Cut in Salary.

"THE TIMES then seemed to think that I could be trusted without watching, for I soon was put in charge of The Index and kept there for twenty-five years. I then concluded that I would rather be hungry than stick to that job any longer and I struck, and my salary was halved. It seemed to me a high price to pay for an opportunity, but it proved to be worth it.

"On one Saturday there came into THE TIMES office a sheaf of cablegrams asking whether the President had been assassinated, what was the name of the assassin, and in particular why The London Standard had not been supplied with the news by the special correspondent whom it had sent over to discover America. The reason was that the London dailies had no Sunday editions. Therefore, there was no reason why Hatton, the British novelist and New York correspondent of the London paper, should not go out of town for the week-end without leaving an address. No blame could have come to him if the President had not been assassinated on a Saturday. Those angry cables were given to me to answer, and the connection thus begun lasted twenty-five years. It was highly agreeable to have my income doubled, along with my debt to THE TIMES, as the result of that second accident.

"I have no thrilling recollections of the quarter century I compiled the Times Index, now so much better made, and even better sold. The London Standard was both generous and indulgent, until Cleveland sent his Venezuela message to Congress. Then the editor sent me eight pages, personally written, saying that I was not hired to send such stuff for acceptance by the organ of Lord Salisbury. I forget just how I replied that the Standard was getting the sort of service which truth required and I thought the Standard needed. Before my letter reached London, Lord Salisbury had accepted Cleveland's view, and his organ had to turn a sharp corner. My letter was never answered, and I was well treated when I went to London on my own invitation for a better understanding. I continued with the Standard until it was sold and an all-British foreign service started. Eventually the paper stopped.

The Blessings of an Infirmity.

"These are humdrum chronicles of small beer, and personal to a degree which I trust may be pardoned by the nature of this occasion, so welcome to me through its proof of professional friendships which I covet and value, but which I am disqualified from promoting through my deafness. It is a valuable infirmity, for it incapacitates one for wasting time in the customary ways. If time is not wasted, it leaves an astonishing portion of infinity for work, and sheer industry makes good the efficiency of talent. Now that the time is nearing when in the course of nature I am entitled to boast as one putting off his armor, rather than putting it on, I wish that I could think of something to boast about, except not dying, physically or professionally.

"The fact is that THE TIMES has made me, rather than that I have contributed to the making of THE TIMES anything more than my share of an undivided interest in what belongs to all of us. I have never kept my articles, and am unable to refer to them, although any of us writes a book a year at least.

"A newspaper writer gains more from his newspaper than he contributes to it, and almost ceases to think of himself apart from it. My lamented chief was marked for his modesty and identification with his staff. From him I gained a feeling of humility, being well aware that the opportunity of publication is more than any but talents approaching genius can command on merit. I suppose Mr. Miller gave me more freedom regarding labor topics than any other. Certainly we agreed in support of the Sherman law as interpreted by the rule of reason, thinking that it was both impossible and undesirable either to repeal the rule of reason regarding combinations in restraint of trade, or to impose a rule of unreason by statute, as many are now seeking to do.

Wall Street Affairs.

"In recent years I have been trusted to write on the principles and the theories which should control Wall Street affairs, rather than the daily happenings there. I think there is no Papal infallibility regarding events there which baffle even the high priests and deacons in the service of Mammon with disconcerting frequency. Possibly I might mention that I took a share in the discussion of the creation of Greater New York which attracted some attention then, but which now is forgotten. All newspaper work is ephemeral, and few writers for the press can recall much worth while to remember.

"I like to be encouraged to think that I can hold my place on the paper which is the best written in New York in the quality of trustworthiness. Some of us are brilliant writers on many topics, and I admire what I cannot compete in producing. But, however well THE TIMES is written, it is better manufactured and sold, incomparably better, than any other American newspaper. In THE TIMES there is the smallest trace of the jealousy between 'upstairs' and 'downstairs,' in the old-fashioned way of speaking, before the counting room was placed a story above the writing rooms. In the establishment which the staff could never have built by their writings.

"I wish I had a commission to express what I have no doubt all of us feel—that our business talent could better take the place of the writers than the writers could take the place of the creators of the means of the payment. I bear witness that there is more trust and loyalty between these two branches of our profession in THE TIMES than elsewhere. I feel so because repeatedly my errors have been lightly regarded and more than once I have been defended against undue criticism, not to mention that I have profited by the cruel kindness of the blue pencil, wielded by those sitting little lower than the angels in judgment on their lessers as those lessers judge the mightiest of earth. I remember that once I expressed to Mr. Miller my rejoicing that he had taken a certain line, and he replied that he had left out the most and best of that particular article. Few of us have that capacity for judging our own work and chastening the children of our minds.

Gratitude to Associates.

"I repeat the expression of my friendship for all my associates, and my rejoicing that they feel similar sentiments toward myself. To none of us do incidents like my anniversary occur more than once. Never again can I express the gratitude I feel today toward all who feel as I do. I cannot suitably express my delight at the proof today that I am esteemed according to my most earnest wish beyond my deserts and beyond my ability to cultivate by personal intercourse. I thank you each and all, again and again, and beg to be pardoned anything boastful or presumptuous into which I may have been betrayed in the intimacy of our industrial family, under our benevolent patriarch, to whom we all are indebted more than he is to us.

"If I may presume upon the length of my experience, I would like to say that it is as important that workers should like their employers as that employers should like their workers. The relation is mutual, and if there is to be pleasure and stability in it, both should think chiefly of the community of interest.

"There is no future in the Fourth Estate for workers who think more of the wage than of the work for which it is paid. No doubt the worker is entitled to share in the prosperity of his employer, if he is a profitable servant. It is an honor to be thought such by THE TIMES. I can hardly suppose that I should receive today's great compliment if I were thought an unprofitable servant, or an unfaithful one. I have truly tried to be as loyal to my superiors of several administrations as they have all been loyal and considerate to me. I have known THE TIMES in stress and storm as well as in prosperity. Never once in thousands of times has it failed in its engagement to me, not even when I was losing money to the verge of bankruptcy. I rejoice in its happier days, and in the belief that all of us are held in esteem like my own. Nothing would give me greater pleasure than to be the founder of a 'Fifty Year' Club, and to elect to membership each and all of my associates, present or absent. Again I thank you for a compliment which adds to the joy of living and working, and say to all who hear me, 'May you live long and prosper.'

"As for me, the future has no terrors. The fangs of fate are harmless so long as I can recall the events of this day."

Rollo Ogden's Tribute.

One of the first to be called on to pay tribute to Mr. Bradford's half-century record was Rollo Ogden, editor of THE TIMES, who said:

"Thackeray in his little poem beside the young man 'Wait till you come to forty year.' He called that the Age of Wisdom. What would he have called fifty years in the service of a single newspaper?

"It is indeed a long stretch which Mr. Bradford has traversed in company with THE NEW YORK TIMES. One aspect of it, to which Mr. Ochs has just alluded, is the fact that he has, after the manner of the best journalism, done his work as a hidden personality. To the general public he has been a nameless craftsman. While he has signed various special articles, the mass of his editorial writing has been printed without even his initials. Is the gentleman anonymous? Is he a great unknown? To that question, asked by one of the characters in 'Daniel Deronda,' the answer must be 'Yes,' if it is an editor concerning whom the inquiry is made.

"Painters sign their canvases; sculptors put their names on the pedestals beneath their statues; there is now a movement to permit architects to identify themselves with their buildings; but the newspaper man sinks his individuality in that of the institution for which he works. It is better so. In that way he adds his bit to the joint product and the collective impress, which are greater and more important than any one man. And the paper for which such things are done, and which itself has a personality, is not without gratitude. That is part of the significance of our little ceremony today.

"We are glad to pay tribute to Mr. Bradford. We are also glad to give expression to the common feeling which animates the whole organism which is known as THE NEW YORK TIMES.

"One drawback to the anonymity of journalism must be realized on an occasion like this. Mr. Bradford has been for many years a sort of schoolmaster to discipline and correct backward and unruly boys in finance and economics. Yet they have never seen their teacher! They did not know who was showing them their mistakes. And it is easy to believe that if Master Willie Bryan for examples or Master Sammy Gompers could have actually gone into the schoolroom and gazed upon Mr. Bradford's kindly face they would have said, 'Thank you, teacher, for pointing out our blunders and rapping us over the knuckles and trying to make us good.'

"I referred a moment ago to architects. One of them, Mr. Hornblower, built a house in Washington for Judge Gray of the Supreme Court. But the Judge revised the plans pretty thoroughly, and of this the architect complained one day to Mr. Evarts. Ah, said he, 'then you must engrave on the cornerstone, Hornblower fecit, Gray interfecit.' I am afraid that Mr. Bradford has had to submit, as we all do, to such artistic defacement by the superior blue pencil, but his abounding good nature and store of philosophy have enabled him to accept everything of that sort with a smile. Others can speak of Mr. Bradford out of a fuller acquaintance than I can, but no one can have a heartier admiration for his knowledge, his varied abilities, his fidelity to duty under all circumstances and his genial and humane qualities."

Other Congratulations.

The toastmaster then called on Dr. John H. Finley, associate editor, who said:

"I am asked to speak to the eldest because I am the youngest member of the staff in service, and I have the usual embarrassment of youth. In another field, where I have served many years, I have been a member of several Faculties, and I have presided over at least three. But I have never found a more agreeable or illuminating Faculty than has daily gathered around this table. Usually and excusably every member of a college Faculty thinks that his subject is the one of supreme importance—the key to all human knowledge. But there is here not only greatest breadth of view, but also greatest tolerance. The only intolerance I have observed is of superficiality, shamming and deceit.

"I have never known a more lovable professor or practitioner of what is known as the dismal science. I think Mr. Bradford's deafness has been an asset. He is not able to hear all the idle, inconsequential and bitter gossip in the world about."

Dr. Finley read some impromptu lines characterizing THE NEW YORK TIMES as he had come to know it, and paying further homage to Mr. Bradford, whose fifty years were certainly better than a cycle of some dynasties. This impromptu effort purported to be a rejoicing by Cadmus, father of letters, that he had contributed the alphabet with which Mr. Bradford had wrought such good works. Dr. Finley remarked that he was serving merely as a translator of the lines from their original Attic Greek. That gave Louis Wiley, Business Manager of THE TIMES, opportunity to remark that since Dr. Finley's verses were in Attic Greek, he had a poem from the pen of A. R. Ross of his department, couched in "cellar English." He then read:

EDWARD A. BRADFORD.

Fifty years a scribe, from youth to reverent age,
Drinking deep at the Pierian fount;
A scholar ripe, adorning printed page
With advice ingenious and of good account.
This day we do him honor, while he himself bestows
Honor on us who profit by his gifts—
His counsel, friendship, his experience which glows
With that kindly nature of a man who lifts
The mundane things of life into a brighter sphere.
May years renew the vigor of his youth
And give us strong inspirations here
For the Light and its companion, Truth!

Mr. Wiley closed by expressing the congratulations of his department to Mr. Bradford, interspersing his lines with remarks that showed the business office could sparkle like the editorial page when it chose.

F. T. Birchall, assistant managing editor, speaking for the news department in the absence of Mr. Van Anda, the managing editor, expressed the pleasure of his associates in participating in the tribute to so long a service as that of Mr. Bradford and their high regard for him as a colleague who had ever been helpful in time of need and a cheerful comrade under all conditions.

Another who spoke briefly, a guest but not a member of the family, was W. Lints Smith, business manager of The London Times. Mr. Smith expressed his admiration for the efficiency of such American newspaper plants as that of THE TIMES, and his satisfaction in sharing in the pleasure of an agreeable occasion.

Mr. Bradford on The Times.

The luncheon was served by Sherry's. Incorporated in the menu card was the following sketch of Mr. Bradford, prepared by one of his associates:

"Mr. Bradford was born in New York City Nov. 5, 1851, when THE NEW YORK TIMES was 2 months old, and was already claiming a circulation twice as large as it really was. He is a descendant of Governor Bradford of Plymouth, whose tomb he never visited till he was 70 years old, and then only on the insistence of a woman who had married into the Bradford family. Of the intervening Bradfords, eight generations were buried in the same cemetery in Plainfield, Conn. On Mr. Bradford's most recent visit to the old home he undertook the restoration of a monument set up by the Connecticut Bradford of Revolutionary days to a Hessian prisoner of war who had been bought at auction, following the pleasant custom of those times, and who had liked his purchasers so well that he stayed with them when the war was over and willed his property to them when he died.

"The birthplace of the present Edward Anthony Bradford was on Macdougal Street, which then had never seen a batik blouse nor heard a ukelele. His boyhood was spent in a home that moved gradually up the west side with the growing city. At Yale, where he was graduated in 1873, he distinguished himself by founding the Yale Record, a publication still surviving, and by getting his start in metropolitan journalism with a story of the Yale-Columbia football game—something THE TIMES of that day never thought of covering. After a year in Harvard Law School, he came to New York and took a humbler place on THE TIMES by his articles on the transit of Venus. Since that first football story he has had no more to do with the sporting page, but he is still writing about transit.

"A period of service on the night city desk, during which he finished his studies at New York University Law School, was followed by a term as reporter. Mr. Bradford thinks that the most delicate task he ever had on the paper was an interview with the Rev. Dr. Henry Ward Beecher, in which he had to ask that honored divine if the Tilton story was true. For all that he was a graduate lawyer, our reporter was unable to pin the reverend gentleman down to a yes-or-no answer.

"For many years after that Mr. Bradford was in charge of THE TIMES Index and of some of the financial functions of the business organization which was ruled by George Jones. Mr. Bradford's service in these positions lasted on into the new administration of this newspaper, until about the turn of the century he was sent downtown as head of the Wall Street office. After spending a term there which he calculates, not in years but in panics, he was recalled in 1905 to the editorial page, where he has served ever since as commentator on economics and finance.

"Perhaps it was the astronomical training acquired in his researches of 1874 that gave him his confidence in the immutable laws of nature. During the boom days of 1919 some of the rest of us, less experienced, were unable to share his faith, and had an idea that the law of supply and demand had been killed in the war. Presently events proved that this law, though it had suffered a good deal from gas, was not fatally injured; Mr. Bradford's faith in the rule of reason in the universe was triumphantly vindicated.

"Aside from his work on THE TIMES, he was for more than a quarter of a century American correspondent of The London Standard; and outside of office hours he invented a turnstile gate which has been pushed by uncounted millions of residents of Brooklyn on the elevated lines of their borough. He was married to Miss Susan Packer in 1890. For years past he has lived on Columbia Heights in exactly the sort of house that a novelist would regard as the proper setting for a financial editorial writer on THE NEW YORK TIMES."

That "first offense" by Mr. Bradford, to which reference has been made in the foregoing, was published in THE TIMES of Nov. 17, 1872. It ran under typical headlines of that period in which it is interesting to note, such a trifling detail as who won the game was not set forth. Instead the item was non-committally labeled, "Football—Inter-University Match Between Yale and Columbia."

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Many of those fleecy fabrics that the English like to tailor into ulsters. Also cloths of harder finishes but equally warm and attractive, with fancy plaid linings. Some with belted backs and some with belts all around while others have no belts at all. Convertible collars that can be turned up in a storm.

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Men's Velour Hats

$4.89

The proper hat to top off your overcoat. The styles will appeal to the conservative dressers as well as the younger men. Obtainable in brown, green, gray, tan —also black.

Well made and trimmed with leather sweat and grosgrain ribbon band.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Center.

Men's Underwear

89c each

Heavy ribbed cotton shirts and drawers in white and natural color. Shirts with long sleeves; sateen front drawers with sateen waist band; ankle length.

$1.49 each

Medium weight shirts and drawers; worsted and cotton mixture; shirts with long sleeves and drawers ankle length.

$2.24 each

Heavy weight shirts and drawers; wool and cotton in natural color; shirts long sleeves; drawers ankle length.

$1.59 suit

Spring needle, ribbed, cotton union suits. White or ecru color; long sleeves, ankle length; sizes in white 34 to 56; sizes in ecru 34 to 46.

$1.88 suit

Heavy weight ribbon union suits; worsted and cotton mixed; natural color.

Macy's—Main Floor, Center.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

Herald Square New York

Macy's

ARMY-NAVY Football Game

Franklin Field, Philadelphia

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25

SPECIAL TRAINS

Direct to Franklin Field

Leave New York

1 2 3 4

Leave Pennsylvania Station

10.25A.M. 10.35A.M. 10.45A.M. 10.50A.M.

Leave Hudson Terminal

10.30A.M. 10.50A.M. 10.40A.M. 10.56A.M.

Leave Newark, Park Place

10.26A.M. 10.40A.M. 10.50A.M. 10.30A.M.

Trains 1, 2 and 3 parlor cars and dining cars, no coaches. Train 4 coaches only and dining car. Table d'hote dining car service. Returning from South Street (Franklin Field) thirty minutes after game

Pennsylvania Railroad

The Route of the Broadway Limited

THE ONLY SURE RELIEF

Whatever your trouble is, you will be the better for being in good physical condition to fight it.

Arrange to let us mobilize all your health forces.

"It is not the disease but neglect of the remedy which generally destroys Life."—From the Latin.

ARTHUR A. McGOVERN (Physical Director)

McGovern's Gymnasium

5 West 66th Street, New York

Dunand's Riding Academy

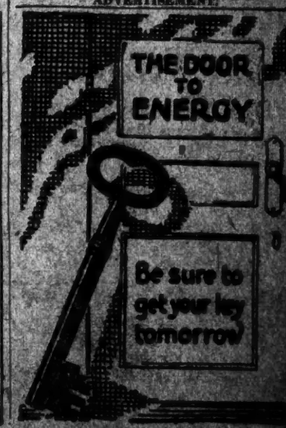
Telephones: Columbus 2824, 10434, 9180.

MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN

Hours for Women, 9 to 12

Hours for Men, 1 to 7 P. M.

ADVERTISEMENT.



PIGGLY-WIGGLY HERE IN RECEIVER'S HANDS

Involuntary Petition Places Liabilities as $1,250,000 and Assets $350,000.

"CASH AND CARRY" STORES

Attorney Says Only Manhattan Corporation is Affected by the Bankruptcy.

The Manhattan Piggly-Wiggly Corporation, operating a chain of grocery stores in New York City and elsewhere, was placed in bankruptcy yesterday on an involuntary petition filed in the United States District Court. In the petition the firm's liabilities are estimated at $1,250,000, with assets at $350,000.

The petitioning creditors hold claims for labor and services rendered. They are Charles Kuster, whose claim is $400; the Torraine Electrical Engineering Company, $2,200, and Leo Lemelson, $1,500. Judge A. N. Hand appointed Percival Wilds receiver.

The Piggly-Wiggly method of business was the cafeteria plan applied to a grocery store. All goods are wrapped and plainly marked as to price. The customer enters through a gate, receives a basket and then takes whatever is desired. At the exit a cashier checks the purchases and takes the money. There are not clerks and no service of any sort.

Vincent L. Leibell, of Philippe, Leibell & Mahoney, attorney for the corporation, issued the following statement:

"This is distinctly the Manhattan branch of Piggly-Wiggly. Piggly-Wiggly stores are all over the country, and are operated under separate franchises in group arrangements. The financial difficulties of the company are due to having over-extended itself. It set up too many stores in too short a time. Because of the pressure of creditors and the failure of certain financial assistance to materialize, it was deemed best for the interests of all the creditors to consent to the receivership as preliminary to a reorganization of all the firm's affairs. The creditors' meeting will be held as soon as the receiver's accountants are in a position to make a statement."

Henry Zalkin of Zalkin & Cohen, attorneys for the creditors, said: "The stores included in this bankruptcy petition are those of the Manhattan Piggly-Wiggly and stores owned by subsidiary companies. The receiver will take immediate possession."

"I shall take possession at once of the stores in New York City," said Mr. Wilds, the receiver, last night. "Probably, later, motions will be made for ancillary receivers for subsidiary companies."

COLLEGE MEN SHIRK WORK, SAYS EDISON

Princetonian Quotes Inventor as Saying They Could Not Pass His Test.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 17.—In an interview appearing this morning in The Daily Princetonian, Thomas A. Edison told Princeton undergraduates why, in his opinion, college education did not fit men to answer his questionnaires. Mr. Edison said that the average college man had an environment usually unsuited for such a general test.

"I do not approve of the present day college graduate," Mr. Edison is quoted as saying. "My main object against a college graduate is that he objects to work, especially when it is dirty work. He does not want a job with much work to it. He expects to be appointed foreman at the end of his sixth week. Most of the men working for me have never gone to college. The college graduates that I have usually show a lack of imagination. They scarcely have any suggestions to make in their daily routine which might lead to improvements in their departments."

$2,000,000 BUILDING GIFT TO ART MUSEUM

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

large galleries to be built at the west of these vestibules will be devoted to American material. From these two galleries corridors and stairways will connect with then ew wing, and thus the material which it will contain, chiefly of the early American decorative arts of the seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, will be in close conjunction with the European decorative arts shown in the Morgan wing, and, in the eventual development of the Museum plan, will be placed conveniently near to the further collections of European decorative arts in the future north wing of the Museum.

The American wing itself will contain three floors, with their low ceiling heights, suitable to the old-time American rooms they will contain. They will, though, with slight difference of floor levels, be accessible from the first and second floors of the Pierpont Morgan wing extensions. It is planned that the contents of the galleries, or more appropriately rooms, will be so arranged that beginning on one floor one sees the accessories of the early life in America and can pass on, chronologically, through the years as they are represented by household interiors from the simplest to the finer and more sophisticated types of furniture, pre-Revolutionary, Chippendale, &c.

What was really the instigation for this new wing and Mr. de Forest's gift came at the time of the Hudson-Fulton celebration in New York. Mr. de Forest was Chairman of the Art Committee which decided to illustrate the Fulton side with an exhibition of early American furniture and household art, held at the museum. The excellence of the work of early American craftsmen and the widespread interest in the exhibition decided the Metropolitan Museum to start a program of building up a strong department of American art. Mrs. Sage's gift of the Bolle's collection, which was shown at the Hudson-Fulton celebration, was the first step. Having gathered in the twelve years a valuable collection, a place to house it became a necessity and Mr. and Mrs. de Forest have solved this problem by their gift.

In making in this new wing a home to show the work of American craftsmen and the development of American homes, the Metropolitan Museum of Art is progressing along the latest lines of museum development. In Switzerland, Germany, Norway and Sweden in the last half of the nineteenth century museums intended to show the arts and crafts of certain of their cities and States have marked a new motive in museum administration. The system expressed itself in sequences of rooms taken from historic interiors arranged to the last detail with the objects belonging to them.

In the Swiss National Museum at Zurich, the best example of these, there are sixty-two rooms, great and small, including chapels and courtyards, which are arranged to show the development of the arts and craft of the country through the sixteenth to the eighteenth century.

In obtaining examples of the early architecture of this country, the Metropolitan Museum has drawn from all parts of the country. They have been careful, always, never to take a building or material from a building which might become a monument in its own place, but only from such places where, if left, it would be lost.

The presentation of a new wing to the museum may be called a golden wedding gift from Mr. and Mrs. de Forest. They have just celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage.

FOOTBALL GAMES SCHEDULED FOR TODAY

Yale vs. Princeton	At Princeton
Columbia vs. Dartmouth	At Polo Grounds
N. Y. U. vs. Rutgers	At East Orange
C. C. N. Y. vs. Catholic University	At Lewisohn Stadium

The McCreery Men's Shop

Every man, football enthusiast or not, should take this opportunity of assuring himself of solid comfort during the cold, bleak days to come.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

WINTER OVERCOATS

$65

At this price there are Great, Roomy Storm Ulsters, Smart Town Ulsters, Raglan Ulsters and Slip-on Box Coats. They are shown in a large assortment of the popular, "warmth-without-weight" fabrics from well-known American, English, Scotch and Irish mills.

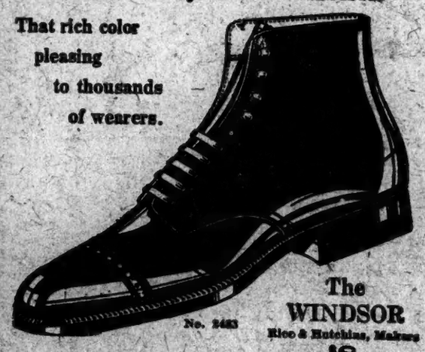
Other Winter Overcoats $37.50 to $115

James McCreery & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE at SECOND FLOOR at THIRTY-FIFTH STREET

Genuine Tony Red Calfskin

That rich color pleasing to thousands of wearers.



No. 2483

The WINDSOR

Rice & Hutchins, Makers

$8

SIGNET Men's Shops

1345 BROADWAY, AT 36TH ST.
42D ST., AT 137 WEST
14TH ST., AT NO. 8 EAST
125TH ST., AT 113 WEST
150TH ST., AT 3RD AVE.
BROOKLYN: 867 FULTON

Gift booklet mailed upon request

Jay-Thorpe Inc.

24-26 FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET WEST

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE OF MILLINERY

To effect immediate disposal—we will place on sale our entire collection of late Fall and Winter hats, including a number of original French models.

These hats have heretofore sold from 18.00 to 60.00

7.50 10.00 15.00

Hats will not be exchanged or credited

FOR THIS SALE STORE WILL OPEN AT 8.30 A. M.

The Tailored Woman INC.

622 Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

Special Offering of

WOOLTEX COATS

THE following items constitute a few of the unusual values now being shown at The Tailored Woman Shop.

Knee length sport coats, suede lined, with shawl collar of raccoon.

Double faced chinchilla in brown with plaid back.

Tweed mixtures with plaid backs.

Prizma plaids in brown and blue tones.

Herringbone tweeds with raccoon shawl collars.

$58.50

Exclusive New York Shop for Wooltex Tailormades

The Terminal Beauty Salon

IN the Knickerbocker, at 42nd Street and Broadway, with its numerous private booths and dressing rooms, and its expert professional attendants, offers a type of beauty service in which the efficacy of the treatment is attested by the benefit in the result.

Manicuring	Scalp Treatment, Plain	Henna Dye, Touch up
Hair Dressing	Scalp Treatment with Ointment	Inecto Rapid
Marcel Wave	Scalp Treatment with Oil and Shampoo	Inecto Rapid, Touch up
Marcel Wave with Hair Dressing	Scalp Treatment with Vibrator or Violet Ray	Eye Brows Shaved
Round Curl	Shampoo, Plain	Eye Brows Plucked
Round Curl with Hair Dressing	Shampoo, Plain, with Rinse	Facial Massage, Plain
Bobbing	Shampoo, Egg, with Rinse	Facial Massage, Special
Bobb Trim	Shampoo, Brightening	Mud Pack, Face
Hair Cutting	Tonic Application	Mud Pack, Face and Neck
Clipping and Singeing	Hair Bleaching	Face Bleaching and Refining Treatment
Bobb Curl	Henna Pack	Egg Astringent
Bobb Trim and Marcel	Henna Dye	Muscle Strapping
Water Wave		Muscle Strapping and Toning
Permanent Wave		

Electrologists and Chiropodists in Attendance

EXTRAORDINARY SERVICE AT ORDINARY PRICES

TERMINAL BEAUTY SALONS

Where the Promise is Performed

The Waldorf Astoria Fifth Avenue at 34th Street

The Knickerbocker S. E. Cor. 42nd St. & Broadway

The Pennsylvania 7th Avenue at 33rd Street

Saks & Company

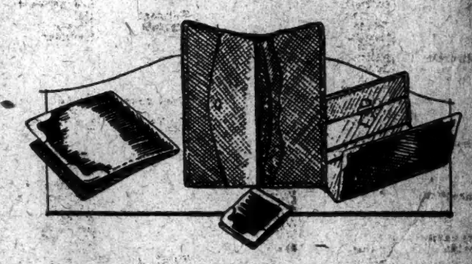
Direct Particular Attention to Their Excellent Assortments of

Men's Velour Hats

at 5.75 *to* 12.00

THE VELOUR again comes into prominence, many of the city's best-dressed men appearing on the way to social functions, and to business, topped with a fine velour. These we offer are as soft as a kitten's ear, of deep luxurious pile, with that sheen and feel characteristic of the finest velours ever put forth by Saks & Company.

Black, Seal, Gray, Rich Havana Brown, and Nutria



14-karat Gold Mounted Wallets, Special at 3.95

A very fine collection of wallets, in hip or three fold models, made of genuine pin seal and lined with black calf. Each wallet has a full length bill compartment, space for pass and tuck pocket. 14-karat gold clips and corners make these wallets acceptable to any man, and at the modest price of 3.95 they cannot be duplicated.

Gold Mounted Match Cases Special at 1.50

Very handy and convenient little cases to carry cards of matches. Made of pin seal or cobra and mounted with two 14-karat gold corners.

Street Floor

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

Patent Leather.....$9.50
Brown or Black Suede...10.00
(Sizes 3 to 7)

Footwear for Juniors and Growing Girls

Created by Frank Brothers' master designers to meet the requirements and tastes of youth.

FRANK BROTHERS

Fifth Avenue Boot Shop

Near Forty-Eighth Street, New York

Junior Department, Fourth Floor

Automobile Exchange *(doubtful and misleading announcements excluded)*, Page 29.

PASSAGE OF BONUS INDICATED BY POLL

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

State.	For—392.	Against—53.
Michigan	*Farris	Newberry
Minnesota	*Shipstead	Nelson
Mississippi	Harrison	
Missouri	Reed	
	Spencer	
Montana	Walsh	
Nebraska	Norris	
	*Howell	
Nevada	Pittman	
	Oddie	
New Hampshire		Moses
New Jersey		Keyes
New Mexico	Jones	Edge
	Bursum	
New York	*Copeland	Wadsworth
No. Carolina	Simmons	
	Overman	
North Dakota	Ladd	
	*Frazier	
Ohio	Willis	
	*Pomerene	
Oregon	McNary	
	Stanfield	
Oklahoma	Harreld	Owen
Pennsylvania		Reed
		Pepper
Rhode Island	Colt	
So. Carolina	Gerry	
	Smith	Dial
South Dakota	Norbeck	Sterling
Tennessee	McKellar	Shields
Texas	Sheppard	
	*Mayfield	
Utah		King
		Smoot
Vermont		Dillingham
Virginia		*Greene
		Glass
		Swanson
Washington	*Dill	
	Jones	
W. Virginia	Elkins	
	*Neely	
Wisconsin	Lenroot	
	La Follette	
Wyoming	Kendrick	Warren

*New member.

Total membership of Senate, 96; necessary to override President's veto, 64; new members, non-committal or undeclared in poll, 6.

Situation in the House.

Of seventy-nine new members of the House, sixty-seven declared for the bonus and only one against it. There were eleven Representatives-elect who were non-committal, most of them saying that they wished to see the bill before deciding how to vote on the question.

A poll of the House, with ninety members unrepresented in it, but with more than the necessary two-thirds to override a veto in favor of the bonus, follows:

State.	For—292.	Against—53.
Alabama	Tyson	Oliver
	Beagall	
	Jeffers	
	Bowling	
	Almon	
	Huddleston	
	Bankhead	
Arizona	Hayden	
Arkansas	Driver	
	Oldfield	
	Tillman	
	Wingo	
	*Reagon	
	Parks	
California	Rakes	Kahn
	Curry	
	Nolan	
	Barbour	
	Free	
	Lineberger	
	Osborne	
	Swing	
Colorado	Valle	
	Timberlake	
	Hardy	
	Taylor	
Connecticut		Fenn
		Freeman
		Tilson
		Merritt
Delaware		
Florida	Drane	Sears
	Clark	
	Smithwick	
	Park	
Georgia	Crisp	
	Upshaw	
	Wise	
	Lee	
	Brand	
	Bell	
	Vinson	
	Lankford	
	Larsen	
Idaho	French	
	Smith	
Illinois	Madden	
	Sproul	
	J. W. Rainey	
	Graham	
	*Buckley	
	Michaelson	
	Kunz	
	Britten	
	Chindblom	
	Fuller	
	*Reid	
	McKenzie	
	Graham	
	King	
	*Hull	
	Funk	
	*Miller	
	*Arnold	
	Williams	
	Denison	
	Yates	
Indiana	*Wilson	Moores
	*Greenwood	
	Sanders	
	Elliott	
	Vestal	
	Purnell	
	Fairfield	
	Rickey	
Iowa	Kopp	
	Hull	
	*Robinson	
	Haugen	
	Cole	
	Ramseyer	
	Dowell	
	Towner	
	Green	
	Boies	
Kansas	Anthony	
	Little	
	*Sproul	
	Hoch	
	Strong	
	White	
Kentucky	Tincher	
	*Ayres	
	Barkley	
	Kincheloe	
	Thomas	
	*Thatcher	
	Rouse	
	Castrill	
	Gilbert	
	Langley	
	Robinson	
Louisiana	O'Connor	
	Dupre	
	Martin	
	Sandlin	
	Wilson	
	Favrot	
	Lazaro	
	Aswell	
Maine		Nelson
Maryland	Goldsborough	
	Hill	
	Linthicum	
	Mudd	
	Zihlman	
Massachusetts	Paige	Treadway
	Rogers	Winslow
	Andrew	Underhill
	*Connery	Luce
	Dallinger	
	Tague	
	Sullivan	
	Frothingham	
	Greene	
Michigan	*Clancy	
	Michener	
	Smith	
	Ketcham	
	Mapes	
	*Hudson	
	Cramton	
	*Vincent	
	McLaughlin	
	Woodruff	
	Scott	
	James	
	*McLeod	
Minnesota	Anderson	Newton
	Clague	
	Davis	
	Keller	
	Knutson	
	*Kvale	
	Larson	
	*Wefald	
Mississippi	Sisnall	
	Rankin	Lowrey
	Collins	Collier
Missouri	Quin	
	*Lozier	
	*Milligan	Hawes
	Faust	
	*Jost	
	*Dickinson	
	*Major	
	Roach	
	Newton	
	Dyer	
	*Wolfe	
	*Fulbright	
Montana	*Ruhey	
	*Evans	
	*Leavitt	
Nebraska	*Reavis	McLaughlin
	*Howard	
	*Simmons	
Nevada	*Richards	
N. Hampshire	*Rogers	
New Jersey	Patterson	Wason
	Bacharach	*Browne
	*Eagan	Ackerman
	O'Brien	Perkins
		Lehlbach
New Mexico	*Morrow	
New York	*Kindred	Mills
	*Lindsay	Parker
	Cullen	Snell
	*Black	Snyder
	*Quayle	Clarke
	*O'Connell	Magee
	*Celler	
	Riordan	
	*Dickstein	
	Sullivan	
	Perlman	
	*Boylan	

State.	For—292.	Against—53.
	Oliver	
	*Marx	
	*LaGuardia	
	*Waller	
	Griffin	
	*Oliver	
	*Ganly	
	Fish	
	Chowther	
	Mott	
	*Jacobstein	
	Sanders	
	Dempsey	
	McGregor	
	Mead	
	Reed	
No. Carolina	Ward	
	Pou	
	Stedman	
	Lyon	
	Hammer	
	Doughton	
	Bulwinkle	
	Weaver	
	Burtness	
North Dakota	Young	
	Sinclair	
	Longworth	
Ohio	Stephens	Burton
	Fitzgerald	
	Cable	
	Thompson	
	Kearns	
	Cole	
	*Sherwood	
	Foster	
	Speaks	
	Begg	
	*Darby	
	Moore	
	*McSweeney	
	Morgan	
	Murphy	
	Cooper	
	*Mooney	
Oklahoma	*Howard	
	Swank	
	*Thomas	
	McClintick	
	*Garber	
Oregon	Hawley	
	Sinnott	
	*Watkins	
Pennsylvania	Vare	Graham
	Rangley	McFadden
	Edmonds	Kiess
	Connolly	Magee
	Darrow	
	Butler	
	Watson	
	*Griest	
	*Casey	
	Kendall	
	Dixler	
	Shreve	
	Wyant	
	Porter	
	Kelly	
	Morin	
	Campbell	
	*Brumm	
	*Ramey	
Rhode Island	Burdick	
	*O'Connell	
So. Carolina	Logan	Dominick
	Byrnes	
	McSwain	
	Stevenson	
	*Gasque	
	Fulmer	
Tennessee	Reece	Davis
	*Taylor	Byrns
	*McReynolds	Garrett
	Fisher	
Texas	Sanders	Black
	Rayburn	Box
	Briggs	Sumners
	Wurzbach	Garrett
	Hudspeth	Mansfield
	Blanto	Buchanan
	Jones	Connally
		Lanham
Utah	Colton	
	Leatherwood	
Vermont	Dale	
Virginia	*Peery	Bland
	Harrison	Deal
		Montague
		Drewry
		Hooker
		Moore
		Tucker
Washington	Hadley	
	Johnson	
W. Virginia	Rosenbloom	
	Reed	
Wisconsin	*Lilly	
	Cooper	
	Voigt	
	Nelson	
	*Schafer	
	*Berger	
	Lampert	
	Beck	
	Browne	
	*Schneider	
	Frear	
Wyoming	*Winter	

*New member.

Total membership of House, 435; necessary to override President's veto, 290; no record of vote or undeclared in poll, 90.

Replies From New Senators.

The query addressed by THE TIMES to each new Senator and Representative asked whether he would favor or oppose a bonus bill for the soldiers of the World War. Replies from the new Senators were received as follows:

Wilmington, Del.

Your two telegrams of 13th and 18th received regarding my stand on soldier bonus bill. I prefer to express my opinion on this and other matters after I get to Washington, and not through newspaper interviews. I mean this in no discourtesy to you or to the members of the press, to whom I have made refusal of similar requests, but simply because I prefer to choose my own time and place in regard to such matters.

THOMAS F. BAYARD.

Baltimore, Md.

Unwilling to commit myself in any respect before taking my seat.

WILLIAM CABELL BRUCE.

Big Rapids, Mich.

I am in favor of bonus bill for soldiers of the World War.

WOODBRIDGE N. FERRIS.

Minneapolis, Minn.

Am very much in favor of a real Soldier bonus bill.

HENRIK SHIPSTEAD.

Omaha, Neb.

Favor adjusted compensation legislation.

ROBERT BEECHER HOWELL.

New York.

I favor a bonus bill.

ROYAL S. COPELAND.

Hoople, N. D.

Am in favor of a soldiers' bonus.

LYNN J. FRAZIER.

Austin, Tex.

I am in favor of the adjusted compensation measure as advocated by the American Legion.

EARLE B. MAYFIELD.

St. Albans, Vt.

Do not favor soldiers' bonus. I have always voted against it in the House.

FRANK L. GREENE.

Spokane, Wash.

I favor soldiers' bonus.

CHARLES DILL.

Fairmont, W. Va.

In reply to your telegram I beg leave to state that I am in favor of adjusted compensation for all soldiers of the World War.

M. M. NEELY.

Des Moines, Iowa.

Senator-elect Smith W. Brookhart campaigned, pledging himself to vote for a soldiers' bonus, and service men consider him as strongly in favor of it. Unable to reach him today, but in his speeches throughout the campaign he repeated his advocacy of the bonus.

Indianapolis, Ind.

Samuel M. Ralston, United States Senator-elect, came out definitely for the soldiers' bonus in a speech at the recent Armistice Day celebration.

"Until you are dealt with justly through adjusted compensation this nation will wear before the world a blush of shame," he declared in addressing ex-service men. He promised to do his best to bring about the enactment of a compensation law.

"To you and to your wounded and sick comrades this country owes a debt that cannot be met with dollars and cents," he said. "At most the dollar sign can constitute but a token of appreciation."

Atlanta, Ga.

Senator Walter F. George stated to a TIMES correspondent that the soldier bonus bill had not been an issue in his campaign and that he was not prepared at present to say how he would vote on such a measure. He would need more time for consideration. In so far, however, as compensation for wounded men is concerned, he favors it.

Replies From Representatives.

Replies were received from newly elected members of the House of Representatives as follows:

Hot Springs, Ark.

I favor bonus bill, but have not committed myself to any plan.

L. E. SAWYER.

Clarksville, Ark.

I will favor a bonus bill for soldiers of the World War.

HEARTSILL RAGON.

Chicago, Ill.

I favor a bonus.

JAMES R. BUCKLEY.

Chicago, Ill.

Am in favor of a cash bonus.

FRANK R. REID.

East St. Louis.

I am strongly in favor of bonus bill for soldiers of the World War.

EDWARD E. MILLER.

Robinson, Ill.

I have repeatedly declared myself in favor of a soldiers' bonus bill.

W. W. ARNOLD.

Dover, Del.

The nation owes a debt of gratitude to our soldiers of the World War, but I have reached no conclusion on the bonus bill.

W. P. BOYCE.

French Lick, Ind.

Favor bonus bill for soldiers.

W. E. HULL.

Evansville, Ind.

I am in favor of a soldiers' bonus, and so declared myself during recent campaign.

WILLIAM E. WILSON.

Washington, Ind.

Will favor adjusted compensation for soldiers of World War.

ARTHUR P. GREENWOOD.

Hampton, Ia.

I favor a bonus for soldiers of World War.

T. J. B. ROBINSON.

Sedan, Kan.

Yes, I would favor an adjusted compensation bill for World War soldiers.

W. H. SPROUL.

Wichita, Kan.

I favor a bonus bill for soldiers of the World War.

E. A. AYRES.

Louisville, Ky.

Bonus question not issue in recent campaign here. Am not committed on subject and am free to do what I may believe to be best when I am in Congress if question there comes before me for consideration.

M. H. THATCHER.

Lynn, Mass.

I favor the four-fold plan of adjusted compensation as advocated by the American Legion. I am a service man.

WILLIAM P. CONNERY JR.

Detroit, Mich.

Answering your query, I favor soldiers' adjusted compensation bill.

ROBERT H. CLANCY.

Lansing, Mich.

Answering wire, am favorable with certain restrictions.

GRANT M. HUDSON.

Saginaw, Mich.

Am favorable to the principle of adjusted compensation.

HIRD J. VINCENT.

Detroit, Mich.

I absolutely favor a soldier bonus.

CLARENCE J. McLEOD.

Benson, Minn.

Decidedly in favor of adjusted compensation for soldiers of World War.

O. J. KVALE.

Hawley, Minn.

As a debt of honor, I favor a soldier bonus.

KNUD WEFALD.

Kansas City, Mo.

I just received your telegram requesting a statement on my position on the soldier bonus bill. I do not approve the bogus bonus bill passed by the last Congress. Neither do I believe it is fair to insist on a sales tax as the only means of raising the necessary revenue to pay the bonus. I do believe in some form of adjusted compensation, adapted to the ability of the American public to pay the cost, and adapted also to the immediate and future needs of the soldier boys receiving the bonus.

MEYER JACOBSTEIN.

Carrollton, Mo.

My father, Ralph Lozier, out of city. In his absence I can state for your information that I know he favors soldiers' adjusted compensation bill.

LUE C. LOZIER.

Richmond, Mo.

I favor the soldiers' bonus bill.

J. L. MILLIGAN.

Kansas City, Mo.

I am friendly to the service men who made tremendous sacrifices in the late World War and believe Government in some appropriate way should fully recompense them. Any just measure within the ability of the Government will receive my approval.

HENRY L. JOST.

Clinton, Mo.

I favor bonus bill for soldiers of the World War.

C. C. DICKINSON.

Fayette, Mo.

Favor a soldiers' bonus.

SAM C. MAJOR.

Festus, Mo.

I am for bonus bill to be paid cash or insurance. Method of payment, return of excess profits and surtax and collection of foreign debt.

J. SCOTT WOLFF.

Doniphan, Mo.

Am in favor of compensation for the ex-service men.

J. F. FULBRIGHT.

Lebanon, Mo.

Congressman-elect Rubey favorable to soldier bonus bill.

F. J. JONES, Secretary.

Missoula, Mont.

I favor bonus bill for soldiers.

JOHN M. EVANS.

Great Falls, Mont.

I favor adjusted compensation for the soldiers of the World War. Included in this would be land settlement feature.

SCOTT LEAVITT.

Omaha, Neb.

I favor a bonus bill.

W. G. SEARS.

Columbus, Neb.

My campaign platform on the subject of the bonus was as follows: I favor immediate payment of the just claims of all soldiers who served under our flag during the late World War. In order to raise revenue for the payment of this just compensation without the issue of bonds, I shall advocate the re-enactment of the excess profits tax law, thereby placing the greater burden of taxes for this just purpose upon those best able to bear it.

EDGAR HOWARD.

Scotts Bluff, Neb.

I favor the adjusted compensation bill supported by the American Legion.

ROBERT G. SIMMONS.

Reno, Nev.

Favor a bonus for soldier boys of World War.

CHARLES F. RICHARDS.

Concord, N. H.

I favor a bonus for soldiers and sailors of World War.

WILLIAM N. ROGERS.

Princeton, N. J.

Not in favor of a cash soldier bonus.

CHARLES BROWNE.

Orange, N. J.

I am in favor of a bonus that meets my approval.

DANIEL F. MINAHAN.

Matawan, N. J.

I am in favor of some kind of bonus.

ELMER GERAN.

Raton, N. M.

I was elected on a platform favoring a bonus and expect to so vote.

JOHN MORROW.

Westbury, L. I.

I cannot say how I would stand a year from now. There might be a different set of facts to consider. Had I been in Congress when the last bonus measure came up, I would have voted against it.

ROBERT L. BACON.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

I am in favor of the passage of the bonus measure. I voted for a cash bonus when in the State Legislature, and I will vote again for a cash bonus at Washington.

GEORGE W. LINDSAY.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Most emphatically yes, I favor any form of bonus for the veterans of the world war.

JOHN F. QUAYLE.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

I am not opposed to a bonus, but what it should be I don't know.

WILLIAM H. CLEARY.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

I am in favor of a bonus and will vote for one. The soldier boys deserve a bonus. If we can spend all those millions in war time, we can spend other millions in peace time for the soldiers who carried the war to a successful conclusion.

DAVID J. O'CONNELL.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

I am in favor of the United States doing what every belligerent nation in the war has done—accorded an adjusted compensation to veterans. During the war the men were drafted and received $1.25 a day. Others who stayed at home received $10 a day. I believe a tax on beer and light wines should be levied to meet the cost of the bonus.

EMANUEL CELLAR.

New York City.

I am for the bonus. We have been falling back in our promises. We should be more progressive and thoughtful. In addition to the soldiers we should look after the mothers and widows, many of whom are in need.

SAMUEL DICKSTEIN.

New York City.

I am for a bonus. I declared so in the campaign.

SAMUEL MARX.

New York City.

I am in favor of the soldiers' bonus.

FRANK OLIVER.

Elmira, N. Y.

Relative to the soldier bonus, I believe our Government should collect our foreign debt and use the money for this purpose. I advocate this method especially since we have been informed that some, if not all, of these debtor nations have paid bonuses to their former service men, and some of them are now loaning money themselves to other nations for commercial purposes and prospects. But I am opposed to any form of additional tax, insurance certificate or other device to create a fund, or legislation that will provide a cash bonus to the service men promiscuously or regardless of their need, for I do believe we are now taxed to our limit.

GALE E. STALKER.

Toledo, Ohio.

I favor a bonus, but not a sales tax; reducing the army and navy to a peace basis, saving $500,000,000. Give that as the first payment.

ISAAC R. SHERWOOD.

Cleveland, Ohio.

I favor adjusted compensation.

CHARLES A. MOONEY.

Kent, Ohio.

I favor a real soldiers' bonus.

MARTIN L. DAVEY.

Wooster, Ohio.

I have been an advocate of adjusted compensation, if carefully worked out sincerely.

JOHN McSWEENEY.

Tulsa, Okla.

I favor and shall support as strongly as possible a soldiers' bonus bill.

E. B. HOWARD.

Medicine Park, Okla.

I favor a soldiers' bonus.

ELMER THOMAS.

Enid, Okla.

Am in favor of soldier bonus bill and will support same.

M. C. GARBER.

Portland, Ore.

I favor bonus bill for World War veterans.

ELTON WATKINS.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

I favor Bonus bill for soldiers of World War and voted for it before.

JOHN J. CASEY.

Pottsville, Pa.

I am in favor of some sort of bonus for soldiers and sailors.

G. FRANK BRUMM.

Leechburg, Pa.

I favor a soldier bonus.

HENRY T. RAMEY.

Scranton, Pa.

I am in fullest sympathy with the service man. How I shall vote will depend on the provisions contained in the measures presented.

L. H. WATRES.

Mount Union, Pa.

I withhold my decision till I see the kind of a bill I am asked to vote for.

E. M. BEERS.

York, Pa.

Non-committal.

S. F. GLATFELTER.

Providence, R. I.

I am in favor of a soldiers' bonus bill and so indicated during my campaign.

JEREMIAH E. O'CONNELL.

Florence, S. C.

I favor a bonus bill for soldiers of World War.

A. H. GASQUE.

Chattanooga, Tenn.

I favor a soldier bonus.

S. D. McREYNOLDS.

Tazewell, Va.

I favor an adjusted compensation bill payable from the principal or interest of our war loans or to be paid from taxes as soon as practicable.

GEORGE C. PEERY.

Hinton, W. Va.

I am in favor of soldiers' bonus. I believe the war profiteers or the profiteers and beneficiaries under the Fordney-McCumber tariff bill should bear the burden of payment of the soldiers' bonus. But by all means the soldiers of the World War should receive a bonus.

T. J. LILLY.

Wauwatosa, Wis.

Absolutely favor bonus bill.

JOHN C. SCHAFER.

Milwaukee, Wis.

The boys sent over to France were not asked whether they wanted to become soldiers. More than 95 per cent. of them were drafted under the selective act and compelled to go over. They are surely entitled to compensation, and therefore I am in favor of a bonus bill for soldiers of the World War.

VICTOR BERGER.

Appleton, Wis.

I am in favor of the soldiers' bonus.

GEORGE J. SCHNEIDER.

Casper, Wyo.

I favor a bonus bill for soldiers of the World War.

CHARLES E. WINTER

ACTRESS AND MOTHER ACCUSED OF COLLUSION

Court Cuts $28,000 Verdict to $10,000 for Injuries Received by Parent in Auto Accident.

Mrs. Luella Gear of 322 West Seventy-second Street and her daughter, Mrs. Luella Chandler, of Douglas Manor, an actress, were accused yesterday of being in collusion to mulct an insurance company by Justice Joseph Aspinall in the Supreme Court in Queens. Mrs. Gear was suing her daughter for $50,000 for injuries received when Mrs. Chandler's automobile overturned. Mrs. Chandler was driving at the time. The jury that heard the case returned a sealed verdict for Mrs. Gear for $28,000. As soon as this was announced Justice Aspinall said:

"I believe the mother and daughter were in collusion to mulct the insurance company. I find the verdict excessive and will reduce it to $10,000. Unless the attorney for the plaintiff will stipulate within ten days to accept $10,000 I will set the verdict aside as excessive."

Attorney G. Everett Hunt, who represented Mrs. Gear, said that he would stipulate at once to accept the reduced amount.

Bernard J. Vincent, who represented Mrs. Chandler, said:

"If my client had told me the same story in my office that she told on the witness stand here I would never have taken her case. According to her original story to me she did have a good defense to the action."

STILLMAN CASE POSTPONED.

Appeal From Justice Morschauser's Decision Set for Monday.

Attorneys for James A. Stillman, the banker, Mrs. Anne U. Stillman and baby Guy Stillman appeared yesterday in the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, to argue an appeal taken by Mr. Stillman from an order signed by Justice Albert H. F. Seeger refusing to set aside an order signed by Justice Morschauser confirming the report of Referee Daniel J. Gleason in favor of Mrs. Stillman and Guy Stillman. William Rand appeared for Mr. Stillman, ex-Justice Mills represented Mrs. Stillman and John E. Mack appeared for Guy Stillman. On account of the number of cases preceding the Stillman case on the Appellate Division calendar the latter case was not reached and was adjourned until Monday at 10:30 A. M.

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HYLAN FORCES BOLT SESSION ON CHARTER

Craig, Hulbert and Riegelmann Protest Against Closing Doors.

THREATEN MINORITY REPORT

Controller and Colleagues Declare Commission is Planning to Strangle Home Rule.

After Controller Charles L. Craig, Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert and Borough President Riegelmann of Brooklyn had walked out and refused to sit as members of Governor Miller's Charter Revision Commission at yesterday's session in the Municipal Building, the Controller declared that a minority report would be submitted to the Legislature which would contain his own "birch bark" charter, giving the city "real home rule."

Although the Controller and other members of the City Administration previously had gone strongly on record as opposing the proposed charter submitted by the commission, they sat in at the beginning of yesterday's session and withdrew after the members had decided to continue their discussions in a secret session. Craig, Hulbert and Riegelmann protested that nothing should be done behind closed doors and that the public was entitled to know everything that was going on.

When the session began the Controller renewed his motion for an immediate consideration of his own "short home rule charter." He said it was foolish and a waste of time to continue the arguments whether his charter or the one submitted by the commission was better, and again proposed that they take up his charter page by page. He maintained that the commission's charter not only did not provide for real home rule but took away every vestige of home rule now existing.

Craig Warns Commission.

The Controller warned the commission that something should be done immediately and that if a majority of the members were in favor of the charter as drawn up by the commission's counsel he would prepare a minority report to be submitted to the Legislature as soon as that body organizes after Jan. 1. He said he did not want to submit a minority report and would prefer to cooperate with the members.

E. M. Bassett said he thought the Controller entirely misinterpreted the purpose of the commission. He thought it preposterous for the commission to take under consideration every proposed charter which the members of the commission might submit. Mr. Craig replied that he had prepared his short charter at the request of the commission. He thought the members of the commission would be remiss if they sought to delegate the preparation of a charter to a staff of employes. F. W. M. Cutcheon, counsel to the commission, said he had lifted a number of provisions from the Craig charter and the suggestion that it would not take effect until 1923 was made for the reason that he did not want to embarrass the Administration.

"Mr. Craig evidently thinks I am a Republican," he said. "The fact is that I was an advocate of Democracy before Mr. Craig was born."

After considerable more argument Chairman Henry de Forest Baldwin ruled that the commission go into secret session. Herman A. Metz made a motion, which was carried, that both charters be taken up for consideration. Mr. Craig protested on the ground that a majority of the commission was not present. His protest was overruled by Chairman Baldwin, who ordered a closed session. When the Controller again protested, the Chairman ordered the stenographer not to take down what the Controller was saying.

Charges "Steam Roller" Methods.

"Then I will get my own stenographer," said the Controller, who left the room and brought one back with him. Acting Mayor Hulbert jumped to his feet and threatened to leave the room unless the commission recorded Mr. Craig's objection. Chairman Baldwin still refused to permit any record of the Controller's remarks to be made, whereupon Craig, Hulbert and Riegelmann left the room. The Controller shouted that the commission was adopting the tactics of the Lusk and Meyer committees and the Transit Commission and that he would not stand for any "back-room, steam-roller" methods. He also threatened to take up the matter with the Bar Association. He charged that the commission was afraid to permit newspaper men to be present at the sessions because the charter makers "feared the light of day on their proceedings."

The Controller declared that the commission's charter was a reactionary, anti-home rule document designed to prevent the City Administration from putting into force municipal ownership and operation pledges on which it was selected by the people. He closed his remarks by charging that the County Government under the proposed charter was destroyed and the Borough Presidents deprived of their authority, merely retaining their titles and salaries.

The commission held a short closed session after the three members withdrew. Controller Craig announced that public hearings would be held in the Board of Estimate chamber on his own charter.

Paine Treasurer of Third Panel.

At a special meeting of the members of the third panel of the Sheriff's jury yesterday Martin S. Paine, Treasurer of the Magnus Steel company and of the New York Athletic Club, and Vice President of the Bowery Bank, was elected Treasurer to succeed George D. Montgomery who died recently. Henry L. Joyce continues as foreman and Michael W. Rayens as Secretary.

1,000 BLACK AND WHITE CHAUFFEURS ARE OUT

Strike Against Proposed Reduction in Pay Following Fay Merger.

A strike of 1,000 chauffeurs, mechanics, washers and other employes of the Black and White Taxicab Company was called yesterday by Daniel Coyle, delegate of the Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs Local Union 267, in protest against a reduction in pay. Coyle said that when the Black and White Company was taken over by Lawrence Fay and merged with a company of which Fay had been the head for some time, Fay announced that he would put into effect a new scale of pay for the Black and White Taxicab Company employes.

The new scale, according to Coyle, was equivalent to a cut in the fare percentage going to drivers from 40 cents on the dollar to 38 1-3 cents, with the minimum amount to be paid in to remain the same as before. Coyle said that drivers working nine hours a day earned an average of $21.60 a week, while drivers on a ten-hour day made $24.

"In order to make wages at the lower percentage the drivers will have to drive recklessly," asserted Coyle.

B. & O. Lays Off 350 Shopmen.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Nov. 17.—Three hundred and fifty car repair men and shopmen of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad employed in the shops here and at Keyser, W. Va., will be indefinitely furloughed next Monday, according to notices posted today.

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Will the Radicals Control the New Congress?

A Republican Congressional majority, so large as to be unwieldy, has been cut to a margin so small that in both Houses Republican legislation will be at the mercy of a handful of insurgents of doubtful party regularity.

While the Republicans sustained losses in the election, the Milwaukee *Journal* (Ind.) can not see that the Democrats made any conclusive gains. Indeed, it is forced to conclude that if one looks for the real gains he finds them going to the radicals. The New York *Sun* notes that "Voters with radical sympathies have lined up with the radical candidates almost as generally as they might have if there had existed a great radical party. It has happened in the East and in the West. The radicalism that has come into evidence in this election exceeds sectional bounds. It has eaten into the very fiber of both the old parties."

Do not fail to read in THE LITERARY DIGEST this week the summary of opinion upon this very interesting development that has come out of the election. There are a host of other important news-features in THE DIGEST this week which will have more than an ordinary appeal. Among them are:

Barleycorn Fighting for Resurrection
Ten Thousand Automobile Deaths
Turkish Fanaticism "Gone Wild"
The Cry for More Immigration
Discoveries Among the Southern Stars
The Presbyterian Attack on Dr. Fosdick
Four Miles a Minute Through the Air
When the World Gets Overcrowded
Venomous Fish
Mussolini—Garibaldi or Caesar?
Thanksgiving as Turkey's Head Falls
Dr. De Forest Audion Orchestra
Commander Owsley, of the American Legion, and His Four Points

Many Interesting Illustrations, Including the Best of the Humorous Cartoons

How Many Jokes Do You Know?

Wherever people congregate, the spice of conversation is a whimsical story. Nimble reporters garner the best and hasten them into print. And from this elaborate array The Literary Digest selects the *cream of clean humor* and presents it in the leading theaters of English-speaking countries in a sparkling new motion-picture "Fun From the Press." Laughter is the age-old antidote for depression, the "high-sign" of good-fellowship. And wherever "Fun From the Press" is showing, you are sure of five minutes of *wholesome* mirth, some clever new "wheezes" to "spring" on your friends, and a good dramatic program besides. Watch for it weekly at your favorite theater. If not on the bill, ask the manager how soon he can get a booking of "Fun From the Press." Produced by The Literary Digest: Distributed by W. W. Hodkinson Corporation.

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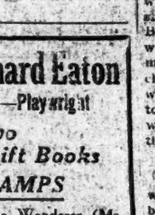

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STANDING OF PLAYERS AND TODAY'S SCHEDULE.

	Won.	Lost.	Run.	High Run.	High Avg.
Hoppe	2	0	192	55 5-9	
Schaefer	2	1	193	55 5-9	
Conti	2	1	204	41 8-12	
Horemans	2	1	244	55 10-14	
Cochran	1	2	140	23 5-13	
Hagenlacher	0	4	178	51 6-15	

Results of Games to Date.

Schaefer 500, Hagenlacher 328; Conti 500, Cochran 270; Hoppe 500, Horemans 177; Cochran 500, Hagenlacher 471; Schaefer 900, Conti 251; Horemans 500, Hagenlacher 301; Hoppe 500, Cochran 102; Conti 300, Hagenlacher 335; Horemans 500, Schaefer 121.

Games Today.

2:30 P. M.—Walter Cochran, United States, vs. Edouard Horemans, Belgium.

8:15 P. M.—Willie Hoppe, United States, vs. Roger Conti, France.

Jake Schaefer, world's 18.2 balkline billiard champion, was last night defeated for the first time since he won the title a year ago in Chicago. Edouard Horemans, the Belgian champion of Europe, was his conqueror by a score of 500 to 321. The winner averaged 35 10-14 and the loser, 22 13-14. Horemans made a high run of 144 and Schaefer one of 107.

In the afternoon Roger Conti, the youthful champion of France, defeated Erich Hagenlacher, the champion of Germany, by a score of 500 to 355. The evening game was the ninth of the international balkline tournament being played at the Hotel Pennsylvania for the world's professional championship.

Horemans played some of the best billiards seen in the tournament. In the second inning he ran 141, in the third, 111, in the fourth 155. While Schaefer made the high run of the match, 107 points, in the sixth inning, Horemans was always the master.

The conditions last night were ideal for the best billiards. While the balls had not been changed and the red ball was still a bit off, the play was as consistent as could have been expected. Both men seemed to be overimpressed with the fact they were shooting in a match that was to count for the world's championship, and, as a result, they were extremely cautious. They refused to take the ices, and weighed each point with the greatest deliberation. Thus the match was exhibitionarily drawn out.

Schaefer Not at His Best.

Schaefer was far from at his best, while Horemans shot as he seldom has before in championship play. Nothing seemed too difficult for him, and throughout the evening he regaled the crowd with difficult masses, around-the-table shots, force follow shots, draws and drive shots. From the time that he made his run of 144 Horemans was in command. He followed it with a run of 111, which made his total 255 to 6 for Schaefer. From then on Schaefer was forced to overcome this handicap, and, while he made a run of 107 in the sixth inning, his other efforts were so weak that he succumbed.

Horemans should have run out the game in fewer innings than it actually took him. But when Schaefer saw that he was up against it, he resorted to "old," and Horemans's three misses in the eighth, ninth and tenth innings may be mostly attributed to the fact that the balls were so badly spread that it was next to impossible to make a shot.

Schaefer did this when he found that he could not get the balls together himself for any material runs. It was defensive billiards by the champion. As soon as Schaefer missed the opening shot, after winning the bank, Horemans seemed to realise that the world's champion was not at his best. Schaefer, too, seemed to realize that he was off in stroke and after Horemans had made his run of 144 it was only a question of by how large a margin the Belgian would win.

Schaefer's defeat gives Hoppe a clear lead in the standing.

A Sensational Run.

In the third inning Horemans made a run of 111 that was characterized by some of the best billiards he has ever played. While his previous run of 144 was longer and more profitable, it was not as remarkable for good billiards as the cluster of 111. During this run Horemans's play was sensational. In the first ten shots it was all open table play. Then he had them gathered and from the eleventh to the thirtieth he did not have to make a drive. On the thirty-first shot a two-cushion drive brought them together again, and from then until the finish he nursed the balls on the line and in the unrestricted space in the centre of the table until he finally missed on a two-cushion shot out of the corner.

Thereafter it was virtually no contest. Schaefer tried his best but everything he attempted went wrong. If his sixth inning he made a run of 107 and for a time it seemed as if he might overhaul Horemans and pluck the game out of the fire. But he finally missed on a comparatively simple one-cushion shot, and this virtually spelled his defeat.

The Belgian master, like Schaefer, missed his opening shot of the contest, but on his second trip to the table Horemans got under way, and with flawless touch and judgment began to amass point after point. He made frequent use of his justly famous masse shot.

Whether this beautiful exhibition of almost perfect billiards unnerved the temperamental Schaefer or whether it was just not his night it is difficult to say. At any rate, he missed a short single cushion on his third trip to the table, and the Belgian, out in front where he delights to be and plays his best billiards, kept right on going.

Horemans Increases Lead.

He increased his lead until at one stage of the game he led Schaefer by 310 to 35 and seemingly had the American at his mercy, but the champion did not intend to lose this all important game, which may also mean the loss of his crown, without a determined struggle. He began to creep up on his Belgian rival on his sixth turn at the table and in this frame put together a run of 107. This game did made its mark on Horemans and he began to show signs of wavering in his seventh inning.

The pressure on the champion's game was telling. He collected 37 in a somewhat desultory manner. The last count was an easy right-handed direct carom. But Horemans, who never uses his right hand if he can help it, tried to discover a left-handed stroke to count. Under compulsion he shot right-handed, the second right-hander in three matches, counted and got sewed up with a resultant miss for his pains. So while did he leave the spheres that neither Schaefer nor the Belgian could count during the next two innings. Schaefer was first to overcome the separated orbs. He brought them together for 43, and on Horemans again failing to count there was evidence that the champion might make a garrison finish despite being behind at 277 to 430 for Horemans.

There were some exchanges of safety toward the end of the match which brought about the real evidences of strategy and cool, daring execution. Horemans, after desperate efforts, recovered, despite Schaefer's attempts to wreck his close play. While doing this the champion had partially closed up on his opponent. But the Belgian was not to be denied and he closed his victory with a run of 47, most of which were scored by pretty work on the cushions.

The champion of Europe appeared to be in his best stroke. His execution was delicate and his nursing was almost perfect. It made little difference to him what position the balls were in. Evidently he could make any shot. For the most part, it was line nursing that piled up the points. There were few drives, but he made thirty masses. It was an exhibition of the kind that has made Horemans a billiardist of international renown.

It seemed as though the Belgian were a magician, so absolute was his control of the balls. For a long time it looked as if he had strings on them and pulled them into position.

The score by innings:

Horemans—0 144 111 55 19 75 57 0 0 0 2 0 12 47. Total, 500. Average, 35 10-14. High run, 144.

Schaefer—0 6 0 0 29 10 107 20 6 0 0 45 38 6 0 0. Total, 321. Average, 22 13-14. High run, 107.

Hagenlacher Wins Bank.

In the matinee game Hagenlacher won the bank and counted 4 with wide carom shots. Conti gathered 20 before he missed on a drive around the table.

Hagenlacher exhibited some heavy-handed billiards on his seventh turn at he table, banging the balls around as if ashing them into subjection. He employed a brilliant follow shot the full length of the table to collect the balls on his seventh shot; holding them on the end of the rail until a wide masse failed to connect at 77. Conti missed in his next turn, and Hagenlacher held the lead by 140 to 20.

Hagenlacher followed with a run of 51 that was an exposition of close manipulation along the end rail. Toward its close he obtained a nursing position. The cue ball rolled to a freeze against the red, and the necessary masse cost him control of it. He shall—missed a masse on the rail. This brought his total tally to 230 to 36 for Conti.

Conti counted 64 by close balkline, his greatest effort of the match, in the eighth inning. The Frenchman had the balls in perfect position when he missed a short masse. It gave Hagenlacher a set-up to start the ninth inning, but the German made only 10 when he bungled a direct carom. Conti produced a run of 98 on his next turn, and appeared to be playing with greater confidence as he closed the gap separating the two players.

Conti was the first of the two to count in triple figures. By the closest kind of consistent play, in which he employed brilliant masses and an excellent dendball drive, he overhauled Hagenlacher and went into the lead by the tally of 369 to 274 at the end of ten innings. In this inning Conti's run of 204 was a masterpiece of end-rail play at all stages. He missed a draw.

Hagenlacher Slumps.

Hagenlacher's game seemed to fall to pieces as the tide turned against him. His cushion shots lacked judgment and speed. The result was that the Frenchman was rarely absent from the table more than a few minutes at a time, and he made the most of his advantage. Conti followed his great run of 204 with another of 110 before he missed a close masse. Conti's run of 110 put him in a commanding lead, 470 to 203, at the close of the eleventh inning. His last triple figure run was made with unusual rapidity, the French star scarcely waiting for the cue ball to stop rolling before he started the next shot.

Hagenlacher ran off 62 on what proved to be his last turn at the table, but his cueing lacked spirit and he missed on a forlorn stab for a masse. Conti quickly completed his string, clicking off 30 points along the head rail with an exhibition of perfect control.

The score by innings:

Conti—20, 0, 8, 2, 0, 0, 6, 64, 56, 204, 110, 30. Total, 500. Average, 41 8-12. High run, 204.

Hagenlacher—4, 0, 65, 0, 3, 77, 81, 11, 19, 14, 19, 62. Total, 355. Average, 29 7-12. High run, 81.

COLUMBIA CUBS VICTORS.

Defeat N. Y. U. Freshmen In Season's Final, 33 to 0.

Columbia University's freshman football team closed its season yesterday afternoon with a 33 to 0 victory over the New York University freshman eleven on Ohio Field. It marked the fourth triumph for the Blue and White first year men out of five starts.

The winners started early and by the time the first quarter had ended they had scored two touchdowns. Both attempts for points after touchdown failed when Schmittitsch's kicks went wide. In the second quarter another touchdown was made. After the first half was over the N. Y. U. team seemed to brace and held "Doc" Cook's yearlings scoreless. In the final quarter the Morningside Heights' aggregation again put its scoring machine in action and added two more touchdowns.

Captain Pease, who has starred in all of the freshman games at the quarterback post, was again the outstanding player. Pease was responsible for three of his team's touchdowns. Wagner and Farrell each scored one. Schmittitsch kicked three goals after touchdowns.

BILLIARD RESULTS.

Bob Cannefax, representing New York, and Hugh Heal of Toledo, Ohio, broke even in the day's play in the interstate three-cushion billiard tournament at the Strand Academy yesterday. Cannefax won the afternoon game, 0 to 29, in 51 innings, while Heal took the evening contest, 50 to 46, in sixty-six innings. In the afternoon Cannefax had a high run of 6 and Heal a 5. In the evening Cannefax had the high run, a 5.

In last night's game of three-cushion billiards for Class A players at Thums Milford Academy Joseph Van Tassel defeated William Kranzer, 35 to 20. Kranzer made the high run of 4. The game lasted seventy-two innings.

In the continuation of play in the New York State Professional Pocket Billiard Tournament at Lawler Brothers', Brooklyn, last night, Peter Judice defeated Louie Kruster by a score of 125 to 108. Kruster had the high run, a 31, while Judice's best cluster was a 19. Judice had six scratches to the loser's nine.

By taking the final evening's play in a special handicap pocket billiard match Ralph Greenleaf, the world's champion, triumphed over James Matur by the final score of 500 to 385. The count on last night's game was 224 for Greenleaf to 61 for Matur.

National Guard Makes Plans To Develop Olympic Athletes

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Development within National Guard ranks of athletes of sufficient ability to compete in the 1924 Olympic games at Paris is proposed through an inter-regimental competitive athletic program, it was announced today by the office of Adjt. Gen. J. Leslie Kincaid. Major Charles J. Dieges, State athletic officer, has been directed to make arrangements for carrying out the competition. Final tests would be held at New York City, under tentative provisions, and General Kincaid is now endeavoring to have military and naval authorities at Washington furnish transportation and subsistence for men of Federalized units who may qualify for the finals.

VANGUARD OF 55,000 REACHES PRINCETON

Early Arrivals Throng Streets of Jungleland—Tigers Hold Final Practice.

BETTING ODDS ARE SHIFTED

Quotation Is 6 to 5, With Yale Favorite, on Eve of Battle. With Even Money in Prospect for Today.

IDEAL DAY AND DRY FIELD PROMISED FOR TODAY.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 17.—After careful nursing all this week, the turf on the gridiron in Palmer Stadium is in fine condition for the classic tilt between Yale and Princeton tomorrow. The heavy rain of Wednesday would have made the grass spongy, but an extra force of workmen were put on the job and straw combined with the excellent drainage system of the field saved the turf for fairer weather. Weather conditions are ideal here tonight and if the weather man does not change his tune before 2 o'clock tomorrow, one of the finest days of the Autumn will favor the rival elevens when they take the field.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 17.—The academic garb of Princeton University has been temporarily thrown aside tonight and Old Nassau has assumed the air of a huge battleground on the eve of a critical struggle, with appropriate festivities to speed the heroes on to great events tomorrow.

Both town and gown of Princeton are in readiness for the annual football classic tomorrow, when Tad Jones's powerful Blue eleven will put Bill Roper's Princeton Tigers to the supreme test in Palmer Stadium at 2 o'clock, in the forty-sixth annual encounter between the two.

The largest crowd in Princeton's history will watch the gridiron tilt. More than 55,000 persons will pack every inch of the concrete horseshoe. This is several thousand more than has ever witnessed a contest in Princeton before. The vanguard of the mammoth crowd is already pouring into town.

The senior promenade is the major social attraction on the week-end program in Tigertown. About 1,800 young men and their guests attended the affair in the Princeton gymnasium this evening. As a preliminary to the "prom," Yale and Princeton engaged in a duel of harmony in Alexander Hall. Hundreds of the undergraduates and their fair guests attended the annual combined concert of the Yale and Princeton Musical clubs.

As a prelude to tomorrow's football game, Princeton and Yale will play an intercollegiate league soccer game at 11 o'clock tomorrow on Poe Field. A defeat for the Tiger booters would automatically debar them from the championship crown, which they are defending this season. Princeton and Yale will also engage in a gun team duel, in Princeton's first shoot of the season.

Yale Favored in Betting.

Betting on the game has dropped almost to even money here tonight, as it has been definitely announced that Roper will start his first string quarterback, Johnny Gorman, who was withheld from the Harvard game on account of injuries sustained in the Chicago contest. Earlier in the week the odds were reported as 10 to 6 in favor of the Elis. There was $5,000 in Bulldog money sent down at that figure and promptly covered, and very little more has been offered at those odds. Big Bill Edwards put up $600 against $1,000 at these odds. Following this wager, the odds have decreased to about 6 to 5 in favor of Yale. These seemed to be the prevailing odds tonight. Indications point to the fact that Princeton followers will have a hard job getting odds tomorrow. Even betting has been predicted for the day of the battle.

The Yale squad arrived in Trenton this afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock. Two years ago the Bulldogs were quartered in New York, but a train wreck on the day of the game delayed them in reaching jungle land until a short time before the game started. This year no chances are being taken. The squad will motor over from Trenton tomorrow morning and will hold a light workout in Palmer Stadium about 1 o'clock.

The Princeton squad held an easy workout in the Stadium this afternoon. It has been the custom of the management to hold all practice sessions on University Field to save the turf on the varsity gridiron, but practice today, the last of the 1922 season for Princeton, was held within the concrete Stadium.

All afternoon and late into the evening the crowds poured into the little college town. Normally a village of some 4,000 souls, Princeton is inflated to many times its usual size to accommodate the great influx of guests. Street vendors, with their flags and pennants, are littering the corners of Nassau Street. "Get your winning colors here!" is heard all along the main thoroughfare of the town, while miniature tigers and bulldogs orange and black and dark blue toy balloons proclaim the festival of the morrow. It is no uncommon sight to see middle-aged men frolicking four abreast up the street shouting, "Yale, Yale, you cannot play ball!" Thousands of automobiles are expected tomorrow to bring in the crowds, while forty-one special trains will empty their load of human freightage near the Stadium before the game.

Ticket Speculation at Minimum.

Although ticket speculation has been reduced to a minimum this year at Princeton, the precious pasteboards nevertheless are selling in some quarters for $10 apiece. It is almost impossible to procure tickets here tonight. During the entire day the Princeton Athletic Association had but one ticket returned. Several hundred were in line in the hope of grabbing up last-moment spoils.

When the Tigers took the field this afternoon to put on the finishing touches for the fray, two varsity elevens lined up and were put on the defense against the scrubs who were using Yale plays. No actual scrimmaging was indulged in, but the elevens took turns against the scrubs in running through dummy formations. Several times the pigskin was run from one end of the field to the other, just enough to limber up the players.

Most of the afternoon session, which was exceptionally short, was devoted to punting, drop-kicking and kick-offs. Cleaves, Vangerbig, Dinsmore and Thomson alternated in booting the oval. Frank Murrey, star on the Tiger team in 1920, gave the backfield men a few good pointers in getting off the drop-kicks. Cleaves will handle the punting assignment for the Tigers tomorrow.

Practice was closely guarded this afternoon. All newspapermen were excluded and even members of former teams, unless assisting in the coaching, were banned.

At the conclusion of the workout, Coach Bill Roper expressed himself as satisfied with the progress of the team. He would not, however, make a prediction as to the outcome of the game. "The men are all in splendid condition," he reiterated; it's going to be the hardest game of the season, in fact, the hardest in years. Our team has worked hard and deserves victory."

The Yale team will not hold a workout in Palmer Stadium until just before the game tomorrow. They declined the Princeton management's invitation to hold a workout there this afternoon.

Records of Tigers and Elis On Gridiron for This Season

If Princeton is victorious in its final game of the season with Yale today, the Tigers will have won all of their games played this year. Princeton thus far has captured all of its seven games, including victories over Harvard, Chicago and Colgate. Yale has triumphed in six of its eight contests. The Elis were defeated by Iowa and also played a tie with the Army.

The records of the two teams for the season follow:

Princeton.	
30—Johns Hopkins	0
5—Virginia	0
10—Colgate	0
26—Maryland	0
21—Chicago	18
22—Swarthmore	13
10—Harvard	3
124	34

Yale.	
48—Bates	0
12—Carnegie Tech.	0
18—North Carolina	0
0—Iowa	6
38—Williams	0
7—Army	7
20—Brown	0
45—Maryland	3
189	16

TEST FOR OREGON TODAY.

Will Tie for Pacific Coast Title If Victorious Over Oregon Aggies.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17—Six Pacific Coast conference teams go into action against each other tomorrow, but it is doubtful if the games will have any bearing on the 1922 championship race, which practically has been won by California for the third year in succession. The champion Berkeley team has a breathing space on its schedule, as Nevada is coming down to take its annual football lesson from the Bears.

One of the Northwest's traditional "big games" is scheduled for Corvallis, between Oregon University and the Oregon Agricultural College. For two years these teams have played to ties. If Oregon University wins it will have three conference victories and no defeats and will be tied with California for first place. Washington and Stanford meet in the St. ford Stadium.

Down in Pasadena, Idaho and the University of Southern California the two "babe" members of the conference, clash.

READY FOR HARVARD.

Brown Supporters Hold Their Line Is the Superior and Are Confident.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 17.—The Brown football team, together with Coaches Robinson, Staff, Snell, Oden and De Vitalis, Trainer Huggins and twenty substitutes, will leave for Soldiers Field tomorrow morning ready for battle with any team Harvard sends into action.

The men had their last practice this afternoon and a talk by Coach Robinson on the general scheme of attack or defense in Lyman gymnasium tonight. The line-up will be as follows: Johnstono and Schmults or Sheldon, ends; Captain Gulian and John Spellman, tackles; Barrett and Sprague, guards; Eckstein, centre; Myers, quarter; Sweet, left half; Faulkner, right tackle; Adams, fullback. This is the strongest combination that the Bears can put on the field. From tackle to tackle, it is held here, Brown is superior to the Crimson.

ORDERS AN EXTRA DRILL.

Stevens Coach Is Dissatisfied on Eve of Rensselaer Game.

Coach Duhurow, not satisfied that the Stevens eleven was in the best of condition for the game with Rensselaer at Hoboken today, ordered an extra signal drill for his players yesterday instead of allowing them to rest, as he had intended.

The Stevens line-up against Rensselaer was announced last night as follows: Left end, Laverie; left tackle, D. Turnbull; left guard, Vert; centre, Glasar; right guard, G. Turnbull; right tackle, Gross; right end, Balch; quarterback, Sidehart; right halfback, Synder; left halfback, Allen; fullback, O'Callaghan.

Probable Line-Up of Princeton and Yale Elevens

PRINCETON.			
Pos.	Player.	Age.	Wt.	Ht.
L. E.	Gray	21	167	5.10
L. T.	Treat	21	184	6.00
L. G.	Dickenson	23	200	6.01
C.	Alford	22	186	5.11
R. G.	Howard	22	190	5.11
R. T.	Baker	23	198	6.00
R. E.	Stout	20	178	6.01
Q. B.	Gorman	23	154	5.07
L. H. B.	Caldwell	21	175	5.09
R. H. B.	Crum	22	178	5.10
F. B.	Cleaves	21	177	6.00

Average weight — Line, 187 pounds; backfield, 171 pounds.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Tilson, Smith.
Tackles—Hills, Troup, Snyder.
Guards—Howard, Thomson, Snively.
Centre—Griffin, McMillan.
Quarterback—Wingate, Dinsmore, Bergen.
Halfbacks—Newby, Emery, Bumer.
Fullback—Beattie, Van Gerbig.

YALE.			
Pos.	Player.	Age.	Wt.	Ht.
R. E.	Hulman	21	171	5.11
R. T.	Diller	26	175	6.00
R. G.	Cross	22	219	6.01
C.	Lovejoy	20	177	5.11
L. G.	Cruikshank	21	195	6.00
L. T.	Miller	19	201	6.03
L. E.	Eddy	21	171	5.11
Q. B.	Neidlinger	21	167	5.00
L. H. B.	Wight	20	165	6.01
R. H. B.	Jordan	25	165	5.11
F. B.	Scott	20	166	5.10

Average weight — Line, 187 pounds; backfield, 166 pounds.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Deaver, Luman, Cutler.
Tackles—Greene, Joss.
Guards—Pillsbury, Herr.
Centre—Landis.
Quarterback — O'Hearn, Beckett, Kelley.
Halfbacks—Knapp, Hass, Neale.
Fullback—Mallory, Benoh, Knowles.

Referee—Victor A. Schwartz, Brown. Umpire—David L. Fultz, Brown. Linesman—George E. Bankart, Dartmouth. Field Judge—Fred R. Gillander.

Time of game—2 o'clock. Length of periods—Fifteen minutes. Probable attendance—55,000.

YALE ELEVEN GETS ROUSING SEND-OFF

All New Haven Turns Out to Speed Team on Its Way to Battle Princeton.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 17.—Inspired by the cheers and songs of 1,500 undergraduates, the official Yale football party at 1 o'clock this afternoon turned its face toward the Princeton battleground of tomorrow. The university emptied itself to give its football warriors a farewell worthy of the occasion. The university brass band led the procession to the station and the university glee club led the singing. New Haven itself took a holiday to witness the departure of the eleven and the crowd packed the streets almost to the exclusion of traffic until the gridiron party had left. Practically the whole college is following the eleven and tomorrow Yale and New Haven will shut up shop and turn Princetonward.

Only a single incident cast a shadow over the parting ovation to the Yale team. This was the knowledge that two of its players, the backfield headliners, Charley O'Hearn and Bill Mallory, are off form and will not start the game. If they are injected for emergency service, they will be unable to remain for more than a short series of scrimmages. Yale has leaned heavily upon O'Hearn for field generalship and upon Mallory for defensive play and forward pass receiving. Otherwise a superbly conditioned eleven faded from view this afternoon on the receding Colonial Express.

The Yale eleven traveled to New Jersey direct, instead of stopping for the traditional battle-eve scenes in New York.

Harry Cross, troubled by a slight muscle bruise early in the week, was said by Trainer John Mack to have completely recovered. Ted Wight, upon whose all-around form so much of Yale's campaign depends, appeared to be in faultless physical condition. Yale's attack at the outset centres, it is supposed, upon Wight's distance and place punting, which is counted upon to work the ball into Princeton territory.

No eleventh-hour playing shift changed the Yale program, although the coaches admitted that the difference between Tony Hulman and Monty Deaver is so slight that Deaver may be the right end choice. Hulman's selection, which is highly probable, would give Yale a superior forward pass receiver. Deaver is a closer follower of the ball and a surer tackler.

PREPARATIONS FOR ARMY PROGRESSING

All but One Place on Navy Eleven Practically Settled—Heavy Work Finished.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 17.—Preparation of the Naval Academy team for the game against the Military Academy, one week from tomorrow in Philadelphia, has reached the point where the occupancy of all but one place on the team is practically settled. There was scrimmaging at the academy this afternoon, but it will end this week and only formation and signal drill, kicking and passing will be on the cards for the next week.

This is probably the way the naval team will start, barring accidents: Left end, Parr; left tackle, Boiles; left guard, Carney; center, Mathews; right guard, Winkler or Lentz; right tackle, Clyde; right end, Taylor; quarterback, Conroy (Captain); left halfback, Cullen; right halfback, McKee; fullback, Barchet.

Though Lentz weighs 210 pounds and had experience as a guard at Rutgers last season his work has not been entirely satisfactory until recently. Winkler, who weighs twenty pounds less, has been playing the position this week and may start against the Army. The surprise of the late season has been the work of Clyde, who became a member of the first squad only this year. Clyde weighs 184 pounds and has been playing a remarkable game, winning the place over Shewell, Levensky and Walker. McKee and Cullen, backs, and Mathews, center, are still being kept out of the scrimmage by their injuries. They are losing much valuable practice but will be able to do the full work of the squad next week.

HOLDING OUT REGULARS.

Lehigh Will Save Strength for Lafayette Game.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Nov. 17.—The Lehigh team went through its final workout this afternoon in preparation for the game with Lebanon Valley on Taylor Field tomorrow afternoon. The final practice was very light, and aside from some signal drill and a little limbering up exercises the Brown and White warriors didn't have very much to do.

Coach Baldwin has been centring his attention on preparing for Lafayette all this week and although he does not under-rate the Annville aggregation he has been more interested in getting the team ready for the annual classic at Easton on Saturday, Nov. 25. He has had his regular men at work a great deal in the last few days on a number of new plays and the men seem to be getting them in very good shape.

It is probable that Baldwin will keep a good many of h's regulars out of the game tomorrow, especially those who have been on the injured list. Baldwin is fortunate in having a very good second string line-up and except for a few of the bulwarks of the line, he may use an almost entirely new team.

SHORT DRILL FOR COLGATE.

Maroon's Final Preparations for Syracuse Last Only an Hour.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Practice for the Colgate team lasted only an hour, Coach Dick Harlow sending the entire squad in at 4 o'clock today. Signal drill and kicking by the backs and Jim Welsh, the big lineman, were the main features of the session. Townsend continued for the entire period at quarterback position and the team did passably well although there was some fumbling in the backfield. The entire team appeared to be in good condition as a result of the careful attention of Trainer Jack Rourke.

Hillery Huntington Jr., former Maroon coach, was on the field and assisted Harlow in pointing out a few minor defects in the play. Jack Cottrell, end on the 1919 team, spent quite a bit of time with the ends, and Belf West, former All-American tackle, drilled the linesmen for a few minutes.

The line-up for tomorrow's game with Syracuse was announced as follows: Left end, Childs; left tackle, Beuthel; left guard, Captain Traynor; centre, Rathbone; right guard, Welsh; right tackle, Leonard; right end, Neacy; quarterback, Townsend; left halfback, Tryon; right halfback, Suchy; fullback, Mason.

Alfred Defeats Bucknell Harriers.

Special to The New York Times.

ALFRED, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Easily capturing the first five places, the Alfred University cross-country team defeated Bucknell over the Alfred course today by a score of 15 to 40. The first seven men to cross the line were Alfred men.

FOOTBALL RESULTS.

Columbia Freshmen 33, N. Y. U. Freshmen, 0.
Colgate Freshmen 6, St. John's M. S. 0.
Hackley School 40, Morristown 0.
Hill School 41, Hotchkiss 0.
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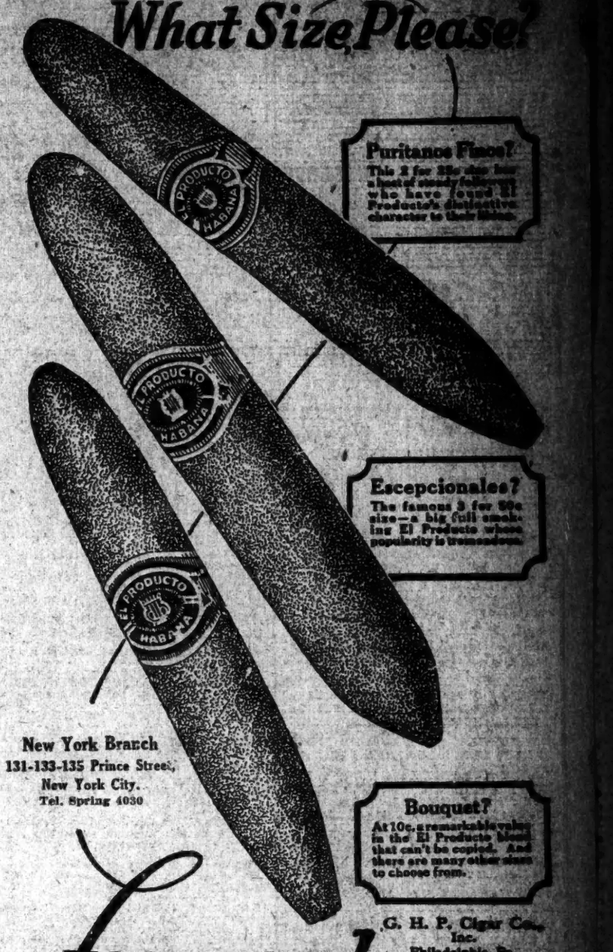

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MELANCTHON WINS CHALLENGE CUP

W. H. Moore's Hackney Takes Waldorf-Astoria Trophy at National Horse Show.

CORINNE GIVEN RESERVE

Melancthon Also Captures Lieber Memorial Prize Over Miss Scott's Briar Footprint.

NANCY PANSY BEST HUNTER

Beats King Daly in Sweepstakes—Montpelier Cup for Hackney Ponies to Kitty Melbourne.

When William H. Moore's noted hackney, Melancthon, stormed around the ring in the Squadron A Armory early last evening with a blue ribbon fluttering at his bridle he looked every inch of his sixty inches a champion. Under the skillful guidance of Walter Holtan all his wonderful action and pace were brought out and with the blue ribbon he had won one of the greatest trophies at the thirty-seventh annual exhibition of the National Horse Show Association. It was the Waldorf-Astoria Challenge Cup, and Melancthon's victory brings to Mr. Moore permanent possession of the present trophy.

It was so early in the evening that the boxes and reserved seats were sparsely occupied. There was appreciation of and enthusiasm over the competition only from the railbirds, who realized the importance of the event and that a Moore triumph meant that he would add this coveted trophy to his enormous collection.

Of the nine entered for the event only three others accepted the opportunity of being defeated by the brown gelding that has swept his classes and only a few hours before had won the Leiber Memorial Cup in a field of about the same lot of horses. The others in the ring were Judge Moore's brown mare Seaton Victoria, which teams with him in double harness; R. Lawrence Smith's Seaton Sylvia and Montpelier Corinne of the Montpelier Farm of William du Pont.

Judges Act Quickly.

The quartet were sent around the ring for judgment on action and pace and then lined up as usual for consideration of their conformation, manners and soundness, all of which were equally considered. It did not take long for the judges to decide the issue, and even before the blue was pinned on Melancthon the question was which would secure the reserve ribbon. This went to Montpelier Corinne.

The Waldorf-Astoria Challenge Cup is for the best hackney, 15 hands high or over, bred in America. In the past it has been contested by many famous show horses. In other years, when owners drove their entries, it brought out some of the most brilliant competition of the whole show week. The cup is to be won twice by the same owner. It was won in 1920 by Mr. Moore with Melancthon and last year by Montpelier Corinne, which was reserve last night, so these two victories bring permanent possession to Mr. Moore.

The third of the big sweepstakes of the week was also decided last evening, when the light, middle and heavy weight hunters contended for the six money prizes. There were only ten entries. All of the subscriptions were distributed as prize money, the awards being made on performance, conformation, quality, manner and style of jumping twice over the course. It was open to all qualified hunters in the show, with master, whips or members of the hunt in hunt uniform to ride.

Nancy Pansy Gets a Blue.

The winner was Nancy Pansy, last year's champion jumper, already a blue ribbon winner in the thoroughbred hunter class this season and entered by the Foxcatcher Farm of the younger du Pont. Second money went to Isaac H. Clothier's chestnut gelding King Daly, third to the Foxcatcher Farm's bay gelding Bally Heather, fourth to Miss Becky Lanier's gray gelding Silvercrest, fifth to Charles Cothill of the Clothier string and sixth to Miss Lanier's Down East.

Another of the notable trophies in competition annually at the Horse Show was decided last evening, this being the Montpelier Challenge Cup, presented by William du Pont for the best hackney pony. The cup, valued at $200, was won by the Woodroyd Farm of William H. Wanamaker, with the noted pony Kitty Melbourne, which defeated the Hamilton Farm's Hamilton Sparkling Lily and the two entries of the Casilla Farm, Irvington Autocrat and Lord Wing.

The Challenge Cup is for the hackney pony, 14.2 and under, to be shown in harness to a suitable vehicle. The plate is to be won three times, and this was the second time the Woodroyd Farm had been successful, having captured the trophy last year with Sir Eric. It has been in competition since 1917 and this is the first time any owner has won it twice.

Harvey S. Ladew had the honor of winning the only championship of the day when his bay gelding, Bootlegger, carried off the Champion Cup, presented by F. Macy Willets, in the final competition for horses suitable to become hunters. Winners and seconds in previous classes competed and Bootlegger defeated the gray roan gelding Right Royal, exhibited by Isaac H. Clothier Jr.

Cavalry School Pair Wins.

Two spectacular jumping events concluded last evening's session. The first was for pairs of horses of officers of the same nationality, shown abreast over the course, twice around, for two cups of $50 each, presented by J. Davis. This resulted in a victory for the Cavalry School with their bay geldings, Moses and Deceive, both crack jumpers, Major Barry having the mount on the former and Captain Gerhardt on the latter. The Third Cavalry carried off the other ribbons, the red going to the bay geldings Grouche and Geasmont, ridden respectively by Captain Thayer and Lieutenant Jones. Captain Thayer on Allahmonde and Major Patton on Gragoon were placed third and Major Scott on Hood and Captain Thayer on Custer took fourth.

Only three competed for the high jump for which William H. Moore offered a cup valued at $100. For the first trial the bars were placed at a height of 5 feet 6 inches, only three trials being allowed at each height. Watch Me, the bay mare entered by Mrs. J. D. Hertz and ridden by Mally McGuire, went out of the running at 6 feet and 6 inches. Moonshine, the gray gelding owned and ridden by Charles E. Powell, and the brown gelding Going Up, owned and ridden by Fred Wettach, tied at 7 feet and 3 inches. The cup was given to Moonshine on points and the money was divided. The indoor record is 7 feet 6¾ inches.

First of the outstanding competitions of the day was that for the Balmanno Challenge Cup, a new trophy offered for the first time this year and the gift of William S. Miller of Perthshire, Scotland. It is for the best harness horse over 14.2, to be shown to a suitable vehicle, all entries to be registered in the American Hackney Stud Book. The first name to be inscribed upon it is Rillington Nimble, the aged brown mare now the property of Mrs. J. D. Hertz of Cary, Ill. Reserve went to Montpelier Corinne, the chestnut mare shown by the Montpelier Farm.

Rillington Nimble is fifteen years old and has been in the show ring off and on since she was a two-year-old. She is by Polonius-Pear'y and has had a romantic career. She was bought in England by J. Milne Barstow for 1,000 guineas. William H. Moore offered 2,000 guineas for her when she came to this country. Rillington Nimble has won innumerable ribbons on both sides of the water and, it will be recalled, captured the Baldwin Cup for two consecutive years in the Garden. She was taken back every year to show at Olympia, and her greatest triumph there was in 1914, when she won the championship for the best harness horse, defeating Adbolton Black Prince, winner of nine successive championships.

Rillington Nimble was in England to be shown when war broke out. She was commandeered by the British Government, branded on the right fore-hoof with the King's arrow, and for twenty-four hours was in the traces of an artillery wagon. Through the good offices of Lord Kitchener the mare, with the others in the string, was rescued from lowly army work and permitted to return to the United States. She was afterward shown, and in 1918 was retired as a brood mare. This year she was acquired by Mrs. Hertz and was shown at Devon, Mass., where she was second in animation, the latter having been for two years champion in the National Show.

Submersible Shows Staying Qualities.

Major J. A. Barry rode his thoroughbred charger Submersible to win the $100 plate presented by the Jockey Club in the class for horses suitable for United States cavalry mounts. Submersible has made a remarkable record to date, his other victories including the Overseas Cup, the Lorillard Cup and the Bowman Challenge Cup. Major E. W. Taulbee's chestnut gelding Ky was second. Miss Becky Lanier's bay gelding Fairfield, winner of the Schwartz Cup, was third, and last year's military champion, Allahmonde, fourth.

By his victory in the Jockey Club Plate, Submersible demonstrated anew the staying qualities of the thoroughbred, for this gelding, which is a thoroughbred of the big-bodied, short-legged type, went into the competition in the ring after having covered twenty miles in Central Park in preparation for the final judging for the Squadron A Challenge Cup. This included roads and natural country, and twice over a series of jumps. Submersible came into the armory at the end of his journey as gay as a lark, to beat a strong field for the plate.

Only five of the thirteen entries for the Squadron A Challenge Cup completed the preliminary test, starting at 8:30 A. M. yesterday, and finishing the twenty-mile course two hours later. They were Melody of the Squadron A Association and Babe Worthan, Tango Dance, Submersible and Chiswell of the cavalry school of Fort Riley, Kansas. The army horses were ridden, respectively, by Captain Davis, Captain Padgett, Major Barry and Captain Gerhardt. All five completed the twenty miles in the minimum time allowed. The ride was without incident. The second division of the competition will be judged this afternoon. Submersible won the cup last year.

Melancthon, William H. Moore's remarkable hackney, yesterday added the William A. Leiber Memorial Cup to the Edgeware Challenge Cup and the $2,000 harness stake and the other ribbons he had already won by defeating a slashing field, the class being for the best American-bred hackney over 14.2, shown to an appropriate vehicle. As in the Challenge Cup, his most dangerous rival was Miss Jean Brown Scott's black mare Briar Footprint, which won the red. Briar Footprint was unbeaten in this year's show until she met Melancthon. Third ribbon was given to the Montpelier Farm's Montpelier Corinne and fourth to A. W. Atkinson's bay mare, Dragon Fly.

Sunrise Clinches Cup.

William H. Wanamaker gained permanent possession of the Redhill Farm Challenge Cup, presented by Captain Bertram W. Mills of Little Berkhamsted, England, through his victory with the bay gelding Sunrise. This trophy was offered for the best American-bred hackney pony, not exceeding 14.2, shown in harness. The cup was to be won twice in succession by the same owner or three times in all. It was captured in 1920 by Casilla Farm's Mighty Mite and last year by Sunrise. Casilla Farm's Irvington Bounce III. was placed reserve to Sunrise.

Harness ponies made a delightful picture in the sunlit ring in the early afternoon. The class was for three ponies shown in single harness. There were five in the competition—the Woodroyd Farm of William Wanemaker, the Casilla Farm of J. Macy Willets and the Misses Constance and Jean Sala Regan. The ribbons went as named. The Wanamaker ponies, all bays, were Kitty Melbourne, Sunrise and Sunbeam, driven, respectively, by William Pinch, Mrs. J. H. Cummings and Miss Wanamaker. Casilla Farm's entry comprised Masterpiece, Irvington Autocrat, Autocrat's Comedy, with Mrs. Willets, Mr. Willets and Andrew Little handling the ribbons. The Misses Regan showed Fire Lad, Myra and The Moth.

O. W. Lehmann turned out the winning pair in the harness class, for horses over 15.1 and not exceeding 15.3, taking the blue over the duPont, Scott and Moore entries with his bay mares Princess Mary and Princess Patricia. Montpelier Geraldine, and Montpelier Fortuity, belonging to William duPont's Montpelier Farm, were placed second over Miss Jean Browne Scott's mares, Briar Footprint and Nipper.

Children's ponies under 14.2 shown under saddle and ridden by boys delighted the youngsters. Young Robert Leland's rode his Tangerine to his second blue of the week, the pretty little bay gelding previously having accounted for the John McE. Bowman Cup. Miss Frances Ottley's bay mare Babette was placed second and Ginger, the piebald pony owned by Temple Gwathmey Jr., was third.

Fourteen Saddle Horses Shown.

Fourteen splendid saddle horses out of an entry of twenty-four contested for the silver medal offered by the Association of American Horse Shows, Inc. The Misses Carpenter of the Dilwyne Farm of Montchanin, Del., turned out the blue ribbon winner in the black gelding Twilight Hour, Joe B. Davis taking second money with his gray gelding Silver Charms. Third went to George Crouch's bay mare, Artist's Model and the white ribbon to Joseph J. Murphy's chestnut gelding, Red Cedar.

Thoroughbred running horses were shown in hand in the morning session, the class being for stallions suitable for improving the breed of horses for general use, racing performances not being considered. Troop K of the New York State Troopers repeated a victory of two years ago with its 7-year-old bay stallion Chief Lally, by King James-Rossiare, a big upstanding 16.1 hands horse. General Howard S. Borden's 9-year-old bay stallion Lord Rock Sand, by Rock Sand-Lady Violet, was awarded the red.

The solitary class for trotters in this year's horse show was that for stallions, four years old or over, kept for service. Only two were entered. The blue was won by W. L. Lewis's bay stallion Vernon Holt. King Redwood, a 26-year-old brown stallion exhibited by C. C. Bradley 3rd, took the red.

Seven cavalry remounts contested for the cup offered by A. C. Schwartz for horses suitable to become cavalry mounts. Miss Becky Lanier's big bay gelding Fairfield, formerly Lark, won the trophy, with Major C. L. Scott's chestnut gelding Huachuca, taking the red. Third was won by the chestnut gelding Kay, shown by Troop K of the New York State Troopers, the United States Military Academy winning fourth with the brown gelding Ever.

There were two interesting jumping events to conclude the afternoon session, the first of which was the contest for the cup presented by The Spur. This was a touch-and-out affair in which only four were entered. Each one touched and went out early in the contest. Michael J. Devaney's bay gelding Sandy, was the survivor, taking the cup. O. W. Lehmann's Surefire was reserve.

Major J. A. Barry, who was in a jump-off with his horse Moses, had a bad fall at the second post and rail fence, but, while dazed for a few moments, was soon up and about, directing the rest of the Cavalry School jumping.

The other event was the Grafton broad jump for officers for the cup presented by Robert A. Fairbairn. It was won by the gray gelding, Dandy Dude, from General Pershing's stables. The other three ribbons went to the Cavalry School entries in order as follows: Tommane, John Bunny and Jacksnipe. The distance was 16 feet.

Events on Today's Program Of the National Horse Show

Morning.

10:00—Class 127—Four ponies in harness, driven by children; R. C. Vanderbilt and J. W. Harriman Cups.
10:15—Class 129—Three ponies in harness, 13 and not exceeding 13.2.
10:25—Class 130—Five ponies in harness, over 13.2 and not exceeding 14.2; George D. Hulme First Prize.
10:40—Class 131—Ponies in harness under 13.2 for the championship.
10:50—Class 132—Ponies in harness over 13.2 and not exceeding 14.3 for the championship; Byford Ryan Cup.
11:00—Class 180—Five jumpers over the course, under 15 hands.
11:15—Class 196—Eight pony jumpers over the course; ridden by boys.
11:30—Class 196—Eight pony jumpers over the course; ridden by girls.
11:45—Class 195—Thirteen children's ponies under saddle; ridden by girls.
12:00—Class 212—Forty officers' jumpers over the course.

Afternoon.

2:00—Class 87—Four harness horses over 12.2.
2:15—Class 161—Ponies under saddle for the championship.
2:30—Class 81—Three stallions in harness, three years old and under.
2:40—Class 148—Saddle horses for the championship; 14.2 to 15.2; Charles E. Coxe Cup.
3:00—Class 92—Six harness horses, shown to ladies' phaetons; ladies to drive.
3:15—Class 140—Saddle horse over 15.2 for the championship; Robert Law Jr. Cup.
3:35—Class 71—Four roadsters.
3:50—Class 82—Four mares or geldings in harness, three years old and under.
4:05—Class 72—Two pairs of roadsters.
4:15—Class 105—Six tandems, horses exceeding 13.1.
4:30—Class 73—Single roadsters for the championship; John E. Madden Cup.
4:40—Exhibition of high school saddle horse.
4:50—Class 174—Two ladies' hunt teams; each team consisting of three qualified hunters from one hunt; ladies to ride.
5:05—Class 75—Five ladies' qualified thoroughbred hunters; ridden by ladies.
5:20—Class 74—Pairs of roadsters for the championship.
5:30—Class 83—Five pairs of harness horses, shown to ladies' phaetons with rumbles; ladies to drive.
5:45—Class 209—Squadron A Cup (2nd Division; four entries).

Evening.

8:00—Class 167—Eight qualified hunters, heavy weight.
8:20—Class 191—$2,000 stake for hunters; ten entries.
8:40—Class 55—Three draft horses shown abreast to working vehicle; five entries.
8:53—Class 96—Single harness horses over 14.2 and not exceeding 15.1 for the championship; Rufus L. Patterson Cup.
9:05—Class 97—Single harness horses over 15.1 and not exceeding 15.3 for championship; Charles D. Lanier Cup.
9:15—Class 20—Hackney brood mare over 14.2; American Hackney Horse Society Cup; post entries.
9:25—Class 93—Single harness horses over 15.3 for the championship.
9:30—Exhibition of Fort Myer Troop.
9:40—Class 90—Pairs of harness horses over 14.2 and not exceeding 15.1 for the championship; David T. Matlack Cup.
9:50—Class 100—Pairs of harness horses over 15.1 and not exceeding 15.3 for the championship; T. Stotesbury Cup.
10:00—Class 180—Qualified hunters (heavy-weight) for the championship; Dr. Thomas of Ashton Cup.
10:10—Class 181—Qualified hunters (middle-weight) for the championship; Plaza Hotel Cup.
10:20—Class 182—Qualified hunters (light-weight) for the championship.
10:30—Class 120—Presentation of Woodroyd Trophy to exhibitor winning largest number of ribbons in classes for ponies in harness.
10:40—Class 192—Jumpers for the triple bar jump; twenty-five entries; the Commodore Cup.
11:00—Class 190—Four horses for the high jump.

Awards Made Yesterday at National Horse Show

Morning Awards.

Class 1—Three thoroughbred stallions—Won by Troop K, New York State Troopers' Chief Lally, b. s.; General Howard S. Borden's Lord Rock Sand, b. s., second; Troop K, New York State Troopers' Cock of the North, b. s., third.

Class 5—Two trotter stallions, kept for service—Won by W. L. Lewis's Vernon Holt, b. s.; C. C. Bradley 3d's King Redwood, br. s., second.

Class 201—Eleven horses suitable to become cavalry remounts, ridden by an enlisted man in uniform—Won by Miss Becky Lanier's Fairfield (formerly Lark), b. g.; Major C. L. Scott's Huachuca, ch. m., second; Troop K, New York State Troopers' May, ch. g., third; United States Military Academy's Brad, br. g., fourth.

Class 166—Championship for horses suitable to become hunters; J. Macy Willets's Cup—Won by Harvey S. Ladew's Bootlegger, b. g.; Isaac H. Clothier Jr.'s Right Royal, gr. m. g., second.

Afternoon Awards.

Class 130—Three harness ponies, the property of one exhibitor—Won by Woodroyd Farm's Kitty Melbourne, Sunrise and Sunbeam; Casilla Farm's Masterpiece, Irvington Autocrat and Casanilla Comedy, second; Misses Constance and Jean Sala Regan's Firelad, Myra and The Moth, third.

Class 142—Twenty-four saddle horses, over 14.2 and not exceeding 15.2, up to carrying 160 pounds, for the Association of American Horse Shows, Inc., Medal—Won by Dilwyne Farm's Twilight Hour, blk. g.; Joe B. Davis's Silver Charms, gr. g., second; George Crouch's Artist's Model, b. m., third; Joseph E. Murphy's Red Cedar, ch. g., fourth.

Class 111—Eleven hackneys, over 14.2 in harness; the Balmanno Challenge Cup, presented by William S. Miller—Won by Mrs. J. D. Hertz's Rillington Nimble, br. m.; Montpelier Farm's Montpelier Corinne, ch. m., second.

Class 202—Seven horses, suitable for U. S. Cavalry mounts; for the Jockey Club Plate; post entries—Won by Cavalry School's Submersible, ch. g.; Major E. W. Taulbee's Ky (formerly Bo Hun), ch. g., second; Miss Becky Lanier's Fairfield (formerly Lark), b. g., third; Third Cavalry, U. S. A.'s Allahmonde, ch. g., fourth.

Class 86—Six pairs of harness horses, over 15.1 and not exceeding 15.3—Won by O. W. Lehmann's Princess Mary, b. m., and Princess Patricia, b. m.; Montpelier Farm's Montpelier Geraldine, ch. m., and Montpelier Fortuity, ch. m., second; Miss Jean Browne Scott's Briar Footprint, blk. m., and Nipper, ch. m., third; William H. Moore's Lord Seaton, b. g., and Moncrieff, b. g., fourth.

Class 158—Eight children's ponies under saddle; ridden by boys—Won by Robert Leland's Tangerine, b. g.; Miss Frances Ottley's Babette, b. m., second; J. Temple Gwathmey Jr.'s Ginger, piebald g., third; Mrs. J. D. Hertz's Lady Mine, b. m., fourth.

Class 108—Artillery teams for J. Ford Johnson Jr. Cup—Won by Second F. A., Fort Myer; U. S. Military Academy F. A., second; U. S. Military Academy F. A., third; 308th Field Artillery, fourth.

Class 116—Fifteen American-bred hackneys, in harness, for William A. Lieber Memorial Cup—Won by William H. Moore's Melancthon, br. g.; Miss Jean Browne Scott's Briar Footprint, blk. m., second; Montpelier Farm's Montpelier Corinne, ch. m., third; O. W. Lehmann's Princess Mary, b. m., fourth.

Class 113—Seven hackney ponies in harness, for Captain Bertram W. Mills's Redhill Farm Challenge Cup—Won by Woodroyd Farm's Sunrise, b. g.; Casilla Farm's Irvington Bounce III., b. m., second.

Class 134—Fifty-four jumpers, touch and out for the Spur Cup—Won by Michael J. Devaney's Sandy, b. g.; O. W. Lehmann's Surefire, ch. m., second; General Pershing Stables's Jeff, b. g., third; The Cavalry School's Moses, ch. g., fourth.

Class 215—Four officers' horses over Grafton broad jump for Robert A. Fairbairn Cup—Won by General Pershing Stables's Dandy Dude, gr. g.; The Cavalry School's Tournaine, ch. g., second; The Cavalry School's John Bunny, ch. g., third; The Cavalry School's Jacksnipe, br. g., fourth.

Evening Awards.

Class 124—Two pairs of ponies in harness—Won by Woodroyd Farm's Sunrise, b. g., and Sunbeam, b. g.; Misses Constance and Jean Salda Regan's Myra, b. m., and The Moth, b. m., second.

Class 118—Eight hackneys in harness for Waldorf-Astoria Challenge Cup—Won by Judge William H. Moore's Melancthon, b. g.; Montpelier Farm's Montpelier Corinne, ch. m., reserve.

Class 152—Ten five-gaited saddle horses—Won by H. N. Gresle's Eastern Star, ch. g.; Dr. C. F. Tenney's Milady, b. m., second; John F. Crozer's Sun Shade, b. m., third; John F. Crozer's Carl Fisher, ch. g., fourth.

Class 85—Thirteen horses in harness over 15.1 and not exceeding 15.3. Won by Mrs. J. D. Hertz's Rillington Nimble, br. m.; Miss Jean Browne Scott's The Whip, ch. m., second; O. W. Lehmann's Royal Connaught, ch. m., third; R. Lawrence Smith's Seaton Cyrano, b. g., third.

Class 109—Four-in-hands, park team to be shown before drag; horses to count 50 per cent., drag 20, harness 20, livery 10; horses 15 hands and over. Won by William H. Moore.

Class 112—Three harness horses for the Montpelier Challenge Cup, presented by William du Pont, for the best hackney pony, 14.2 and under, to be shown in harness to a suitable vehicle; to be won three times by the same exhibitor before becoming his property. Won by Woodroyd Farm's Kitty Melbourne, b. m.; Hamilton Farm's Hamilton Sparkling Lily, br. m., reserve.

Class 178—Ten hunters for sweepstakes for qualified hunters. Won by Foxcatcher Farm's Nancy Pansy, b. m.; Isaac H. Clothier Jr.'s King Daly, ch. g., second; Foxcatcher Farm's Bally Heather, b. g., third; Miss Becky Lanier's Silvercrest, gr. g., fourth; Isaac H. Clothier Jr.'s Charles Cothill, br. g., fifth; Miss Becky Lanier's Down East, ch. g., sixth.

Class 213—Pairs of horses of officers of the same nationality, shown abreast over the course, performance only to count, cup presented by J. E. Davis.—Won by Third Cavalry's Moses, b. g., and Deceive, b. g.; Third Cavalry's Grouche, b. g., and Geasemont, b. g., second; Third Cavalry's Allahmonde, ch. g., and Dragoon, b. g., third; Cavalry School's Hood, b. g., and Custer, b. g., fourth.

Class 186—Three horses for the high jump for the cup presented by William E. Moore—Won by Charles B. Powell's Moonshine, gr. g.; Fred Wettach's Going Up, br. g., second; Mrs. J. D. Hertz's Watch Me, b. m., third.

BRITISH ENVOY IS HORSE SHOW VISITOR

Sir Auckland Geddes, With Lady Geddes and Sir Eric Geddes, Attend Evening Session.

SOCIAL INTEREST KEEPS UP

Smartly Dressed Women in Large Numbers See National Exhibition in Squadron A Arena.

Social interest in the horse show at Squadron A Armory, Park Avenue and Ninety-fourth Street, kept up yesterday, and most of the boxes were filled last night with smartly dressed women. There was a rich display of furs, including much ermine, and a great deal of antique jewelry and jade was worn.

The British Ambassador, Sir Auckland Geddes, and Lady Geddes, with Sir Eric Geddes, were among the visitors last evening, coming from a dinner given at the Plaza by Mr. and Mrs. Frederic C. Walcott, at which they were the leading guests. The other guests in the party were Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Polk, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic W. Allen, Mrs. John W. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bedford, Mr. and Mrs. Louis E. Stoddard, Mr. and Mrs. William P. Bonbright, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Sabin and Thomas W. Lamont.

Lady Geddes With Mrs. Sabin.

Lady Geddes, in dark blue velvet, with a sable wrap and wearing pearls, sat in Box 70 with Mrs. Charles Sabin, who had on a green gown and a green velvet wrap trimmed with dark fur, and Mrs. Roy Rainey, who wore rose velvet and a wrap of kolinsky.

Mrs. Walcott and Sir Auckland were in Box 72, and others who had attended the dinner were in Box 71. Mrs. Walcott, who had a sable cloak, wore a blue velvet gown and diamond pendant earrings.

In Box 36, Alfred B. Maclay's box, were several guests, including Mrs. B. Tappen Fairchild, in lavender chiffon, with a sable wrap and wearing pearls and heavy gold hoop ear-rings.

One of the few débutantes noted at the evening session was Miss Helen Jenkins, who was in Box 34. She wore a velvet and gold cloth head band and a green and gold evening wrap with a collar of black wolf. Miss Eleonora Sears, who was all in black, was in Box 38.

Mrs. Ambrose Monell entertained in Box 32, wearing a black gown brocaded with silver and very long diamond earrings. Henry D. Holloway had guests in Box 54.

There was much color and animation at the afternoon session, and the expert exhibition riding of the Third Cavalry of Fort Myer, Va., thrilled the spectators.

Mr. Vanderbilt a Host.

Reginald Vanderbilt was host at a small luncheon at the Tea Room. The society girl waitresses did a rushing business. Among them were the Misses Dorothy Schiff, Cecile Sisco, Rosalie Pillot, Marion Willard, Frances Davidson, Phyllis Benkard, Dolores Carillo, Dorothy Stuart, Emily Schniewind, Barbara Brown and Alice Bowker.

Many vagaries of fashion are noticed daily on the promenade. Girls with walking sticks are frequent, but yesterday a stunning looking girl wearing a monocle attracted the attention of the promenaders.

The boxholders were out in force during the afternoon. Mrs. Lewis G. Kaufman had Mrs. Charles L. Ayres among her guests. Mrs. David Wagstaff also entertained friends, and there were parties in the boxes owned by Mrs. Frederick E. Lewis 2d, Mrs. Juan S. Ceballos, Charles Bird, Lanier, Harry D. Holloway, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Willock, Mrs. Price McKinney, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis L. Clarke and Mrs. William du Pont.

General Pershing is expected to attend the show tonight.

LARGE ENTRY FOR A. A. U. RUN TODAY

Six Clubs Nominate Squads for National Junior Cross-Country Team Title.

One of the largest fields of recent years has been entered for the Amateur Athletic Union national junior cross-country championship race, which will be held this afternoon, starting at 3 o'clock, over the Van Cortlandt Park course of about six miles. Six clubs have nominated teams in quest of the team championship. Two of these organizations—the Meadow Brook Club and the Nativity Catholic Club—are sending squads from Philadelphia. In addition, seven runners are scheduled to start in quest of the individual championship.

The complete entry follows:

Cygnet A. C., East Port Chester—Albert Michaelson, Ernest Lamb, Clarence Mead, Benjamin Russell, William Kennedy, James Robinson, Edward Sandberg and John Strazza.

Finnish-American A. C.—August Fager, Gunnar Nilson, Nestor Erickson, Waino Noppa, Axel Hakanson, Wilho Timberg, Arne Koskinen, Kalle Souanpora.

Mohawk A. C.—Max Haskell, Mike Dwyer, William Boak, William O'Donnell, Charles Rapp, John Cain, John Meaney, Charles Warpula.

Knight of St. Antony—Edwin Nather, Jack Lawrence, Melville Schaeffer, Frank Marino, H. M. Williams, D. F. Carr, Charles Solomon, William F. Fritsch.

Meadowbrook Club of Philadelphia—Frank Worthington, William Rittler Jr., Fred A. Tebaben, Arthur Studenroth, Henry P. Siegel, John E. Williams, George A. Ramsey.

Nativity Catholic Club of Philadelphia—R. O'Donnell, J. Morris, Louis Davis, P. Rooney, F. Gosewisch, R. McDonough, J. Kane and L. Schissler.

Individual Entrees—Frank Titterton, Glencoe A. C.; Frank Zuna, unattached; Grover C. Caughey, Pittsburgh A. A.; Arthur Cassot, Glencoe A. C.; John Phillips and John Costello, Paulist A. C., and Marvin Rick, New York A. C.

BOWIE RACING TO COMMENCE TODAY

Eleven-Day Meet to Be Final of Eastern Season—$130,000 in Purses Offered.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 17.—The last big race meeting of the Eastern season will begin tomorrow at Prince George's Park, Bowie, and will continue for eleven days. In this brief session more than $130,000 will be bestowed upon the participating owners of thoroughbreds in purses and added money.

The featured event of the opening program is the $5,000 Southern Maryland Handicap, at a mile and a sixteenth, while the valedictory attraction will be the Thanksgiving Handicap, a test over the mile-and-a-quarter route, with an added money value of $10,000.

No less than twenty-one race horses of greater or less note are named for the Southern Maryland Handicap, which will have its initial running tomorrow. Most famous among the entrants are Lucky Hour, the Lexington Stable's great three-year-old, which shares with Captain Alcock the top-weight burden of 118 pounds; Rockminister, Monford Jones's crack youngster, to which is allotted 117 pounds, the same imposition which the handicapper gives to G. W. Loft's On Watch, and Surf Rider, Montfort Jones's other string for the race, which is in with 114 pounds. Careful and Hephaistas are among the other noteworthy candidates.

Today's entries follow:

FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds; claiming; six furlongs. Evelyn Sawyer 111 pounds, *Ethel Clayton 110, *Poor Sport 105, *Little Hope 102, *Adventuress 99, *Belphrizonia 110. Cork Elm 109, *Ducks and Drakes 104, *Winner Take All 101, *Racket 95, Hill House 110, Son of Ruidge 107, Maid K. 104, Three Square 100. Also eligible: Ghost 101, Scarecrow 103, *Reformer 102, *Rosie H. 95, Sancho-Pansy 105, *Wrangler 108.

SECOND RACE—Two-year-olds; the Advance Purse; six and a half furlongs. Moonbeam 111 pounds, Frances Fisher 108, Love Love 108, Soggarth Aroon 104, Wrangler 104, Vigil 111, Osprey 106, Carmen Pantages 105, Homestretch 104, Marie Blanche 101, Heel Taps 111, Frank G. 104, Moonlight 104, Dan E. O'Sullivan 104. Also eligible: Forest Lore 104, All American 104, Glabelle 101. Vigil and Forest Lore Wilson-Salmon entry; East Love and Glabelle Madden-Smith entry; Moonraker and Good Night Greentree Stable. H. P. Whitney entry.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and up; the Oriole Purse; six and a half furlongs. Bluffer 118 pounds, Ben Homme 108, Ballybell 104, Gentility 105, Opperman 101, Dunce Cap 110, Missionary 105, Good Times 103, Second Thoughts 102, Good Time 101, Dry Moon 108, Dexterous 105, Modo 103, Saddle and Boots 101. Ben Homme and Missionary Xalapa Farm-Lexington Stable entry.

FOURTH RACE—Three-year-olds; the Combat Purse; one mile. Emotion 118 pounds, Missionary 108, Opperman 100, Dunce Cap 97, Paddle 111, Pegasus 108, Horologe 100, Jim Pate 97, Mode 104, Sebastian 104, Ah Over 100, Fannie Bean 97. Emotion and Modo R. L. Gerry-Mode Stable entry.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; the Southern Maryland Handicap; purse $5,000; one mile and a sixteenth. Cedar Rock 119 pounds, Rockminister 117, Bunga Buck 111, Blazes 105, John Paul Jones 103, Tuftre 100, Fair Phantom 99, Lucky Hour 118, Surf Rider 114, Pippitt Witchet 108, Gentility 104, *Thimble 101, Stoic 103, Sebastian 104, Ah Watch 117, Careful 111, Hephaistos 108, Polly Ann 104, Irish Kiss 104, Bluffer 100, Slippery Elm 91.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. Jasper Demon 118 pounds, Duke John 112, *By Jiminy 107, *Mawroorn 104, *Crossless 98, Despair 112, *Servitor 110, *Bridesman 107, *Kt. of Heather 104, *Cahalan 101, Super 112, Double Cross 100, Pluck 106, Marvin and Belle 106, *Hello Pardner 104, *Freezy Sneezy 101. Also eligible: Mock Orange 108, Plucky 100, *Miracle Man 101, *The Roll Call 101, Sweepy 103.

SEVENTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. *Gallivan 115 pounds, Phalaris 112, Lad's Love 111, Racquetts 108, *Betty J. 103, *Tom McTaggart 112, Goaler 112, Pedor 102, *Transient 107, *Royal Duel 112, *Moody 108, *Rouen 108, *Lord Herbert 104, *Little Ammie 103. Also eligible: *Mount Rose 2d, 110, Scotch Verdict 109, Natural 106, *Dolly C. 103, *Warilwa 101.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

DADE PARK RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; purse $800; six furlongs. Vanishing Boy, 112 pounds (Mooney), $4.60, $3.50, $3, first; Thelma Kay (Caffrel), $4, $3, second; Gail Ford, 112 (Stearns), $3.70, third. Time—1:15 1-5. Fernandos, Zing, Winter Blossom, Grandest and Eau Gallie also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $800; five and a half furlongs. Leslie, 105 pounds (Fronk), $3.60, $2.80, $2.50, first; Paul G. Brown, 110 (McDermott), $3.30, $3.10, second; Tender Beth, 108 (Owens), $3.90, third. Time—1:07 3-5. Ted's Pium, Fighting Cock, The Ulster, Albert L. and Nowata also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; six furlongs. Royal Dick, 114 pounds (McDermott), $5.50, $3.70, $2.90, first; Ruth Ellen, 117 (Owens), $6.10, $4.40, second; Rekab, 115 (Thurber), $5.40, third. Time—1:14 3-5. Bojul, Assume, Salamander, Lee Enfield, Delhimar and Topmost also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Mayor Bosse Memorial Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Auntie May, 98 pounds (Fronk), $11.10, $6.20, $4, first; Sir Thomas Kean, 110 (Owens), $4.70, $3.90, second; Tuscola, 101½ (Burns), $6.80, third. Time—1:13 4-5. Boy from Home, Isosceles and Sir Launfal also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Indiana Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800 added; one mile. Miss Prosperity, 105½ pounds (Roach), $9.50, $4.80, $2.90, first; Mountjoy, 104 (McDermott), $5.90, $2.90, second; Toe the Mark, 104 (Petzoldt), $2.60, third. Time—1:44 2-5. Edith K., Silence, Carrure and Canteen Girl also ran.

SIXTH RACE—The Henderson Gleaner Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; one mile and an eighth. John Heather, 111 pounds (Roach), $4.20, $3.70, $2.90, first; Plus Ultra, 113 (Mooney), $6.10, $4.40, second; Blossom House, 99 (Doyle), $4.10, third. Time—1:55 2-5. Mormon Elder, Black Betty and Lonely Leaves also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; one mile and an eighth. John Heather, 111 pounds (Roach), $4.20, $3.70, $2.90, first; Plus Ultra, 113 (Mooney), $6.10, $4.40, second; Blossom House, 99 (Doyle), $4.10, third. Time—1:55 2-5. Mormon Elder, Black Betty and Lonely Leaves also ran.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

BASKETBALL MEN REPORT.

Twenty-Four Candidates Respond to First Call at Dartmouth.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 17.—Twenty-four men reported this afternoon at the first call for candidates for the Dartmouth varsity basketball team. These men will begin informal practice Monday night on the gymnasium floor and will continue their workouts there until about Thanksgiving, when the floor in the baseball cage will be erected. Coach George Zahn, who will have charge of the Green's court destinies for the fourth year, will arrive in Hanover within a week or two.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Commonwealth Sporting Club—Marty Cross vs. Panama Joe Gans; Pickles Martin vs. Andy Tucker. Both twelve rounds.

Ninth Regiment Armory—Patsy Hayes vs. Buddy Wallace, twelve rounds; Danny Howard vs.

FOOTBALL GARD IS TOP-HEAVY TODAY

Princeton-Yale Game Dominates Program—No Intersectional Contests Scheduled.

HARVARD TO TACKLE BROWN

Crimson, Minus Services of Buell, May Have Hard Struggle—Penn to Meet Penn State.

Just as the appearance of a great outstanding star on the stage casts a shadow over the performance of the lesser characters, so does an outstanding game on the football schedule put in eclipse other sterling contests that under better circumstances would demand widespread interest. The truth of this statement is seen by a glance at what the schedule has in store for this afternoon.

The 1922 football season will reach the semi-final stage in the East today, and thus one would naturally expect to find listed a string of attractive contests. Yet the card fails to measure up to what has gone before. A partial explanation for this condition may be found in the absence of intersectional games, which in recent years have come to add the main spices to each Saturday's treats.

The main reason, however, lies in the fact that the day's program is top-heavy, dominated by a single contest. Instead of there being several outstanding contests on the card this afternoon, as has been the case almost every week-end since the season got in its full stride, there is only one main struggle toward which the eyes of football followers in all sections of the country are turned—the scrap between the Tiger and the Bulldog, which takes place in the Palmer Stadium at Princeton.

Bringing together, as it does, two teams as yet unbeaten by any of their Eastern rivals, the Princeton-Yale game today carries greater interest than any other struggle between this same pair has carried for several years. It affords the Tigers the opportunity which they have been seeking vainly since they last won a clean right to the Big Three title; it affords Yale an opportunity to rise out of the mists of uncertainty that have hovered over New Haven not only this season (although the fog has been heaviest this year), but ever since Tad Jones took hold of the Eli reins. Moreover, Harvard, which has dominated the Big Three in football matters ever since the Haughton régime started its steam-roller tactics, is to all intents and purposes out of it for a week at least, as the Tigers crushed the Crimson at Cambridge last Saturday.

Tigers Have Golden Opportunity.

For Princeton, therefore, the day spells opportunity in gigantic letters, because a Tiger victory will give the men of Nassau undisputed right to the championship of the Big Three.

The other member of the triangle—Harvard—minus the services of Buell, who was injured in the battle at Cambridge last Saturday, will tackle Brown, and unless all predictions go wrong, as they have on so many occasions during the season which is now drawing to a close, the Crimson should have a hard struggle on its hands. Although defeated by Yale 20 to 0, the Brunonians are by no means a weak aggregation.

In the Yale game most of the Eli scoring was due, in a large measure, to failures in the Brown backfield—failures to diagnose plays which should have been diagnosed. The Providence team has one of the most powerful forward walls to be found anywhere, and in the event of the backfield living up to expectations, Brown should keep Harvard fairly busy.

Close on the heels of these two contests, from the standpoint of interest, comes the annual Pennsylvania-Penn State clash at Franklin Field. It is a long time since the Red and Blue has had such a golden opportunity to avenge the past indignities heaped upon it by the Nittany Lions. In spite of the loss of the Alabama and Pitt games, the one due to overconfidence which filtered into the Heisman camp after the Navy victory and the other to the failure to kick a goal following its touchdown, the Red and Blue has, for the first time in many years, a really strong football team. The Heisman system is beginning to show results, and there is optimism among Penn's followers that the Red and Blue is again on the verge of taking its legitimate place in the Eastern football sun.

Penn State No Longer Invincible.

There is no other foe, unless it be Cornell, that the Quakers would rather humble than Penn State, partly because of the past defeats at the hands of Bezdek's crews and partly because of the State rivalry between the two. That the Penn State eleven is no longer invincible has already been proved by the outcome of the Navy battle.

The undefeated W. and J. team will tackle Glenn Warner's Pittsburgh Panthers in a game which will hold most of the interest in Western Pennsylvania circles. After a rather poor start the Smoky City eleven has apparently struck its stride, and a victory over Neale's powerful team would be a feather of no small proportions in Warner's cap.

Another game which demands attention is the West Virginia-Virginia contest. Here again an unbeaten team, for the only blot on the Mountaineers' record is a tie with Washington and Lee, will meet an old rival and a worthy one. The Virginians held Princeton to a 6 to 0 score early in the season and have received only one setback since, that being at the hands of V. M. I., which lost its first game of the year on Saturday when it went down before North Carolina in a hard-fought battle.

Syracuse Faces Hard Game.

Getting back to the more immediate territory, the Syracuse-Colgate game strikes the eye as offering an afternoon of thrills, for the Hamiltonians have one of their best teams of recent years and one that has been successful in all but two of its encounters, losing to Princeton, 10 to 0, and holding the Cornell whirlwind to two touchdowns. Syracuse has lost only one game, that to Pittsburgh, and a victory over the Maroon will be acclaimed in Orange circles as a fitting climax to one of the most successful seasons that the Salt City men have had in years.

Cornell and the Army have soft spots in their schedules, the big Red eleven tackling Albright and the Cadets meeting Bates.

In New England some of the leading attractions, outside of the Harvard-Brown game, should be furnished by Tufts and the Massachusetts Aggies, New Hampshire and Boston University, Vermont and Middlebury and Amherst and Williams.

All four of the local teams will be in action, Columbia with Dartmouth as its opponent at the Polo Grounds holding chief claim to interest. Fordham will meet its traditional rival, Holy Cross, at Worcester; New York University will tackle Rutgers at East Orange, and C. C. N. Y. will oppose Catholic University at Lewisohn Stadium.

ARMY IN HOME STAND.

Will Make Final Appearance on Plains Against Bates.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 17.—The Army makes its last home appearance tomorrow in a gridiron contest with Bates. The varsity players, all of whom are scheduled to start the game, were out for a brief signal drill tonight. Bates, reported to be going at top speed right now, is expected to give the Army a stiff fight, but followers of the Cadet eleven are not worried as to the final outcome of the game.

More Important Contests On Football Fields Today

East.
Princeton vs. Yale, Princeton.
Harvard vs. Brown, Cambridge.
Pennsylvania vs. Penn State, Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh vs. W. and J., Pittsburgh.
Holy Cross vs. Fordham, Worcester.
Cornell vs. Albright, Ithaca.
Syracuse vs. Colgate, Syracuse.
Columbia vs. Dartmouth, Polo Grounds.
N. U. vs. Rutgers, East Orange.
C. C. N. Y. vs. Catholic, Lewisohn Stadium.
Vermont vs. Middlebury, Middlebury.
Amherst vs. Williams, Amherst.
Army vs. Bates, West Point.
Stevens vs. Rensselaer, Hoboken.
Boston College vs. Canisius, Boston.
Boston Univ. vs. New Hampshire, Durham.
Georgetown vs. Bucknell, Washington.
V. M. I. vs. Geo. Wash., Washington.
Haverford vs. Susquehanna, Haverford.
Carnegie Tech. vs. St. Bona., Pittsburgh.
Hobart vs. Clarkson, Watertown.
Conn. State vs. R. I. State, Storrs.
Johns Hopkins vs. Maryland, Baltimore.
Lehigh vs. Lebanon Valley, Bethlehem.
Dickinson vs. Penn Military, Chester.
Rochester vs. Niagara, Rochester.
Swarthmore vs. Muhlenberg.
Villanova vs. Mt. St. Mary, Emmittsburg.
Tufts vs. Mass. Aggies.
Ursinus vs. F. and M., Collegeville.
W. Maryland vs. St. John's, Westminster.
William and Mary vs. Gallaudet, Newport News.
N. Y. Aggies vs. Cooper Union, Farmingdale.
Andover vs. Exeter, Andover.
C. C. N. Y. Freshman vs. Fordham Freshman, Fordham Field.

West.
Michigan vs. Wisconsin, Ann Arbor.
Ohio State vs. Iowa, Columbus.
Chicago vs. Illinois, Chicago.
Notre Dame vs. Butler, Indianapolis.
Iowa State vs. Central (Okla.), Ames.
Nebraska vs. Kansas Aggies, Lincoln.
Northwestern vs. Monmouth, Evanston.
Detroit vs. Marquette, Milwaukee.
Bethany vs. Marietta, Wellsburg.
California vs. Nevada, Berkeley.
Stanford vs. Washington, Palo Alto.
Southern Cal. vs. Idaho, Los Angeles.

South.
Georgia vs. Vanderbilt, Athens.
Georgia Tech. vs. N. C. State, Atlanta.
Virginia vs. West Va., Morgantown.
Virginia Poly vs. W. and L., Lynchburg.
West Va. Wesleyan vs. Morris Harvey, Charles Town.
Centre vs. Alabama Poly, Birmingham.
Tulane vs. Florida, New Orleans.

School Games.
Poly Prep vs. Erasmus, Ebbets Field, 2 P. M.
New Utrecht vs. Evander Childs, Commercial Field, 1 P. M.
Manuel vs. Brooklyn Prep, Commercial Field, 2 P. M.
St. John's Prep vs. Brooklyn Tech, Hawthorne Field, 10 A. M.
Flushing vs. Bridgeport, Flushing, L. I., 2 P. M.
Boys High vs. Stamford, Stamford, Conn.
St. Paul's vs. Horace Mann, W. 246th St. and Broadway, Bronx, 2:30 P. M.
Brooklyn Evening High vs. Bay Ridge Evening High, Parade Grounds, 2:30 P. M.
Lawrence vs. Freeport, Freeport.
Port Washington vs. Stony Brook, Port Washington.
Jamaica vs. Southampton, Southampton, L. I.
Patchogue vs. Riverhead, Riverhead.
Glen Cove vs. Far Rockaway, Glen Cove.
Morris High vs. Asbury Park, Asbury Park.
Stuyvesant vs. Commerce, Commerce.
DeWitt Clinton vs. Mount Vernon, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

BIG TEN ELEVENS IN BATTLES TODAY

Iowa Is Favorite Over Ohio State—Michigan Meets Wisconsin, Chicago Plays Illinois.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Tomorrow's play in the Western Conference will see three undefeated contenders for the big ten championship opposed by teams that may relegate all or some of them to the losing column for the final games of the season a week later. Chicago plays Illinois at Chicago, Michigan meets Wisconsin at Ann Arbor and Iowa opposes Ohio State at Columbus. Big Ten followers believe Iowa will win. The defeat of Chicago and Michigan is not considered unlikely.

Illinois, by defeating Wisconsin last Saturday, 3 to 0, caused the first upset of the season. The Illini and Chicago are traditional gridiron foes and a victory by Illinois would not surprise many Western Conference observers. A crowd equal to that which witnessed the Chicago-Princeton game, 32,000, will again pack Stagg Field for the contest. All seats were sold as early as two weeks ago.

The probable outcome of the Michigan-Wisconsin tilt is more or less a matter of conjecture. Michigan has not been scored on so far this season. The Badgers, however, hope not only to eliminate Michigan from the conference race, but to even score between the institutions. Out of seven contests, Michigan has won four, two were won by Wisconsin and last year's game ended in a 7-7 tie. A capacity crowd of 42,000 is indicated by the seat sale.

Iowa, Big Ten champion of 1921, meets Ohio State for the first time in tomorrow's game. While the Buckeyes, thrice defeated this season, promise a stubborn game, Iowa is conceded the victory. About 40,000 spectators are expected to witness the game.

More than ordinary interest is attached to the Notre Dame-Butler game at Indianapolis tomorrow. Neither team has been beaten. The Butler eleven has eight straight victories, including a triumph over Illinois at the start of the season.

FORDHAM LEAVES TO TACKLE HOLY CROSS

Purple Eleven Favored to Defeat Maroon in the Game at Worcester Today.

Fordham's football eleven entrained late yesterday afternoon for Worcester, where the Maroon team will meet Holy Cross today. Not since 1916 have Holy Cross and Fordham met on the gridiron. In the last contest, played at Worcester, the Maroon eleven scored an overwhelming victory by the score of 40 to 0.

In the past, Fordham football teams have generally met with success in their meetings with Holy Cross, but the Purple is favored to beat the Maroon today. The Worcester eleven has been defeated but once this season, and that setback was sustained at the hands of Harvard. Holy Cross has triumphed over Georgetown and Springfield, after both of these teams had scored victories over Fordham. The probable line-up:

FORDHAM.		HOLY CROSS.
Healey	L. E.	Garvey
Smead	L. T.	McGrath
Leahe	L. G.	Golembeski
Brennan	C.	T. Healey
Walbridge	R. G.	Ray
Fallon	R. T.	Cooney
Fitzgerald	R. E.	Mahaney
Manning	Q. B.	McMahon
Myers	R. H. B.	Simendinger
Woerner	L. H. B.	Rippel
Garrity	F. B.	Broussard

VERMONT IS READY.

Keady's Team in Good Shape for Middlebury Game.

Special to The New York Times.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 17.—Tom Keady completed practice with his University of Vermont squad this afternoon and everything at the Vermont camp is in readiness for the game with Middlebury tomorrow. With the exception of Driscoll and possible Eastburn, Vermont will be at its best against the Blue. Only a light signal drill was held tonight. Keady will take thirty players on the trip.

COLUMBIA ON EDGE FOR GREEN ELEVEN

Buck O'Neill's Team and Dartmouth Will Close the Polo Grounds Season Today.

Columbia and Dartmouth will meet at the Polo Grounds this afternoon, and after that the New York football sector will be quiet. No Army-Navy battle remains this year to bring the local season to a spectacular conclusion. Today's conflict will end it, and in the eyes of all Columbians a victory over the Green from Hanover would be glorious ending enough.

Just how likely that victory is, is the question of the hour. Dartmouth is clearly the favorite in what little betting there has been, but to Columbia supporters that means little or nothing. The Green's three defeats this season have shown that it is not invulnerable, and if the Hanoverians should show any reaction from last Saturday's thrashing at the hands of Cornell, Blue and White rooters believe that their eleven has a royal chance to sneak in under the wire a winner.

Columbia is counting on this Dartmouth let-down and on the improved form shown by Buck O'Neill's men for a triumph this afternoon. As far as the Green is concerned, the game will be simply another big contest. For Columbia it will be the last chance to redeem a dubious season. This difference in outlook may be a big factor in the outcome of today's skirmish.

Defeated by N. Y. U., Williams and Cornell, O'Neill's team sees a bright opportunity in the Dartmouth game. A victory would advance the Columbians to a front-row seat in a single bound, and nobody realizes this more than the players themselves. There ought to be plenty of concentrated fight on the Harlem meadows today, and the team which wins will know that it has deserved all the laurels that are being handed out.

Dartmouth's squad practiced briefly at the Polo Grounds yesterday, while Columbia was equally busy at Baker Field. After the workout Coach Jack Cannell said that he would start his reconstructed backfield against the New Yorkers. Halsey Mills, the 125-pound quarterback, will continue at his post, but the rest of the quartet will be new—Calder and Captain Chick Burke at the halves and Johnny Foster at fullback. Foster and Calder were only substitutes in the Cornell game, but they have come along so fast that Cannell was forced to find a place for them. Captain Burke was out with an injured leg.

The shifting of Lou Gehrig from guard to tackle was the only change in the Columbia ensemble. Miller took Gehrig's place at guard. Columbia is probably in better shape than Dartmouth, which suffered somewhat in the Cornell brush. If O'Neill's men open up their game and carry the fight to the Green, the contest may be another of the upsets of the 1922 season.

The Columbia campus, at least, is aroused as it has never been since the good old days before 1915. Hundreds of alumni and undergrads flocked to a big rally last night in the University Commons and listened to bristling speeches by the coaches, prominent alumni and members of the team. It was one of the most enthusiastic meetings in Morningside history and hopes ran high for a victory today.

It will be the first Dartmouth-Columbia game ever played at the Polo Grounds, and authorities of the universities estimate that a crowd of 25,000 will be there to see what happens. The Dartmouth cheering section will contain several hundred Hanoverians, who are due to arrive this morning, and Columbians to the number of several thousand will sit in the south stands. President Nicholas Murray Butler will be one of those in the box seats. The game will start at 2 o'clock.

Here are the probable line-ups:

COLUMBIA.		DARTMOUTH.
Reilly	L. E.	Lynch
Gehrig	L. T.	Hatch
Riedl	L. G.	Aschenbach
Blair	C.	Moore
Miller	R. G.	Taylor
Fischer	R. T.	Neidlinger
Johnson	R. E.	Bjorkman
Burtt	Q. B.	Mills
Kompiech	L. H. B.	Calder
Canapary	R. H. B.	Burke
Roderick	F. B.	Foster

Referee—A. W. Risley, Colgate. Umpire—F. W. Burleigh, Exeter. Field judge—Phil Draper, Williams. Linesman—Hugh McGrath, Boston College. Game starts at 2 o'clock.

RUTGERS READY FOR N. Y. U. AERIAL GAME

Sanford's Men Drilled to Break Up Expected Forward Passes —Contest at East Orange.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 17.—Rutgers, playing host on a strange gridiron, will clash with Tom Thorp's N. Y. U. varsity tomorrow in the annual game between these two rivals, but from New Brunswick the battle has been transferred to the new Ashland Stadium, a horseshoe arena in East Orange.

Rutgers won an impressive victory over N. Y. U. last year, and, with a better team this year, ranks as a favorite. But this game, always hard fought, means considerable to the Violet team, which, according to reports here, has prepared especially a light, fast aerial attack. Rutgers has a typically Sanfordian line, heavy and dangerous. This is the main asset, for the backfield has undergone changes, week after week, because of injuries.

Both teams will present new faces when they line up at 2:30 o'clock. Rutgers will be represented by a team comprising reservists largely, with most of the seasoned regulars on the side lines. Foster Sanford today unexpectedly returned "Dutch" Maloney, the three-year veteran, to quarterback, and he, with Feller, tackle, will form the nucleus of the Rutgers eleven. Even with Keller, Benkert and Oslas on the side lines, Sanford still has his pick for a backfield from Matty Ray, Clark, Anderson and Emander.

Indications tonight were that many Jersey football enthusiasts, unable to obtain Princeton-Yale tickets, would be diverted to East Orange for the Rutgers-N. Y. U. battle. That was foreseen last year when Rutgers compiled its 1922 schedule and is one of the reasons why the game was shifted from New Brunswick to the more capacious Ashland Stadium. Rutgers will be represented by practically the entire student body, including the fifty-piece band.

The line-ups announced here tonight, following Sanford's last signal rehearsal and following word received from New York University, follow:

RUTGERS.		N. Y. U.
Stanwood	L. E.	Howley
Lincoln	L. T.	Hazzis
Glatzel	L. G.	O'Toole
Bender	C.	Doyle
Fuchs	R. G.	Meyers
Feller	R. T.	Derkrit
Noble	R. E.	Throop
Maloney	Q. B.	Behrer
Emander	L. H. B.	Jablonow
Ray	R. H. B.	Toorock
Clark	F. B.	Weatherdon

Referee—H. L. Heneage, Dartmouth. Umpire—E. J. Donnelly, Trinity. Linesman—O. M. Coryell, Pennsylvania. Time of periods—15 minutes each.

MARTIN IS STILL OUT.

W. Va. Fullback Will Not Be Able to Play Against Virginia.

Special to The New York Times.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Nov. 17.—Homer Martin, star fullback, will not be in the West Virginia line-up tomorrow when the Mountaineers meet the University of Virginia eleven here. He has been out of the game for three weeks because of injuries, but until this afternoon it was thought that he would get into harness against the Virginians. He was not in uniform at the final signal drill, which was staged before the entire student body. The Mountaineers will line up against the Southerners as they did against Indiana last Saturday.

FLOCK TO BE GUARD FOR NITTANY LIONS

Coach Bezdek Makes Last-Minute Change in Eleven That Meets Penn Today.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.—At seashore and country, far away from prying eyes, Pennsylvania and Penn State went through the final brushing up drills today in preparation for tomorrow's big gridiron game at Franklin Field. More than 50,000 are expected to see the renewal of football relations between these two universities following an intermission of one year.

Head coach John W. Heisman kept his Penn varsity squad down at the Sea View golf club, near Absecon. The Red and Blue will remain there until 10 o'clock train tomorrow morning, and then take a train which will be due at West Philadelphia at 11:20.

Coach Hugo Bezdek piloted his Nittany Lions into the city early this morning. After breakfast at the Walton the Center County stalwarts were whisked away in automobiles to the Philadelphia Cricket Club at St. Martins, where practice was held early in the afternoon.

One last minute change has been made in the State line, Flock, a former Mercersburg Academy lad of 185 pounds replacing Hamilton, 175 pounds, at left guard. Hamilton is fit physically but has limped a trifle since the Navy game.

Coach Heisman has decided to start Langdon at quarterback with "Pose" Miller and Rae McGraw, halfbacks and "Tex" Hamer, fullback. George Sullivan will be rushed in for either McGraw or Miller when occasion warrants.

The probable line-up:

PENNSYLVANIA.		PENN STATE.
Fairchild	L. E.	Fryuk
Sutherland	L. T.	Legue
Kelly	L. G.	Flock
Adams	C.	Bentz
Graf	R. G.	Fadenk
Thurman	R. T.	McMahon
Entrevaag	R. E.	McCoy
Langdon	Q. B.	Palm
Miller	L. H. B.	Wilson
McGraw	R. H. B.	Hufford
Hamer	F. B.	Weatz

Referee—Charles McCarty, Umpire—W. J. Orowell, Swarthmore. Field judge—J. O'Brien, Tufts. Linesman—C. J. Eckles, W. and J.

Final for Harvard Cubs.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 17.—The Harvard freshmen football team will close its season here tomorrow against The eleven appear evenly matched, Yale defeating Princeton freshmen 21 to 0 and Harvard, 19 to 6.

HARVARD TO USE SUBSTITUTE BACKS

Regulars Will Be on Sidelines, However, and May Get Into Brown Game Today.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 17.—On the eve of its annual game with Brown, the Harvard varsity team was worked hard as a unit on all its plays, the coaches spending a great deal of time assembling the eleven as they expect to start it against Ed Robinson's strong Providence eleven tomorrow. At the last moment Coach Fisher decided to keep all his regular men at Cambridge, abandoning the plan to send even a few regulars to Princeton to watch Yale and the Tigers. This work will be left to the scouts of both camps and to a group of coaches, who will do all the necessary extra observing. This means that for the first time in years Brown will face the proposition of playing the Crimson's best team if the coaches decide to use it.

It is not at all likely, however, that Fisher will change George Owen or Vint Chapin, but Gehrig may be used for a time. The substitute backfield which comprises Coburn, Churchill and Hammond, is fast and well-rounded out because of Coburn's power and his ability on the defensive. This set of backs also has had the defensive drilling against Brown's plays in combination with the first team line.

Charley Eastman is back at left tackle, but Greenough has been working steadily all the week and will be tried in Dunker's place on the other wing. Kernan has been announced to start the game ahead of Veteran Clark, but this was before the coaches decided not to send their defensive field general to see Yale, and Clark will begin the game. Dunker may be used, but Clark is in perfect physical condition. Hartley will be at left end ahead of Jenkins.

The coaches here expect to meet real opposition in Brown, which has a first-class line, and will present a varied and well worked-out attack. Moreover, because Reg Brown has been at Providence all year, the Harvard coaches expect to see Robbie's team show unusual keenness on the defensive against the Crimson's style of game.

Phil Spalding will run the team over the entire distance if he is not hurt again, but there is no chance for Captain Buell to take any part in the game, although he is expected to be ready to start drilling again by Tuesday.

The Brown tackles are unusually clever this year and the Cambridge line coaches expect to meet the strongest opposition they have had from tackle to tackle this season.

The teams will line up as follows:

Harvard—Hartley, left end; Eastman, left tackle; Hubbard, left guard; Clark, centre; Grew, right guard; Greenough, right tackle; Holder, right end; Owen, quarterback; Coburn, left halfback; Churchill, right halfback; Hammond, fullback.

Brown—Weldon, left end; Stellman, tackle; Barrett, left guard; Sckatzle, centre; Sprague, right guard; Gulian, right tackle; Johnstone, right end; Myers, quarterback; Swaney, left halfback; Fulkner, right halfback; Adams, fullback.

WILLIAMS TEAM ON EDGE.

Closes Its Season Today With Game on Amherst Gridiron.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Nov. 17.—The Williams football team is on edge for its final game of the season against its ancient foe at Amherst tomorrow afternoon. Coach Wendell has provided just enough work to keep the varsity in condition this week, and confidence exists that the jinx which has followed the Purple to Pratt Field in past years will be lost. With the exception of Richmond, who is expected to start at halfback in place of Bourne, the Williams line-up will be the same as that which faced Wesleyan a week ago. The Purple will probably take the field as follows:

Healey, left end; Laws, left tackle; Jones, left guard; Barnes, centre; Robinson, right guard; Weber, right tackle; Pease, right end; Mallon, quarterback; Richmond, left halfback; Gregory, right halfback; Monjo, fullback.

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOV. 18, 1922.

BUSINESS MEN AND THE STATE.

Governor-elect SMITH'S speech before the Chamber of Commerce was a remarkably frank and strong reminder to business men of their duty to co-operate in the settlement of the great problems that lie before him. After a witty prelude he plunged at once, thoughtfully and seriously, into business—the business of the State, the wise management and fruitful use of the canal, and the development of the port. These enterprises, one nearly finished, the other hardly begun, are of the utmost moment to the business men of the State. It is for them to unite to the fullest extent of their power in bringing about the successful use of the one and the achievement of the other.

"What the canal needs is business," said Mr. SMITH. Business men and organizations of business men must see that the business comes, must "induce people to build canal boats and put them on the canal." The canal is costing more than $250,000 a year. It mustn't be allowed to eat its head off. If there is to be a return on the State's investment, business men must go to work with the single aim to see that the canal gets the business for which it was built. Mr. SMITH, himself a member of the Port Authority, with full knowledge of its plans, said that, with some exceptions, the great railroad systems were not co-operating with the Port Authority. The instant necessary thing is unification of the railroads on the Jersey side. At present that is at a standstill. The Chamber of Commerce and other associations of business men must organize public opinion so that the railroad men who are standing in their own light, forgetting the general interest in that of their individual railroads, will cease to block the plans for the development of the port.

Mr. SMITH'S entire speech was remarkable in its candid dependence upon the assistance of public opinion in his coming Administration. There was no hint of partisanship in it. He didn't speak as a Democrat, but as a man about to be charged with great responsibility to business in the State. He is a mighty good business man himself, even if the insistent call of the people gave him so little time in which to display his capabilities. Business men and associations should give him exactly the kind of help that he needs, and work strenuously for the successful realization of the opportunities that the canal offers and of port development. The speech showed Mr. SMITH at his best and is a good omen for the devotion of his Administration to matters of imperative concern to all the people of the State.

OVERLOADING THE PROGRAM.

The Administration's original plan for a calendar cut to the bone in the short session of Congress already seems endangered. The hope was that Senators and Representatives would confine themselves strictly to business, so that all the appropriation bills could be passed and the country be relieved from the fear that it might be necessary to summon the new Congress in extra session. But the President's determination to urge at once the Ship Subsidy bill has changed the legislative outlook. That bill, by itself, would mean a long and probably inconclusive fight in the Senate. But it does not stand by itself. The effort is already being made to tie up other measures with it. Some of the Western Congressmen are ready to strike a bargain with President HARDING. They will agree reluctantly to vote for a shipping subsidy, provided he will consent to favor along with it certain schemes in which they have a peculiar interest.

With characteristic directness, or perhaps one should say callousness, the proposed arrangement is set forth by The Chicago Tribune. It boldly calls for "a trade for ship subsidy." Its argument is that the bill which the President is backing will be of immediate benefit only to the Eastern and Southern ports, and perhaps to San Francisco and Seattle, but holds no clear advantage for the Middle West. Hence the Middle West must insist upon getting something if it is called to give up so much. The Chicago Tribune proceeds to demand that the construction of the St. Lawrence Canal, making seaports of Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago and Duluth, must be obtained by the Western Representatives at this session of Congress. While about it, they may as well demand more money for the Great Lakes Naval Training Station. And if there is anything else the West can think of to hitch on to the Subsidy bill, now is the time to bring it forward. The plan is frankly to make a political deal. Says The Chicago Tribune:

> Washington, we believe, can make a good trade for the benefit of the nation if it will give justice to the West in these matters in return for support of the Ship Subsidy bill. The West, we believe, can make a good deal if it can obtain and accept such a proposition.

Saying nothing of the morality of such a proposed logrolling scheme, what is to be thought of its political strategy just at this time? It would plainly imperil the Administration's whole plan for this session of Congress. Instead of getting rid of a congestion of bills, it would redouble it. In place of a struggle over one measure, there would be a contest over several. And the almost certain result would be to force an early session of the new Congress, however much the President may wish to avoid it. He has at present a disabled ship to steer into harbor, and it is time for him to think of jettisoning the cargo instead of adding to it.

DEFENSIVE CITIZENSHIP.

It is the War Department that has called the conference on better citizenship, now in session in Washington. One would expect such a council of representatives of schools, colleges and organizations dealing with the mental and physical betterment of our children and youth to be convoked by the Department of the Interior. But the basic idea is the concern due to the disclosure of the subnormal physical condition of 50 per cent. of the young men called for examination under the draft. When the War Department thinks of citizenship it thinks primarily of the equipment of youth and young manhood to take their physical part in the defense of their country and its institutions. It thinks of the citizen as a potential soldier, a military man—in the original sense of "military"—which signified association, union, a moving together.

In the past the word came to mean only moving together in war. In many languages the word had the sound of the wings of the followers of APOLLYON. But as civilization progresses it has come to include other activities in defense of the State than those which relate directly to war against human beings. It was a military man, Colonel GOETHALS, who directed the digging of the Panama Canal. It was a military man, Colonel GORGAS, who made the region about it habitable. It was a military man, General WOOD, who cleaned up Santiago. It is the War Department that watches the movements of the floods in the Mississippi, guarding the levees. President TAFT suggested in his Administration the mobilization of the military forces to fight forest fires. So it is not foreign to the War Department that it should be interested in fighting disease and ignorance, which are the real enemies of mankind.

In such service the War Department must somehow find the moral equivalent of the discipline and devotion which war has yielded in the past. Several years ago this State practically enacted Professor WILLIAM JAMES'S "moral equivalent" into a statute requiring every boy between the ages of 16 and 19 to prepare himself for service "useful to the State" first through physical training and then either through technical military training or some other vocational training or experience. While this statutory provision had its basis in the liability of every citizen for military service, it defined as of equal importance to the State the service of the artisan and the professional man in other activities. Its main object was to impress every young man in the State with his obligation to the country. General PERSHING yesterday laid stress on this as one of the prime objects of any course of training. One of the great weaknesses of democracy is the bad citizenship of the best citizens—that is, of citizens of highest intelligence who fail to do their duty, and who, if they showed such indifference in wartime, would be called "slackers."

First of all the need is of such nation-wide physical training as will assure to every man the maximum health that he can have from his heritage and environment and the proper care of his body. If there is one thing beyond all others in which the Federal Government should co-operate with the States in conserving and promoting it is health. To that end it should encourage and assist physical training and health education throughout the country as the basis for the highest defensive citizenship.

THE FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLE.

Mrs. EMILY NEWELL BLAIR, Vice Chairman of the National Democratic Committee, an accomplished and expert political manager, is going to perform a public service. She says that the best help the Democratic women politicians can give the Democratic women voters is "to make "a restatement of the thing the "Democratic Party stands for. The "Democratic Party has a fundamental principle. Tell it." Not only the Democratic women voters, but the voters on both sides and on all sides need to be told what is the fundamental principle of the Democratic Party, and of the Republican Party as well. On what one essential principle or policy are either the Republicans or the Democrats united? What is the essential common basis of union, if there is one, among them? What is the common denominator of Mr. UNDERWOOD and Mr. REED, of Mr. LODGE and Mr. LA FOLLETTE? Since State rights faded, what is the one coherent and unfailing fundamental Democratic principle? Since Republican voters have failed to be moved by the old sentimental patter about "the party that saved the Union and freed the slave," what is the sacred shibboleth and indelible mark by which Republicanism is known?

There is a welter of issues and divided opinions in both parties. Many of the people who kicked vigorously at what this Republican Congress did or failed to do are not on that account enamored of the Democrats, many of whom in Congress are more unwise, especially on economic and financial questions, than the Republicans. The one comparatively harmonious party is that canny composite of two parties, the farm bloc. In the present fluidity and confusion of political opinion, it is especially difficult to find the fundamental principle of either party. If the Democratic women are really able to tell what the fundamental principle of the Democratic Party is, the country will no longer have to burst in ignorance; and doubtless benevolent Republican missionaries will not fail to enlighten it as to the basic, immortal, and at present perfectly invisible Republican principle.

PROTECTING MEXICANS IN THE UNITED STATES.

"I beg urgently," says Secretary HUGHES in a telegram to the Governor of Texas, "to request that adequate "measures be immediately taken to "afford complete protection for Mexican citizens at Breckenridge, and "that I be advised telegraphically of "the result of your investigation into "this matter." It was high time for the State Department to intervene. Too long had protests of the Mexican Government against outrages upon its nationals in the border States fallen upon deaf ears or been pigeonholed after perfunctory assurances that protection would be afforded in future. It may seem too extravagant to say that there is an open season for shooting Mexicans in unpoliced districts along the Rio Grande, but the rude jest finds expression among a certain class in the American communities. The killing of Mexicans without provocation is so common as to pass almost unnoticed. It is only in cities like El Paso and San Antonio that a tolerant spirit prevails.

In such places as Breckenridge the Mexicans are regarded as on a level with the negroes. A week ago a Mexican named ZARATE, awaiting trial at Breckenridge for his part in an ordinary street quarrel in which blows were exchanged, no weapons being used, was lynched by a mob after the Mexican Consul at Hidalgo, Texas, had asked the authorities to see that the prisoner came to no harm. Imagine what a clamor would have burst upon the heads of the Mexican Government if an American had been lynched on the other side of the Rio Grande for an offense so trivial! The mere kidnapping of A. BRUCE BIELASKI by a roving bandit in Cuernavaca called forth all the activities of our State Department in his behalf. About the same time American nationals in the Tampico district were cavalierly treated by an "insurgent," and when there were stern demands by our State Department for punishment of the offender the Mexican Government dispatched troops to run the miscreants down.

Since the Obregon Government's accession to power American nationals have been on the whole protected in their rights and outrages have become infrequent. When they have occurred the attention of the State Department has been drawn to the indisputable fact that outrages upon Mexicans in the United States are not infrequent. Señor MANUEL C. TELLEZ, the Chargé d'Affaires at Washington, has been keeping track of them lately, and he has not hesitated to protest to Secretary HUGHES. The Breckenridge case was particularly flagrant, because the cause for which the life of ZARATE was taken reflected racial animosity that would stick at nothing. Not the most inoffensive Mexican could be safe in such a community. The list of Señor TELLEZ indicates that between fifty and sixty Mexicans have met with violent deaths in the United States in the last year. It seems that Mexican officials, having obtained no satisfaction from State authorities, will in future make their appeals direct to Washington. Protection will be demanded of the Federal Government. That has long been our method in dealing with outrages upon American nationals in Mexico, and it devolves upon our State Department to recognize the right of Mexico to adopt the same procedure.

PENNSYLVANIA'S COAL TAX.

During the argument on Pennsylvania's tax on anthracite coal, Chief Justice TAFT asked if it was not equally constitutional to tax the products of any State. It was not a lawyer's merely hypothetical question. Minnesota levied a supertax of 6 per cent. on ore mined. West Virginia considered a tax proportioned to the number of miles gas was transported within the State, with apparent intent to keep it within the State by a penalty on going outside. Louisiana considered a tax on gasoline. In the Indiana gas case and the Oklahoma oil case the Supreme Court showed that it does not favor such burdens on commerce. There are other ways of taxing coal. The Pennsylvania assessors in some counties have raised the tax valuation of coal lands more than 600 per cent. Land formerly assessed at $417 an acre was raised to $5,798 in a single year. The effect would be to perpetuate war prices of coal.

Coal taxes do not protect labor. The tax is paid by consumers of coal. The nominal tax is negligible, but it is reduplicated by the time it reaches the consumer, each handler of coal taking toll as the coal passes through his hands. A previous Pennsylvania coal tax, that of 1913, was annulled, yet the tax collected was but partially refunded, and only within trade circles, no refund reaching customers. Wholesalers added fourfold the tax to the price. The Constitution forbids an export tax to be levied by any State. But is not this tax virtually an export tax? It seems like double taxation to tax both coal land and the coal mined from it. Is double taxation unlawful? These are questions important to New Yorkers, for they will pay the largest part of this Pennsylvania tax if the court sustains it. Possibly one way to head off this tax, so like the Chinese likin, would be to revive Representative MACGREGOR'S bill excluding commodities so taxed from interstate commerce. As the tax collectors grow extortionate, their victims develop protective ingenuity. Tax inventors are going to have a harder time from now on.

RUSSIA ON THE PACIFIC.

The Far Eastern Republic has voted for reabsorption into the great mother from which it sprang, and is, or is soon to become, one of the republics federated with and under Soviet Russia. It was evident that this was going to happen sooner or later, for the citizens of this State thought of themselves as Russians all the time, and were pursuing a Russian national interest in the effort to recover their seacoast from the Japanese army of occupation. Whether it was prudent to fall back into the Russian federation just now is another matter. Rumors from Washington had it that the State Department was inclined to recognize the Chita Government, which was apparently as much of a government de facto as, say, those of the Baltic States, and was certainly the most respectable government de jure that Siberia has known since the revolution.

But recognition of one of the component parts of the Soviet federation might involve recognition of the whole. The gentlemen in Moscow are de facto enough for anybody; but, quite aside from questions of the right by which they rule, their attitude toward foreign Powers has so far not been such as to make formal recognition worth while for the recognizers. The Far Eastern Republic avoided that stumbling-block. It was not Communist in political or economic organization. It wanted foreign capital, like the Moscow Government; but, unlike the latter, it was willing and able to offer capital some prospect of return and of security. Whether it will continue to offer as much now that it has joined the nominally Communist Central Government remains to be seen. If, as its representatives here asserted, its reluctance to go in for communism rested on the feeling of the people and the conditions of their economic life, the Russian Far East will still attract capital from outside. If the non-Communist organization was merely a false front to get support abroad in the dispute with Japan, it was unnecessary; for the Far Eastern Republic's case in that controversy was that which any Russian Government must have upheld, and any Russian Government would have deserved the sympathy of foreigners in the interest of the maintenance of peace in the Pacific.

Peace is much more likely to be maintained in the Far East now that Admiral KATO'S Cabinet has turned its back on mistaken policies of past Japanese Governments, and is carrying out not only the decisions of the Washington conference, but those aspirations which Mr. HUGHES was compelled to leave unfulfilled. This record offers hope that a solution may still be found for the question of Northern Sakhalin, still occupied by the Japanese, though the Russian mainland has been evacuated. It is perhaps a misfortune that now Japan will have to deal directly with Moscow, where doctrines dominate foreign policy, rather than with Chita, which was chiefly concerned in recovering occupied territory and getting a practical modus vivendi with Russia's neighbors.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Glorious Future Was Painted.

When M. S. SLOAN, President of the Brooklyn Edison Company, speaking as Chairman of the Public Utilities Information Committee, addressed the newspaper men of Westchester County at the Westchester-Biltmore Club on Thursday, he delivered an oration that was heard with great pleasure and high appreciation by all who were present. It was indeed an admirable speech, for in it there were set forth exactly the relations that should exist between such public utilities as those with which Mr. SLOAN is connected and the people whom they serve. What he wanted, he said, and what such corporations as his not only wanted but needed if their prosperity was to be permanent was the good-will of the buyers of their products, and he very eloquently explained just how the corporations could get that good-will, which, of course, was by earning it.

He declared that the public was entitled to know, and should know hereafter, through the activities of his committee, just what the business of the companies was, how it was conducted, with what results in the way of profits—or of losses, if there were any—and that their customers were not regarded as creatures to be exploited, but as human beings with rights and feelings. There was pictured, in short, a really millennial state of affairs. But some couldn't help thinking that Mr. SLOAN'S camera had caught the future rather than the past or even the present—and were not quite so sure as he seemed to be as to the accuracy of its prophetic powers.

Of course, they all hoped that his promises would be kept, all his expectations realized. In Westchester County as elsewhere, however, the public utility corporations are not yet the objects of fervent admiration or perfect confidence. They have a record—a long record—of behavior decidedly different from that which Mr. SLOAN presented as his ideal. Possessing monopolistic power, they have used it about as mortals commonly do; and while it probably is true that not all the animosity felt for them is deserved, they cannot really be much surprised that they are not loved and respected by all.

An Expert Goes to the Senate.

Not all who heard Dr. and Senator-elect COPELAND speak at the Chamber of Commerce dinner voted for him, but all of them must have gained from the speech either a new belief, or else a confirmed belief, that by his victory at the polls there will be added to the membership of the Senate a man of knowledge and ability.

The subjects on which he discoursed were not such as would have been taken beforehand as sure, or even likely, to interest such an audience, but there is no doubt that he did make them interesting—that he caused his hearers to share his own apprehension as to the existence of dangers to public health and his strong feeling that our immigration laws are in immediate need of amendment, partly because those laws are not affecting the objects for which they were passed and partly because not infrequently they result in the infliction of hardships as cruel as they are needless.

To have heard this speech, or to have read it in THE TIMES yesterday, was to realize more clearly than before that the country is in danger of epidemics imported from abroad—a danger greater than ever before—and that only vigorous and intelligent measures will keep out of the United States the infections that have claimed and are claiming so many victims in Central and Eastern Europe.

As for the percentage system of limiting immigration, Dr. COPELAND declared himself an utter disbeliever in it. The necessity for restriction he admitted, but he protested against making the quality of our new residents and potential citizens depend on the luck or skill of aliens and steamship captains in getting them here before the "quotas" for their respective nations are filled for any given month or year. He told, too, of the tragedies of separation and deportation that arise from making place of birth the test of nationality so far as the "quotas" are concerned.

The percentage method is indeed a rough and imperfect form of discrimination, and while it does reduce the number of immigrants, it is a detriment rather than a help in keeping out the people who are not wanted and in letting in those who are.

On both of these subjects Dr. COPELAND will speak with authority as Senator, and he can be a most useful member of the Senate if his advice is heard with the respect due to the specialist.

Why Stop With Teachers?

Teachers of music are discussing with vivacity the question whether or not they should be compelled to take out licenses based on a guarantee of competency given by some sort of a board of examiners. Some of the music teachers like the idea and others hate it. The former group say that only thus can be suppressed the activities of persons who, in their ignorance or unscrupulousness, are injuring or exploiting great numbers of pupils. That seems plausible, but plausible, too, is the reply that, if the teachers of music are to be licensed in the public's interest, so should the teachers of the other arts, all of them, for in those other arts, also, bad instruction results in the production of work harmful to public taste to whatever extent it is accepted.

To this quarrel, however, there is another side, and if the dear public is to be protected so carefully, why should not the pupils as well as the teachers be required to take out licenses either before they study or before they are turned loose to practice their several professions or trades? In the field of music alone there is obvious need of suppressing not a few singers and no end of pianists who think themselves givers of joy but really are the terrors of their helpless neighbors.

The same board that examined teachers could examine pupils, but perhaps it would be well to have on the board a few typical apartment house dwellers, not musicians, but knowing what they like—common folk, that is, with a tendency to sleep o' nights.

Revelation More Than Manufacture.

Now it is the income tax that is charged with having made us a nation of liars. The Eighteenth Amendment already has been accused of making us a nation of lawbreakers. But are these indictments well found? Would it not be nearer the truth, if the lying and the lawbreaking must be admitted, to say that there has been, not making, but revealing?

Moral natures are not so easily changed, and what we now are in actuality we were in potentiality before prohibition or income taxes, and a searcher of hearts would say that we now are no worse than we were before, and no better than we are now.

A CELEBRATED CASE.

Administration of the Criminal Law by the Court and the Press.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I desire to express hearty agreement with the protest in your columns last Friday of Bishop Mathews of New Jersey against trial by newspaper reporters. Of course no names of defendants to be have been given, but if any one is in doubt as to the identity of the "woman in gray" he is unequal to the task of reasoning that two and two make four. The reporters seem now to be making their best endeavor to decide on the "bushy-haired man," in order that they may by the same limited subtlety prove his identity and guilt to the public.

Why not give the prosecutor and the courts more time in the State that has the best reputation for promptness of court action? And why not leave something for the trial when the evidence will be carefully sifted and proper legal conclusions will be reached? In due season the parties believed to be guilty or to have guilty knowledge will be brought to trial and the defendants will have their days in court, but let them not be convicted in advance, lest the jury believe its only task is to register the popular verdict, already reached by hints, insinuations and denunciations where evidence is lacking.

In one respect the extremely interesting contributions of fact of the press to the Hall case may serve the public good. Their recitals have turned attention to the defects of the administration of the criminal law, the reform of which has been long overdue, but is unlikely to be achieved until there is insistent popular demand for it. Poorly paid prosecuting attorneys, cheap detectives and incompetent coroners' physicians lower respect for the courts and lessen their efficiency. Such incompetency encourages crime and criminals.

The lesson of this case for New Jersey seems to be that a thorough and Statewide investigation of the machinery of the criminal law and its administration is needed to secure the knowledge requisite for a good house-cleaning and to redeem the State's good name. Efficiency, intelligence and humaneness are the watchwords of the new movement for better administration of the criminal law. This can be reached only through a well-laid foundation of painstaking inquiry as to existing defects in the law. If New Jersey will read aright "the handwriting on the wall" it may come out of the present cloud with a reputation not only for promptness of court action but also for the courage that seeks and corrects shortcomings.

The criminal courts of New York, in spite of improvements in the last decade, and of certain able and efficient Judges, stand quite as much in need of improvement in efficiency. Perhaps New York may also wake up to do for its courts what England did for hers a century ago.

JAMES BRONSON REYNOLDS,
President of the American Institute of Criminal Law and Criminology.
North Haven, Conn., Nov. 14, 1922.

Senator Calder Not a Candidate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note with interest the fears of Byron R. Newton that Senator Calder may become Collector of Customs at the Port of New York. This indeed would be welcomed by the people having business with the collector's office and particularly by the customs employes throughout the port. But Senator Calder will not be the Collector, neither is he a candidate for the office. Mr. Newton's interest is not entirely impersonal and for the general good of the service. * * *

During three of the years referred to in Mr. Newton's letter in which he stated that the special deputy did all the work, I particularly note that Mr. Newton drew his $12,000 per annum. There is no question as to the qualifications and ability of the Special Deputy Collector.

W. X. Y.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 16, 1922.

A Bank President To Be Watched.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Chairman Lasker of the Shipping Board, commenting on the decision of the Attorney General in regard to liquor on American ships, is reported to have said that a certain head of a prominent New York bank had canceled his engagement for a cruise around the world on an American ship because of the decision of the courts that no liquor could be sold on these ships. If Mr. Lasker is correctly quoted the American public has a right to know the name of this bank official.

If a clerk of a bank is known to like his liquor he subjects himself to watching. The rule should also apply to Presidents. * * *

AN AMERICAN CITIZEN.

New York, Nov. 15, 1922.

WHERE MY HEART IS NOW.

The walls of the house were grim and strong
In bold array;
They seemed to mutter in angry tones,
"You may go or stay."

The rooms of the house were very grand—
Too grand to be
On intimate terms of, "Come, dear, rest,"
With you or me.

Each room, I vow, wore a satisfied smile,
As much as to say:
"As long as you're here amidst this wealth,
You must act this way."

And never a one of them ever guessed
That under the roof,
All hidden away, was an attic bare,
But most dear, forsooth!

It knew my moods as a mother would;
I loved it well;
The tender secrets whispered there
I'd never tell.

One little window faced the dawn—
For hope, you know—
And through the other a star looked down:
"In peace you go."

So I sail through the rooms with nose in air,
I laugh at each wall;
But to have them knew where my heart is now
Would not do at all.

ELIZABETH S. MONTGOMERY.

UNFIT CHAUFFEURS.

Rules Which, If Enforced, Would Preserve the Public's Rights.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Twenty-seven years ago, when the electric street railways first began to operate, accidents and fatalities were so numerous as to create widespread dismay and call for drastic preventive action. Many schemes were developed and eventually the safety fender was invented and came into universal use, proving an absolute safeguard and almost entirely eliminating the danger of accidents of a certain kind.

But the menace in these days of motor cars is of a very different character and must be handled by methods still more drastic and more direct. It is said, too truly I fear, that many chauffeurs are ex-criminals; that many have defective eyesight or impaired hearing; that others are drunkards, bootleggers or "hold-up" bandits; that many are criminally careless, and still others physically defective. It is time that the authorized representatives of city and State should take steps to protect our citizens from this class of persons who menace life and safety by their reckless driving or utilize their license to facilitate their criminal enterprises.

As a Trustee of the American Museum of Safety, I beg to submit a plan which, if followed, would, I believe, make it possible for our splendid police force under its able Commissioner to arrest the danger we are facing now. My suggestion is as follows:

1. All licenses now in existence should be revoked. Regulations should be rigidly enforced against the granting or renewing of licenses to persons under 18 years of age, to ex-convicts, to persons with defective vision or impaired hearing, to drunkards, to chauffeurs after third arrest.

2. No license should be issued or renewed without the well-defined fingerprint of the holder on the license itself, so as to insure positive identification and aid in preventing chauffeurs from driving while out on bond.

3. When a chauffeur is arrested the motor car or taxi or truck should be impounded until the case of the chauffeur is settled. This would encourage prompt action. Where the case was necessarily protracted the car might be released under bond of owner. All the occupants of the car at time of arrest should be compelled to submit to fingerprinting at the discretion of the arresting officer. In this way many taxi-bandit gangs would undoubtedly be identified under one arrest and one of the most flagrant methods of crime be eliminated.

4. The police should be empowered to arrest chauffeurs who park or stop their taxis or cars within twenty-five feet of the corner, especially on crowded avenues or streets on which surface cars or stages pass.

I believe that the enforcement of such provisions would do much to regain for the public "their rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

LOUIS LIVINGSTON SEAMAN, M. D.

New York, Nov. 15, 1922.

RAILWAY CAR SHORTAGE.

The New York State Barge Canal as a Means of Relief.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial, "The Railway Car Shortage," in Wednesday's issue should be thoroughly digested by shippers of New York State. Notwithstanding that railways are working at nearly the peak of efficiency, there is a general complaint of lack of facilities, with consequent delays and congestion in freight movements.

While the solution of the situation of the present shortage of 179,000 cars and necessary engines is a reasonable financial and manufacturing possibility, the limitation in trackage capacity is of more serious importance. This applies particularly to the Western trunk lines serving the port of New York, where the physical character of the country and the high value of real estate entail a cost for any expansion of present trackage capacity so gigantic as to be outside the realms of consideration in the present financial condition of the railroads.

A source of relief for the present and future shortage of transportation facilities on the railroads serving the State of New York between the Great Lakes and New York City is by use of the New York State Barge Canal. It is surprising that the possibilities of the canal for handling large quantities of freight have not been more fully taken advantage of, especially by those shippers of bulk goods intended for export. There is no reason why bulk freight in vast volume cannot be shipped direct from ports on the Canadian or American side of the chain of Great Lakes through the New York State Barge Canal to New York Harbor and adjacent ports at an average less cost per ton and in approximately the same length of time as now required by the railroads. The size of locks, depth of water and other restrictions of the New York State Barge Canal make possible the operation of vessels carrying up to 1,800 tons deadweight each. Thus one vessel is capable of carrying as much freight as sixty freight cars, or, if the conditions of trade make smaller individual units desirable, then the barge canal locks permit the simultaneous passage of three barges and one towing barge, or towboat, capable of carrying a combined deadweight of 2,200 tons, or the equivalent of seventy freight cars.

If so fine a canal with its excellent terminal facilities had been located in Europe, the floating equipment operated thereon would have an appearance like the traffic on Fifth Avenue. Success of canal operations is, of course, predicated upon properly designed floating equipment, and to a very considerable extent the present criticisms of canal operation can be traced entirely to the badly designed and uneconomical floating equipment. With adequate and properly designed floating equipment there is no reason why the New York State Barge Canal should not be a very vital factor in relieving the present and future congestion of the railway trunk lines running into New York.

E. C. BENNETT.

New York, Nov. 16, 1922.

Relief for Viennese Children.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May we appeal through the medium of your paper to the generosity of the public in favor of the Viennese Children's Fund?

During the year 1921-1922 we have assisted 2,764,940 cases of suffering and want.

The Viennese Children's Fund must lighten the burden of anguish for the mothers and children. We have bid them hope. We cannot fail them at the eleventh hour. We require $25,000 to help us to carry through during the coming winter. Checks and money orders may be sent to The Hon. John Ridgely Carter, Treasurer of the Viennese Children's Fund, care Messrs. J. P. Morgan, Bankers, New York.

The Franco-American Committee of the Viennese Children's Fund.

ELISINA ROYALL TYLER, Chairman.

Paris, Oct. 17, 1922.

NATIONAL ACADEMY EXHIBITION OPENS

Redfield's "The Valley in Springtime" Has Place of Honor of 4 Prize Winners.

CROWDED WITH PAINTINGS

403 Exhibits Are by Non-Members —Leon Kroll's "Sleep" Takes Altman $1,000 Prize.

The National Academy of Design has opened its Winter exhibition and there live not three good men unhanged in New York City. The boast of the Hanging Committee is that every picture accepted is there, stuck to the ceiling, perhaps, but there. If this had to be the sporting notion controlling the exhibition, why were the acceptances so liberal? There are things one could do without. Was it necessary to create the situation in order to meet it? Possibly the idea is this: The National Academy desires new galleries and big galleries, and wishes to let the public see for itself how impossibly crowded and ugly a good, full exhibition looks in the present quarters. To do this it was, of course, necessary to accept enough things to make the place crowded and ugly and thus create a situation. And unless some one should think the Academy narrow-minded and prejudiced and given to playing favorites, thus deserving the situation created, it prints at the beginning of the catalogue the information: "Fifty-seven exhibits are by academicians, 93 are by associates and 403 are by non-members."

This has been going on for some time. The National Academy has grown more and more generous to its non-members and Central Park remains stony, and the exhibitions in the Fine Arts Building are pressed for room. If they should be pressed any tighter than they are this year they would become as indigestible as that caloric mass known as meat loaf. There are, of course, a few ways out of the difficulty; to accept only the top cream of what is offered and only so much as may be hung beautifully in the four galleries, clearly an unthinkable device; to gain room by limiting each exhibitor to one exhibit; or to turn, however regretfully, the cold shoulder to outsiders and have a real academy exhibition of the work solely of academicians. This last would be so logical as to be a novelty and it would mean something, and it might be a delightful show.

Such an exhibition crammed with matter out of place and obscuring by unfriendly juxtapositions the genuine brilliancy and distinction of many good works, is significant of more than the need of larger galleries, teaches the still greater need of insistence upon quality and a fair show for quality. The "independents," relinquishing their independence of choice in favor of almost unlimited quantity, are not in reality so free in spirit as an academy that should realize its freedom to make an exhibition the strongest of the year in quality. The present exhibition, thoroughly weeded, would be very strong.

It should be admitted at once that the Hanging Committee has done its prettiest under the pressure of circumstances and canvases. If you cannot be beautiful, at least you can be neat, and nothing ever was neater than the arrangement of the present exhibition. Fortune was favoring to the extent of providing a Roland for every Oliver. If a long lady goes to one corner an equally long lady appears in the opposite corner. The doorway leading out of the South Gallery shows you how it is done. On either side are pictures in three tiers—at the bottom a lady, next above a flower piece, at the top still life. There are canvases of nearly the right shape for overdoors, but a trifle short, and behold some little canvases bob up just of the size to fill out the space. If an anxious woman wearing a hat indoors happens to be here, a serene woman out of doors without a hat is sure to be there. It is either balance or equilibrium everywhere, and the whole thing is a wonder.

The corners of the Vanderbilt Gallery especially attract attention. In one Mr. Boston's modest "Débutants," in the other Ben Ali Haggin's less modest "Nuhr-El Huda" in a vivacious skirt, then Mr. Paxton's portrait emphasizing the twentieth century waist span, finally a discordant and monopolizing note, "The Art Jury," by the gentleman from Indiana.

Four of the prize-winners are in the Vanderbilt Gallery, Mr. Redfield's "The Valley in Springtime," in the place of honor; Giovanni Trocconi's portrait of a Civil War veteran, full of the sweetness and shrewdness of old age; Gertrude Fiske's masterly "Nude," and the cold, delicately intricate "Quiet Valley," by Guy Wiggins. Leon Kroll's "Sleep," which takes the $1,000 Altman Prize, is in the South Gallery, suffering from the close companionship of Maurice Molarsky's violently salient "Dancer." The South Gallery also contains Childe Hassam's "The Sun Room," which takes the second Altman prize and belongs to the window series. Frederick C. Tylesske's "Seated Nude" is handsome enough as a study in silver and crimson, but there is too much crimson and of too crude a character. "The Bucannas," by Ivan Olinsky, is a bright experiment in showing the value of sun on flesh. "Spring Landscape," by Ernest Lawson, manages to combine sensitiveness with force.

In the Centre Gallery the paintings run to three tiers, and on Press Day some ladders were left about, no doubt with intention. Among the portraits attracting immediate attention are H. A. Schnakenberg's chilly portrait of Thomore Hyde, Robert Philipp's portrait of Robert F. Bolton, and Isabel Bonner Cartwright's portrait of "H. R. H." florid against a background of green and blue water. The little head, "Manella," by C. C. Rano, is delightful, if one means the Manella of "The Band Stripers." A. Stirling Calder's "Flower Girl" is delicate in its withdrawal and ends by surprising you with its force.

Flower subjects are scattered through all the galleries and do what they can to help. Which they have the least creative design of Emma Metcalf's "Pink and Freckled Lilies" or the strength and dignity of Anna Fisher's "Treasure of the Early Mine" can help much.

A détour in the direction of modernism is made with Edwin W. Dale's "An Anniversary," at Philadelphia this year, hung conspicuously, but in a poor for its somewhat morbid theme. The still life at the foot of the stairs shows, however, for the first time at its full value. These are a few of the things that demand themselves at a first view. The exhibition will be reviewed later in more detail.

SYRACUSE MAKES FLINT CHANCELLOR

Six Thousand Attend Inauguration of Former Head of Cornell College of Iowa.

"OPEN TO ALL," HIS POLICY

Says America Will Not Stand For Exclusion Except for Demonstrated Unworthiness.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Dr. Charles Wesley Flint, former President of Cornell College of Mount Vernon, Iowa, today was inaugurated as sixth Chancellor of Syracuse University, succeeding Dr. James Roscoe Day, who served the institution for twenty-nine years.

The inaugural ceremony was attended by 6,000 persons, the audience including heads and representatives of leading academic and religious institutions of the United States and Canada. Members of the State Board of Regents and more than 2,000 alumni gathered from all sections of the country.

The first official welcome to the new Chancellor was from Bishop Burt of the Methodist Episcopal Church. "They charged me, by unanimous vote yesterday," he said, bowing to Chancellor Emeritus Day, "to convey to you their best wishes for happiness and for many golden years. Chancellor Flint," he continued, "they charged me to extend to you most cordial salutations and ardent prayers for your success."

Dr. Frank Pierrepont Graves, President of the Board of Regents, welcomed Dr. Flint to the academic fellowship of the State. Presentation of the seal and charter was made by Hurlbut W. Smith, President of the Board of Trustees.

"The institution which seeks not to protect itself for one class or type against all others, but which seeks to protect itself as a servant of all types against the dominance of any one, seems most to reflect the ideal of America," said the new Chancellor in his inaugural address.

"If it receives more applicants than can be accommodated, then the proportion of each group or class admitted should be such as to preserve the balance and correspondence of the institution within to society without; any other basis would be contrary to the spirit of America.

"The truly American university will be open to all who can and dare, for America will not stand for exclusion on any other basis than demonstrated unworthiness, and even tends to give the benefit of the doubt to the individual and lay the burden of proof upon the university. In this way, America seems to hold to a doctrine of infinite improvability of the individual and will refuse to accept the irrevocability of any excluding classification. Earnestness will always have a chance. This does not mean for a moment low standards; set your hurdles at a proper height and those who can may.

"There is some danger of too liberal generalization and therefore too liberal application of the results of intelligence tests. Valuable as they are for placement and probably with greater value ahead, there are powers of interpretation, analysis and expression, qualities of reliability, earnestness, persistence and resourcefulness, judgment and other forms of ability, which have not yet been metered. Indeed our ability in this direction is so far short of omniscience that we can scarcely be justified in establishing a rigid system of educational foreordination or predestination."

Society, he continued, would soon look to the universities for leadership in solving the problems of the spiritual life.

"How shall all this be done?" he asked. "Not by dogma, valuable as it is as a conservator and guide; but the religion of the university must be of life rather than dogma. Not by organization, though there should be many within and without, by which the university co-operates in caring for the religious life of its students. More, but not merely, campaigns against sin, especially those forms which do easily beset students, and for righteousness, especially those forms students so easily evade. More, again, but not mainly, in the philosophy back of the teaching in all departments and in emphasis on relative values in the totality of the course."

A. K. BOURNE JR. WED MISS CLANCY SECRETLY

Their Marriage on Sept. 20 Learned at Church Ceremony —He Is 21, His Bride 19.

Following a private church wedding on last Tuesday night at which Arthur K. Bourne Jr., a grandson of the late Commodore Frederick G. Bourne, married Miss Beatrice R. Clancy, daughter of John F. Clancy, a general contractor in Astoria, L. I., it became known that young Bourne had been secretly married to Miss Clancy on Sept. 20 in Center Moriches, L. I., by Justice of the Peace Claude C. Neville.

According to the bride's family, the marriage in September was not known until a day or so ago. Bourne and Miss Clancy drove up to Judge Neville's office in the daytime, accompanied by a motorcycle patrolman, who knew the young man, and asked to be married. Judge Neville said last night that the ages given on the license were: Bourne, 21, and Miss Clancy, 19.

The church ceremony was performed at the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel at Oakdale, L. I. Bourne's address is given as 570 Park Avenue, while Miss Clancy's parents live at 460 Lockwood Avenue, Astoria.

MISS BEATRICE STARR WEDS

The Bride of William De F. Beal in Central Presbyterian Church.

The wedding of William De Ford Beal, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Prince Beal Sr. of Boston, and Miss Beatrice Starr, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Morris Starr of 128 East Seventeenth Street, took place yesterday in the Central Presbyterian Church at Madison Avenue and Forty-seventh Street, and the reception followed at Sherry's.

Miss C. Margaret Starr was her sister's maid of honor. The Misses Emeline D. Starr, another sister; Elizabeth Danforth, a cousin, of Summit, N. J., and Catherine Appleton of Buffalo, Margie James of Catonsville, Md., Madeleine Lynch and Helena Ogden, Mrs. William Harmon Brown 3d (Miss Mary Appleton) and Mrs. Thomas Prince Beal Jr. of Boston were also attendants.

Thomas Prince Beal Jr. was the best man, and the ushers were George Harding, the Rev. W. A. Lawrence, W. D. Sohier Jr., Herbert Jacques, John A. Sweetser, C. E. Cotting and F. M. Burnham, all of Boston; Clarence H. Young, Lawrence McKeever Miller, Theodore Starr, a cousin of the bride, and Nicholas Danforth, her uncle, all of New York.

Senator Edge to Wed on Dec. 9.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The marriage of Senator Walter E. Edge of New Jersey to Miss Camilla Sewell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sewell of Bath, Me., will take place Dec. 9 at the home of the bride's parents.

The bride-elect, who is just 21, will take her place with the Senatorial hostesses of the Capitol early in the new year, following a honeymoon to be passed in the South.

The engagement of Senator Edge and Miss Sewell was announced in September.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Gurnee Munn, who has been at the Ritz-Carlton, has left for Philadelphia.

Miss Marion J. McCall, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ballard McCall, and C. M. Converse, a grandson of the late Edmund C. Converse, will be married today in St. Joseph's Church, Garden City, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Sylvanus Stokes Jr. have come from Washington, D. C., and are at the Plaza, where Mrs. Henry R. Rea is also staying, prior to sailing on Tuesday for Europe on the Berengaria.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Hutton gave a dance last evening at their house, 2 East Ninety-second Street, at which Lord and Lady Louis Mountbatten were among the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay F. Carlisle of Islip, L. I., gave a large dinner party at Sherry's last evening. Mrs. Roxana Van Rensselaer was also a dinner hostess there.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred C. Bossom had Mr. and Mrs. Howard Bayne and Mr. and Mrs. Stephen H. P. Pell as their guests last evening in Box 32 in the parterre at the Metropolitan Opera.

Mrs. Schuyler N. Warren will entertain at her home, 12 West Fifty-third Street, next Tuesday afternoon, when there will be discussions on new features of our civic life.

Alexander Smith Cochrane, who arrived from Europe on the Berengaria, is staying at the Ambassador.

Mrs. Albert Sterner of 130½ East Sixty-fifth Street, is to give a reception on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 29.

Mrs. Stanley Dwight entertained at luncheon yesterday for Mrs. Charles May Oelrichs at Pierre's, and Mrs. Stuart Duncan and Mme. da Gama also gave luncheons there.

Mrs. W. W. Fuller came yesterday from Briarcliff Manor with Mrs. Lucien H. Steinbrugge, and they are at the Lorraine. Mrs. Steinbrugge is sailing for the wedding in Paris of Miss Grace Steinbrugge and the Count Jean de Langier Villars, on Dec. 4.

Miss Eleanor Lawrence, who is at the Plaza with her mother, Mrs. James G. K. Lawrence, gave a dinner there last evening for a party of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan L. Kennelly and Miss Marguerite Kennelly, have closed their country home, Kenilworth, at Purchase, N. Y., and are at their apartment at the Devon, 70 West Fifty-fifth Street, for the Winter.

An entertainment and dance will be given for the benefit of the Army Relief Society at Governors Island, at the Officers' Club, on Dec. 2 at 3 o'clock. Mrs. Avery F. Andrews of 26 East Fifty-fourth Street is receiving applications for tickets. Mrs. Henry Bischoff, Mrs. Franklin C. Brown, Mrs. Ernest M. Stires, and Miss Grace Bigelow are among the patronesses.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Three liners sail today for Europe carrying a good number of passengers for this season of the year.

Among the passengers on the White Star liner Celtic for Queenstown and Liverpool are Joseph Connolly, Irish Consul in America; Deaconess S T. Knox, who is going to do relief work in the Far East under the auspices of the Russell Sage Foundation; Engineer Commander Campbell Samson and Mrs. Samson; Lady Cheylesmore, who was Miss Elizabeth French, of New York; T. Howorth and J. Knox of Lever Brothers Company; Mrs. Porter Chandler, Miss Constance Huntington, R. W. Pike, the Rev. Robert L. Ritchie and A. S. Tisdale of New York; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Lowman of Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Whaley of Pittsburgh, James Hancock and H. H. Skerrett of Philadelphia, W. E. Thomas of Boston, Ernest W. Spencer of Halifax, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Hall and Miss Mary O. Hall of Cranford, N. J., and Mrs. E. V. Robertson of Cody, Wyo.

On the list of the President Roosevelt of the nited States Lines sailing for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen are a number of United States Army and Navy officers on their way to posts abroad, and also several State Department representatives.

Sir Joseph Isherwood, well known for his ship construction methods, is a passenger of interest on the United States liner. Among the passengers are to be found the names of Rear Admiral W. L. Rodgers, U. S. N.; Commander F. A. Todd, U. S. N.; General and Mrs. Charles G. Treat, Mrs. H. T. Allen, wife of General Allen, in command of the American Army of Occupation in Germany; Colonel and Mrs. Frederick S. Brown, U. S. A.; Colonel George S. Gibbs, U. S. A.; Lieutenant Frederic W. Neilson, U. S. N.; Major William C. Sherman, U. S. A. Among the Department representatives are P. E. Southgate, Secretary of the Paris Embassy, and Louis G. Dreyfus Jr., American Consul General at Dresden.

Some of the passengers leaving today for Queenstown and Liverpool on the Cunarder Samaria are J. S. Brittain, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Clegg, Mr. and Mrs. J. Robertson Dunn, prominent Liverpool ship owner; Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hamilton and family, Hugh D. Flower, Manager of the Union Bank of Australia in London; H. W. Roles, Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Scott, F. E. J. Smith, Chairman of the Board of Clerical, Medical, General Life Insurance Company of London.

Some of the passengers leaving today for Rio de Janeiro and Buenos Aires on the Vestris of the Lamport & Holt Line are Dr. and Mrs. H. R. F. Allen, J. H. Hamilton, S. T. James, Dr. C. W. and Mrs. Milliken, Dr. G. S. Manning, Miss Elizabeth Rivers, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Shelly, Mrs. F. H. Sandford, F. E. Sibley, W. H. St. Denis, Mr. and Mrs. William Penn, Miss Virginia Penn, Donald Penn, Harold Penn, Wilfred Skelton and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Addis.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday from Southampton and Cherbourg on the Cunarder Berengaria were Mr. and Mrs. R. S. McLoughlin, W. H. Moyse, M. W. Mattison, William A. Spinks, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Pomeroy, Edmund Thayer, Mr. and Mrs. Donald H. Sherwood, Miss Elizabeth Long, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bullock, Alexander Behr, D. McCredie, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Martin, Miss Maude Wallace, H. G. Weiner, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Davis, Mrs. Jessie L. Hewitt, Harvey A. Miller, Commander R. B. Irving, R. N. R.; Colonel J. O'Connor, D. S. O.; Sir David D. Llewellyn, Bart; Mrs. N. E. Hodge, A. G. Gurney, L. M. Williams, H. B. Viney, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Tomson, Miss M. Marsh, C. H. Longshore and Justus Green.

Some of the passengers who arrived from Liverpool and Queenstown yesterday on the Cunarder Laconia were Mr. and Mrs. James Bishop, George Washington Clarke, Mrs. Hugh Flower, T. C. Brierton, C. W. Bunn, Miss H. Bunn, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. L. Roberts, James Stauvsare, Clifford Taylor, W. H. Evans, N. R. Sutherland, Miss A. E. Styring, A. Brotherwood, R. N., Mr. and Mrs. James H. Adamson and Douglas Adamson.

The list of the Rochambeau of the French Line, from Havre and Plymouth, included Mrs. Devries Schmidt, Marius Hubert Robert, Walter Winston Kenilworth, Henri Bergeron, Attaché of the French Embassy in Washington; Mrs. William Hazen, Dr. Helen Clay Brown, Dr. Joseph Lynn Choates, M. E. Ravaga, Frederick Atwood, J. W. Waring, Mrs. M. E. M. Wood, Mrs. Helen H. Yerkes, Mrs. C. F. Powell, G. P. Hersey, L. C. Martell, Emil Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Halter, Mr. and Mrs. John Pardon, F. Poels, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sears and L. Touzet.

Harding Allows Hazed Middy to Go.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The resignation from the Naval Academy of Midshipman Wendell B. Allen Jr. of Dewey, Okla., tendered after he had declared that he was a victim of hazing, will be accepted by President Harding. Navy Department officials said today that although a decision had been reached, the papers authorizing the acceptance probably would not reach Naval Academy officers until next week.

MRS. HYDE'S WILL DIVIDES $5,318,904

Widow of Equitable Life's Founder Left Bulk to Two Children.

CHARITIES TO GET $100,000

James Hazen Hyde, Now in Paris, and Mrs. Mary B. Scott Each Receive $2,591,812.

Mrs. Annie F. Hyde, widow of Henry B. Hyde, founder of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, left an estate of $5,619,289 gross and $5,318,904 net, according to the valuation made yesterday by Transfer Tax Appraiser Adolph C. Kiendl. She died at Saratoga on June 23 last.

Mrs. Hyde gave half the residue, or $2,591,812, outright to her son, James Hazen Hyde, now a resident of Paris, and the other half outright to her daughter, Mrs. Mary Baldwin Scott of New York. Upon the death of Mrs. Scott her share goes to Mrs. Hyde's grandchildren, the Countess Annah de Viel Castel, Henry B. H. Ripley, Sidney Dillon Ripley and James H. Ripley.

Mrs. Hyde left $25,000 to Henry L. Rippe, for many years her secretary, and $1,200 a year to Camille Euvrard and $400 to Jane Reed, members of her household. Her public bequests were: Presbyterian Hospital, $50,000; New York Orthopedic Hospital, $25,000; Babies' Hospital, $15,000, and Woman's Hospital, $10,000.

The bulk of the estate consisted of securities valued at $5,006,678. Her Summer home at Saratoga was worth $30,000 and she had bank deposits of $282,601. She had personal effects worth $36,803, and other personalty, chiefly mortgages, valued at $273,709. Among the chief holdings of securities were: 4,830 shares Texas Company, $229,425; 700 Commercial Trust Company of Philadelphia, $231,000; 2,000 Equitable Trust Company, $574,000; 397 Guaranty Trust Company, $84,581; $100,000 of the First issue and $100,000 of the Third issue of Liberty bonds, and holdings of various issues of New York City bonds worth $151,409, $100,997, $106,042 and $106,228; New York State bonds, $238,937, and bonds of the City of Baltimore worth $103,728.

Mrs. Hyde's jewelry was valued at $21,884, her pictures at $2,845 and silverware at $1,778. Her jewels included the following: Gold band bracelet, five diamonds, $2,250; diamond breast pin, $400; five strings of pearls, one of 64 pearls, $1,800; one of 72 pearls, $1,920; one of $2,400; 74 pearls, $3,000, and 80 pearls, $4,000. A pair of pearl earrings was appraised at $2,000 and a bracelet containing thirteen mine diamonds was worth $1,000.

PARTIES FOR DEBUTANTES.

Misses Dora Hotchkiss and Audrey Ulman Greeted.

Mrs. Winchester Fitch gave a luncheon yesterday at her residence, 21 East Eightieth Street, for Miss Dora Hotchkiss, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Horace L. Hotchkiss 3d of Adorace, Rye. Mrs. Fitch's daughter, Miss Dorothy Fitch, who will come out next Winter, was one of the fifty guests who were seated at small tables.

In the party were the Misses Phyllis Benkard, Julia Brokaw, Florence Kimbley, Mary Moore, Margaret Manson, Polly McCall, Virginia Quackenbush, Katherine Knight, Peggy Keogh, Adele Kelley, Louise Gleason, Elizabeth Armstrong, Frances Budlong, Beatrice Black, Marie Brooks, Dorothy Arents, Harriet Reynolds, Olivia Sherman, Elizabeth Strong, Claire Schenck, Emily Wright and Polly Yeomans.

Mrs. Barclay Ulman, who recently returned from Paris, with her débutante daughter, Miss Audrey Ulman, who was at school there, gave a complimentary reception for her yesterday afternoon, followed by a dinner and theatre party for about thirty young people.

Mrs. Ulman and the débutante had receiving with them the Misses Rosalie Pilot, Louise Barber, Elsie Schrieber, Dorothy Brown, Ruth Baldwin, Clara Duffield, Adele Kelley, Frances Colby, May Hoppin, Leona Hurd, Carola Kip and Miss Chanler.

ROCKEFELLERS AT DINNER.

John D. Sr. and Jr. Absent, but Sixty Others Attended.

None of the famous members of the Rockefeller family—meaning John D. Sr. or Jr. or any of their families—attended the annual dinner of the family, which was held last night at the Hotel McAlpin. However, about sixty members of the family were in attendance, and greetings from others were read.

The organization, which was formed in 1905, has a membership of 320 living in the United States and Canada. All are descended from two brothers, Johann Peter and Diell Rockefeller.

There were informal speeches, and reports of members of the family in the six districts into which the country has been divided, were read. The President is Benjamin F. Rockefeller of Canon City, Col.; Vice President, Charles W. Rockefeller of Sunbury, Pa., and Secretary, Dr. Henry O. Rockefeller of Brooklyn.

MISS HURD TO WED NOV. 27.

Attendants for Her Marriage to George F. Lawrence Jr.

The wedding of Miss Mary Hurd, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard M. Hurd of 12 East Sixty-eighth Street, and George Francklyn Lawence, Jr., a son of Mr. and Mrs. George Lawrence of 142 East Fortieth Street, will take place at 4 o'clock on Monday, Nov. 27, in St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square. Miss Hurd's sister, Miss Eleanor Hurd, will be the maid of honor and the other attendants are to be Miss Helen Lee, Mrs. Samuel S. Walker, Mrs. Louis Curtis Jr. of Boston, Mrs. Thomas McMillan of Philadelphia, Mrs. Harold Harvey and Mrs. Frederick Lund.

John T. Lawence will be his brother's best man and the 12 ushers are to be Trubee Davison, William A. Rockefeller E. L. Gould, Reginald Coombe, Archibald McIlwaine, Arthur Crumven of St. Louis, Robet Holden of Philadelphia, Arthur Terry, Curtis Smith, Wilmarth Lewis, Frederick Beach and Lester Armour, most of whom were college friends of Mr. Lawrence, who was graduated from Yale in 1918. The reception will be held at the bride's home.

Future Weddings.

The wedding of Miss Gretchen Schoen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Schoen of 10 East Seventy-fifth Street, and Gray MacW. Bryan, son of Colonel and Mrs. Charles S. Bryan of 76 East Fifty-fourth Street, will take place on Thursday, Nov. 23, in St. Thomas's Church, at 4:30 o'clock. A reception will follow at the home of the bride's parents.

Miss Dorothea Birchall Comly, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Seaman Comly of Port Chester, N. Y., to Carroll Sherlock Harvey of Wellesley, Mass., will be celebrated on Tuesday, Nov. 21, at 4 o'clock, in St. Peter's Church, Port Chester.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Finck, daughter of Mrs. Henry Finck of 188 Claremont Avenue and James Winslow McGovern of this city and Washington, D. C., will take place on Thursday, Nov. 30, at 11 o'clock in the Church of Corpus Christi, West 121st Street.

WIFE TELLS HOW WOODHOUSE WOOED

At Her House Before Breakfast, Testifies Plaintiff in Alienation Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 17.—Dorrit Van Deusen Stevens Woodhouse today took the witness stand in her suit for $1,000,000 against Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Woodhouse, parents of her husband, C. Douglas Woodhouse, for the alleged alienation of his affections. Her testimony concerned the attentions paid to her by Mr. Woodhouse in 1916 and 1917, before their marriage. According to her testimony he was accustomed to visit her house every morning before breakfast, again on his way to the bank, telephoned her between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock, saw her before returning to the bank at noon and returned at once in the afternoon as soon as the bank had closed.

Woodhouse on more than one occasion entertained her with her Burlington friends in the Crystal Room of the Ritz in New York, she said, and took her to the Yale "prom" in 1917. They were seldom apart when it was possible to be together. In 1918, when she was in New York City and Woodhouse was in the army, they were in daily communication with each other. While he was staying at the home of his parents, 635 Park Avenue, he called on her and they arranged for the wedding, which took place in St. Thomas's Church on Sept. 29, 1918. There were present at the ceremony her mother, an uncle and an aunt.

After the ceremony, Woodhouse went back to camp and Mrs. Woodhouse lived in Long Branch, N. J. It was not long before Woodhouse became ill with typhoid fever and then he was removed to the Memorial Hospital in Long Branch. It was there that Lorenzo E. Woodhouse paid frequent visits to his son, but paid no attention to his daughter-in-law, she asserted. On his first visit to his son, Mrs. Woodhouse testified, she said, "How do you do, Mr. Woodhouse," and thought that he bowed his head slightly.

HALT BOY GLOBE-TROTTER.

Boy Studying Geography at First Hand Lands in Night Court.

Rebuked by his teacher for poor marks in geography, Ralph Chapman, 16 years, set out on a 10,000-mile jaunt to study the country at first hand and ended last night in Night Court before Magistrate Well.

It seems that it was a year ago, in a public school in Kansas City, that Ralph's teacher shook a reproving finger at him and said something like this:

"Ralph, you've failed again in geography. And such a low mark. You never will learn, although I'm quite sure you do your geography homework faithfully. There is only one thing for boys to do who can't learn geography, and that is to travel and see the country. You'll never learn in any other way."

She probably meant that the boy should do it when he grew up, but Ralph's motto is "do it now." As soon as he had graduated a few months later he started out "riding the rods" and stealing rides on freights, he told the Magistrate, he saw Chicago, New Orleans, Memphis, Cleveland, Butte and Dallas. He has been back and forth across the country, into almost every State, working a few days in each city and then off again.

"What is your occupation?" asked Magistrate Well.

"Globe trotter," the boy replied readily, and then seemed to wonder why the Magistrate smiled and the crowd laughed.

A special officer of the New York Central Railroad had found the boy asleep beneath a freight car at 108th Street and the Hudson River and he had been charged with disorderly conduct.

"Are you going back home if I suspended sentence on you?" asked Magistrate Well.

The boy replied that he intended to stay in New York. Magistrate Well then told him to give him a chance and if he promised to get a job. He promised. A friend of the Magistrate gave him $5, and the Magistrate, court attendants and others collected $7.75 more. Chapman then started for the Home for Homeless Boys at 441 East 123d Street.

TRIAL FOR DR. FOSDICK.

New York Pastor to Face Presbyterian General Assembly.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, Nov. 17.—Dr. Robert Emerson Fosdick, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, New York City, will be called before the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church when it meets at Indianapolis next May to answer the complainant recently filed against him by the Presbytery of Philadelphia, according to the announcement of Rev. Louis S. Mudge, stated clerk, who is here with the executive commission of the church.

Dr. Fosdick, who is a Baptist minister holding a Presbyterian pulpit, recently raised a storm of protest among Presbyterian clergymen when he declared in a sermon that a man did not necessarily have to accept the divinity of Christ to lead a Christian life. It is expected that Dr. Fosdick will be called upon to either accept the tenets of the Presbyterian faith or give up the pastorate of the Church.

The executive commission today appropriated funds for the purpose of carrying on the civil suit in the Massachusetts Supreme Court to obtain title rights to the First Presbyterian Church of Brookline, Mass. The court action followed the request of the General Assembly for the removal of the pastor, the Rev. Edgar Curtiss. The wealthy congregation refused and the Boston Presbytery instituted suit to recover the property.

CHICAGO TRIBUNE TO BUILD.

Buys Land to Extend Plant in Addition to the New Home Planned.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—The Chicago Tribune Company today purchased the half block of property just north of The Tribune plant, fronting 100 feet on the Boulevard, 300 feet on Illinois Street and 100 feet on St. Clair Street. This gives The Tribune an entire block of Boulevard frontage and an entire square block for future use by The Tribune, thus providing for the newspaper's rapid development.

"Today's purchase was made for two purposes; first, to insure an unobstructed view from the north of the prize-winning world's most beautiful building, which will stand as originally announced; secondly, to take care of the rapidly increasing circulation and business of The Tribune, which, it was supposed, would be provided for by the present plant for years to come. Already, however, several departments are cramped for space and provision for expansion is necessary.

VORONOFF BUYS MONKEYS.

Gets Chimpanzees in Street Fair—To Use No Other Species.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Doctor Voronoff of monkey gland fame today went to Rouen to purchase two chimpanzees exhibited there in a street fair. The animals were acquired for 9,000 francs.

The doctor now depends entirely on chimpanzees for his widely discussed operations, experiments with other species having proved unsatisfactory.

WILLIAM G. SHARP, DIPLOMATIST, DEAD

High Blood Pressure Fatal to Ambassador to France During the World War.

EARLY AVIATION ADVOCATE

Ex-Congressman, a Lawyer and Manufacturer, Was Dean of Diplomatic Service in Paris.

Special to The New York Times.

ELYRIA, Ohio, Nov. 17.—William Graves Sharp, former Ambassador to France, died at his home here shortly before noon today. He had not been well for some time, and went to Europe last Summer in search of health, but a few days ago he became very ill. It was not thought that his condition was dangerous, however, and reassuring bulletins were issued.

A Cleveland specialist was summoned this morning to consult with Dr. E. P. Clement, the attending physician, but about an hour later Mr. Sharp had a relapse and died. The immediate cause of death was attributed to high blood pressure. He was 63 years old.

When he became ill Wednesday members of his family hastened to his bedside, and were with him when he died. They were his wife, who was Miss Hattie M. Clough of Elyria, and his five children, Margaret, Effie, George, William Graves Jr. and Baxter Sharp. Funeral services will be on Monday afternoon at the home, and interment will be in Elyria Cemetery.

William Graves Sharp was a manufacturer, a figure in Ohio politics, and for a time Representative of that State in Congress. But he became best known during the five years when he served as American Ambassador in France during the war and after the armistice, in which time by virtue of war's changes he became dean of the diplomatic service in Paris, the first American to hold that distinction in any of the world's great capitals.

Mr. Sharp was born March 14, 1859, in Mount Gilead, Ohio, a hamlet where there wasn't much to do in the evenings, he used to say, except to think. From there his family moved to Elyria while he was still a boy, and he gained his early education in the public schools there. He went to the University of Michigan and was graduated from the law school in 1881. He traveled and wrote for newspapers for a year, and then settled down to the practice of law. He was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Loraine County and filled one term of three years. He was a good Prosecuting Attorney, but the law began to lose its attractions and he went into business.

Served Three Terms in Congress.

Chemicals and iron attracted him. He began business in the South, and later started the manufacture of pig iron in the West, developing one of the largest plants of the kind, the Lake Superior Iron and Chemical Company. He made money, and with leisure became active in politics, in which he had always been interested. He was described as a Cleveland Democrat. In 1906 he was elected to Congress, and twice won reelection, becoming ranking member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs at the time he was offered the Ambassadorship to France.

He was first offered the post at Petrograd, but the Russians objected to him because he had voted for the abrogation of the commercial treaty between this country and Russia. After he had been confirmed by the Senate for the French post the war began, and he delayed his departure until 1915. When he arrived in Paris he did not immediately supersede Ambassador Herrick, because the latter was carrying out relief work, and Mr. Sharp also wished to become acquainted with conditions in the French capital.

While he was awaiting the proper time to present his credentials he became involved with the French censors through an interview which he gave to James Gordon Bennett and which was published in The Paris Herald. In it he spoke of the probability of America acting as mediator when the time for peace proposals should arrive. The censors refused to pass it. When he did assume his post the French Government had temporarily moved to Bordeaux, the German armies having menaced Paris in the great drive which ended in the first battle of the Marne.

Got Evidence of German Atrocities.

From that time on, however, Mr. Sharp held a post of increasing importance. He was active in relief work, visited camps, and collected evidence of German atrocities. He had been greatly interested in aviation, and visited most of the big aviation camps. Early in his career in Paris he predicted that a flight across the Atlantic would soon occur, and he believed that regular air service across the ocean would ultimately be possible. While still in Congress he had made a hobby of aviation, and advocated the use of planes in the mail service several years before they were actually used.

After serving four years in Paris Mr. Sharp asked to be relieved, but it was not until April 1919, that his resignation was accepted.

SOHN WILL CONTEST ENDS.

Appraisal Reveals That Mrs. Moses Is to Get $50,137.

The settlement of a contest of the will of Isaac H. Sohn, who died Jan. 1 last, leaving an estate of $140,458, was revealed when the appraisal of his estate was filed yesterday. He gave a life interest in all his property to Mrs. Hannah Moses, with whom he lived at 320 West 113th Street, but his sister, Mrs. Inez S. King Hills of Washington, D. C., filed a contest.

As a result of the settlement Mrs. Moses got 45 per cent of the residuary estate, or $50,137, and personal effects valued at $215, and the remainder of the estate was divided between Nozma and Robert Hills, children of Mrs. Hills. Mr. Sohn had $144,393 in securities.

Herbert L. Riker.

Herbert Lawrence Riker, who served in the World War as a Major in the 117th Infantry, Thirtieth Division, died suddenly yesterday of heart disease at his home, 303 Madison Avenue, the house in which he was born forty-two years ago. In 1903 he graduated from Harvard College, where he belonged to the Zeta Psi and Hasty Pudding Clubs. He attended the first and third Plattsburgh camps, receiving a Captaincy of infantry. In August, 1917, he was promoted to Major and assigned to the instruction camp at Cambridge, Mass.

Burton Green.

Burton Green, composer, vaudeville performer, and husband of Irene Franklin, died last night at his residence in Chester Hill Park, Mount Vernon, at the age of 47. On Monday his wife closed her vaudeville engagement in Chicago and hurried to his bedside, cheering him so that he improved temporarily.

Ex-President Comtesse Dead.

BERNE, Switzerland, Nov. 17.—Robert Comtesse, former President of Switzerland, died here today, aged 75 years. M. Comtesse was the Swiss President for 1904 and again for the year 1910.

GEN. LUKE E. WRIGHT DIES IN MEMPHIS

Former Secretary of War and Governor General of the Philippines Was Long Ill.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 17.—General Luke E. Wright, former Secretary of War, Governor General of the Philippines and Ambassador to Japan, died at his home here at 7:30 o'clock tonight after an illness of several months.

General Wright suffered a fall several months ago and since then has been in declining health.

His wife, who was a daughter of Admiral Raphael Semmes; his son, Semmes, and two daughters, Mrs. John H. Watkins and Mrs. M. R. Palmer of New York, were with him at the time of his death.

General Wright's public career began as Attorney General of Tennessee, and he became in succession President of the United States Philippine Commission, Civil Governor of the Philippines, Governor General, Ambassador to Japan and then Secretary of War in the Cabinet of President Roosevelt.

General Wright was born in Giles County, Tenn., in 1846, and when only 15 years of age he joined the Confederate Army during the Civil War, serving under Breckinridge's command. He was admitted to practice law after the Civil War.

His achievement in supervising relief work in Memphis during the yellow fever epidemic in 1878-79 served to bring out the administrative qualities in the young lawyer. Although the town was under military control he practically made himself Mayor and took charge of the relief measures. He was struck down by the plague, but lived to see it stamped out. He introduced into Memphis the hygienic health measures which have since made it a model health city.

General Wright was appointed by President McKinley as a member of the second Philippine Commission, and from 1900 to 1901 he served as President of the commission. In 1904 President Roosevelt appointed him Civil Governor of the Philippines, and in the same year he was appointed Governor General to succeed Governor Taft, who was recalled to accept the portfolio of Secretary of War. In March, 1906, he was appointed by President Roosevelt as the first American Ambassador to Japan, but after a little more than a year in that diplomatic post he resigned and returned to Memphis and took up the practice of law. However, in June, 1908, General Wright was appointed Secretary of War by President Roosevelt.

Obituary Notes.

LEOPOLD FEIST, a Director of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company and President of the Savoy Oil Company, died yesterday at his residence, 320 West Eighty-seventh Street, in his seventy-second year. He formerly lived in Cincinnati, Ohio. His wife, who before her marriage was Betty Lowenthal, survives, with seven children.

WILLIAM L. MARKS, senior member of A. A. Marks & Co., makers of artificial limbs, died yesterday at his residence, 103 East Fifteenth Street, aged 60.

LOUIS BLANKENHORN, 74 years old, since 1884 a leader in the development of Pasadena, Cal., died there Tuesday.

JAMES MULREIN, retired contractor, who was an organizer of the movement leading to the erection of the Hudson River Bridge at Poughkeepsie, died there Thursday, aged 90.

Engaged.

LURIO—COHEN—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Cohen of 605 West 113th St. announce the betrothal of their daughter, Lucille Jeanette, to Dr. Mitchell S. Lurio, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hyman Lurio of Baldwin, L. I.

Married.

DE LONG—EDDY—The announcement has been made of the marriage of Miss Leola M. Eddy of New York to Mr. Herbert Westlake De Long of Baltimore, on Nov. 14. The Rev. Dr. Nason of Illinois officiated.

ELBOGEN—BLUMENTHAL—On Wednesday, Nov. 15, by Dr. John L. Elliott, at the home of the bride, Rose L., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Blumenthal, to Mr. Paul Elbogen.

NEUMEISTER—LENSSEN—At Englewood, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 16, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. Albert Parr, Emily Wilson Jr. (Ruby), daughter of the late Arthur Lenssen and Emily Wilson, to Dr. Werner Neumeister.

PORTER—PORTER—The marriage of Mrs. Dorothy Blabee Porter to Mr. Elbert S. Porter took place Friday afternoon at Mrs. Porter's home, Scarsdale, N. Y. The Rev. Henry Dyckman officiated.

Died.

BONSALL—At Morristown, N. J., Nov. 17, 1922, Hannah Louise, daughter of the late John and Eliza Bonsall, in her 75th year. Funeral services at the residence of her niece, Mrs. John H. Bonsall, 44 MacCulloch Av., Morristown, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 20, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private.

BURLINGAME—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 15, 1922, at his home in the City of New York, Edward Livermore, son of the late Anson Burlingame and Jane Livermore Burlingame, in his 75th year. Funeral services at St. James's Church, Madison Av. and 71st St., on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Boston papers please copy.

CASTELVECCHI—Constantine J., on Nov. 16, 1922. Funeral from his late residence, 567 8th St., Brooklyn, Monday, Nov. 20, 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Saviour's Church, 8th Av. and 6th St., Brooklyn. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

CLEMENTS—Suddenly, on Nov. 16, at his home, 101 West 85th St., Frederick Cushman Clements, beloved husband of Elizabeth Gascoigne and father of Florence E. and Gertrude G. Clements. Funeral services at his late residence on Monday, Nov. 20, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Chicago and Glens Falls (N. Y.) papers please copy.

COENEN—On Thursday, Nov. 16, 1922, at her residence, 1 West 53d St., Elizabeth Rumbill, widow of Louis Coenen. Funeral services at Christ Church, Broadway and 71st St., on Saturday, Nov. 18, at 2 P. M. Springfield and North Adams (Mass.) papers please copy.

CURTIS—Horatio Greenough, on Nov. 16, son of the late Thomas Buckminster and Laura Greenough Curtis. Funeral from Trinity Church, Boston, on Sunday, 2:30 P. M. Friends earnestly requested not to send flowers.

DOUGLAS—On Nov. 16, Ottilie Staber, w

LOST AND FOUND

Rate 65 cents an agate line.
Advertisements for tomorrow received up to 10 P. M. today. Telephone Bryant 1000

LOST.

BAG—Liberal reward, no questions, return traveling bag, brief case, valuable papers, lost from automobile Grand Central district, Friday; charges collect. Shapleigh, 27 West 44th St.

BAG—Lost, a physician's bag on 17th St., between 4th Av. and Irving Place, about 6:30 P. M. Nov. 16; a liberal reward will be given. 115 East 17th St.

FAN—Black, spangled, tortoise shell handle, Nov. 13, at the Metropolitan Opera House, at performance of "Boris," in orchestra chair; reward. Return to Morning Telegraph, 250 8th Av.

FORD SEDAN, taken from 48th St. & 9th Av.; linens and laces are family heirlooms; owner very poor; no questions asked. Phone Schuyler 4824. Reward.

GLASSES—Child's tortoise-shell, Friday, between 59-8th Av., 84th-Park Av. Return to Wolf, 160 West 59th.

OPERA GLASSES—Left in ladies' room, family circle, Metropolitan Opera House, Thursday night. Catherine O'Donnell. Phone Audubon 2650.

PACKAGE containing silk hosiery and set of books, lost on 7th Av. Brooklyn subway Thursday evening; liberal reward offered. Manhattan Hosiery Co., 256 Church St.

SAMPLE CASES lost—Two black fibre, brass edges, taken by mistake from car, 55th St.-Broadway, Thursday; reward for return tapestry samples; no questions asked. Hermidge, 224 East 48th St.

SAMPLE CASE containing cigars in Bronx; liberal reward. Bryant 7100. Paul Alberty.

STOCK CERTIFICATE—Lost, Southern Pacific Company stock certificate H-107735 for 100 shares, in the name of "Katherine G. Gilman." Notice is hereby given to show cause to said company, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., why a duplicate should not be issued. H. L. Mocar, 308 Tacoma Building, Chicago, Ill.

SUEDE—Sheet of manuscript entitled "O Rush Mah Baby." Finder please notify Miss Windle, Bryant 4749.

$100 REWARD
for return of gold-top beaded bag, lost Nov. 9, between Brooklyn and Glove Theatre, N. Y. C. J. A. Lyons, 15 William St. Broad 12764.

Jewelry.

BOW PIN, diamond and platinum, valued at $500, lost on Nov. 15 between Altman's and the Pennsylvania Station. Reward for return to Room 610, 522 5th Av.

CROSS—Old gold, pearls; lost, Nora Bayes Theatre, Thursday; liberal reward. Alfred Hopkins, 101 Park Av.

EARRING—Lost, with reddish brown circle and seed pearl, Tuesday evening, between West 33d St. and Tiffany's; reward. Return to Hotel Chatham, 48th and Vanderbilt Av.

EARRING—One large diamond, Tuesday, between 720 Riverside Drive and shopping district; liberal reward. S 431 Times.

EARRING—Onyx, crystal, pearl, drop, lost in Hotel Pennsylvania or between hotel and 34th St. and 5th Av., Friday, 2 P. M.; reward. Return Assistant Manager Hotel Pennsylvania.

PIN—Oval, opal, surrounded with sapphires, Monday, between 2 and 2:30 P. M.; Yale taxi from East 52d St. to Grand Central Station or in station; reward. Jackson, 33 East 52d St.

PIN—Lily-of-the-valley design, pearls and diamonds, Wednesday, in the 90s; reward. 305 West 98th, 9B.

RING—Diamond, taxi, between 44th St. and 98th St., Amsterdam Av; $100 reward. Michael Ford, care Moran, 622 9th Av.

WATCH—Small antique, with small diamond, in taxi or at Century Theatre; reward offered. Great Northern Hotel, 118 West 57th St., N. Y.

WATCH FOB—Black leather, lost between Park Av.-55th St. and 51st and Lexington Av. G. T., Room 1029, 15 William St.

WATCH—Wrist, miniature oval, gold; lost Thursday vicinity Times Square, Bowling Green 7900.

WEDDING RING—Lost, plain platinum; Pelham golf links to 79th St.; reward. Schuyler 2595.

WRIST WATCH—Lady's, Thursday, Nov. 16, Maiden Lane, between Nassau St. and Broadway. Will finder please return to Room 3127, 61 Broadway?

WRIST WATCH—Diamond and platinum; Theodore B. Starr make, pearl bracelet attached. Reward offered. Schermerhorn, 52 West 57th. Circle 1680.

WRIST WATCH—White gold, lady's; initials C. R.; Hudson Terminal or tube to Erie; reward. Catherine Roe, 43 Broad St.

LOST Tuesday, Nov. 14, short string yellow opal beads, platinum clasp; $50 reward. Udall-Bailou, 574 5th Av.

$500 REWARD.
Ring, containing one large marquise shaped solitaire diamond, the mounting in platinum, set with very small diamonds; Nov. 10 or 11, in or about Hotel Plaza. Cartier, 57th St. and Park Av., 60th and Madison or Central Park. Return to Cashier, Hotel Plaza.

$200 REWARD
for return of barpin, emerald in centre and eight diamonds, lost Nov. 14 between Washington Market and Metropolitan Museum of Art. A. C. Bennett, 15 William St., Broad 2764.

$200 REWARD
for return of horseshoe brooch containing 47 diamonds, lost Nov. 14 between West 38th and 97th Sts., or on bus. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$200 REWARD
for return of platinum brooch, containing diamond ¼-carat, 86 small diamonds; lost Nov. 15, vicinity 5th Av. Mr. Blackman, Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

Wearing Apparel.

NECKPIECE—Sable, 2 skin, Wednesday evening in taxi from Biltmore-Globe Theatre; reward. Room 718, 23 Beaver St., Eyre.

NECKPIECE—Baum marten, brown, tail head; on 4th Av., between 21st and 23d or Gramercy Park. Brown, Gramercy, 2184.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

DOG—Belgian Schipperke, lost Tuesday night; small black dog; tail 1¾ inches, name Skip; reward. Robbins, Sprinx 2455, 4 Grove St.

GERMAN POLICE DOG—Male, lark brown back, light brown head, name Major, at Lawrence; last seen running toward Woodmere, L. I. Klopot, Lawrence, L. I., Far Rockaway 0224. Reward.

TERRIER—Lost, black and tan terrier; Tuesday evening, around Lafayette Av.; answers to the name of Trixie; liberal reward. Mrs. Steen or 40 Nevins St., The Feather Shop.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—NOTICE IS hereby given that Florence Curtis has no interest in and is no longer connected in any way with the undersigned. Dated New York, Nov. 16th, 1922.
NEW YORK PIANO CO.,
2,086 Lexington Av., N. Y. City.

A GERMAN FATHER WHO WAS IMpoverished by the war would like assistance in order to provide his children with Christmas joy.
EKOWRONNEK FAMILY,
Care Schmidt, Elmsbuettel Street No. 48, 3d floor, Hamburg, Germany.

HARRY CALISH BOUGHT STORE FROM Morris Weshnack. He will not be responsible for debts heretofore contracted by Weshnack. HARRY CALISH.

INFORMATION WANTED FOR HEIRS OF Rose Kelly, born in County Leitrim, Ireland, about 1840; came to New York about 1860. V 719 Times Downtown.

KENZERLING CO., 194 GREENPOINT AV., Brooklyn, sold business to Edward Staloff free from debts and encumbrances.

Near East Imbroglio

The New York Times Index contains the skeleton of important news published in The New York Times and other newspapers, and by its use details of any event—time, place and persons concerned—may be obtained in a few moments.

Turkish Troubles

Complete record of the Near Eastern imbroglio, the rise of the Kemalists and the operations of the Turks in Asia Minor, may be obtained from the Index, indicating the way to full information.

The New York Times Index
Third Quarterly Volume Now Ready
$8.00 a year, $2.00 a volume.
Times Square, New York.

EDITORS MORE THAN FAIR, SMITH SAYS

Governor-Elect Thanks the Newspapers for Treatment During the Campaign.

PROMISES TO BE WORTHY

When It Comes to Duty, He Is a "Good Fellow" Only to the State, He Asserts.

At an informal luncheon at the New York Press Club yesterday Alfred E. Smith, Governor-elect, thanked the newspapers of the State for "more than fair treatment" during the campaign.

"One thing that specially impressed me," said Mr. Smith, who was the principal guest, "was the way the papers published what I had to say. Take the New York City papers. Several of the editors thought that something else should happen than my election, but all of them carried my messages to the people.

"No greater service to democracy could be rendered than this giving each candidate's case, whatever be the editor's personal views. To do less would be to shut off one side of a great public debate. Personally, while I have the greatest respect for an editor's opinions, I am perfectly willing to take my chance with the people if the editor in his news columns will only print my own arguments."

Mr. Smith told of a Socialist who was elected to the Assembly in 1912, the only representative of his party.

"I advised the Speaker to treat the Socialist as leader of a party, which he was, give him choice of committees, &c. This was done. Late in the session at Albany I asked the Socialist one night what he thought of the Legislature. 'I am learning a lot,' he said, 'and the thing that impresses me most is after all the debate, the clerk calls the roll and the majority speaks and the argument stops.'

"That," said Mr. Smith, "is the foundation of a democracy. After all the crossfire of opinions, the majority decides and that ends it."

Mr. Smith said that he had been accused of being a good fellow, but, he declared, when it came to his duty, he was a good fellow only to the State.

"There is a personal side to government, however," he said. "It would be the coldest, meanest job in the world if once in a while you could not put your hand on a man's shoulder and say: 'I am going to take care of this for you.'"

Mentioning the number of pardons, 242, which he granted to convicts during his term of office, Mr. Smith said that only four of these ex-prisoners had been unfaithful to the State.

"I can never forget my own early days and the struggles I went through," he said, "and rather than forget them I would stay in New York and be the premier truckman of the big city.

"I look on the Governorship as an opportunity to do service. The Executive Mansion is a great house, but not a room in it looks better to me than the house on Oliver Street. I promise the newspapers that I'll do all that a man can to be worthy of confidence that the people of the State have placed in me."

Percy Howard presided at the luncheon, during which the Governor-elect received a cartoon of himself, with typical smile and hat cocked at the "Al Smith angle." The drawing was made by a member of the club.

MOTHER-IN-LAW GAVE MOST OF BAYARD FUND

Wife of Alexis du Pont Contributed $6,100 to Beat His Cousin, T. Coleman.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—E. B. du Pont contributed $6,100 of $6,125 received by Senator-elect Thomas Bayard, Democrat, of Delaware, who defeated Senator T. Coleman duPont, Republican, according to a campaign expense account filed today by Mr. Bayard. He gave his expenditures as $8,987.

Senator-elect Samuel M. Ralston, Democrat, Indiana, who defeated Senator Albert J. Beveridge, Republican, listed expenditures of $4,204, with no contributions.

Senator Pomerene of Ohio listed contributions of $4,250 and expenditures of $4,025, while his victorious opponent, Representative Fess, reported contributions of $4,600 and expenditures of $4,814.

Senator Kellogg of Minnesota, defeated by Dr. Henrik Shipstead, Farmer-Laborite, reported expenditures of $1,430 and no contributions.

Representatives re-elected reporting individual expenditures were: Longworth of Ohio, $1,820; Fenn of Connecticut, $1,240; Kindred of New York, $2,598; Riordan of New York, $3,025; Sullivan of New York, $1,770; Carew of New York, $2,836; MacGregor of New York, $3,973.

Representative Wheeler, Republican, Illinois, who was defeated, spent $3,467, while George F. O'Shaughnessy, defeated in Rhode Island, spent $1,017 and Archibald McNeil, defeated in Connecticut, $1,235.

George W. Lindsay, who won in the Third New York District spent $1,596.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 17.—E. B. du Pont, who gave most to Thomas F. Bayard's campaign fund, is his mother-in-law, Elizabeth Bradford du Pont, Bradford being her maiden name. Her husband was Dr. Alexis du Pont, a cousin of T. Coleman.

Morse Trial Is Set for Feb. 6.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 17.—Without one word of argument in court the Government has granted the request of Charles W. Morse, shipbuilder and financier, for an early trial on charges of embezzlement and conspiracy. District Attorney Peyton Gordon announced today that Feb. 6, 1923, had been set down definitely for the trial of Morse and eleven others on the charges, which grew out of alleged irregularities in contracts with the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. Justice Wendell P. Stafford will preside at the trial.

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d ST. (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue) WEST 43d ST.

Distinctive Overcoats

for the Man who would be Well Dressed

The Correct KIRSCHBAUM Models as demanded by Exacting New Yorkers

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$35, $45, $55

Fabrics of unusual beauty and luxury—most of them soft, warm fleeces with colored plaid backs.

Storm and motor coats; loosely draped Raglans; button-through box-coats and Chesterfields.

Kirschbaum Suits
$35, $45, $55
Expertly tailored in select weaves—unfinished worsteds, worsteds, serges, tweeds and cheviots.

ADVERTISEMENT.

EFFICIENCY IN TEETH

WHO will win on the gridiron today, tiger or bulldog? It is good, biting weather. Let the team with the strongest teeth, the firmest jaw, the stubbornest stamina win!

And how much of this physical and mental stamina depends upon the teeth—teeth that are the cleanly inhabitants of cleanly mouths—teeth that are sound—teeth that register squarely when the jaw is set!

Kolynos the College Favorite

With both winner and loser of today's big battle, Kolynos Dental Cream is a favorite. While one team must "bite the dust," Kolynos will do its work faithfully, to see that the effect is removed.

It may be that Princeton soil contains more vitamines than New Haven's—though it has been claimed the contrary is true.

That is a point for the college men to settle.

We have on file in our New Haven laboratories personal applications from over 47,000 American Dentists and 74,000 American Physicians for Kolynos Dental Cream, to distribute among their patients.

Kolynos Dental Cream is made in New Haven—and widely used in Princeton. It is held in high regard in college towns throughout the world, and in all the great cities to which college men go—by the educated and professional men of 77 countries.

Men and women of culture and scientific attainment best understand the true importance of Mouth Cleanliness, Tooth Efficiency and Tooth Insurance.

Mental Stamina and Mouth Hygiene

Considered, first, merely as a dentifrice, Kolynos preserves the natural, pearly lustre of the teeth so important to personal appearance.

But it also leaves a wonderfully clean and hygienic tooth environment, cleansing the whole mouth—ridding it of countless disease-bearing bacteria and starchy food particles, which are sources of fermentation, decaying teeth, and the ill-health which renders physical strength and mental stamina impossible.

It is agreeable and refreshing before and after the day's work, and especially after the healthy tire of playtime.

The Kolynos Girls will be at the game today. If you go, be sure to get your sample!

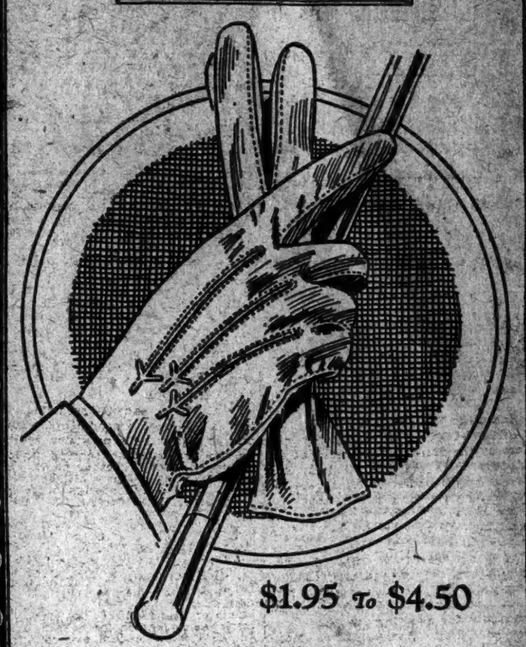
THE KOLYNOS COMPANY, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

KOLYNOS DENTAL CREAM

"How Clean My Mouth Feels"

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
MEN'S FURNISHINGS AND HATS
Exclusive, But Not Expensive



$1.95 to $4.50

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GLOVES

¶ Not Merely Leather Envelopes For The Hand, But Gloves Of Pleasurable Softness, Smart Elegance, Finger-Free Comfort And Extraordinary Durability.

¶ Imported African Capeskin Gloves With Plain Or Embroidered Backs, $1.95; Highest-Grade Imported Capeskin Gloves With Never-Rip Stitch, $3; Finest-Grade Imported Arabian Mocha Gloves In Light Sand, Beaver And Other Modish Grays With Embroidered Backs, $4.50

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The Easily Reached JOHN DAVID SHOPS *Roundabout New York*
BROADWAY, AT 32nd, 62 BROADWAY, BELOW WALL
125 AND 127 WEST 42nd, COURT ST., AT MONTAGUE, B'KLYN

THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30

In the American Art Association's
NEW AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
THE BLOCK OF MADISON AVENUE, 56TH TO 57TH STREET
ENTRANCE, 30 EAST 57TH STREET

CONCLUDING SESSION OF THE
UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE OF THE
DE SOUHAMI COLLECTION
The More Important Items of
RARE GOTHIC ART
and
French Eighteenth Century Furniture and Decorative Objects

THE SALE WILL BE CONDUCTED BY
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers
BLOCK OF MADISON AVENUE, 56th to 57th STREET
ENTRANCE NO. 30 EAST 57TH STREET

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Telephone 7334 Plaza

Beginning Next Monday, Nov. 20th, at 2.15
THE EVENT OF THE ART SEASON
Unrestricted Auction Sale of the
Chevalier Raoul Tolentino
COLLECTION
Including Gothic and Renaissance Furniture, Wrought Iron Work of the 14th to 17th Centuries, Magnificent Tapestries, Textiles, Velvets, Brocades and Oriental Rugs

Mr. Tolentino, the widely known expert and connoisseur, has decided to close his galleries at 57 Via Sistina, Rome, and will dispose of their entire contents at Unrestricted Public Sale. This most comprehensive collection comprises some superb pieces of Gothic and Renaissance furniture equal to the fine examples shown in the books of DR. WILHELM BODE AND DR. FRIDA SCHOTTMILLER. Tapestries of famous weaves, including two magnificent creations of Florentine de Medici looms, a wealth of textiles, Velvets, Brocades and Oriental Rugs, a large collection of Original Needlework. Chairs and Sofas, a Louis Quinze Painted Chinoiserie Room; also

Royal Savonnerie Carpet from the famous looms of Louis XIV. Polychrome Sculptures by the following great Masters: Rosselino, Dallaquercia, Delliquilla, Mazzoni, Gaggini, also Papal Silver, Greco-Etruscan Vase, all in astonishingly perfect condition.

Sales by Auction Commence Monday, Nov. 20th
Continuing daily thereafter until Saturday, Nov. 25th
Illustrated Catalogue mailed on receipt of $2.00
The sales will be conducted by MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE

HOUSE GETS 6 DAYS TO DEBATE SUBSIDY

Republican Leaders Decide Against "Gag" Rule and Fix on Nov. 29 for the Vote.

PASSAGE IS EXPECTED

Excess Profits Tax and "Dry" Ship Amendments Are Likely to Cause Trouble.

SENATE HOSTILITY STRONG

And Many Predict Failure of the Measure There—Lasker Urges Necessity of Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Republican leaders of the House of Representatives decided to have the Ship Subsidy bill taken up on Thursday under a rule allowing three days for general discussion, then three days for debate on germane amendments from any source and a final vote on Nov. 29.

Those in charge of the legislation favored shutting off amendments, but the leaders said that no such "gag" rule could be put through and that there was no necessity for adopting the plan.

Speaker Gillett, Representative Mondell, the party floor leader, Representative Campbell, Chairman of the Rules Committee, and Representative Edmunds, Acting Chairman of the Merchant Marine Committee, attended the conference that settled the form of procedure.

The Republican leaders hope that sentiment for the subsidy bill has not increased in the last few months, but they are confident that they will be able to get the bill through the House with some slight amendments.

The real fight against the measure will come in the Senate and it is freely predicted that the bill will not pass that body. It is reported that the radicals will conduct a filibuster on it that may prevent the Senate acting on the appropriation bills before March 4. If this comes about a special session after March 4 may be necessary. President Harding, however, believes that an adequate subsidy bill will be enacted before March 4.

It was stated at the White House today that the President had not determined whether he would confine his address to Congress to discussion of the subsidy bill. His message has been read to the Cabinet, but there may be additions to it before he reads it to Congress on Tuesday.

If he does not find it convenient to include a recommendation for a Rural Credits law in his message, he will send another message to Congress dealing with this subject. Such legislation is favored by the Farm Bloc.

Lasker Urges Passage.

A. D. Lasker, Chairman of the Shipping Board, issued a statement today, insisting on the need of subsidy legislation. He said:

"If the bill does not inspire successful private operation, there will be no large amount of subsidy to pay out. Even then, to whatever extent there will be subsidy, it will be given where private owners are covering routes from which the Government can withdraw, because the American flag will be represented, and to that extent the Shipping Board losses will be decreased.

"If the provisions of the bill do successfully inspire and insure private operation, the loss of the Shipping Board will be wiped out. This we on the Shipping Board believe will be accomplished in thirty months, and, though opponents of the bill willfully or ignorantly misrepresent some, in indefensible chicane, the cost of the proposed constitution in direct subsidy, if successful in the estimate of an American merchant marine the maximum cost can never equal the minimum loss of governmental operation.

"Thus we are brought to the point where the question before the American people is not, 'shall we subsidize or shall we not subsidize shipping?' We are already subsidizing shipping through the operation of ships by the Shipping Board; and we will ultimately be nowhere, because our ships will be worn out.

"The new bill simply proposes that a lesser amount than the Shipping Board is losing be transferred to aid private owners that they may meet established foreign competition and through the greater efficiency and inspired initiative of private ownership, accomplish the things that Government operation can never accomplish, one of the chief factors of which is the building of types of ships needed to balance the fleet for profitable operations, this being a war-built fleet without thought of peace-time needs.

"Thus, also, by making private operation possible and profitable will come about the purchase of the Government's fleet by private owners, and those ships, which today we can not sell in any considerable numbers, when sold, will bring hundreds of millions of dollars into the treasury.

"So that we stand at this point: Government operation means the ultimate obliteration of the fleet, for there will be no renewals, and in the interim the loss of tens of millions of dollars annually. A lesser amount, paid in subsidy, will result in keeping the American Flag on the seas and result in the building of needed types now lacking. The direct annual cost of the subsidy, if subsidy is successful, will be less by many millions than Government operation. The sale of the Government fleet, now practically at a standstill, will result in bringing hundreds of millions of dollars into the Treasury. So that the subsidy question as now before the American people can be considered without regard to the need of a merchant marine for peace-time or war, but solely with regard to the liquidation of the Government-owned fleet.

"Stripped of willful or ignorant misrepresentation, the passage of the pending bill means, for the reasons given, a decrease in the burden of the American taxpayer. Within a year from the time that bill passes, and continuously thereafter, the burden on the taxpayer, so far as shipping goes, will be reduced, because the direct subsidy, as private owners displace Government operation, will result in less cost to the Treasury than the Government operation. The burden on the taxpayer will be decreased because private owners can then buy our ships, which they cannot do now."

Mr. Lasker stated that the losses of the Shipping Board for the present year would be $40,000,000 to $50,000,000, but liquidation would probably return more than this to the Treasury.

John D., at Lakewood, Begins Two Weeks Golf and Motoring

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Nov. 17.—John D. Rockefeller spent his first day this season at his Lakewood estate with the usual round of golf over the private course, and a motor drive through the famous New Jersey pine belt. This will be his daily routine while here.

Mr. Rockefeller motored to Lakewood yesterday evening from Pocantico Hills and will divide the next two weeks between here and Tarrytown, going there and returning by motor. He is enjoying the best of health and was out early this morning. His first day here this Fall was marked by ideal weather conditions and a temperature of 50 degrees.

He declared that opponents of the bill had been insuling "the biggest line of humbug and buncombe that could be possibly handed out," but he predicted the passage of the measure.

Tax and "Dry" Amendments Likely.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17 (Associated Press).—With amendments to the subsidy bill in order, the indications are that Democrats, working jointly with Republicans who oppose the bill, will endeavor to re-impose excess profits and surtaxes as a means of providing funds for ships.

Democratic leaders predicted today that a flood of amendments would be offered, including a provision sponsored by the dry element barring liquor on American ships. Another point, expected to result in a fight, will be any proposal under which foreign ships would be permitted to engage in coastwise trade.

In the Senate the Democrats have already declared individually and through their organization in the last campaign almost solidly against the measure, and a large number of Republicans, including Borah, LaFollette, Capper and others, have made open declarations of war against it.

Senator Ransdell of Louisiana, however, has spoken in its behalf, and the Administration leaders are counting on a few more Democratic votes, if it is found possible to obtain a vote before adjournment.

Doubt was expressed tonight by Chairman Cummins of the Interstate Commerce Committee, after a two hours' conference with President Harding, whether legislation amending the Transportation act could be enacted by Congress at the coming Winter session.

Senator Cummins, whose committee will have charge of all bills designed to amend the present Railroad law, went over the situation with the President and said later that he had gained the impression that the President was desirous of some changes to meet needs shown to exist by the recent railroad strike.

The crowded condition of the Senate and House calendars, Senator Cummins said, would in his opinion practically preclude any legislation before March 4.

PLACES CISSIE LOFTUS ON PROBATION FOR YEAR

London Court Hears Account of Her Marital Affairs as Explaining Addiction to Drugs.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Cissie Loftus, actress, whose power of humorous impersonation made her famous in America as well as in England, was today at the Marlborough Street Police Court placed under probation for a year on a charge of unlawful possession of drugs.

Her counsel told a pathetic story of her private life. She was married at 18, but found, he said, she must support her husband. Five years later, he declared, he compelled her to divorce him. However, he had contracted many debts, he said, and she felt it her duty to discharge them.

"For five years," her counsel said, "she worked hard in America and these debts were paid. She then returned to this country and met a gentleman whom she married, only to find that the first husband was repeated with the second. Again her position became so intolerable that she eventually divorced him."

Counsel then related that Miss Loftus had undergone a serious operation after premature birth of a child and drugs had to be administered to keep down the pain. That was the first time she had taken drugs. He continued:

"But after further serious operation on condition of things arose that made them to her irresistible. She was compelled to seek relief from pain and to induce sleep. The birth of a child brought about further burdens. There was no one in the wide medical attention for herself and the child. She was compelled to work, to rehearse and to learn new parts while in a highly nervous state. It was at such times as this that she had recourse to the aid of drugs.

"She has fought, as people who know will tell you, against the habit, but from time to time the craving was such that she had to seek the assistance of the drug."

Friends promised that Miss Loftus would go to a nursing home for six months or a year and she left the court in their company.

PARIS WOMEN FIGHT DUEL OVER A MAN

Mme. Duval Knocks Out a Rival for the Affections of Her Husband.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Inspired by recent reports of a fistic encounter between two New York women for the love of a man, a young Paris matron today challenged her rival for her husband's affections to physical combat, and knocked her out.

The matron, Mme. Duval, wife of a well-to-do merchant, became acquainted only yesterday with the fact that her husband had been infatuated with a servant. Confronting her husband, she said:

"It pains me, but I love you and wish to keep you. There is one too many here. I should like to propose a tournament in which each of us would develop our reasons for remaining here, but my rival is less well-educated and such a match would not be fair. However, we are of about the same size, so we shall fight."

The husband summoned the servant, who accepted the challenge. The three retired to a closed chamber, and the wife quickly knocked her rival unconscious.

LOUIS SHERRY ESTATE IS BOUGHT BY MUNSEY

Publisher to Move at Once Into Caterer's Home at Manhasset, L. I.

Frank A. Munsey, publisher, has bought the country home of Louis Sherry, the caterer, on the North Hempstead Turnpike, Manhasset, L. I. The house was built by Mr. Sherry in 1918, and stands back from the road in an estate comprising 300 acres, all of which have been carefully cultivated under the owner's direction.

A stone building, the house is of French architecture and contains seven master bedrooms.

Mr. Munsey said last night that he expected to take possession and move there at once. The transfer of title was completed yesterday.

GERMANS HAIL CUNO AS NATION'S HOPE

Business, Financial and Newspaper Circles Expect New Chancellor to Restore Stability.

WORK TO REPLACE POLITICS

Two Socialists May Be in Cabinet —Wirth and Hermes Mentioned for Posts.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 17.—The selection of Herr Cuno to form a new German Cabinet meets with full approval of the rational German business and political world, which expects the establishment of a real working Cabinet and not an organization of political jobbers, fighting each other. Herr Cuno is well known as a man of strong common sense, an asset which is fully appreciated even by those who oppose him for reasons of internal politics. His earlier experience in an important office, and especially his familiarity with taxation problems, will stand him in good steady, but it is most of all his prestige as a sound business man which makes him apparently suited for the difficult task which awaits him.

Herr Cuno was in Hamburg today for the purpose of tendering his provisional resignation as Director of the Hamburg-America Lines, and while there he had a long conference with Mr. Harriman of the United American Lines. In this connection it is, perhaps, significant that the Democratic press emphasizes the great value of Cuno's American associations and his standing in international business circles. The view is expressed that Cuno will be persona gratissima to the United States.

Herr Cuno is now preparing a Cabinet list, but it is not expected the list will be complete until Sunday, when it will be presented to President Ebert. The list probably will include one or two Socialist Ministers who were in the Wirth Cabinet. This will please the Socialist Party, while other selections will make the Cabinet acceptable to the parties of the Centre. From present indications the Socialists, who are now sulking in their tents, will not seriously obstruct Cuno but will judge him by his deeds.

The parties of the Centre and the Right seem favorably disposed toward Cuno, and if he succeeds in forming a Cabinet he will have strong parliamentary support. He is already sure of the full support of all elements in Germany which make for work and reconstruction, so that if he assumes the high office of Chancellor he will do so under good auspices. Cuno's name is considered a guarantee of hard, efficient work, and political circles are confident that he will make the best of Germany's present situation. It is certain that he will put forth his best in the service of the country.

Newspapers Hail Cuno.

BERLIN, Nov. 17 (Associated Press).—Financial and industrial interests are disposed to view the advent of Wilhelm Cuno, the German Chancellor designate, as a favorable omen because of his familiarity with the foreign situation acquired by his contact with Hamburg shipping activities.

The selection of the Hamburg shipping chieftain as the prospective head of Germany's new administration provides newspaper commentators with ready metaphors on the qualifications of a shipping genius to handle the ship of state. A large part of the press finds a parallel in the past and future duties of the Chancellor-designate which, they say, augur well for the fortunes of the republic, especially on account of the connections established in the United States and elsewhere.

The fact that Herr Ballin, former head of the Hamburg-American Line, who held a large place in the heart of the German people, selected Wilhelm Cuno to succeed him in the direction of the line carries considerable weight in estimating the latter's calibre, aside from the success he himself achieved in the German shipping world.

The Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung endorses the selection, particularly since Herr Cuno is "an unwritten page in the political world." It says that he is a man who will guide the ship of state as a business executive. The erwarts thinks that it cannot be assumed that the Chancellor-designate will succeed in "avoiding all reefs that lie on the way to the harbor." It notes that the decision of the Socialists to raise no objection to his forming a Cabinet merely signifies that they would accept him, but would "wait and see." The newspaper thinks that though Cuno is a Catholic it must be remembered that he gave the "junkers" a sharp rebuff at the time of the Kapp uprising.

The Boersen Zeitung is of the opinion that he is entitled to perfect liberty to choose his colleagues because he himself assumes the personal responsibility for the consequences. It characterizes him as "a politician of profound understanding in the best sense of the word."

"Herr Cuno is a man of compromise," says the Tageblatt, "whose strength lies in negotiation and in sizing up of men. He is an accomplished head and of a graceful and dignified personality."

Leaders in the Reichstag are inclined to the view that Herr Cuno will form a Cabinet which will be a revised version of the former Coalition Ministry, with the addition of representatives of the People's Party.

"It is a doll which will be given a new head," one of the Reichstag leaders declared.

Present plans provide for the retention of either former Chancellor Wirth or former Minister Hermes in the Ministry of Finance in view of their familiarity with all phases of the reparations negotiations.

Entente Circles Gratified.

Entente and neutral diplomatic circles here have informally expressed gratification over the selection of a non-partisan Chancellor, who, in addition, is recognized favorably as a leader in the commercial and industrial world. The belief was voiced in these circles that the advent of Herr Cuno presaged political and economic co-ordination in Germany at an early date through the prosecution of definite internal policies. Herr Cuno, it was remarked, was a man not handicapped by "party blinders," in addition to having won his spurs in a practical commercial career.

President Ebert is also felicitated over his choice of a new Chancellor, and for having emancipated himself in the present crisis from the traditional custom of adhering to political party procedure. It is believed that under the prevailing conditions the United Socialists will hesitate to disavow President Ebert's action, and it is even suggested in some quarters that secretly they are in accord with his action in going outside the Reichstag party environment in search of a man who would undertake to construct a new Ministry.

The new Cabinet automatically will inherit the German Government's note on reparations which the Middle and Socialist Parties jointly approved as their platform of reparations and internal financial policies.

Whether the new Government will receive an auspicious send-off chiefly depends upon the nature of the reply from the Reparation Commission to the German proposal for a moratorium, a foreign loan and other easements of the financial situation. This subject is already acutely stimulating curiosity in Reichstag circles.

There also is much speculation over the possible effects which the results of the English election will exert upon the future development of Anglo-French relations in connection with the reparations policies of the Entente.

The Bourse today followed the lead of New York by recording further improvement in the quotation for the mark as the result of the prospective improvement in the German political situation.

Bricklayers Begin Fight on Laborers; Strike at Several Jobs to Mark Protest

Bricklayers employed on four or five construction jobs in the city went on strike yesterday because the employers insisted upon the use of independent laborers instead of laborers who are affiliated with the international union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, according to F. Paul A. Vaccarelli, President of the Executive Board of the New York District Council of Laborers. This action was in accordance with a resolution adopted by the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union at its recent convention in Springfield, Mass., to the effect that its members will refuse to handle any material from any laborers unless they be members of the building laborers' union.

Mr. Vaccarelli said last night that he did not know just how many jobs or how many men are affected by the strike, but that this information would be available this afternoon, when there will be a meeting of the various delegates in his office.

At the time of the adoption of the resolution by the international union President Bowen, who was presiding, remarked that, while the action was restricted to New York City, eventually the whole country and Canada would be involved.

The employers, Mr. Vaccarelli charges, are trying to form an independent organization of laborers, and he said that, if this attempt is persisted in, practically all building operations in the city will be tied up indefinitely. The existing independent union, Mr. Vaccarelli said, is not strong.

Officials of the independent laborers' union deny this and claim to have a majority of laborers enrolled.

The Executive Committee of the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' Union held a meeting last night at Black Eagle Hall, in Eighty-sixth Street, at which plans were discussed for carrying on the fight.

Y. M. C. A. VOTES TO LET DOWN BARS

Permits Managing Boards to Include Men Not Connected With "Evangelical" Churches.

LIMITED TO 10 PER CENT.

Action Opens Door to Catholics, Christian Scientists and Universalists.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 17.—The Young Men's Christian Associations of the United States and Canada can henceforth at their discretion elect or appoint up to ten per cent. of the membership of their managing boards from members of their organizations not identified with churches recognized as "evangelical."

This authorization was given by nearly unanimous vote today by the Forty-first International Convention of the Young Men's Christian Associations of North America. The resolution requires that such members shall have accepted what is called the "Paris basis" as their personal declaration of purpose. This basis, adopted at the first International Continental World's Conference of the Associations of America and Europe in 1855, provides that "The Young Men's Christian Association seeks to unite those young men who, regarding Jesus Christ as their God and Savior, according to the Holy Scriptures, desire to be His disciples in their doctrine and in their life, and to associate their efforts for the extension of His kingdom among young men."

The action opens the executive boards to Catholics, Christian Scientists, Universalists and others who heretofore have not been generally considered for such election. The plain statement of the authorization of the radical departure was made without any interpretation. The convention also authorized the associations to include all men as eligible who are members in good standing of evangelical churches designated as eligible for membership in the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America.

These resolutions were adopted following upon a report of the Standing Committee of Associations, of which Dr. John P. Munn of New York, President of the United States Life Insurance Company, is Chairman.

Other resolutions were adopted relating the basis of membership in student associations providing that membership in a college association shall require a statement of purpose "to influence students to devote themselves in united effort with all Christians in making the will of Christ effective," and that "membership in the college association shall be limited to those who declare themselves to be in sympathy with this statement of purpose and willing to make it their personal program of allegiance and service."

GEORGE TO LET WOMAN TAKE SEAT IN SENATE

Georgia's Senator-Elect to Wait a Day for Mrs. Felton—Washington Has No Precedent.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Nov. 17.—Judge Walter F. George's commission as Senator from Georgia will be issued at noon tomorrow upon the arrival of Governor Hardwick from New York, and Mr. George will leave for Washington in the afternoon on a train which will also carry Mrs. W. H. Felton, who was appointed Senator by the Governor after the death of Thomas E. Watson and pending the choice of a new Senator at the election last week.

Mrs. Felton will take with her the commission issued to her by Governor Hardwick as ad interim Senator, and Mr. George will give her an opportunity to present this to the Senate Monday before he presents his commission.

If the Senate sees fit to seat her for one day as the first woman in American history to become a Senator, Mr. George will remain in the background so that she may have this distinction. If the Senate does not see fit to seat her, then Mr. George will present his commission and will be seated at once.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Senate leaders today were all at sea on the question of seating Mrs. W. H. Felton, Georgia's woman Senator, and the Senators elected Nov. 7, to fill vacancies. Arrangements were made for a conference tonight between Vice President Coolidge, Chairman Curtis of the Rules Committee, and others to determine the proper procedure.

There were said to be no decisive precedents, particularly in the case of Mrs. Felton, who is planning to claim a seat for one day. Republican leaders say that they would not technically object to Mrs. Felton taking her seat and that, although they regard the issue as a question not of sex, but of law, they believe that she ought to be seated if she should present credentials before Mr. George, elected on Nov. 7 as her successor.

Another tangle is that from Iowa, where Brookhart was chosen Nov. 7 to succeed Senator Rawson. The Iowa canvass is not yet completed and Brookhart, it is said, will not be here for a week or ten days. Senator Cummins of Iowa is contending that in the meantime Senator Rawson is entitled to continue as a member of the Senate, but other Senators question this, contending that Brookhart's election and Rawson's legal exit date from election day.

Still another question concerns Senators Pepper and Reed, Republicans, Pennsylvania, both appointees to vacancies and both elected Nov. 7 for unexpired terms. The only question is that of arrival of their election certificates, but Harrisburg advices say that these will arrive here in time.

There is no question about the seating of Thomas F. Bayard, Democrat, elected from Delaware to succeed Senator Du Pont, for both the short and long term.

REA ASKS AN END OF LAW 'TINKERING'

Wants Legislators to Give Railroads a Chance to Cope With Present Crisis.

THEIR DIFFICULTIES MANY

Came Back From Federal Control in Bad Condition, He Tells Chicago Business Men.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—The great railroad problem in the United States today, said President Rea of the Pennsylvania Railroad in a speech before the Commercial Club tonight, is how to stop "tinkering" with the $20,000,000,000 railway system and so let the carriers earn enough returns to attract the "new capital" necessary to provide ample transportation facilities.

Mr. Rea said that poor equipment, following the end of Federal control of the country's railroads, the depression of 1921, the shopmen's strike and inability of the roads to expand, had resulted in serious congestion and placed unusual difficulties before the transportation systems of the nation in the closing quarter of the year.

The chief cause of the congestion, he declared, was the unremunerative returns to the roads.

"The political attacks on railroads, followed by restrictive and repressive legislation by Federal and State bodies; the pressure for reduced rates and the ruinously low investment returns allowed the railroads for over a dozen years have kept the development of roads below normal requirements in new lines, yards and equipment facilities," he asserted.

Government ownership was a ruinous experiment and slow Government settlements after the period of Federal control proved hurtful, Mr. Rea said. He urged lawmakers "to stop tinkering with the railroads as they will not be saved by legislation but by freedom to manage their properties under minimum reasonable regulation and to earn a fair return."

"The situation, present and prospective, is one that calls for the highest degree for mutual understanding, patience, tact and helpfulness. If the railroads of the country can be assured an average return of 5½ per cent. in good and bad years the foundation can be laid for railroad credit that will secure sufficient revenue to justify railroad expansion."

Speaking of the many troubles of the railroads, Mr. Rea said:

"Another factor is a change in our taxation policy. The widespread issue of State, municipal and other securities for unproductive enterprises, free from all taxes, encourages waste and should be checked. It is an injustice to the national Government, and is encouraging our people to make investments in tax-free securities and to make costly and unprofitable improvements, to the neglect of investments in railroads, farming and profitable enterprises."

RAILWAY ORDERS UNITE.

Industrial Unionism Object of Combination With 150,000 Members.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—The amalgamation of the United Association of Railway Employes of North America and the American Federation of Railroad Workers with a combined membership of 150,000 was announced today at the end of two weeks of conferences between the executive boards.

The new constitution of the consolidated body, which must be ratified by the membership in referendum vote, emphasizes three tenets: Democracy, industrial unionism and efficiency in industry. Industrial unionism, according to the announcement, is distinct from craft unionsim, which was declared to be "useless as a purpose and "results only in strife, dissension and disorganization."

The United Association was formed as a result of the switchmen's strike in 1920. The American Federation was organized in 1901 at Buffalo, originating among car department employes.

Tomorrow

SMITH'S SECOND CHANCE

What may be expected in New York during the coming term of Governor-elect Alfred E. Smith.

BONAR LAW'S TEST

Parliament's biggest labor bloc to test Bonar Law's Ministry; Lloyd George's role; review of new parties and personalities in the House.

IRELAND TODAY

Seumas MacManus, author of "The Story of the Irish Race," describes conditions in the Emerald Isle as observed on a recent visit.

PROHIBITION'S ISSUE

An anti-prohibitionist gives his views regarding the discontent which the Eighteenth Amendment has roused in some circles and its possible effect on the foundations of Democracy.

NEWCOMERS TO CONGRESS

Probability of blocs which will tend to hamper the present Administration and careers of new members of the House.

The New York Times

Reserve copy at your news stand today

CLEMENCEAU'S SHIP IN THE HARBOR NOW

Warm Welcome Awaits French War Premier on First Visit in Half a Century.

WILL BE TAKEN OFF LINER

After Greeting at City Hall Distinguished Guest Will Go to Home of Charles Dana Gibson.

Clemenceau's Ship Passed Hook Early This Morning

The French Line steamer Paris, on which Georges Clemenceau is coming to America, passed Sandy Hook at 2:30 o'clock this morning.

Georges Clemenceau, war Premier of France, will arrive here today on the French liner Paris for his first visit to this country in fifty-two years. He will speak in support of the League of Nations while he is here, the first speech to be in the Metropolitan Opera House on next Tuesday evening.

Ambassador Jusserand and a committee representing the State Department and several civic organizations here will go down the bay at 7 o'clock this morning on the Mayor's boat, the Macom, to take Clemenceau off the Paris at Quarantine, and he will be landed at the Battery at 9:30 o'clock. A mounted police escort will accompany the party to the City Hall, where brief ceremonies will be held in the Aldermanic Chambers at 10 o'clock.

On behalf of the Committee of Arrangements, Clemenceau will be presented to Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen and Acting Mayor, who will deliver a short address of greeting, to which Clemenceau will reply. A guard of honor of regular army soldiers from Governors Island will salute him at the City Hall Plaza.

After the City Hall ceremony, Clemenceau will be driven immediately to the home of Charles Dana Gibson at 127 East Seventy-third Street, where he will remain during his stay in this city. In his journey to the Gibson home his automobile will drive north in Lafayette Street to Ninth Street; west in Ninth to Fifth Avenue, and north in Fifth Avenue to Seventy-third. The Fifth Avenue Association and others have arranged to decorate the route.

Those who will greet him at Quarantine are Robert Woods Bliss, Assistant Secretary of State; Frank L. Polk, George W. Wickersham, Otto H. Kahn, Hamilton Fish Armstrong, Colonel E. M. House, Bernard M. Baruch, Stephen Bonsal and Alfred Meehan of the Department of Plant and Structures.

He will remain at the Gibson home until Tuesday, working on his Metropolitan Opera House speech and resting from his trip. On Wednesday night or Thursday morning he will leave for Boston, where his second speech will be delivered.

The Council of Foreign Relations reported last night that nearly all the seats in the opera house for Tuesday night had been sold, but that a few remained in the gallery. Some of those who have boxes for that evening are:

Mrs. Edward M. Bowditch, Otto H. Kahn, Mrs. George Peabody Wetmore, Mrs. James Byrne, Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Arthur Curtiss James, Edward R. Stettinius, Bernard M. Baruch, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Miss Mabel Choate, Judge Frank K. Pendleton, Miss Anne Morgan, Mrs. Leland Eggleston Cofer, Maurice Leon, Grover A. Whalen, Elihu Root, Mrs. John W. Davis, Frank L. Polk, Henry Morgenthau, Jr. and Mrs. Gilbert H. Gary, Mrs. Ogden Reid, Miss Jeannette Jennings, Miss Helen O. Brice, Robert W. De Forest, Thomas F. Ryan, Frank A. Munsey, M. Gaston Liebert, Clarence Mackay, Mrs. Gilbert Montague, S. R. Bertron, Mrs. James B. Haggin and Miss Georgiana Iselin.

M. Clemenceau will be the guest at a reception held by the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York next Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Chamber building, 65 Liberty Street. He will be introduced by Irving T. Bush, President of the Chamber, and will deliver an address. The Executive Committee and the Vice Presidents of the Chamber will act as a Reception Committee to the former French Minister.

The Executive Committee consists of Frederick H. Ecker, Thomas W. Lamont, William E. Peck, Delos W. Coons, David T. Warden, Thomas A. Buckner, Clarence H. Kelsey, Charles L. Bernheimer, Frederick J. Lisman, William McCarroll, Samuel W. Fairchild, William H. Porter, John Claflin, Alfred E. Marling, Darwin P. Kingsley, Captain John B. Trevor and Colonel Howard C. Smith. The Vice Presidents of the Chamber are John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Otto H. Kahn, Welding Ring, Alfred C. Bedford, William Woodward, Frank Vanderlip, Charles A. Coffin, Arthur Curtiss James, Elbert H. Gary, Leonor F. Lorse and Charles T. Gwynne will act as a Reception Committee to the former French Prime Minister.

CLEMENCEAU VISIT OPPOSED IN FRANCE

Semi-Official Hints Given That He Should Not Be Deemed Authorized Spokesman.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ON BOARD THE S. S. PARIS, BOUND FOR NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—"M. Georges Clemenceau et valet," as given on the passenger list of the Paris, is probably the most concise description that can be presented of the newest French mission to the United States. For M. Clemenceau, one of the authors of the Treaty of Versailles and former French Premier, whose political popularity waned suddenly, is coming to America unaccompanied by a suite of French officials, publicists and propagandists to explain the treaty as he knows it and also the ideals of his country.

His visit to the United States met intense official opposition in France. Many semi-official hints have been drawn out of French Government quarters that M. Clemenceau, now a private citizen, should not be accepted as an official French spokesman.

These attacks have rolled off M. Clemenceau's back readily as other attacks which he has encountered in his fifty-seven stormy years of political life. Apparently he believes that since he visits America in a private capacity he can have a freer hand in explaining his country as a private citizen to private citizens of another country.

While on shipboard M. Clemenceau has authorized no interviews, although he has remained as approachable as any other of the Paris's 300 first-class passengers. Those who have had daily chats with him, however, have received the impression that if the French Government or American "irreconcilables" fear any controversial revelations by the "Tiger" while in America, their fears will probably not be realized.

It is dangerous to hazard a prophecy along the lines of these impressions, for M. Clemenceau intends to speak for the most part extemporaneously while in America. Conceivably, this man, always an effective orator, a master of invective and biting sarcasm, might be carried away by a friendly audience to make a departure from his original plan of a calm non-disputatious exposition of features of the Treaty of Versailles, together with his views of the proper relations between the United States and France. On the other hand, since the end of the war it has been M. Clemenceau's habit to be a diplomat in public, leaving to private conversation his biting sarcasms that have reached the public second hand.

It seems undoubted that he is capable of making a strong impression on the American people. He has been an appealing figure aboard ship. Despite his 81 years, he seems to be one of the youngest in spirits aboard.

To Receive Official Welcome.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—By direction of President Harding, Robert W. Bliss, Third Assistant Secretary of State, will extend a welcome in the President's name to former Premier Clemenceau of France when the latter arrives in this country. Mr. Bliss will greet the French statesman when his ship reaches New York tomorrow.

Port authorities at New York were instructed today by Secretary Mellon to extend all courtesies permissible under the regulations to M. Clemenceau. Mr. Mellon arranged for the French Ambassador, M. Jusserand, and Assistant Secretary Bliss to meet the Paris at Quarantine, together with a special committee of welcome, including George Wickersham, former Attorney General of the United States; Frank L. Polk, former Under-Secretary of State; Edwin M. House, Bernard Baruch and Otto H. Kahn. M. Clemenceau is to be taken from the steamer at Quarantine.

SUPREME COURT HEARS CURTIS CONTRACT CASE

Validity of Publishers' Arrangements With Wholesale Distributers Is Attacked.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The validity of the contract of the Curtis Publishing Company of Philadelphia with its wholesale distributing agents was attacked in the Supreme Court today by Solicitor General Beck, who asked that the decision of the Third Circuit Court of Appeals, setting aside the order of the Federal Trade Commission, prohibiting such contracts, be reversed. The contracts, he insisted, were in violation of the Clayton act and constituted unfair methods of competition, tending to create monopoly.

Asserting that the Curtis Company "had no monopoly upon the youth of America," Mr. Beck insisted that the Court could not attach importance to the beneficence of the company in training schoolboys in its circulation department." The Circuit Court of Appeals had, he said, seemingly based its decision upon that feature of the case. It had, he asserted, in reaching its conclusions exceeded its authority under the Clayton act and had made findings of fact of its own instead of accepting as conclusive the finding of fact made by the Federal Trade Commission.

Dangers of monopoly in newspaper and magazine circulation were illustrated by Mr. Solicitor General, who stated that the Journal of Commerce in Chicago had asserted in litigation its inability to reach the public, due to the power of a distributing agency in that city and an understanding the agency had with the publishers of certain other Chicago newspapers. He expressed to the Court the hope that a case involving the controversy would soon be before it.

It was not the demand of the Government, the Solicitor General stated, that the Curtis Company should be compelled to cancel its contracts with all its wholesale distributing agents, who numbered more than 1,500. It did insist, he said, that the company should not be permitted to enforce its contract with 447 of its wholesale agents who prior to signing it had been wholesale agents for other magazines and periodicals which, under the terms of their present contracts, they are now prohibited from handling.

The circulation organization of the Curtis Company was presented to the Court in detail by John C. Milburn, who appeared as its counsel. Its present wholesale distribution method, he asserted, was the outgrowth of its development of schoolboys in the street sale and home delivery of its publications. When the company found it desirable to establish wholesale agents throughout the country to manage the schoolboy distributions within their respective districts, it selected in most instances, he said, older schoolboys and set them up in the business.

It was not until after competitors had attempted "on a raid" to take away from it some of its wholesale distributing agents and demoralize its organization, Mr. Milburn asserted, that the Curtis Company decided to prohibit its wholesale agents from handling, without its consent, the publications of rivals. The present force of Curtis wholesale agents, he insisted, were with practically no exception not acting in that capacity for any of its competitors at the time of entering into the agreement.

SEIZE AMERICAN IN LISBON.

J. H. Cody Is Arrested on Charge of Fraud in Washington.

LISBON, Nov. 17.—John Harry Cody, wanted in connection with a charge of defrauding the International Finance Corporation in Washington last April, was arrested here yesterday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—John H. Cody of New York, who has been arrested in Lisbon, was indicted by the District of Columbia Grand Jury Oct. 2, 1922, on a charge of false pretenses. The indictment alleged that on May 11 Cody was Treasurer of the Bordeaux and New York Trading Company, and that he represented to W. L. Batchelor, Treasurer of the International Finance Corporation, that the trading company had sold a consignment of sardines valued at $1,320 to Pender, Dilworth Company. Cody is alleged in the indictment to have received from the International Finance Corporation, which has offices here, $1,016.40 for the account. Later, it is alleged, the goods were sold for only $610.50. The International Finance Corporation, therefore, was holding what it regarded as a bill of goods for $1,320 when its actual value was but $610.50.

Ernest E. Herrell, head of the International Finance Corporation, said tonight that the arrest of Cody was made probably through the American consulate at Lisbon, to which a request had been forwarded by the State Department to apprehend the man. A request for the extradition of Cody to Washington for trial will be made to the Portuguese Government.

WALPOLE PRAISES RUSSIAN.

Calls Dostoivesky Greatest Author of Today, in Last Lecture.

Hugh Walpole, English novelist and literary critic, gave the last of his series of six lectures, yesterday afternoon, at the Broadhurst Theatre. He referred briefly to the lives and works of several novelists including Thomas Hardy, Joseph Conrad, Bennett, Wells and Galsworthy, so-called "realists," and Mackenzie, Beresford, Swinnerton, Laurence, May, Sinclair, Keys Smith, Ethel Sedgwick and Rose Macaulay.

Mr. Walpole said he refused to believe that authors of the future were going to disregard the human element and not strive to show that life is worth while. The tendency of modern authors, he contended, is to write dreary autobiographical rebellions against life. He said that he considers Theodore Dostoivesky the Russian novelist, greater than any author of our day.

$7,000,000 OIL CASH GOES INTO DIVIDENDS

Buckeye Pipe Line to Pay $25 a Share and Indiana Pipe $20 in Extra Disbursement.

LARGE SURPLUSES PILED UP

Distribution Is in Addition to Regular 16% Basis on Their Capital Stock.

BOTH IN STANDARD GROUP

Action Follows Declaration of $80 a Share by New York Transit and $15 by Northern Pipe Line Co.

Announcements of favorable dividend action taken by the Boards of Directors of many prominent corporations continue to flood the financial district. The chief announcements yesterday were those of two pipe line companies which make up the Standard Oil group of transportation companies.

The directors of the Buckeye Pipe Line Company declared a special dividend of $25 a share on the capital stock, payable Dec. 30 to stockholders of record Nov. 29, and the Indiana Pipe Line Company, which is controlled by the same interests, declared a special dividend of $20 a share, payable Dec. 30 to stockholders of record Dec. 1. Both companies pay regular dividends at the rate of 16 per cent., or $8 a share, annually on the capital stock of $50 a share par value.

The capital stock of the Buckeye Pipe Line Company amounts to $10,000,000, consisting of 200,000 shares of $50 each par value, so that the cash dividend of $25 a share will call for a distribution of $5,000,000, while the cash dividend of $20 a share on the $5,000,000 capital stock of the Indiana Pipe Line Company, consisting of 100,000 shares of $50 each par value, amounts to $2,000,000.

Both companies have been carrying a large surplus on their books for a number of years, consisting mainly of cash, high grade bonds and securities and accounts receivable. The fact that the surplus consisted chiefly of assets which could easily be liquidated made possible the distribution of a large cash dividend. In the case of the Buckeye Pipe Line Company, the balance sheet at the close of 1921 showed a profit and loss surplus of $9,829,898, whereas its cash and investment account stood at $9,699,939, indicating that almost the entire surplus was made up of the assets referred to. The Indiana Pipe Line Company at the close of 1921 reported a profit and loss surplus of $3,382,090, whereas its cash and investment account was $6,

MERCHANTS' DRIVE NETS 1,825 MEMBERS

Brings Association's List Up to 7,714 — Reports of Gains Bring Forth Cheers.

WILL ROGERS ENTERTAINS

Chief Speaker at Luncheon Comments Upon Politics and the World Situation.

Seven hundred and two new members were added to the Merchants' Association yesterday, the final day of the drive. The total of new members for the four days was 1,825, bringing the membership of the association to 7,714. It was the most successful drive of the kind ever held by the association.

The high team was No. 9, which turned in eighty-five new membership applications yesterday, a total of 123 for the four days. The members of this team are Bertram H. Borden, Rollin P. Grant, A. Keeney Clarke, James B. Erskine, John F. Birmingham, Edward P. Blake and George W. Bloodgood. There was continued cheering at the luncheon as team after team reported large gains in new members, and President Lewis E. Pierson of the association said:

"We have abundant reason to congratulate one another upon the achievements of the present week, but we must remember that we have led the community to expect much of us and we must make good."

The chief speaker of the luncheon was Will Rogers, who discussed the political situation, the world's outlook and the membership drive.

Will Rogers Greets the Members.

"It is wonderful," he said, addressing the new members, "to belong to something. Some people belong to everything in town but their own families.

"Out in Oklahoma, where I live, they are forming an Eagles' Lodge. We have prohibition in Oklahoma and Indian Territory and naturally we have the same amount of drunkenness that you have. There was an old fellow there who used to work among the oil wells and they asked him: 'John, are you going to join the Eagles?'

"'No,' he said, 'I am neither an Elk nor an Eagle nor a Shriner. I am just an ordinary drunkard.'

"But it is a great thing, this getting together at all these meetings and things like this. Now, there are a great many wholesale men, I understand, who belong to this organization. I am glad to be here because I want to meet you and see what kind of Shylocks you are, because every time we buy anything and kick on the price, the retailer says: 'It ain't me; it's the wholesaler that's doing it.' I want to see what kind of looking highbinders you are."

Reading over a booklet full of the achievements of the Merchants' Association, Rogers continued:

"There is only one thing in here I noticed you have not accomplished. I hoped that you could solve the Hall murder case in here, too. They are getting along fine on that case now in New Jersey. see where the two people that committed the murder are going into vaudeville until the authorities find out who they are.

"There is some talk of putting a detective on that case. That is only a rumor, of course. I don't blame those authorities. They have done all they could. They have asked everybody if he did it, and nobody says yes."

Says He Elected Mills.

Jumping to the subject of politics, Rogers complimented himself on having elected Ogden L. Mills to Congress by his famous speech in favor of Mills which, according to Rogers, caused Smith to offer him $1,000 to make a speech in favor of Miller.

"I wanted to see Mills get into Congress," explained Rogers, "because New York is a wonderful thing and everything, and we should have one man in Congress who owns his own dress suit."

Deploring the defeat of Frelinghuysen, Rogers continued:

"We not only lose the services of a congenial host and Senator, but one of the best yachts that was ever in the government service.

"In spite of the light wine and beer victories in several States, the wets will never get away with it. You know that after people have been drinking hard liquor for three years you will never get them back to light wine and beer. Miller made a great mistake," said Rogers, turning to the State election.

"Two days before election, he issued a statement to all the papers and said: 'Now, boys, I want the election to be on the square, no crooked business, everything to go straight and above-board.' He was sunk right then. You did not see Smith doing anything like that. Smith just said, 'Go ahead, get all you can and live up to the old traditional Tammany policy,' and you see where he finished.

"Now, I understand you are going to have Doc Copeland with you tonight. Now, Doc is elected to the Senate. That means an apple a day for all of us. I have a friend who has the best job in Washington. He has the empty bottle privilege in the Senate—about the best thing in concessions down there.

Comments on Foreign Affairs.

"They had an election over in England. Lloyd George seems to have kind of lost out. He stepped out a few weeks ago and the entire Cabinet went with him. It's funny we can't ever have any luck like that here.

"Turkey had some hard luck this last week. They had a war all booked, and it was canceled on them at the last minute. You know you can't get a war with Turkey on a minute's notice. You have to book it way ahead. They can look at their catalogues and tell you who they are fighting in 1930. They have so many wars, they say, like a baseball team, 'We lost five and won three, and we are still in the second division. Next year we will go out and try to do better.'

"England got kind of sore because we did not join in with Turkey on their last war. We can't go into another war. We are two bonuses behind the others already.

"Did you ever realize that Turkey is the only other prohibition country in the world besides us: Us and Turkey. There's a fine gang to be linked up with. If we enjoyed a few of their privileges, things would not be so bad. We enjoy them, but they are not legalized.

"I suppose in the last couple of days you have read in the headlines of the papers where the Christians have been asked to leave Constantinople. I suppose they will ask us to leave next."

Rogers said the membership drive had been a great thing for those who went out and hustled for new members. He quoted an official of the association as saying:

"Our members, Mr. Rogers, are business men, and they never set anywhere, even in their homes to their offices. During this drive they have had to go out on the street and we have had them come into our office and say, 'Where is Fourth Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street?'"

Reviews Association Booklet.

In his review of the booklet of the achievement of this association, Rogers continued:

"Under the heading of 'Traffic Bureau' they say here: 'It has furnished advice and assistance.' Well, now, that's a great thing. That's a tremendous help. There's nothing, you know, when a man's in business, and things look bad, like having an organization to come and advise him.

"Here we come to the work of the 'Litter Bureau.' It says you have employed 32,000 children to keep the streets clean. It says nothing about what you have done yourselves to help keep them clean.

"Here is 'Protecting the City's Water Supply.' There is not a great deal of credit due for that because there is such a small amount of water used here that it doesn't amount to anything.

"Post Office Department. I see you have improved that in some way. I noticed the other day that we had another mail robbery. That's one thing you never heard of during the Democratic Administration. You had no mail robberies. Robbers never knew when the mail was coming.

"I see here this bankruptcy thing. That is quite a vital thing with all of you because sooner or later you will all have that. Most successful men do."

On the speaking list Rogers was preceded by Lewis E. Pierson, President of the Merchants' Association, and William Fellowes Morgan, Past President of the association.

"No doubt they made very good Presidents," said Rogers. "Our Presidents are generally men that are not known very well. They get good men under them. They surround themselves with a good Secretary of State, and if anything is done they take a bow on it."

The following are the new members who were reported yesterday:

Abrams & Marcus, Joseph Marcus, 580 Broadway; shirt manufacturers.

Adams-Bach Handkerchief Manufacturing Company, Inc., Robert Adams, President, 99 Franklin Street; handkerchief manufacturer.

Adler, Cowen & Co., 30 Broad Street; bond brokers.

Ahlstrom, Carl F., President, Premier Pattern Printing Press Company, Inc., 33 West Forty-fourth Street; lithographing and printing press builders.

Alexander & Strasbourger, Julius Alexander, 110 Worth Street; cotton goods.

Alloy Metal Wire Co., Inc., M. L. Murray, Vice President, 5939 Grand Central Terminal; wire manufacturers.

Alberts Manufacturing Co., 119 West Twenty-fourth Street; brassieres.

Alwar Desk Co., Inc., Warren K. Rishel, President, 35 West Forty-fifth Street; office furniture and equipment engineers.

Atlas Stationery Corporation, Frederick Alfred, President, 52 Duane Street; jobbing stationers.

Ailing, W. M., 88 Leonard Street; hosiery commission.

Allied Mutuals Liability Insurance Company, J. Adolph Mollenhauer, President, 25 West Forty-third Street; liability and workmen's compensation insurance.

Ames, Edwin Ayres, Ostermoor & Co., Brooklyn.

American Gas Journal, Stanton G. Krahe, Vice President and Treasurer, 53 Park Place; publishers.

American Elevator & Machine Corp., J. D. Wilson, President, 113-117 Cedar Street; elevators and escalators.

Annetta Waist & Dress Co., Inc., Max H. Abeloff, President, 100 West Twenty-seventh Street; manufacturers of dresses.

Anconona, A., Inc., Alfred Anconona, President, 214 Thompson Street; baker.

Anglo-Indian Produce Co., Ltd., J. D. Teiden, agent, 2 Rector Street; import.

Anchor Saw Mills Company, G. W. Campbell, manager, 432 Washington Street; lumber products.

Apponang Company, The, Alfred L. Lustig, President, 320 Broadway; finishers and fine fabrics.

Appelton, William H., 115 Broadway; insurance broker.

Appel, M. & Co., 213 Washington Street; provisions.

Apffel, Phillip, Co., Inc., Phillip Apffel, 88 Vesey Street; optical lens grinders.

Aronson, Max, 229 West Thirty-sixth Street.

Arnesto Paint Co., Inc., Michael J. Merkin, President, 42 West Ninety-ninth Street; paints, enamels and varnishes.

Arnold, C. H., & Co., F. Percy West, President, 14 South William Street; importers.

Arco Manifolding Co., Inc., Hugo L. Bonn, President and General Manager, 17-23 Rose Street; printing, binding.

Asinof, Morris, and Sons, Inc., I. E. Harris, Manager, 801 Broadway; manufacturers boys clothing.

Associated Exhibitors, Inc., Arthur S. Kane, President; 35 West Forty-fifth Street; distributors of motion pictures.

Atwater, W. C., W. C. Atwater & Co., 1 Broadway; coal.

Ain, Wolf, Wolf Ain & Co., 385 Canal Street; cotton goods.

Baldwin, Edwin, 31 Nassau Street; lawyer.

Bassel, Charlotte, 21 East Twenty-second Street; manufacturer of woman's neckwear.

Baumgart & Musliner, I. Baumgart, 928 Broadway; shirt manufacturers and jobbers of outer knitwear.

Baschkopf, Henry, Inc., Henry Baschkopf, 45 Lispenard Street; manufacturers of jewelry.

Basser, Philip M., President, Bassers Textile Clearing House, Inc., 34 East Twenty-ninth Street; silk jobbers.

Banque Belge pour l'Estranger, New York agency, 60 Wall Street; bank.

Barstow & Co., George E. Barstow Jr., 18 Exchange Place.

Bayonne Steel Ceiling Company, Ernest H. Kratz, President, 217 West Nineteenth Street; metal ceilings.

Barnett Brothers, Maurice L. Barnett, 625 Broadway; manufactures of shirts.

Barr, William and Sons, Inc., Frank T. Baldwin, Vice President, 1538 Street and Lincoln Avenue; wholesale produce.

Bainbridge, C. H., 134 Montague Street, Brooklyn; insurance broker.

Baldwin, R. W., President and Treasurer Savage Manufacturing Company, 61 Leonard Street.

Barnett, J. H., and Brother, J. H. Barnett, 54 West Street; shirt manufacturers.

Bach Fur Company of New York, Abe F. Nachman, Secretary, 118 West Twenty-seventh Street; raw and dressed furs.

Baron, S. L., 120 Broadway; importer and exporter.

Bronson, Theodore L., & Co., Theodore L. Bronson, 120 Broadway.

Baker Company, O. D., Inc., W. H. Beckley, Vice President, 231 West Forty-fifth Street; bedding manufacturers.

Baldwin, William, & Sons, Inc., Bronx Produce House; potatoes.

Bank of the Manhattan Company, John S. Baker, Vice President, 31 Union Square.

Bartlett & Brownell, John R. Bartlett, 120 Broadway; lawyers.

Bankcraft Company, Inc., The, H. L. Lederer, President and Treasurer, 63 West Thirty-seventh Street; importers of souvenirs.

Baer Brothers Company, Inc., Joseph Baer, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street; Betty Wales Dress Shop.

Bascom, George J., President Bascom, Inc., 531 Madison Avenue; theatre ticket broker.

Benkart, F. J. & Co., F. J. Benkart, President, Produce Exchange; shipping.

Bendus, J. P., 26 Cortlandt Street; importer and manufacturer.

Beckmann, A. F. & Co., A. F. Beckmann, 2,331 Twelfth Avenue; chain grocers.

Beattie, W. J., Jr., W. J. Beattie Jr. & Co., 42 Broad Street; cotton cloth brokers.

Blough Manufacturing Company, O. N. Hobbs, 346 Broadway; manufacturer.

Bernstein, Louis, President, 1,567 Broadway; music publishers.

Benedict Brothers, Inc., James V. Burkman, President, 168 Fulton Street; jewelry.

Bernstein, Max, 273 West 125th Street.

Bing, Albert B., 52 Wall Street; insurance broker.

Bier, Arthur M. 725 Broadway; clothiers' trimmings.

Birns' Express, Inc., Milton Cohn, Treasurer, 16 Bridge Arch; truckman.

Bird-Archer Company, The, F. B. Bird, 33 Rector Street; boiler chemicals.

Blake & Bullard, Charles F. Blake, 99 Front Street; importers and jobbers green coffee.

Bloom, William, President, 38 East Thirtieth Street; manufacturers of knit goods.

Blue Brothers & Co.; Howland S. Davis, 5 Nassau Street; bankers and brokers.

Blau, L., & Sons, Inc., Joseph Blau, Secretary, 154 Avenue C; cleaners and dyers.

Blancke, Rudolph C., & Co., Rudolph C. Blancke, 40 Stone Street; flour.

Boas, Charles, Hudson and Boas, 21 East Seventeenth Street; cotton goods converters.

Bordon, A., Bordon Silk Company, 45 West Twenty-second Street; silk yarns.

Bornkessel, Harry, H. M. Bennett Company, The, 50 Lispenard Street; cotton goods converters and jobbers.

Bouvier, John Vernon Jr., 165 Broadway; lawyer.

Bondy, Hugo, 254 Fourth Avenue; manufacturers and importers of kid gloves.

Bonnell Electric Manufacturing Company, W. A. Bonnell, 104 Chambers Street; supplies.

Brazilian Mercantile Company, Inc., Leo Kohn, President, 44 Broad Street; exporter and importer.

Brown, Charles, & Co., Wallace M. Brown, President, 32 East Thirty-first Street; converters.

Bramblir & Hendrick, William Hendrick, 105 Madison Avenue; manufacturers of dresses.

Brand Brothers, Charles W. Brand, 841 Broadway; manufacturers of clothing.

Browne, Warren C., "The National Lithographer," 150 Nassau Street; publication.

Brickle, Samuel, 770 Broadway; play suits.

Briones & Co., Inc., T. E. Hanlon, Vice President, 25 Beaver Street; steamship agents and importers.

Braisted, H. E., & Co., A. J. Schwartz, Vice President, 32 Broadway; importer and exporter.

Bridgeford, J. R., & Co., J. R. Bridgeford, 111 Broadway; banker.

Brander Commission Company, J. M. Brander, 89 Worth Street; dry goods commission.

Brady & Bowman, Inc., M. Vincent Brady, 350 Madison Av.; real estate.

Bratter, William, Inc., G. A. Sueling, 2 Duane Street; printers, blank book manufacturers.

Brown, Benjamin, B. Brown & Sons, 50 West Seventeenth Street; manufacturers of bathrobes.

Buckley, J. W., Rubber Company, John W. Buckley, President, 69 Warren Street; mechanical rubber goods.

Butcher, L. H., Company, Inc., W. D. Schwartz, 259 Front Street; importers of colors.

Bull & Eldredge, Charles M. Bull Jr., 20 Broad Street; brokers.

Busch, J., 588 Broadway; silverware and cutlery.

Bamberger Brothers, 66 Broadway; brokers.

Campe-Davis-Blair Company, Inc., Henry T. Blair, 350 Broadway; hosiery.

Carey, Thomas F., Thomas F. Carey Company, 120 Liberty Street; railroad equipment.

Carbona Products Company, A. Winesburg, 304 West Twenty-sixth Street; drugs.

Cayanhat, David S., The Cayanhat Company, Inc., 301 Broadway; hats and caps.

Callan Brothers, Inc., Thomas J. Callan, President, 79 Nineteenth Street, Brooklyn; trucking and warehousing.

Campe, Emanuel M., 350 Broadway; commission merchant.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., 61 Poplar Street, Brooklyn; manufacturers of machinery.

Campbell, J. A. Jr., 120 Broadway; stock broker.

Chipman Chemical Engineering Company, S. M. Chipman, President, 136 Liberty Street; chemical engineering.

Chatham Hotel Corporation, James H. Faris, Treasurer and Manager, 33 East Forty-eighth Street; hotel.

Charter Oak Bond and Mortgage Company, Kort Berle, President, 5 West Fortieth Street; real estate mortgage bonds.

Chemical Catalog Company, Inc., The, Ralph Reinhold, Treasurer, 19 East Twenty-fourth Street; publishers.

Chapaul Company, Gad Bernstein, 71 Franklin Street; cotton merchants.

Child & Scott Company, E. T. Child, President, 112 Wooster Street; engineers and contractors.

Chatham Hotel Corporation, A. Eugene Kirby, Vice President and Manager, 53 East Forty-eighth Street; hotel.

Ciner Manufacturing Company, Inc., E. Ciner, President and Treasurer, 45 Lispenard Street; manufacturers of jewelry.

Clark & Hutcheon, Inc., Charles Clark, President, 880 Washington Street; wholesale fruits and vegetables.

Content, H., & Co., A. M. Wittenberg, 111 Broadway; bankers and brokers.

Cohen, A., & Sons, Harry Cohen, 50 Canal Street; silverware.

Consolidated Fire Alarm Company, R. D. West, Treasurer, 276 Fifth Avenue; fire protection.

Cox & Cox, 24 Pine Street; insurance brokers.

Comens, Henry J., 102 Chambers Street; delivery contractor.

Copelof-Stillman & Co., Inc., Maxwell Copelof, 20 West Thirty-third Street; coats and suits.

Coulby, Frank R., Coulby, Whalen, Inc., 353 Broadway; converters cotton goods.

Consolidated Brokers, Inc., E. M. Garfinkel, Secretary and Treasurer, 188 Reade Street; fruit brokers.

Coles, E. B. Company, Inc., E. A. Coles, President, Fulton Market; wholesale fish dealers.

Cohen, Ezra, Samuel Cohen & Sons, 30 East Thirty-third Street; "Sacson" porch and house dresses.

Coykendall, S. A., & Co., W. E. Coykendall, Vice President, 92 William Street; insurance brokers.

Connett, Burton & Co., Inc., William C. Burton, President, 17 Battery Place; export merchants and engineers.

Cohen, Morris, 100 Grand Street; cotton goods.

Consolidated Packing and Supply Company, 21 Barclay Street; packing (asbestos and rubber).

Cowen, Charles E., President, United States Title Guaranty Company, 32 Court Street, Brooklyn.

Croll, S. H., Wesnit Sales Corporation, Twenty-first Street and Fourth Avenue; commission merchants.

Crawford, Harden L., 50 Broad Street; bond dealer.

Croker National Fire Prevention Engineering Company, The, Edward F. Croker, President, 22 West Thirtieth Street; fire prevention.

Crabbs, Edward H., District Manager, the Philip Carey Company, 501 Fifth Avenue; asbestos, asphalt and magnesia materials.

Craib, Maben & Co., Alfred Maben, 85 Leonard Street; cotton converters.

Cragin, Mr. Calhoun, 71 Murray Street; gut strings.

Crocker, Wheeler Company, A. L. Doremus, Vice President, 30 Church Street; manufacturers.

Daisy Whitehead Knitting Company, Herman A. Sachs, 94 Leonard Street; hosiery commission.

Daly, John, 562 Fifth Avenue; jeweler.

Daniel, Barnett, 37 Maiden Lane; manufacturer of jewelry.

Densig, Levine & Densig, Morris Densig, 387 Broadway; manufacturers of clothing.

Darby, William E., 231 William Street; manufacturing printer.

Dauchy Company, The, George E. Harris, President and Treasurer, 9 Murray Street; advertising agency.

Day Brothers, Twenty-third Street and Sixth Avenue; furriers.

Dembits, A. & Co., Inc., Isidor Dembits, President, 101 Fifth Avenue; manufacturers of clothing, shades.

Demuth, William & Co., Leopold Demuth, 230 Fifth Avenue; manufacturers of pipes and smokers' articles.

Dierkinson Cord Tire Corporation F. S. Dickinson, President, 220 West Nineteenth Street; manufacturers tire machinery.

Dillon, John R., Treasurer, Butte and Superior Mining Company, 25 Broad Street.

Dohrmann, James L., 30 East Twenty-first Street; metals.

Doremus & Co., E. T. Tomlinson Jr., Vice President, 44 Broad Street; advertising agents.

Dorfman, Meyer, 583 Broadway; knitted outerwear.

Dow, Jones & Co., C. W. Barron, President, 44 Broad Street; publishers.

Drohan, John, 462 West Fourteenth Street; commission merchant.

Drug and Chemical Credit Association, Julius F. Klein, treasurer, 488 Broadway; credit information organization.

Duberstein, Jacob M., Jacob M. Duberstein Brother, 83 West Seventeenth Street; cloaks and suits.

Dunham, Thomas C., Inc., Marion McDonald, President, 68 Murray Street; paints and glass.

Dunn, L. M., Eastern district manager, Western Electric Company, 401 Hudson Street.

Dunne, F. L., & Co., 511 Fifth Avenue; tailors.

Duncan, John H., John H. Duncan, Inc., 361 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; general contractors.

Duren, George B., & Sons, 57 Leonard Street; dry goods commission.

Durham Realty Corporation, 511 Fifth Avenue.

Duro Pump Company, Herman E. Lauman, Manager, 50 Church Street; pumps and water supply systems.

Dwight & Scoville, Herbert Scoville, 67 Wall Street; attorneys at law.

Dwyer, James J., 6 Prospect Street, Brooklyn; cooperage.

Eastern Twine Mills and Superior Paper Company, 33 Great Jones Street; twine and paper.

Economy Clean Towel Supply Company, C. A. Maurice Jr., 18 Murray Street; towel supply.

Edey & Co., Fred., 61 Broadway; stock brokers.

Edmond & Benton, Inc., Edwin J. Naylor, Secretary, 17 Cedar Street; public accountants.

Ehlers, Albert, Inc., Albert Ehlers, President, 234 Pompkins Avenue, Brooklyn; wholesale coffee.

Eisenberg, S., & Sons, Louis Eisenberg, 10 Astor Place; importers and converters.

Elbschutz, Nathan, The Night and Day Press, Inc., 175 Wooster Street; printers, lithographers and engravers.

Eidlits, Charles L., Company, The, Charles L. Eidlits, President, 1,170 Broadway; electrical properties.

Electrical Press Association, Inc., The, Frank Kluising, President, 154 West 18th Street; printers.

Elk Leather Goods Company, Inc., Joseph Rosenberg, President, 130 West Twenty-ninth street; ladies' hand bags.

Elias, Harris, 265 East Broadway; manufacturers clothing.

Electric Hose and Rubber Company, C. P. Green, New York Manager, 165 Chambers Street.

Empire Floor and Wall Tile Company, Inc., J. B. Owens, President, 137 West Twenty-fifth Street.

Empire Syndicate, Inc., Emile D. R. Brownn, President, 220 West Nineteenth Street; manufacturers tire machinery.

Engel Company, Joseph, Inc., 134 West Thirty-seventh Street; clocks and suits.

Epstein, L. B., 940 Broadway; lawyer.

Erlanger & Goldstein, A. Goldstein, 99 Madison Avenue; waist manufacturers.

Erie & Calhoun, Martin N. Erie, Vice President, 312 West Seventy-second Street; real estate.

Everlast Sport Goods Company, Jacob J. Golomb, 278 Bowery; sporting goods.

Faber, Coe & Gregg, Inc., 30 West Thirty-seventh Street; imported and domestic cigars.

Fain Knitting Mills, Irving Fain, 226 Fifth Avenue; manufacturers and retailers.

Faiulah Paper Company, Charles Kinnerman Sales Manager, 1,648 Woolworth Building; manufacturers of paper and cardboard.

Farmer & Ochs, Inc., Henry Farmer, President, 56 Beaver Street; insurance brokers.

Fearon Brown Company, W. W. Nichols, Treasurer, 90 Wall Street; importers and exporters.

Federal Armored Cable Company, William H. Toop, 600 West Forty-eighth Street; manufacturers of insulated wire.

Feuley Company, Inc., The, Leo L. Papin, Treasurer, 10 East Fiftieth Street; art metal wares.

Feuerberg, Leo, 45 West Twenty-fourth Street; jobber of dresses.

Feiner, Maass & Skutch, 66 Pine Street; lawyers.

Feiner & Beans, Edwin M. Friedlander, 27 William Street; brokers.

"Fiat," Percy A. Feyser, Treasurer, 150 West Fifty-seventh Street; automobiles.

Field and White Company, William S. White, 116 Nassau Street; manufacturers of paper.

Fifth Avenue Bank of New York, Theodore Heisler, President, 580 Fifth Avenue; banking.

Finkelstein, Sam, & Co., Inc., Robert W. Foster, Vice President, 501 Broadway; cloaks.

Fisk Rubber Company, 256 West Fifty-seventh treet; tires.

Flesh, William B., & Brother, William B. Flesh, 427 Broadway; exporters.

Fold, H., & Sons, S. Fold, 1,150 Broadway; manufacturers of clothing.

Francis, Robert T., 55 Madison Avenue; woolen commission merchant.

Frank, William, Company, Inc., William Frank, 28 West Thirty-first Street; manufacturers of dresses.

Frankenthaler, Alfred and George, Alfred Frankenthaler, 120 Broadway, Room 1822; attorneys.

Freedman, Isaac, 14 Washington Place; manufacturer of clothing.

Friedlander, Oscar O., Company, 233 Broadway; importers of metal, special paper.

Friedsender, Oscar O., Company, William M. Friedlaender, 40 Murray Street; importers.

Friedman, William, Shirt Company, Inc., William Friedman, President, 50 Leonard Street; manufacturers of shirts.

Froelich, Monroe, Inc., Monroe Froelich, President, 3 West Thirtieth Street; manufacturers of talcs.

Fuller, Lewis C., Harvey, Fuller & Co., 33 Beaver Street; certified public accountant.

Fulton Trust Company of New York, Charles M. Van Kleeck, Second Vice President, 140 Broadway.

Garfinkel, Rosenblatt & Co., Charles Garfinkel, 30 West Thirty-second Street; cloaks and suits.

Gallagher, W. C. Gallagher & Thompson, 346 Broadway; selling agent hosiery.

Gato Cigar Company, E. H., Eduardo H. Gato, 16 Hudson Street; cigar manufacturers.

Gans-Burgauer Company, M. H. Gans, Treasurer, 56 Worth Street; cotton goods.

Galland, Hall, & Co., Preston K. Morrow, 456 Fourth Avenue; importers.

Gernarat & Co., Jacob, Inc., Jacob Gernarat, President, 377 Broadway; shirt manufacturers.

Gerber-Marks Company, 29 West Thirty-eighth Street; ladies' trimmed hat manufacturers.

Gearing, Henry, 73 Leonard Street; dry goods commission.

General Merchandise Exchange, Inc., Samuel Margolies, 11 West Nineteenth Street; general merchandise.

Gerrick Company, Edward, Inc., Isidore M. Gerrick, President, 35 West Thirty-second Street; ladies' dresses.

Ginsberg, Frank I., 50 Church Street; construction machinery.

Ginn & Co., Richard S. Thomas, 70 Fifth Avenue; publishers.

Ginsburg, Julius, Julius Ginsburg, 545 Broadway; jobbers dry goods.

Giannini, G. W., Inc., G. W. Giannini, President and Treasurer, 437 West Forty-second Street; engineers' electrical and mechanical supplies.

Giavi, Francis N., Inc., 100 Hudson Street; importers food products.

Glendenning, McLeisch & Co., Inc., A. G. Ritchie, President, 18 East Twenty-second Street; linen importers.

Globe Idemnity Company, A. Duncan Reid, President, Washington Park, Newark, N. J.; casualty and surety business.

Glemby, S., Son's Company, Inc., Louis Glemby, President, 12 East Twenty-second Street; hair nets.

Glauser Brothers, A. Glauser, 147 Hudson Street; dried fruit.

Gladstone, Samuel, 54 West Twenty-second Street; manufacturers cloaks and suits.

Glantz & Schreiber, William Schreiber, 127 West Twenty-sixth Street; manufacturers of cloaks.

Gmelin, A., 213 East Fifty-fifth Street; manufacturer skylights, &c.

Goodman Costume Company, William Slonlin, Secretary, 11 West Thirty-second Street; manufacturers dresses.

Goldwyn Pictures Corporation, Frank A. Godsol, President, 469 Fifth Avenue; producers and distributors of motion pictures.

Goldstone, Jacob, 15 Gateway; jeweler.

Gonzales Brothers & Co., 427 Broadway; export commission merchants.

Goldstein & Co., S. M., Inc., 160 Madison Avenue; importers chiffons and nettings.

Gorton, Charles E., The American Uniform Boiler Law Society, 258 Broadway; engineers.

Goldstein, Israel, The American Art Novelties, 3 West Twenty-ninth Street; importers of artificial flowers, beads, dress trimmings.

Golden Company, S. Herbert, S. Herbert Golden, 45 East Seventeenth Street; woolens.

Golden, John, 139 West Forty-fourth Street; play producers.

Goodbody & Co., 115 Broadway; brokers.

Goodman, Cohen & Co., Solomon Goodman, 71 Fifth Avenue; shirt manufacturers.

Gottlieb, Joseph, 66 Nassau Street; importer of watches.

Goodnight Robe Company, Arthur Ullman, President, 841 Broadway; manufacturer of pajamas.

Gropper Knitting Mills, Inc., Harry Gropper, Secretary and Treasurer, 262 Broadway; manufacturers knitted neckwear and novelty cloths.

Graves, Miles & Yawger, Harmon S. Graves, 111 Broadway; lawyers.

Greenbaum Manufacturing Company, The, Milton J. Greenbaum, President, 657 Broadway; clothing.

Gristed Brothers, Inc., Charles Gristede, 1,869 Park Avenue; chain grocers.

Green Felt Shoe Company, Daniel, E. Ralph Breck, Treasurer, Dolgeville, New York; manufacturers comfy slippers.

Coronet Costume Company, Joseph Greenberg, 130 West Thirty-sixth Street; manufacturers dresses.

Greenberg, Zagek & Co., 6 West Thirty-third Street; wholesale millinery.

Greuer, Louis C., Inc., 213 West Thirty-fifth Street; manufacturers dresses.

Guerin, T., 257 Fourth Avenue; woolens.

Guiney & Co., Charles E., Frank J. Bradley, 44 Wall Street; bond brokers.

Gunsendorfer Brothers, 690 Broadway; artificial flowers.

Gardiner, Harry, General Agent, John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company, 220 Broadway; fire insurance.

Harris, I. A., 148 Madison Avenue; dresses.

Haas & Schwab, Inc., Charles W. Schwab, President, 100 Gold Street; importers of hides and skins.

Harriman & Co., 111 Broadway; bankers and brokers.

Hanks & Montgomery, 234 Fourth Avenue; mill agents and importers.

Hathaway & Knott, George L. Hatheway, 16 Hudson Street; electrical merchandise.

Hartt & Lane, Inc., James J. Hartt, President, 780 Sixth Avenue; jobber of electrical supplies.

Hauptman, M., 253 Broadway; manufacturer of clothing.

Hanauer, Ignatein, Inc., Louis Hanauer, President, 136 Madison Avenue; manufacturers of children's coats and headwear.

Hebard, Arthur F., Vice President, Noiseless Typewriter Company, 263 Broadway.

Heinrich, Peter, L. B., & B. Heinry, 133 Front Street; sugar brokers.

Hentz & Nash, Inc., Aubrey S. Nash, Treasurer, 55 West Twenty-sixth Street; flower brokers.

Herman, Eugene A., Eugene A. Heilman & Co., 9 Washington Place; importers and converters of cotton linings.

Herzig, Peter, 25 John G. Garrish, Sr., Second and Provost Streets, Jersey City, N. J.; wholesale fresh cream.

Herzog, Samuel A., 299 Madison Avenue; real estate and building construction.

Henriette Coal Mining Company, George R. Byrd, President, 11 Moore Street; coal mining.

Hess & Hamilton, Victor R. Hess, 32 Beaver Street; sugar brokers.

Hershovits, Herman J., 35 Broadway; importer of clocks and novelties.

Hemphill, Noyes & Co., 37 Wall Street; bankers.

Heit, J., & Sons, Inc., Henry B. Rotberg, 205 West Thirty-ninth Street; cloaks, suits and dresses.

Hecht & Mendes, Inc., Henry Mendes, 87 Franklin Street; converters of cotton goods.

Hilldick Company, Walter H., Walter H. Hilldick, 286 Greenwich Street; cider and vinegar manufacturers.

Hildesheimer Company, J., David Friedman, President, 16 West Twenty-second Street; manufacturers of baby caps.

Hirsch, M., Shoe Company, Inc., A. Gabriel, 670 Sixth Avenue; retail shoes.

Hinck, Otto H., 63 Broad Street; cotton goods brokers.

Holoschutz, Ike, 208 Centre Street; hats.

Hogan-Levine Company, Joseph C. Levine, 100 Hudson Street; food brokers.

Holmes & Sons, Harry Horner, 30 Dister Avenue, Newark, N. J.; cut stone.

Honigman, J., H. Content & Co., 111 Broadway; bankers and brokers.

Horn, Schulein & Friedman, Inc., S. Schulein, President, 71 West Twenty-third Street; manufacturers fur knit goods.

J. C. Monier, Hooper (R. H.) & Co., 90 Wall Street; cotton broker.

Horvitz, Alex, & Son, Harry Horvitz, 41 West Twenty-fifth Street; woolens.

Hoffmann, Huber & Co., 268 Fourth Avenue; importers of handkerchief laces and embroideries.

H. P. Cigar and Cigarette Company, 500 Fifth Avenue; cigars and cigarettes.

Hudson, C. I., & Co., James F. Johnston, 66 Broadway; stock brokers.

Hunters Lumber and Supply Company, W. E. Code, President, Creek Street, Long Island City; lumber.

Hupfel Mushroom Plantation, 161st Street and Third Avenue; mushroom grower.

Hunt, Richard H., 28 East Twenty-first Street; architect.

Hubbart, J. L., Loh, Hubbart & Silverman, 726 Broadway; wholesale clothing.

Hudson, Wilbur G., Corporation, The, Wesley W. Burden, Vice President and Treasurer, 50 Church Street; contracting engineers

Hudson Convertex Company, Inc., Benjamin Shapira, President, 498 Broome Street; converters of textiles.

Hulett Motor Car Company, Inc., J. B. Hulett, President, 1,584 Broadway; motor cars.

Hyslop & McCallum, George K. Hyslop, 42 Broadway; accountants and auditors.

Hynard & Jung Company, Inc., William C. Hynard, 39 West Twenty-ninth Street; manufacturers women's waists.

Harrison, John T., Vice President Flynn & Harrison, 16 Liberty Street; insurance.

Ilsley, Doubleday & Co., Edward Earl, President, 229 Front Street; oils and greases.

Ilsley & Held Company, Harry R. Held, President, 178 East 124th Street; jobbers paints, oils and varnishes.

International Jobbing and Export Company, A. Segal, 602 Broadway; general merchandise.

International Ultramarine Works, Ltd., Frank A. Meyer, President and Treasurer, 542 Pearl Street; manufacturers of ultramarine.

International Overseats Corporation, H. C. Lutjen, Secretary, 11 Moore Street; export commission house.

Intertype Corporation, H. R. Swarts, President, 50 Court Street, Brooklyn; typesetting, typecasting machines.

Isaacson, Reuben I., L. Isaacson & Son, 23 Washington Place; boys' wash suits.

Jackson, Frederick W., Treasurer the Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn, 9 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn.

Jacobs, Louis, 115 West Twenty-ninth Street; manufacturer of ladies' silk negligee and underwear.

Jacob & Schey, B. A. Jacob Jr., 346 Broadway; commission hosiery.

Jacobsohn, M. B., President Metro Silk Mills, Inc., 285 Fifth Avenue; converters of silk.

Jandous Electric Equipment Company, Inc., Louis Freed, President, 100 West Thirty-first Street; electrical contractors.

Jarvis, James S., 66 Broadway; lawyer.

Jenkins, C. V., Treasurer, Utah Copper Company, 25 Broad Street; executive official.

Jess, Abraham, Treasurer, United States Raincoat Company, 20 West Twenty-second Street; manufacturer of raincoats and topcoats.

Jones, Montgomery & Co., Henry E. Montgomery, 74 Broadway; stock brokers.

Joseph, Samuel L., New York Life Insurance Company, 1917 Park Row Building.

Joseph, S., & Joseph, Inc., 23 East Twenty-second Street; importer and manufacturer.

Kahn, S. S., & Co., Inc., Horace I. Kahn, 22 East Thirty-second Street; manufacturers of infants' wear.

Kalish, Harry L., Textile Sample Card Company 17 Walker Street; sample card manufacturing.

Kalichoft Company, The, G. F. Kalkhoff, President, 216 West Eighteenth Street; printing.

Kaplan, G., Palm Knitting Mills, 140 West Twenty-second Street; knitted outerwear.

Katz, Samuel, 37 West Twenty-eighth Street; fur manufacturers.

Kaye, McDavitt & Sholer, 149 Broadway; lawyers.

Katz, Abraham, Company, Abraham Katz, 22 West Twenty-first Street; manufacturers of cloaks and suits.

Katz, S., & Co. (The Elite Works), H. W. Elkfelder, 105 Fifth Avenue; dress trimmings and novelty manufacturing and importers.

Kean, Joseph A., President, Kean, Watson & Moder, 79 Franklin Street; manufacturers, agents and importers of linens.

Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, 100 Hudson Street.

Kelly Fuller, H. H. Fuller, 90 Maiden Lane; underwriters.

Kenny, William J., Kenny Contracting Company, 541 Broadway.

Kent Machine Works, Inc., James W. Kent, President, 97 Gold Street, Brooklyn; manufacturers of machinery.

Kessler, S., 602 Broadway; manufacturers of silk ribbon.

Ketcham, C. W., P. R. Ketcham, 1,170 Broadway; manufacturer of architectural terra cotta and dealer in face bricks.

Kidd, T. P., President, Metropolitan Hotel Supply Company, 433 West Fourteenth Street.

Kippe, Limited, Frederic Soldwedel, President, 671 Lexington Avenue; antique dealers.

Kimmel, Benjamin, 145 West Twenty-eighth Street

MERCHANTS PRAISED AT MASS MEETING

Madison Square Garden Filled at 25th Anniversary of Association.

SPEECHES ARE BROADCAST

Addresses Made by Pershing, Smith, Barnes, Wheeler and President Pierson.

The Merchants' Association celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of its founding last night at a mass meeting which filled the floor and four galleries of Madison Square Garden.

The association was congratulated on its quarter century of activity in behalf of New York City by a list of speakers which included General John J. Pershing, Governor-elect Alfred E. Smith, Senator-elect Royal S. Copeland, President Julius H. Barnes of the United States Chamber of Commerce, and Harry A. Wheeler, former President of the Chicago Chamber of Commerce. The addresses of General Pershing and others were broadcast by the WJZ station at Newark.

A general program for the enlarged Merchants' Association was laid down by Lewis E. Pierson, President of the association, in his introductory speech in which he said:

"We must find homes for a population which has increased faster than housing accommodations.

"We must contrive to improve conditions in the building and construction material trades so that new homes may be built, and must strive for economy in government, to reduce taxes upon homes already in existence.

"We must endeavor, in every possible way, to correct the dangerous condition which now exists, where labor is penalizing other labor, and where the man of small means is compelled either to change to smaller quarters or to devote half his income to his rent.

"We must give intelligent attention to the relations between the public and the public's utilities and make it impossible for any group or section of our people to block the arteries of commerce, and deprive their fellow citizens of food, of fuel or of any of the actual necessities of life.

"These are problems which New York shares with all the nation, and in these, as in the local problems of the city, there are many ways in which a organization such as this, our Merchants' Association, may be of immediate and substantial service.

"With this broader horizon have come greater responsibilities. New York has become not only the port through which flows the major portion of the country's commerce, but also the financial centre of a world which today is looking to this country for direction and assistance.

"As in national and international affairs, so in the conduct of the individual business enterprises which radiate from the city the quarter century has brought a changed and better attitude, a broader and more tolerant viewpoint. Where, for a time, it appeared that the business of the country was tending toward centralization and monopoly, and where the rights of the individual seemed threatened by huge concentrations of power in the hands of a few, today a totally different conception fills the minds of the leaders of business.

"Thanks to the public spirit of these business men of New York who have devoted themselves to increasing the strength and usefulness of their organization, the Merchants' Association is today in a stronger position than ever before to discharge its responsibility to the city. And on this its twenty-fifth anniversary it pledges itself that in the years to come it will justify the toil and effort of those who founded it; that it will work with patient determination for sane and ordered progress; and that, in whatever line of task may lie ahead, it will strive to be worthy of the great city that it serves."

Barnes Pleads for Fair Play.

A plea for a national policy of fair play was made by Julius H. Barnes, who said:

"It is not fair play today that organizations of men, associated for lawful activities and rightful ends, shall stand unequal before the law, with exemptions for organizations of labor or organizations of growers. The time will come, and soon, when these inequalities will be removed, because they violate the fundamental human sense of fair play.

"It is not fair play that organizations of men shall deny the right to work to men of other views. It is increasingly clear that public opinion condemns organizations that, by force and violence, offend thus the public sense of fair play.

"It is not fair play when organizations, with whatever claim of proper purpose, avoid their own responsibility, by shrouding their identity behind the mask and hood. Organization of that character can maintain their existence only if the community depart entirely from the ideals which preserve fair play.

"It is not fair play if there can be evolved, either from human laws or from social custom, a system which would encase a man in the circumstances in which he is placed by accident of birth. In the old world this rigid caste system freezes into social strata, and stifles individual talent and ambition. It is, indeed, the cause of and the excuse for the injection into government of organizations frankly devoted to the interest of a single section of the people. But where no doors are closed by accident of birth or station against those possessed of superior ability or devoted to superior effort, there is no excuse for the formation of political influence on the basis of trade or social position. Labor parties or farm blocs have no lasting place under the American conditions of national fair play."

Pershing Urges Preparedness.

In his address, General Pershing drew from the experiences of the war lessons against the drift in unpreparedness. Recalling Bryan's famous declaration that, in case the country were threatened, a million men would leap to arms, General Pershing said:

"How different we found it in practice. It was a full year before we were able to arm and equip our army."

He said that, but for the armies of the Allies during the first year of the war he did not know what might have happened to America.

"That conduct of war is a big business enterprise," he continued, "was vividly brought out during the war and the preliminary preparation needed to carry it to success.

"It has been the prevailing custom of our people generally in times of peace to go about their several tasks with almost entire neglect of any consideration of the possibility of war. When it comes upon us our patriotism flares up and we become tremendously aroused, but when the immediate danger is past we immediately drop back into the old easy-going ways, serenely confident that the future will take care of itself or, in other words, that Providence will look after us, as it has always done in the past.

"Even now conditions here at home are such as to indicate the necessity of some reliable force to guard against unseen influence at work in our very midst. Many societies, mostly of foreign origin, are avowedly bent on the overthrow of our institutions and their replacement by some vague Soviet or communistic theory which has already destroyed more than one Government. These designing elements receive encouragement from a portion of our own simple people, who, laboring under some hallucination, cry out for disarmament on their part, foolishly thinking that the world would follow. Others are led astray by propagandists. All such tendencies are dangerous. So we really need this small loyal army of ours, not alone as a nucleus, but as something that can be relied on in a pinch."

Smith and Copeland Speak.

Governor-elect Alfred E. Smith, who was very hoarse and said that he had become extremely tired in the last few days of hearing his own voice, spoke very briefly, complimenting the Association on its twenty-years work and saying that he had seen the Association for many years at Albany always fighting the battles of the people of this city. Mr. Wheeler discussed the power of organizations like the Merchants' Association to serve the nation, as well as local communities.

Senator-elect Copeland spoke briefly, saying:

"As the temporary guardian of the health of this great metropolis, I desire to bear grateful testimony to what the Merchants' Association has done and can do for the good of this community. Last year, when I was so much disturbed by the entrance to this port of a ship carrying a number of cases of typhus—one of the most deadly diseases known to man—it seemed important to make an appeal to Congress to get funds to protect the American ports against the admission of this deadly disease. I thought of the Merchants' Association, and was amazed at the prompt and efficient action inaugurated by that body. Within twenty-four hours, every Atlantic seaboard community had been reached and the machinery was in motion for the correction of the defects."

Letters of regret were read from President Harding and Governor Miller. The West Point Band played and Frances Alda and Mario Chamlee sang.

TRAFFIC LEGISLATION DEMANDED BY M'ADOO

Chief Magistrate Wants Auto License Reform and More Crossing Policemen.

Legislation for the improvement of New York's vehicular traffic conditions, said by Commissioner Enright to be out of control under existing conditions, will be submitted at the next session of the Legislature, it was learned yesterday. Business interests and the public generally will be enlisted in a movement to seeks methods for immediate relief and also to prepare for the future.

Chief Magistrate William McAdoo, in a statement issued yesterday at his offices, 300 Mulberry Street, said that the changes suggested by Mr. Enright "would appear to be necessary." He added, however, that they would take years to carry out and that some immediate changes must be made by legislative action, particularly with regard to the licensing of automobiles.

Among the steps suggested by Commissioner Enright, in a speech before the Fifth Avenue Association, were the building of a viaduct from the Battery to Seventy-second Street, and the razing of the Sixth and Second Avenue elevated structures and the placing of the tracks underground.

Chief Magistrate McAdoo, speaking as one who has studied the traffic problem not only as Police Commissioner but also as head of the court where thousands of traffic cases are heard, declared that the situation is "acute" and required "immediate attention." He added:

"What are the things we would immediately do? First, convince Governor Smith and the Legislature that a radical change is to be made in the whole status of licensing machinery, a central authority at Albany that will do nothing but regulate licensing, with an ample clerical and field force to do the work—not a revenue producer, but a life-saver, that is what is needed. If the State cannot do this, then give the licensing power to the Police Department in New York City, or, if it is deemed desirable, create a licensing zone for New York City, which will include all of Long Island, Westchester and Rockland Counties; then police power to include all hack and taxicab licensing.

"Most important of all, put at least 1,500 policemen on dangerous crossings. There is no substitute for the individual policeman. Most of the killing of children occurs at crossings without police protection."

SAYS HE WAS DUMMY IN FIRM

Witness Asserts Fuller Partners Owned Stock in Clarkson & Co.

Charles A. Gillam, who was nominally a shareholder and director in the brokerage firm of Clarkson & Co., which failed in March, testified yesterday before Harold P. Coffin, the referee, that E. M. Fuller and W. Frank McGee, partners in the firm of E. M. Fuller & Co., who are now charged with operating a bucketshop, owned $35,000 worth of stock in the Clarkson firm. McGee, he said, did not want any one to know he was connected with the Clarkson firm, and a certificate for 350 shares of stock was turned over to Gillam, who later gave it to its rightful owner.

The witness declared he was only a "dummy" in the firm and only represented McGee's money. He said he knew nothing of the affairs of the concern.

"Isn't it true that the only reason Clarkson wanted to change the corporation into a partnership was to be able to hide some of the papers?" asked Saul S. Myers, the receiver.

"Well, at a meeting in February," said Gillam, "there was some loose talk about something like that."

Gillam said that McGee, in 1920, gave Mrs. Gillam an automobile worth between $6,000 and $7,000 for a birthday present. Gillam's machine, a less expensive one, was blown up in the Wall Street explosion, he said.

ASK SUPREME COURT RULING

Chicago Board of Trade Appeals on Grain Trading Act.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17 (Associated Press).—Test of the new Grain Futures Trading act was passed today to the United States Supreme Court by action in the Federal District Court here. Judge Carpenter denied the bill for an injunction filed by the Chicago Board of Trade, but continued in force a stay preventing enforcement of the law and granted an appeal to the Supreme Court.

Judge Carpenter denied a petition of the American Farm Bureau Federation to intervene in the suit.

The Board of Trade seeks to test the constitutionality of the new law, which supplanted the original Capper-Tincher act, nullified by a Supreme Court decision, which held various sections unconstitutional. The board alleges that the act gives undue powers to the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce and the Attorney General, the three officials named to compose a commission with control over grain exchanges.

BROKERS AND CLERKS FREED

Durell, Gregory & Co. and 16 Clerks Acquitted by Federal Jury.

The trial of Rhode H., John M. and Harvey N. Gregory, members of the brokerage firm of Durell, Gregory & Company, and sixteen stock salesmen and clerks employed by the firm, who were indicted on charges of having used the mails to defraud investors in the stock of the American Tire Corporation, which began six weeks ago before Federal Judge Foster and a jury, ended last night by the acquittal of all the defendants.

The American Tire Corporation, a Delaware concern, was not involved in the charges against the defendants.

Car Shortage 175,500 on Nov. 1.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—The car shortage, which continues to increase, was 175,500 on Nov. 1, despite the fact that during the two preceding weeks the railroads moved more carloads of freight than ever before in any corresponding two weeks of any year, according to a current issue of The Railway Age.

STONE MASONS LOSE FIGHT AGAINST TRIAL

Appellate Division Sustains Indictments Charging Unlawful Combination.

REVERSES LOWER COURT

Building Foundation Is Held a Commodity Within Meaning of Price-Fixing Clause.

The Appellate Division decided yesterday that a number of stone masons, indicted as a result of testimony given before the Lockwood Committee, who were members of the Stone Masons' Contracting Association, must stand trial on indictments returned against them for combining unlawfully to fix the price of laying foundations of buildings. The Appellate Division reversed the lower court, which sustained a demurrer to the indictments.

Justice Greenbaum, who wrote the Appellate Division opinion, said that the "practical effect of the agreement which is assailed is to prevent the builder from buying the stone, cement, or sand which enter into the construction of foundations from those who are engaged in the sale of these materials, and to enable the mason contractors to charge the builders therefore any price they see fit." Justice Greenbaum referred to the acts set forth in the indictments, and said that if proved, they would "establish an unlawful agreement among the defendants, and with others, for the purpose of creating and maintaining a monopoly in the production of what are known as stone and concrete foundations, by preventing or restraining competition in the construction of such foundations.

"The defendants contend," he said, "that a building foundation is not an article or commodity in common use within the meaning of the act upon which the indictment is based. It is undoubtedly true that the word 'commodity,' in ordinary parlance, refers to merchandise or movable personal property. But as a matter of fact it has a much wider significance than the popular idea of what is meant by a commodity.

"The purposes and methods of the Stone Masons' Contractors' Association as set forth in the indictments demonstrate beyond cavil a scheme to circumvent the Anti-Monopoly Legislation of this State. There can be no doubt that the members of the Contractors' Association, by their agreement, intended among other advantages to control the price of materials which enter into the construction of foundations, by the device of a fixed sum per cubic foot."

BISHOP SLATTERY IS WITNESS FOR WILL

Declares Miss Emily Southmayd Was of Sound Mind When She Made Her Testament.

Bishop Coadjutor Slattery of Massachusetts, who was formerly rector of Grace Church, was a witness yesterday at the trial of the contest of the will of Miss Emily Southmayd before Surrogate Foley and a jury. He was called to testify that Miss Southmayd was of sound mind at the time she made her will, in which she gave her pew in Grace Church and $30,000 to her attorney and adviser, Allen W. Evarts.

Bishop Slattery testified that he had known Miss Southmayd for ten years prior to her death, and told of a letter she wrote from her Summer home in Massachusetts giving $200 to a fund for one of his assistants who was celebrating an anniversary at Grace Church. She asked that the money be given in new bills and that her name be withheld, because of her belief that the recipients of such gifts should not know the donor. Bishop Slattery said that he always visited Miss Southmayd unannounced, and that she walked quickly and in an alert manner when she entered the room. He said her attire was "trim and neat and personally attractive." She "dressed and acted like a lady," the Bishop said. He said that Miss Southmayd's conversation was correct, and that she took the initiative when he talked with her.

Bishop Slattery said he talked with Miss Southmayd about her relatives, some of whom are contesting the will, because they were parishioners of his, and she told him that although her brother, Charles F. Southmayd, gave her his largest estate, she felt that he would wish her to make provision for them out of it, so she gave them a total of $900,000. He stated that while her Summer place at Stockbridge, Mass., was extensive and elaborate, the furnishings were not in the fashionable mode. Miss Southmayd would not tolerate steam heat, but provided a fireplace in each room.

He testified that Miss Southmayd told him she gave away so much of her income to poor and unfortunate persons that she had not as much when she was young and lived on an allowance given by her father. He said she impressed him as being "exceedingly rational." He said he always sent anniversary letters to her on the day of her brother's death because it was his practice to do so for all parishioners.

The trial will continue on Monday.

HINTS AT BOOK CENSORSHIP

Vice Society Secretary Warns Publishers of License System.

John S. Sumner, Secretary of the Society for the Prevention of Vice, hinted at State censorship for books in an address at the City College Club last night. After citing several individual expressions of disapproval of certain books and prosecutions of publishers in Cambridge and Chicago, Mr. Sumner declared that "public sentiment was waking up." "It indicates very clearly," he said, "that people are realizing the fact that there is a great deal of obscenity in literature." He declared that if publishers and booksellers were not mindful of their legal and moral responsibility, there was the possibility of a licensing system for them, under which they would have to give bond and by which their sale of certain books would make their licenses revocable.

Jonah Goldstein, attorney for Thomas Seltzer, the publisher, in a prosecution last Summer, said that Mr. Sumner had taken action against books that had already been passed by the United States postal authorities, that judges disagreed about the decency of books, and that minority viewpoints must be respected. He said the spirit of intolerance in personal matters and in the whole range of censorship was "analogous to the work of the Ku Klux Klan."

Canadian Pacific Reopens Shops.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Nov. 17.—The Canadian Pacific Railway has decided to reopen its coach shops, closed down for some weeks, from coast to coast. By the end of the month all men recently thrown out of work will have been re-employed.

We Lead World in Wheat Production

OTTAWA, Nov. 17.—The United States leads the world in wheat production this year, with 816,123,000 bushels, and Canada is second with 388,778,000, official figures made public today showed that India was third with 366,331,000 bushels, and France fourth with 333,380,000. Last year, France held second place, leading Canada by about 29,000,000 bushels.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—6¼ per cent. for the best names. Thursday—6¼ per cent. for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

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Coal Situation Less Tense.

While no let up in the demand for the domestic sizes of hard coal has occurred, Seward's Journal will say today, the trade is perhaps inclined to take a calmer and more hopeful view of the future. The situation has not become so acute as many had feared it would be by the middle of November and with the lake season about to close, it is felt that there is a fair chance of getting through the rest of the Winter without the worst apprehensions being realized. Of course, a great deal will depend on the weather. In the bituminous market there seems to be a little more firmness to prices, particularly for the better grades.

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Gray Goods Prices Steady.

Gray goods prices continued steady in this market yesterday, but the volume of business transacted was not large. Most first hands held 39-inch 68-72s at 11¼ cents for spot and contract shipments, but second hands sold goods an eighth under that figure. They also sold 39½-inch 64-60s at 9½ cents, which was an eighth under the first-hand asking price for that construction. Sheetings were quiet, with 48-square and 56-60 four-yard cloths held respectively at 11⅝ and 11¼ cents. Sales of 36-inch 8.50-yard sheetings were put through in a small way at 6¾ cents. Sateens continued quiet but firm on the basis of 18 cents for 39-inch 4.20s.

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Fibre Silks for Spring.

Manufacturers of fibre silk fabrics have been gratified by the response they have met with in booking orders for Spring. Artificial knitted fabrics for the dress, suit and blouse trades, especially, have been excellent sellers. It is expected that the coming season will be one in which there will be more use of artificial silk cloth than ever before. Not only is this declared true but, in addition, there are available for Spring, designs and weaves that are distinctly new and indicate a marked advance in the production of these fabrics. Prints, as in the case of broad silks, will receive no small degree of attention in the fibre fabrics, and they have been turned out in novel Egyptian and Chinese effects.

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Fire Drills for Bookkeepers.

One of the prominent local retail shops which does a large charge business, recently installed in its bookkeeping department forty individual fireproof safes, or one for each bookkeeper. Doing so much business on credit, the shop cannot take the chance of any of its "live" records being consumed by fire, and the safes were installed to guard against their loss in this way. The records of each bookkeeper are deposited in her own safe at the close of business each day, and frequent drills are held to insure speed in putting them away in case of fire. It has been found that this takes less than one minute. Were it necessary to deposit all the records in a single safe, the mad scramble of the forty bookkeepers and the probable resultant loss of data are not difficult to imagine.

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Buyers' Club Dinner Coming.

The first dinner of the recently organized Associated Buyers' Club will be held at the Hofbrau Haus next Tuesday at 7:30 P. M. About 100 members and guests are to be present, and among the speakers will be Lew Hahn, managing director of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, and Max Lachman, Vice President of the Wool Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association. The membership of the club, which is primarily a social organization, is made up at the present time of buyers employed by resident buyers in this city. It is possible, however, that it may be opened in the near future to the resident buyers themselves and to buyers for out-of-otwn stores that are represented by them in this market. Edward Bromberg, who is associated with Weill & Hartman, is in charge of arrangements for the dinner, which it is planned to make an annual affair.

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Expect Suit Demand To Increase.

The inactive business which retailers have experienced in men's suits has caused few re-orders of this merchandise to be made. There has, however, been little accumulation of goods in the hands of manufacturers owing to the cutting-up policies pursued. Overcoats have had the call almost to the exclusion of suits, but this is not a condition that wholesalers believe will continue. The point is made that many men consider first the purchase of an overcoat in their Fall buying, and this is followed by the outlay for the suit. But after the money spent for the overcoat is disbursed, a period must usually elapse before that customer is in the market again for a suit. This is the case even though the latter is necessary. A new overcoat in many cases serves to lengthen the life of a worn suit. But as this is only temporary, the opinion has been expressed that a late and more active suit demand will be felt by retailers.

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Fall Garment Buying Incomplete.

Despite the fact that Spring and resort wear is now being shown in the coat and suit trade, wholesalers still expect a considerable volume of business for the present season. For reasons which are well known, the buying thus far has been backward, but only a small portion of the retailers' requirements has really been covered. There is also said to be for the expectation that when the weather really gets cold there will be a last-minute rush for merchandise. The wholesalers are keeping a good weather eye on this business, but they expect to get a large volume for this type of merchandise, if not, in some cases, slightly higher than what the opening prices were. They have arranged it so as to have no cutting up of piece goods beyond the actual demand, leaving no chance for surplus garments or "jobs." They say this policy has been justified by the development of the present season, and that the industry would have been severely injured if previous methods had been pursued.

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Encouraging Lace Situation.

Lace dealers here said yesterday that there had been a notable improvement in sales this Fall as compared with the last two years. There was a sound basis, they added, for believing that a further development of this trend would take shape in the Spring. One of the leaders in point of sales is the Spanish lace in flounces and all-overs. The buying of this, however, has been largely confined to the domestic kind, which wholesales at about $1.25 per yard, although there has also been a fair call for imported stuff up to $5 per yard. Blacks have predominated from the standpoint of color, with brown and navy following. Metal laces in gold, silver and steel have received no small degree of attention in widths up to 36 inches and also in all-overs. Filet laces have sold freely up to 15 inches, the vogue of the berths being no mean factor in the added sales of this type. It has also been in demand in the narrow sizes from the blouse and lingerie trades.

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Jewelers Win Another Case.

Another battle in the campaign of the National Jewelers' Board of Trade against persons who issue false financial statements in order to obtain merchandise or credit will end today when Leon Proujansky, formerly President of the Conjoint Jewelry Corporation, will appear before Supreme Court Justice Edgecomb for sentence, following a plea of guilty on this charge. The punishment prescribed for the offense is one year in jail or a fine of not more than $1,000, or both. The conviction of which the accused was the head failed in September, 1920, a few months after the issuance of a financial statement signed by him that showed a very healthy condition of business and on the strength of which a large amount of merchandise was obtained. Later, an exhaustive examination of the matter by Greenbaum, Wolff & Ernst, attorneys for the Board of Trade, brought out facts sufficient to warrant the presentation of the case to the District Attorney. A Grand Jury indictment was obtained over a year ago, and on Wednesday last the accused changed an earlier plea of not guilty to guilty.

JAMAICA WINS GAS SUIT.

Appellate Court Approves Public Service Commission Order.

An order of the Public Service Commission directing the Woodhaven Gas Light Company to extend its mains in the Fourth Ward of Queens so that the old town of Jamaica may be served with gas was sustained yesterday by a unanimous opinion of the Appellate Division.

The opinion of the court, written by Justice Alfred R. Page, said that while the extension called for in the order of the commission would be expensive, the company would benefit eventually by the increased number of its consumers. Attention was called to the fact that the company holds a valuable franchise giving it the exclusive privilege of supplying gas to the residents in the section affected. It is also pointed out that the Woodhaven company is owned by the Brooklyn Union Gas Company and that the latter company makes the gas which the Woodhaven company distributes.

Men's Wear Accessories.

Men's wear retailers at the present time are directing their attention to the probable sales during the holidays of certain accessories, including separate belt buckles, medium-priced jewelry, silk garters and like merchandise. That there will be better sales of such goods, which can be included in the gift category this Christmas than was the case last year is taken for granted. In any event, retailers have ordered these goods more liberally, and, in certain instances, the average retail price limit will be higher than during the last holiday period. In particular, the sale for the separate buckle, together with the belt strap, has been in excess of last year, and the makers are described as putting the factories on an overtime schedule. In most instances this type of goods is being especially packed in attractive boxes, largely to attract the women customers who are shopping for gifts for their menfolk.

New Millions for Canada Telephone.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Nov. 17.—The Bell Telephone Company of Canada today announced that an issue of $6,408,000 of new capital stock will be alloted to shareholders in proportion of one new share for each five old. The forthcoming issue will make a total of over $11,000,000 new stock issued since the beginning of the year, and will bring the total outstanding up to $38,448,000. Proceeds are being used to complete an automatic system.

THE WEEK'S PRICE TREND.

Among the Advances Those of Foodstuffs Figured Largely.

Although there was practically the same number of changes in Dun's list of minimum wholesale prices this week as last, the current list shows a slightly greater excess of advances over declines. In this week's list there was a total of 65 fluctuations, and of these 41 were advances. The rises in the foodstuffs, numerically, were nearly triple the declines.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	$2.50	$2.50	$5.50
Beans, m., c., 100 lbs.			8.00
Butter, cream, ex., lb.	.50	.49½	.44¾
Do S. D., c. to f., lb.	.32	.34	.33
Cabbage, bbl.	1.00	2.00	2.00
Cheese, W. m. f. sp., lb.	.30½	.30½	.19½
Codfish, (Gt. Bks.), 100 lbs.	8.50	8.50	9.00
Coffee, Santos No. 4, lb.	.15	.15	.11¾
Eggs, near-by, fan., doz.	.60	.60	.55
Onions, bag	1.25	1.25	3.00
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	7.50	7.00	5.75
Potatoes, bbl.	3.00	3.00	5.00
Rice, head, lb.	.07	.07	.07¾
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.23	.21	.16
Do Japan, best, lb.	.50	.50	.50
Bacon, 140s, down, lb.	.19¾	.19¾	.19¾
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	11.00	10.00	6.75
Hams, sm. in use, lb.	.17	.17	.17¾
Mess, live, 100 lbs.	8.00	8.35	6.70
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	5.00	7.00	5.00
Barley, malting, bu.	.61	.61	.60
Hay, No. 1, 100 lbs.	1.35	1.35	1.25
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.03¾	1.00	.97¾
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.20	.20	.17
Copper, electro, lb.	.12½	.12¾	.13¾
Lead	.07¾	.07¾	.06¼
Brown sheet, lb.	.15	.15	.12
Cloths, pr., 64x90, yd.	.10	.09¾	.09
Hides, pack, No. 1, lb.	.25	.23	.15¼
Do, cow, No. 1, lb.	.21	.21	.13¾
Leath., sn.Bns., d., lb.	.23½	.24	.24
Rubber, up-riv, fine, lb.	.50	.40	.42
Plate, 1st lstrs cr., lb.	.34½	.22½	.18
Silk, Ching, st. fil. 1st, lb.	9.00	9.25	7.25
Silk, Japan, fil. No. 1,			
Sisalhi, lb.	8.80	8.80	6.80
Wool, dom., avge q, lb.	.774	.774	.418

Of the eighteen changes in the foodstuffs this week thirteen were upward. All of those in the local market for provisions were advances. Spring patent flour was 10 cents a barrel higher, while 5 cents a barrel was the advance in the Winter straights. Middle Western lard also went up. At Chicago live beef and sheep were higher, but live hogs declined. Mess pork and short ribs did not change there.

The dairy products list was fractionally higher for the better grades of butter. Fancy near-by eggs brought 60 cents a dozen to a point substantially under the corresponding 1921 price. Fresh-gathered firsts, on the other hand, advanced 5 cents a dozen. No change was shown in the cheese.

Advances in oranges and lemon peel were the only changes seen in the dried fruits this week, while the listed fresh fruits were bare of changes. This was true of the vegetables list also excepting for a rise in Scotch peas and another decline of 25 cents a barrel in cabbage.

The beverages showed 4 further rises in fair Formosa tea and a decline in No. 7 Rio coffee. The spices were unrevised, and the same thing was true of raw and refined sugars. Salt Norwegian mackerel declined.

Changes in the grains this week were confined to advances in wheat, corn, oats and rye. The leather list was bare of changes either way, but declines in the hides were seen in No. 1 extremes, No. 1 kips, No. 1 calfskins and Chicago city calfskins.

Fewer revisions were seen in the drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils than for some time. There were but twelve of these, and only three of them were declines. Features were again lacking. Further declines in resin and turpentine were seen in the naval stores.

None of the major articles in the metals was higher, but in the minor ones advances were seen in copper, lead and spelter. The declines took place in four of the five listed kinds of pig iron and in furnace coke and tin.

In the miscellaneous changes were a drop in common Hudson River brick and an advance in domestic sulphite pulp. Plantation crude rubber was higher, while the best grade of Brazillian rubber declined. Both Japanese and Chinese raw silks were cheaper, the break in the former quite sharp. Several grades of wool were higher.

The week in the textiles brought higher prices in several directions, principaly in the colored cotton goods. Gray goods showed some advance over last week's level, with further increases prevented for the time being by resales from second hands. Nothing of material interest was brought out in the silks and woolens, but quite a sharp rise in prices featured burlaps. The local rise was in direct sympathy with the marked upturn at Calcutta.

Albany Calls For Bank Statements.

ALBANY, Nov. 17.—The State Superintendent of Banks today issued a call for the condition of State banks, trust companies and private banks at the close of business Nov. 15.

BUSINESS RECORDS

Failures of the Week.

BRADSTREET'S reports 578 failures for the week in the United States as compared with 574 for the previous week and 474, 207, 110, 122 for the corresponding weeks 1921, 1918, 1915. The New England States had 32, Middle 103, Western 73, Northwestern 43, Southern 82, Far Western 45, Canada had 68, against 57 for the preceding week. In the United States about 87.8 per cent. of the concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 18.7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Equity Receivers.

NORTHWEST TRADING CO.—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Gordon Aushincloss receiver for the Northwest Trading Co., importers and exporters, of 233 Broadway, under $10,000 bond in an equity proceeding filed by Donald W. Hartzell, majority stockholder in the corporation, who also alleges a claim for loans amounting to $37,640. The company has been in business since 1913 and maintains branch offices in London, Seattle and other cities. The liabilities are said to be $180,000 and assets $250,000, but the company is said to be short of cash and other liquid assets to meet maturing obligations. The company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Washington with an authorized capitalization of $500,000.

THE RELIANCE ANILINE COLOR & CHEMICAL CO., INC.—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Ben A. Matthews receiver for The Reliance Aniline Color & Chemical Co., of New York and Poughkeepsie, under $10,000 bond in an equity proceeding filed by the Paterson National Bank, which asserts a claim of $5,000 against the corporation, which is capitalized at $525,000. The liabilities are said to be $46,000 and assets about $120,000, but the corporation is reported to be unable to realize on its assets to meet maturing obligations.

Petitions Filed.

MANHATTAN PIGGLY-WIGGLY CORPORATION—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Manhattan Piggly-Wiggly Corporation, with offices and warehouses at 1 Twenty-seventh Street and Fifth Avenue, operating a chain of retail grocery stores throughout the country, by these creditors: Lorraine Electrical Engineering Company, $2,200; Leo Lemelson, $1,500; Charles Kuster, $400. Judge A. N. Hand appointed Percival Wilds receiver, under $25,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $1,250,000, and assets about $150,000.

DREYFUSS COSTUME CORP.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Dreyfuss Costume Corporation, manufacturers, at 16 East Thirty-third Street, by these creditors: Tillie Wanuck, $945; Lewis Markham, $270; Elsie L. Finestone, $102. It is stated the liabilities are about $115,000, and the assets about $10,000.

BROD, LAPIDES, BROWN, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Brod, Lapides, Brown, Inc., cloak manufacturers, at 24 West Thirty-first Street, by Alex Berman on a claim of $1,700

FLIGEL & SON—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Bernard I. and Mitchell Fligel, composing the firm of Fligel & Son, raincoat manufacturers, at 40 East Twelfth Street, by these creditors: Samuel Skolnick, $300; Isaac Schnapper, $288; Beatrice Blumenstock, $200. It is stated the liabilities are about $15,000, and assets about $2,500.

LENA POLLACK—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Lena Pollack, dealer in shoes, at 91 Bowery, by these creditors: Thomas D. Delmidler Shoe Company, $775; J. E. Bates & Co., Inc., $170; G. & S. Shoe Company, $206.

LOUIS RINGLER—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Louis Ringler, grocery and dairy products, at 302 East Fifty-third Street, by these creditors: Abraham Goldstein, $325; Zenith Butter and Egg Company, Inc., $600; B. Chesaman & Son, Inc., $141. Judge A. N. Hand appointed Harry Caplan receiver under $1,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $8,000, and assets about $2,500.

DAVID BERKOFF—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against David Berkoff, dealer in furniture, at 58 First Avenue, by these creditors: Faribault Furniture Company, $474; B. Weiss & Co., $91; Hyman B. Tarter, $25.

ABRAHAM BILOWITZ, dealer in butter and eggs, at 517 East 137th Street, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $12,768 and assets of $6,779, main item of which is accounts, $3,961. Principal creditors listed are Ficker, Coffin & Co., $2,600; Murray Bilowitz, $1,500, secured; M. Sass, $2,000, secured.

GEORGE EISENBERG, doing business as Imperial Slipper Manufacturing Company, at 186 Chrystie Street, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $2,753 and assets of $2,989, main items of which are accounts described as uncollectable, $1,525; fixtures, $1,000.

JOSEPH H. MAGENHEIM, 1,369 East Third Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $10,475 and assets of $300.

Assignment.

JULIUS GREEN, dealer in groceries at 278 East Third Street, assigned yesterday to Max Seldenbaum of 321 Stone Avenue, Brooklyn.

Receivers Appointed.

PATSY CROCE—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Walter M. Jacobson receiver for Patsy Croce of 509 South Broadway, Yonkers, under $500 bond.

WELL-MADE FURNITURE COMPANY, INC.—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Bertha Hembaugh receiver for the Well-Made Furniture Company of 120 East 125th Street, under $1,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $20,000 and assets about $3,000.

WILLIAM H. DAGGITT'S SONS—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Thomas Cuff receiver for William E. Daggitt Sons, manufacturers of soap, at 385 West Twelfth Street, under $2,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $15,000 and assets about $10,000.

FIRST AVENUE BARGAIN STORE—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Julian Hartridge receiver for the First Avenue Bargain Store, of 173 First Avenue, under $1,500 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $30,000 and assets about $7,500.

ABRAHAM LUBIG—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Henry Caplan receiver for Abraham Lubig, converter of cotton goods, at 497 Broadway, under $1,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $20,000 and assets about $8,000.

EPSTEIN & TIEGER—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed John L. Lyttle receiver for Epstein & Tieger, retailers of cloaks and suits, at 50 Division Street, under $1,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $20,000 and assets about $3,000.

IGNATZ NOSCHES—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Richard O. Smith receiver for Ignatz Noschkes, woolen jobber, at 11 East Twenty-second Street, under $1,000 bond.

THE MARTEN PISTON RING CORPORATION—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Walter L. Bryant receiver for The Marten Piston Ring Corporation, of 416 Broadway, under $1,000 bond.

Schedules in Bankruptcy.

MAYER BROTHERS, manufacturers of suit cases, at 136 Ludlow Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $9,987 and no assets.

Composition.

HARRY FRANKEL, manufacturer of clothing, at 34 Waverly Place, yesterday effected a composition on a basis of 50 per cent.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 17.—The H. Duane Clark Trunking Company of Syracuse filed a petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $20,280 and no assets. Secured claims are $10,235.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—An adjudication has been filed against the H. H. Tucker Shoe Company, Chicago, by John R. Donovan and others with claims of $85,000. A voluntary bankruptcy petition has been filed by M. E. Beka, with liabilities of $14,345 and assets $629.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Achkenas, Alexander and Isidore Lubin (Terminal Buffet Co.)—Lewis De Groff & Son.....$468.56
Abrahams, Mark L.—Isaac; Settel, Julius Schwartz, Joseph Skoiny, Louis J. Jaffe, Benjamin Landau, William Grossman and Gabriel Lang—H. J. Gordon.....$1

OPERA

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

"Der Rosenkavalier."

DER ROSENKAVALIER, lyric drama in three acts, book in German by Hugo von Hofmannsthal; music by Richard Strauss. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

The Princess ..... Florence Easton
Baron Ochs ..... Paul Bender (Debut)
Octavian ..... Maria Jeritza
Von Faninal ..... Gustav Schuetzendorf (Debut)
Sophie ..... Marie Sundelius
Marianne ..... Grace Anthony
Valzacchi ..... Angelo Bada
Annina ..... Kathleen Howard
Commissary of Police ..... Carl Schlegel
The Princess's Major-Domo ..... Pietro Audisio
Von Faninal's Major-Domo ..... Angelo Montisanto
Notary ..... William Gustafson
Innkeeper ..... George Meader
A Singer ..... Orville Harrold
Three Orphans ..... Laura Robertson, Grace Bradley, Henrietta Wakefield.
Milliner ..... Muriel Tindal (Debut)
Leopold, a Flunkey ..... Giordano Paltrinieri
Animal Vendor ..... Raffaele Upmyrind
A Negro Boy ..... Virginia Gitchell
Conductor, Artur Bodansky.

Richard Strauss's opera of "Der Rosenkavalier" made a really triumphant re-entry upon the stage of the Metropolitan Opera House last evening, when it was presented for the first time since the season of 1916-1917. The opera was withdrawn then with the other German operas. In the previous season "Der Rosenkavalier" had been thought worth only three performances. When it was first put on at the Metropolitan in 1913 eight performances of it were given, the first at greatly enhanced prices, and some of the others "extra" ones, outside of the subscription. A "sensation" was expected, though perhaps this was a little forced, because through the well-known commercial ability of Strauss and his representatives the management had been obliged to contract for ten performances in order to get the work at all. But "sensations" do not last—Strauss has had opportunity to find that out more than any other modern composer.

The performance was an admirable one in almost every respect, with new people in all the leading parts, including some of the new members of the company: Mme. Jeritza as Octavian, Mr. Bender as Baron Ochs, while Mme. Florence Easton took the part of the Princess. No doubt "Der Rosenkavalier" will be thoroughly "freshened" by its period of rest, and it will at any rate be made to put its best foot forward in the present performances. It is better done than it was before, not only on the part of the singers, but also in the finish of the orchestral playing. The management had obviously laid great stress on it and to good purpose.

Strauss's first attempt at a comic opera was received with mingled emotions when it was first heard in New York. It seemed then, as it seems now, to be by far the best of his later compositions. That is not going a great way in praise, but the work is full of singular inequalities. There are passages in it—and long ones—of real beauty and musical expressiveness; passages of feeling and motion, in which the music glows with beauty; passages of teeming life, of delicate and subtle evocation of mood. There are long and wearisome pages of rude elementary horseplay, no matter no better than some that has long been discarded from the theatres of the second and third rate and that would not be tolerated in such. The ostensibly comic scenes in "Der Rosenkavalier" are for the most part a weariness to the flesh of the cultivated audiences that listen to opera in the Metropolitan. By audiences less cultivated that listen in the Bowery they would be rejected as "old stuff."

The first act, scandalous as it is in its "donnée," still seems the finest of the three in texture, musical as well as dramatic, with the spirit of dramatic emotion shifting to one of comedy at the entrance of Baron Ochs, to one of variegated liveliness in the Princess's "levee," and again to pensive reflection in the Princess's mournful monologue, a passage in which Strauss's music is most poetically expressive. The act is, in fact, an unceasing joy from beginning to end. Nor is there in the work anything more original, more brilliant and entrancing than the scene of the entrance early in the second act of the Rose Cavalier bearing the silver rose—a passage that introduces a new effect in music, with the bitter-sweet dissonances of the celesta superimposed upon the guileless smoothness of the strings, wind and brass. There is a long and beautiful love duet. Then comes depression with the extravagant doings of Baron Ochs; and depression extends well through the last act with the scene in the private room in the restaurant, the deception and the foiling of the erotic old boor—until the lyrical passage that brings the act and the opera to its close, with the fantastic little pantomime of the black servant in search of the handkerchief. But the end is very long in coming.

Strauss shows in "Der Rosenkavalier" his lack of sense of proportion by his piling up of the orchestral fracas in the would-be comic situations, that might be the annunciation of Armageddon. He makes his customary resort to a sudden contrast of his chromatically sugared melody in sixths and thirds with his equally characteristic discords—it has now a very familiar and expected effect. He has taken more trouble than he often does to use thematic motives that are of value in themselves, instead merely of compiling tonal successions to afford plastic material for his ingenuities to work with, as he has more and more done in his later compositions. In his Viennese waltzes and the fragments thereof he shows himself an apt pupil of his namesake Johann.

In a word, it does not seem as if "Der Rosenkavalier" in these intervening years has faded any more than the best of his music, or as much as the work of it, and its inventions, unconventionalities, innovations that once seemed disturbing seem steadily less so, and many of them only tiresome. But those better portions in which he sought dramatic expression through musical beauty still keep their value, and the opera is one that still gives great pleasure—mingled with pain. The orchestration seemed last night, in its better and more serious parts, extremely fine, full of delicacies and felicities of every sort; at the end of the first act a "Meistersinger" orchestra; and, indeed, in this portion of the work the debt that Strauss owes to Wagner was increasingly piled up.

A catalogue of the chief singers is a catalogue of excellences. Mme. Jeritza's appearance in a new part, that of Octavian, was observed with interest. She does it, of course, with great spirit, with the right boyish ardor, singing the music very well and presenting a really charming appearance. Some might miss the darker contralto quality that Mme. Ober brought to it, and the consequent contrast in timbre, but they missed nothing else.

Of Mme. Easton's Princess Werdenberg it is scarcely possible to speak in other terms than of fervent admiration. As beautifully sung was the part, so wholly characteristic her embodiment and expression of the aging mistress's state of mind, so perfect her diction.

Of the newcomers Paul Bender was the most important. A giant in stature, he has an admirable stage method and the skill to do as well as possible with von Hofmannsthal's often tasteless humor, with as little as possible of the exaggerated grotesqueness that wearied listeners in Mr. Goritz's time. His voice is a noble and powerful organ used with more skill than is possessed by many of his kind. Much is to be expected of him in parts in which his natural gift and accomplishments will have a more valuable application than to the part of Baron Ochs.

Gustav Schutzendorf also made his debut in the comparatively unimportant part of Von Faninal, in which he did very well indeed. Mme. Sundelius was cast for the difficult and exacting part of Sophie, and not only moved in the high range of the music with skill and without evidencing or causing pain, but gave an amusing depiction of her feelings toward her abhorrent suitor. Of the other characters can only be mentioned Mr. Harrold, who sang the air in the "levee" scene, also difficult in its "tessitura," extremely well, and Mr. Meader as the innkeeper.

Too much cannot be said of the ardor and skill with which Mr. Bodansky had prepared the performance and with which he conducted it; and the smoothness of the performance also owed much to the new stage director, who presented it as his first offering.

The Philharmonic Society.

Mr. Stransky presented at the Philharmonic Society's pair of concerts given in Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon and Thursday evening another of the orchestral novelties that he has collected for the present season. It was a symphonic poem entitled "Golgotha," by a Serbian composer now living in New York, Alexander Savine, who has composed not a little in the larger forms and has had experience in conducting in many lands.

"Golgotha," is based on a Serbian poem. The composer avows an attempt to portray in it "an idea of the progress from the terrible cosmic gloom and horror of the black hour after the Crucifixion to the radiant disclosure of the risen Christ." It is a task for the greatest of composers and one to which, it is not too much to say, Mr. Savine has not fully risen.

The rest of the program was devoted to Brahms's "Tragic" overture, Reger's elaborate variations and fugue on the simple little theme of Mozart's piano sonata in A, which Mr. Stransky first introduced to New York seven years ago and Tschaikovsky's fifth symphony.

GREET MLLE. CECILE SOREL.

French Institute Gives a Reception to Comedie Francais Star.

Mlle. Cécile Sorel of the Comédie Française was the guest of honor at a reception given yesterday afternoon by the French Institute (L'Institut Francais aux Etats-Unis) at its headquarters, 599 Fifth Avenue. Mlle. Sorel, wearing a simple gown of black with long ropes of pearls and a brown hat, with tall feathers, on her blond head, was received by the President of the Institute McDougall Hawkes who made an address of welcome, and the distinguished actress was introduced by M. Gaston Liebert, the French Consul General who presented her with a cluster of chrysanthemums with oak leaves.

Mlle. Sorel briefly told the large gathering of prominent New Yorkers of her pleasure to be with them and her appreciation of her warm reception in this country. The other speakers spoke of their desire for an increasing feeling of good-will between France and the United States. The invitation to the reception included M. Albert Lambert of the Theatre Francais and the other members of the company.

Members of the Committee of Arrangements who were present were Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, Chairman; Mrs. Charles E. Alexander, Mrs. John Aspegren, Mrs. Francis McNeil Bacon, Miss Fanny M. Cottenet, Mme. la Duchesse de Richelieu, Mrs. James Lowell Putnam, Mrs. Horatio Slater, Mme. la Duchesse Torlonia, Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt Jr., Mrs. Shelton Whitehouse. Other prominent members of the institute present were Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Miss Belle Gurnee, Miss Elizabeth Stewart Hamilton, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Miss Marie La Montagne, Mrs. George B. Post Jr., Charles E. Sampson, Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, Countesse de Laugier Villars, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, George W. Wickersham, Gouverneur Kimball, Winthrop, Orme Wilson, Mrs. Henry Mottet, Mrs. Fred W. Rhinelander, Miss Maude Leland, Mrs. Stanford White. Tea was served.

Mlle. Sorel was so pleased with one of the guests she met that she presented her with a single chrysanthemum she had been wearing when she arrived and kissed her hand.

ISADORA DUNCAN BARRED.

Boston Mayor Refuses to Permit a Return Engagement.

BOSTON, Nov. 17.—So long as Mayor Curley is Chief Magistrate, Isadora Duncan will never give a public performance in this city, the Mayor announced tonight in vetoing a permit for a return engagement for the dancer. Miss Duncan appeared here last month and her efforts were frowned upon by critics.

Certain remarks attributed to Miss Duncan on her last visit to Boston aroused the Mayor's ire. She is alleged to have said that "all puritanical vulgarity centres in Boston." She was also quoted as declaring herself to be a Red.

"In view of the duty which the city owes the decent element of the community," the Mayor's ruling ran, "in my opinion it would be inadvisable to grant the permit, and I beg to say that this suspension of the privilege of conducting a public exhibition, after the recent disgraceful performance by the said performer, will continue during such time as I hold the office of Mayor."

BAPTISTS FIGHT DARWINISM.

Kentucky Schools Warned — Texas Teachers Vindicated.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Nov. 17.—The fight over the Darwinian theory of evolution entered a new phase in Kentucky today. The State General Association of Baptists, representing 279,000 church members, adopted resolutions condemning the teaching of school children that they are descended from monkeys.

The resolutions set forth that the Baptists will withdraw from the financial support of any denominational school where the theory of evolution is taught, and that the Southern Baptist Convention, representing more than 2,000,000 members, shall be memorialized to withhold all financial support from schools where "the rationalistic theory of evolution is taught as a fact."

Opposition is voiced to such instruction in any Kentcky educational institution supported by public funds. The resolutions assert that the Darwinian theory "contradicts that divine account of creation as given in the book of Genesis, exalts the brute and dishonors God."

The anti-evolution campaign will be carried into the political fights next year, when members of the Legislature will be elected. Candidates will be questioned as to their attitude on the evolution theory.

WACO, Texas, Nov. 17.—The Texas Baptist general convention, which last night debated whether Darwinism should be taught at Baylor University, today adopted a report of the Board of Trustees without a dissenting vote vindicating President S. P. Brooks and most of the Baylor faculty from any connection with what were termed heretical teachings. President Brooks assured the 3,000 delegates that no such teachings were allowed.

Some of the pastors in the convention said that two teachers remained in the school who were alleged to have declared that the Genesis account of creation might be allegorical. These teachers, they said, should be discharged.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The Actors' Equity Association will stage its annual ball tonight at the Hotel Astor.

"At the End of the World" was produced in Stamford last night by the Shuberts.

"The Cat and the Canary" will end its long run at the National in another two weeks.

"Johannes Kreisler" will be produced at the Selwyn Theatre on Monday night, Dec. 18.

There will be a benefit performance at the Times Square Theatre tomorrow night in aid of the Maintenance Fund of Bronx Hospital.

The East-West Players will give their first bill of the season, made up of four one-act plays, tonight at the Metropolitan Theatre, Madison Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street.

"Steve," a comedy by Robert L. Dempster, with Eugene O'Brien as its star, will be produced in Scranton on Monday, coming to New York two weeks later. The cast will include Mrs. Thomas Whiffen, Vivia Ogden and Homert Barton.

Cecile Sorel and her company repeated "Le Demi-Monde" at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre last night, and will be seen this afternoon in "Camille." Tonight Mme. Sorel will act "The Taming of the Shrew" for the first time during the current engagement.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Lenox String Quartet opened a series of chamber concerts at the Neighborhood Playhouse last evening, playing Haydn's Quartet, Op. 76, No. 4, and the "American" quartet of Dvorak.

Cora Chase of the Metropolitan, Pedro de Cordoba, Josephine Rhule, Frances Cairoune and Mercedes Wagner will appear Monday evening at the Brooklyn Academy of Music Christmas benefit of the Brooklyn Catholic Big Sisters.

MAKES $5,000 OFFER FOR PSYCHIC FACTS

Scientific American Will Give Half the Sum for First Photograph.

SEEKS CONCLUSIVE DATA

Wants First-Hand Information on "Most Baffling of All Studies."

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle has an opportunity to win money with his photographs of ectoplasm, the mysterious substance which he contends is the link between the spiritual and material worlds and which, he says, records its presence on the photographic film. The Scientific American has offered $5,000 in prizes for genuine psychic phenomena produced under conditions which it will name, and among them is a $2,500 prize for a psychic photograph.

When Sir Arthur was in this country lecturing he showed a number of psychic photographs, many of which he said had been taken by himself under rigid test conditions which precluded fraud. Some of them were of persons dead, among them his son, and in nearly all of them the spiritual representation had been formed from the white substance which he called ectoplasm.

In its announcement, the Scientific American says:

"As a contribution toward psychic research the Scientific American pledges the sum of $5,000 to be awarded for conclusive psychic manifestations.

"On the basis of existing data we are unable to reach a definite conclusion as to the validity of psychic claims. In the effort to clear up this confusion, and to present our readers with first-hand and authenticated information regarding this most baffling of all studies, we are making this offer.

"The Scientific American will pay $2,500 to the first person who produces a psychic photograph under its test conditions and to the full satisfaction of the eminent men who will act as judges.

"The Scientific American will pay $2,500 to the first person who produces a visible psychic manifestation of other character, under these conditions and to the full satisfaction of these judges. Purely mental phenomena like telepathy, or purely auditory ones like rappings will not be eligible for this award. The contest does not revolve about the psychological or religious aspects of the phenomena, but has to do, only with genuineness and objective reality.

"This is merely a preliminary announcement. The names of the judges, the conditions applying to the seances, the period for which this offer will remain open, &c., will appear in the January issue of the Scientific American."

Always we have had soothsayers and haruspices, oracles and fortune tellers, witches and prophets; the medium of the latest 1923 model is but the same old thing brought up to date," an editorial in the magazine says. "And always we have had a very respectable portion of the community eager to accept the claims of supernatural powers, always a residuum of scoffers unwilling to accept. The thing seeks a scientific basis today simply because the twentieth century medium is living in the twentieth century; approximation to twentieth century methods is as necessary in her case as it would have been out of place in Delphi.

"The outstanding feature of all this is that we have never been able to settle the thing for good or for bad. The controversy of today is essentially the controversy of 1000 B. C., translated into modern terms and given a modern setting. It is perhaps too ambitious to hope that one may ever settle it permanently, so that it will stay forever settled. But it is not too much to hope that one may be instrumental in imposing a conclusion upon one's own generation—a conclusion that will at least stay put while that generation grows old and dies off in favor of another, with a shorter memory."

Erna Rubinstein, Pianist, Applauded

Erna Rubinstein, the 17-year-old violinist, appeared in recital in Carnegie Hall last evening before an audience that greeted her warmly. She was ably assisted by Harry Kaufman in her program of compositions by Tartini, Vieuxtemps, Gluck, Tor Aulin, Ries, and a transcription of Bizet by Hubay. Miss Rubinstein swept aside the rhythmic and technical barriers of Vieuxtemps's Concerto in D minor and proceeded through it with facility. She had a refreshingly unassuming manner in the playing of all of the selections, but especially pleasing was her interpretation of the various moods of Tor Aulin's Gavotte and Musette. Her audience was enthusiastic and allowed none of her efforts to pass without prolonged applause.

Benefit for the "Flying Parson."

Under the auspices of the S. Rankin Drew Post, American Legion, a flying meet will be held tomorrow afternoon at Curtiss Field, near Garden City, as a benefit for the widow and four children of Melvin W. Maynard, the "flying parson" Maynard was killed in an airplane accident last September. Leading army and navy flyers have volunteered their services in arranging the meet.

Pianist and Violinist in Recital.

Francis Moore, pianist, and Hugo Kortschak, violinist, united in a recital of sonatas in Aeolian Hall last evening. They played Bach's Sonata in B minor, Brahms Sonata in G major, Opus 78, and Faure's Sonata in A major, Opus 13. Both artists played in a manner that affirmed their musicianship.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION SAM H. & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN 8th Ave. & 50th St. Mats. Tues., Thurs. and Sat. LAST 2 WEEKS. POP. MAT. TODAY.
The Passing Show of 1922
Presenting Willie and Eugene Howard
TOMORROW NIGHT CONCERT
Don't Miss This Wonderful Occasion!
EDDIE CANTOR—AL HURT & HIS BLUE BIRD ORCHESTRA—KENO & GREEN—MAX A. MONITZ—PASQUALY BROS.—FRANKIE & JOHNNIE—NOVELLI BROS. AND OTHER STAR ACTS.
EDDIE CANTOR, Master of Ceremonies

JOLSON'S 59th ST. Theat. at 7th Av. Evenings 8:30. MATS. TODAY & THURSDAY.
The World We Live In The Insect Play. "Loftiest achievement of the theatre."—Brown, World.

BIJOU 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today, Wed. & Thurs.
GRACE GEORGE in "TO LOVE," By Gersky. Norman Trevor—Robert Warwick.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Bry. 2628. Mats. Today & Wed.
"Delightful musical comedy, well acted, danced and sung."—Eve. Post.
UP SHE GOES

Theatre Guild Productions
MAT. TODAY R.U.R. GARRICK, 65 W. 35th. EVS. 8:30. MAT. TODAY. MOVES TO FRAZEE—MONDAY
OPENS MON., NOV. 20 The LUCKY ONE by A. A. Milne. GARRICK, 65 W. 35th. SEATS NOW.

F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST present BALIEFF'S 3RD Chauve-Souris
From MOSCOW—Direct from LONDON—PARIS 10TH MONTH.
CENTURY ROOF THEA. 62d St. & Entrances on 62d Street. Phone Columbus 8300. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Tues.

ARTHUR HOPKINS presents
ETHEL BARRYMORE in "ROSE BERND" By Hauptmann
LONGACRE THEATER, W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30.
ANNE NICHOLS' Laughing Success
'ABIE'S IRISH ROSE'

MAURICE SWARTZ in "THE INSPECTOR GENERAL"
Yiddish Art Thea., 27th St., E. of 5th Av. Evs. 8:30. Sat., Sun. Mat., 2:30.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Last Mat. Today, 2:20. Last Week
HENRY MILLER RUTH CHATTERTON in HENRY BATAILLE'S GREAT PLAY, "LA TENDRESSE" (TENDERNESS)
Charles Frohman will present "THE TEXAS NIGHTINGALE," a new play by Zoe Akins, author of "Declasse," with Jobyna Howland and a company including Cyril Keightly at the Empire Theatre next Monday night.—Seats now.

ARTHUR HOPKINS presents
JOHN BARRYMORE in "HAMLET."
SAM H. HARRIS Thea., W. 43 St. Evs. 8:15. First Matinee Today, 2:15.

LIBERTY W. 42nd ST. Evs. at 8:10. MATS. TODAY & WED., 2:10
"Best American Musical Play In The Whole Wide World."
George M. Cohan's Comedians in
"LITTLE NELLIE KELLY" THE NEW SONG AND DANCE SHOW

VANDERBILT W. 48 St. Evs. at 8:35. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
'THE TORCH-BEARERS' OF HILARIOUS COMEDY. "AUDIENCE SCREAMED WITH LAUGHTER."—Leo Marsh, Telegraph.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE at 8:40.
POP. MAT. TODAY
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOW
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES

CORT THEATRE, West 48 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:15.
MERTON OF THE MOVIES —WITH— GLENN HUNTER FLORENCE NASH
Harry Leon Wilson's story dramatized by Geo. S. Kaufman & Marc Connelly.

The '49ers PUNCH & JUDY 48th St., n'r B'WAY. EVS. 8:45. MATINEES TODAY & FRI., 2:45.

GEO. COHAN Theatre, B'way & 43d Street Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
THE LOVE CHILD

Henry Miller's 124 W. 43d St., nr. 6th Av. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
INA CLAIRE AND CO., including BRUCE McRAE, in the "PREPOSTEROUSLY CLEVER" COMEDY
? The Awful Truth?

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
407th PERFORMANCE, TONIGHT
DAVID BELASCO Presents
LENORE ULRIC AS KIKI

FULTON 46 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. MERRY MAT. TODAY, 2:30.
EDWARD ROYCE'S
ORANGE BLOSSOMS

EQUITY 48TH ST. THEATRE BRYANT 0175
EVES. 8:30. MATS. TODAY & TUES., 2:30
"HOSPITALITY"
By LEON CUNNINGHAM. Staged by AUGUSTUS DUNCAN
"A RARE BLENDING OF HUMOR, HEART AND HOME—YOUR HOME & MINE"
"THE THIRD ACT BLAZES UP INTO ONE OF THE MOST GLORIOUS CLIMAXES WE HAVE SEEN UPON THE LOCAL STAGE."—N. Y. World.
"MRS. HALE'S BRILLIANT INTERPRETATION OF THE MOTHER ROLE IS ONE OF THE DRAMATIC ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE SEASON."—Eve. Journal.
"'HOSPITALITY' IS MORE THAN AN AMERICAN PLAY—IT IS A POWERFUL AMERICAN PLAY. LOUISE CLOSSER HALE IS MAGNIFICENT."—Eve. Telegram.
"PROCEEDS TO A CLIMAX CAREFULLY CALCULATED TO SHOCK EVEN THE HABITUAL AND HABITUATED PLAYGOER."—N. Y. Times.
THIS THEATRE IS AN INTIMATE THEATRE—YOU CAN HEAR WELL—SEE WELL FROM EVERY SEAT WE SELL.

HUDSON West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30.
GEO. M. COHAN presents
THE HIT OF THE TOWN
"SO THIS IS LONDON!"
A HOWLING SUCCESS—Eve. Post.

MUSIC BOX THEATRE W. 45 St. Evs. 8 Mats. To. & Wed., 2
Sam H. Harris Presents IRVING BERLIN'S NEW MUSIC BOX REVUE Staged by WILLIAM SHORT

KNICKERBOCKER B'way and 38th St. THE YANKEE PRINCESS
Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
A. L. Erlanger's Musical Production From Kalman's "DIE RAJADERE"
with VIVIENNE SEGAL | THORPE BATES | JOHN T. MURRAY

LYCEUM W. 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
Frances Starr in "SHORE LEAVE"

KLAW Thea., W. 45 St. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30.
The LAST WARNING!
With WM. COURTLEIGH.

SHUBERT VAUDEVILLE
Twice Daily CENTRAL Theat., 47th & 7th Av. 2:15 and 8:15.
ORCH. LEAN and ELKO MAYFIELD
"SIG-NAG" (Revue) & Star Vaud. Bill.

SHUBERT VAUD. & REVUES Harlem Opera House (Mezz. 135 St. nr. 7th Av.) Phone 6800
Cyclonic EVA TANGUAY
The Smart Musical Revue
Facts & Figures With a Co. of 50 and Acts of Vaudeville.

BELMONT Thea., 145th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today and Thurs.
Thin Ice SOLID COMEDY HIT!

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs.
Springtime of Youth THE "PERFECT" MUSICAL PLAY

49TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed.
SUPER MYSTERY PLAY.
Whispering Wires

AMBASSADOR Th. 49, nr. B'y. Evs. 8:35. Mats. Today & Wed.
International Musical Success.
The Lady in Ermine
with WILDA BENNETT and WALTER WOOLF

NATIONAL THEA., 41 St., W. of B'y. Bry. 1564
CAT AND THE CANARY EVES. 8:30. MATINEES TO-DAY & WEDNESDAY

TIMES SQ. W. 42d St. "Has Captured New York."—Eve. Sun.
THE FOOL
Channing Pollock's Powerful Play. POP. MATS. TODAY & THURS.

SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. (Pop.) 2:30
Barney Alexander
BERNARD & CARR
LAST 2 WEEKS PARTNERS AGAIN
By Montague Glass & Jules Eckert Goodman.

AL'S HERE PLYMOUTH "The Old Soak" By DON MARQUIS. West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs.

Princess Thes., W. 39th. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Today & Thurs.
6 Characters in Search of an Author.
Brock Pemberton's Production.

RITZ, W. 48th Evs. 8:30. Mat. TODAY 2:30
"BANCO" "Gayest Comedy of Season."
With Lois Fisher, Alfred Lunt, Francis Byrne.

Shubert-Riviera, 97th & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today
Frances White & Taylor Holmes in The HOTEL MOUSE
Next Wk.—Otis Skinner in "Mister Antonio."
Matinee SUNDAY CONCERTS—Night

CENTURY Theatre, 62d St. and Central Park West. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed.
Blossom Time

CASINO 39th & B'way. Mats. Today and Wed. MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION
Sally, Irene and Mary
With Eddie Dowling and Great Cast.

BAYES THEATRE, 54th, E. of 6th Av. Thea. Evs. 8:30. First Mat. Today.
VIVID DRAMATIC TIMELY VIRTUE?

SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Today & Wed.
GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES.
Fourth Annual Production.

Maxine Elliott's 39 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15
SAM H. HARRIS presents
JEANNE EAGELS in "RAIN"
Founded on W. S. Maugham's "Miss Thompson"
Staged by JOHN D. WILLIAMS.

A. A. MILNE'S New Comedy
The Romantic Age
"A delightful evening in the theatre."—Woollcott, Herald

COMEDY Theatre, West 41st St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs.
ELTINGE THEA. W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in "EAST OF SUEZ"
By W. SOMERSET MAUGHAM.

2 GOLDEN HITS
JOHN
Madge KENNEDY in FRANK CRAVEN'S RIOT
SPITE CORNER
AT THE LITTLE W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Wed.
AND
7TH HEAVEN
A Love-drama of Joys and Thrills
AT THE BOOTH W. 45 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Wed.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30
BIGGEST HIT IN TOWN!
WHY MEN LEAVE HOME
HOPWOOD'S LAUGHING KNOCKOUT.

THE MOSCOW ART THEATRE OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT IN THE SUNDAY TIMES

BEST SEATS FOR ALL THEATRES 50c ADVANCE BRYANT 4060 ORIGINAL TYSON & CO. MAIN OFFICE NOW AT 148 W. 42 ST. Formerly 1472 B'way. Established 1850.

NATIONAL HORSE SHOW
SQUADRON "A" ARMORY
Ninety-fourth Street and Park Avenue
November Thirteenth to Eighteenth
THE CHAMPIONSHIPS
GREAT FORT MYER CAVALRY TROOP
TO-NIGHT—FINAL NIGHT
Luncheon and Tea served every day in Tea Room for the benefit of the organization playing in New York.
Tickets and boxes may be obtained at the Bascom Ticket Agency or at the Box Office, Squadron "A" Armory. Phone Box Office, Lenox 1584.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Today Mat., 2, Mefistofele. Aida. Peralta; Gigli, Challapin, Bada, Moranzoni. Mon., 8, 1st subscription perf'ce at Pop. Prices. Samson et Delila. Matzenauer; Martinelli, De Luca, Rothier, Hasselmans. Sun. Eve. Operatic Concert. Cavalleria Rusticana—Pagliacci. Peralta, Bundelius; Tokatyan (debut), Kingston, Danise, Bada. Entire Orch. Bambocchi. Next Mon. at 8 Boris Godunow. Matzenauer; Challapin, Johnson, Mardones, Papi. Wed., 8, Aida. Ratiberg (debut), Onegin (debut); Martinelli, Danise, Mardones, Bürke (debut), Moranzoni. Thurs., 7:45 Walkuere. Matzenauer, Jeritza, Gordon; Tauber (debut), Whitehill, Bender, Bodansky. Fri., Special Matinee at 2. Prices $1 to $5. Butterfly, Easton, Perini; Martinelli, Scotti, Paltrinieri, Moranzoni. Fri. 8, Mefistofele. Aida, Peralta; Chamlee, Challapin, Paltrinieri, Moranzoni. Sat. 2, Romeo et Juliette. Bom., Delaunois; Gigli, De Luca, Rothier, Didur, Hasselmans. Sat., 8:15, Pop. Prices. Mason Lescant, Alda; Johnson, Scotti, Malatesta, Papi.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Tues., Nov. 21, at 8, Rosenkavalier. Jeritza, Easton, Sundelius; Bender, Harrold, Schwarzkopf, Reiss, Bodansky.
Seats At Academy and Metropolitan.
HARDMAN PIANO USED

THE CITY SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
DIRK FOCHE, Conductor.
FIRST CONCERT
Carnegie Hall, Tonight, 8:30 P. M.
Symphony in D Minor ..... Cesar Franck
Poeme de l'extase ..... Scriabine
Overture Tannhauser ..... Wagner
Tickets $1.50, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c.
NOW ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE

NEW YORK SYMPHONY
WALTER DAMROSCH ..... Conductor
Carnegie Hall Thurs. Aft., Nov. 23, at 2
Fri. Eve., Nov. 24, at 8:15
Soloist, OSSIP GABRILOWITSCH
MOZART. PIZZETTI. BRAHMS.
Tickets at Box Office. GEORGE ENGLES, Mgr.

TOWN HALL, SAT. AFT. at 2, NOV. 25
2ND VIOLIN RECITAL BY ERIKA
MORINI
Seats now at Box Off. Baldwin Piano used.
Management Metropolitan Musical Bureau.

CHALIAPIN IN MEFISTOFELE TODAY.
Seats all parts of house, all prices.
OPERA TICKETS PHONE FITZROY 4189
CHOICE RESERVED SEATS IN ALL PARTS OF HOUSE
Normandie Hotel
Theatre Ticket Office
Broadway & 38th St.

HIPPODROME—Tom'w Night at 8:30
FIRST APPEARANCE IN NEW YORK
IRISH REGIMENT BAND
With vocal and instrumental soloists in a feast of Irish Melodies.
Seats now at Box Office. Pop. Prices.

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3
CALVE
Mgt. Loudon Charlton Steinway Piano

AEOLIAN HALL, 3 Subscription Concerts
TUES. EVGS., NOV. 21—JAN. 16—MAR. 6
FLONZALEY QUARTET
Subscription prices $6.60-$5.50-$4.40-$3.75-$7.65.
Management Loudon Charlton.

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI, Conductor.
CARNEGIE HALL TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 21 at 8:15
Soloist: JEAN GERARDY, 'Cellist.

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow (Sun.) Aft., at 2.
Piano Recital by ALEXANDER
SILOTI
Mgt. GEORGE ENGLES. Steinway Piano

PHILHARMONIC
Josef Stransky, Conducting. Carnegie Hall Tomorrow Aft., 3:00, BEETHOVEN-WAGNER-TCHAIKOVSKY. Steinway Piano

LOEW'S STATE B'way & 45 St. Opens 11:30 A. M.
REX INGRAM'S "THE PRISONER OF ZENDA"
Roll Fighters Col. Band: otha

COLUMBIA Burlesque, 47th & B'way. Pop. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15. Prices ALL NEW
MAIDS OF AMERICA

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 24,
ONLY BROOKLYN RECITAL
MISCHA
ELMAN
TICKETS 50c TO $2.00 NOW ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE. Exclusive Mgt. S. HUROK.

Brooklyn Academy of Music
SOUSA AND HIS BAND
SATURDAY AFT. & EVE., NOV. 18

CARNEGIE HALL, TODAY at 2:30
JOSEF HOFMANN
PIANO RECITAL. (Steinway Piano.)
TOWN HALL, TOMORROW AFT., at 3.
EMILIO DE GOGORZA
SONG RECITAL (Steinway Piano)
CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Nov. 25 at 2:30
HEIFETZ
VIOLIN RECITAL. (STEINWAY PIANO)

WALDORF-ASTORIA BALLROOM
TODAY at 2:30—TODAY
ONLY SONG RECITAL IN N. Y.
SCHUMANN-HEINK
Tickets at Waldorf-Astoria, Room 1019, also Tyson & McBride Agencies, $2.75-$3.50

CARNEGIE HALL, SUN. AFT. at 3 Dec. 3
Rachmaninoff
TICKETS NOW AT BOX OFFICE.
Direction C. J. Foley. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Aft., Nov. 20, at 3
Mabel Beddoe
CONTRALTO
Mgt. Evelyn Hopper. Steinway Piano

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Eve., Nov. 20, at 8:15
Schneider—Hickerson
TENOR PIANIST
Mgt. Evelyn Hopper. Steinway Piano

OPERA TICKETS PHONE Bryant 7877 7878
Choice Seats for Challapin today, matinee and all operas all parts of the house.
Subscriptions Bought Sold & Exchanged for Season or Single Performances.
CONSOLI 130 West 39th St. Casino Theatre Building
FOR SALE—2 Orch. Seats for Thurs. season and 2 for Sat. Matinee, season and 2 alternate.
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.
Will dispose of seats for season or alternate performances. K 43 Times.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

PALAIS DES Beaux-Arts Inc. 80 West 40th St. OPPOSITE BRYANT PARK
presents CORTEZ and PEGGY in DANCE DIVERTISSEMENTS
assisted by MARIE GAVORME, MASCLE JOURNEE and the DEBUTANTE SEXTETTE
Produced under the personal direction of B. D. Berg
Beginning Mon. Nov. 20th.
ROSE ROOM 7:30 P.M. GOLD ROOM 12 M.
TABLES MAY BE RESERVED IN ADVANCE
TELEPHONE: LONGACRE 7470

Hotel Bretton Hall BROADWAY
85th to 86th St., N. Y. City
Between Central Park & Riverside Drive
SUBWAY STATION at 86TH ST. COR. ELEVATED STATION—2 Blocks 86th St.
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel. Within Ten Minutes of All Shops and Theatres.
For Permanent and Transient Residence
Furnished

SAYS LLOYD GEORGE WILL TRIUMPH YET

Sir David R. Llewellyn Sees Ultimate Victory for Defeated Premier.

AMERICAN RELIEF WORK

Walter Lyman Brown, European Director, Helped Feed 10,000,000 Children.

Among the 280 first cabin passengers who arrived yesterday on the Cunarder Berengaria from Southampton and Cherbourg was Sir David R. Llewellyn, Bart., a wealthy Welsh coal mine owner and intimate friend of Lloyd George, on his way to Canada for business and pleasure.

He said that although the ex-Premier had been defeated in the recent election, it would be only for a short time, and then he would again be at the head of the affairs of the nation. Sir David said that the Labor leaders had told him they expected to capture 150 seats, but they got only 138. The former Premier had expected only 50 seats and his adherents won 8 more.

"Lloyd George is just as much in the hearts of the British people," Sir David said, "as he ever was. They knew that he needed a rest, and his apparent defeat by so large a majority does not mean what many think it does. He will soon be back, for I do not expect that the Bonar Law administration will last long. The British public know that Lloyd George saved them and won the war for them. As for the Near East question that some say proved his undoing, they find no fault with him, but rather with France, who deserted us at Charnak when the critical time came. The British public are deeply resentful of the action of the French and will not soon forget it."

Another passenger on the Berengaria was Thomas R. Ybarra, poet and writer, who has been away sixteen months traveling through Europe from the Scandinavian countries to Spain. Mr. Ybarra was pessimistic over the outlook abroad.

Walter Lyman Brown, European Director of the American Relief Administration and European Children's Fund since 1919, returned from London after closing up his office there and other offices in various European cities. Mr. Brown will now conduct the A. R. A. work from the central offices, 42 Broadway.

He was accompanied by his assistants, Mowatt Mitchell and Elmer C. Burland.

For two years Mr. Brown was in control of child-feeding operation in Poland, Hungary, Austria, Czechoslovakia, and the Baltic States, and also had charge of the feeding of 10,000,000 people in Russia. The only A. R. A. office left now in Europe, he said, was that of Colonel William N. Haskell in Moscow. The plans for giving relief in Russia during the coming Winter were all made before Mr. Brown left London.

Alexander Smith Cochran, the former husband of Mme. Canna Walska, who is now Mrs. Harold McCormick, returned on the Cunarder and had nothing to say for publication on any subject.

Mrs. Henry Clews returned after a short stay in France, where she left Mr. Clews at Napoule in the Maritime Alps.

VISITS HEIRESS IN ASYLUM.

Doctor Reports Dorothy Gordon Needs Further Treatment.

BOSTON, Nov. 17.—Dorothy Gordon, heiress to a $400,000 estate, and now a patient at the McLean Hospital for the Insane at Waverley, is in need of further treatment at the institution, Dr. George M. Kline, State Commissioner of Mental Diseases, said in a formal statement tonight after a visit to Miss Gordon. The matter of the girl's mental condition and her treatment at the hospital was raised at hearings before a master on the petition of William F. Jardine of Boston for reappointment as her guardian. The petition is opposed by Miss Gordon's uncle, John Gardiner of Baldwin, L. I.

"The patient was visited at McLean Hospital today," Dr. Kline's report said. "The commitment papers and records of the case, including the restraint records, were carefully inspected, and were found to be in proper legal form. While the department disountenances the use of restraint, it was found that its use in this case was in accordance with the provisions of law dealing with restraint and was resorted to by the medical officers of the hospital only when deemed by them to be a necessary measure.

"During the interview she was asked if she understood that she is not obliged to remain at the hospital and she replied that she did. In reply to a further question she said she wished to remain until she is better.

"In view of the hearing for the appointment of a permanent guardian now in progress, the department deems it improper to issue a statement of its findings as to her mental condition from a legal standpoint, which might be prejudicial to the matters now in hearing. However, the department is of the opinion that Miss Gordon is in need of further treatment."

COULDN'T GET FULLER CASH

Witness Tells of Trying to Collect From Broker on a $5,000 Draft.

The trial of Edward M. Fuller, head of the late brokerage firm of E. M. Fuller & Co., who is charged with bucketing orders, was continued yesterday before Judge Robert S. Johnstone in General Sessions. The complainant is Franklin L. Link, a Tennessee lumberman, who lost $5,000. Simon S. Peavey, an attorney, testified as to efforts he made to collect a $5,000 draft to reimburse Link.

When Peavey went to the Fuller offices in June to collect on the draft, he said, Fuller told him he had sent a check for the amount due Link, and Peavey asked that payment on that check be stopped and another issued in his name. This Fuller would not do. He said he tried to see Fuller again on a Saturday, but was told to call on Monday. When he went back the firm had gone out of business.

SMILES SAVED MRS. PHILLIPS

Softened Hearts of Men on Hammer Murder Trial Jury.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 17.—Men members of the jury which found Mrs. Clara Phillips guilty of second degree murder for beating Mrs. Alberta Tremaine Meadows to death with a hammer were quoted today as admitting that Mrs. Phillips's smiles saved her from the gallows. Mrs. Phillips seemed during the trial to study the jury, one at a time, and to flash frequent smiles at them while she turned an apparently stoical back to the spectators.

And she has the most appealing smile I ever saw," was the way one juror was quoted.

But the women jurors were not affected as all three favored a verdict which would have sent Mrs. Phillips to the gallows.

One newspaper reporter quotes Mrs. Phillips as saying:

"I don't know whether I killed Alberta Meadows or not, but if I did, it was for mother-love, for Armour L. Phillips, my husband, is my only baby, and when I realized he was being taken from me, I fought, and fought, and fought, so I might have him always."

10 DIE IN THE ST. LAWRENCE.

Ogdensburg Authorities Hear of Loss of Motorboat Party.

Special to The New York Times.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Marine authorities here were advised this afternoon of the loss of ten lives in a motor boat accident at Fifteen-Mile Lake, near Shelter Bay, in the lower St. Lawrence, early Tuesday morning. The victims included a priest, a doctor, a woman and seven woodsmen. The scene of the accident is out off from communication except by boat. Grapplers and divers of the Ontario Paper Company are trying to recover the bodies.

Meager details show that the party left Six-Mile Portage on Sunday afternoon, after having stopped at a camp for the Rev. Father Tortellier to say mass. Monday was windy but at night the water calmed down and the party left for the head of the lake for the paper company's headquarters.

The journey was fifteen miles. Ice was encountered and the craft had a hole punctured into it and sank. Tugs sent from the camp Tuesday morning found floating baggage and clothing. Dr. Romeo Vesina of Matane, and the Rev. Father Tortellier of Pentecost are the only two victims whose names it has been possible to ascertain. The woman was the wife of a paper maker from Escoumain. The engineer of the boat, who was drowned, had strict instructions from his employers, the Ontario Paper Company, not to attempt to travel on the lake at night, and no reason is known why he attempted the trip.

PROF. YAFFE DIES BY GAS.

Illness and Despondency Given as Causes of Author's Suicide.

Professor Hayman Yaffe, 56, a widely known Hebrew scholar and author of several books, committed suicide yesterday by inhaling illuminating gas in a furnished room at 458 East 142d Street. He was found by Patrolman Michael Oates, summoned by the landlady, Mrs. Anna Jarvis, who detected the odor of gas and failed to get a response to her repeated knocks on Yaffe's door. Dr. Goldberg of Lincoln Hospital was unable to revive him.

Two notes, one addressed to Harry Rosen of The Jewish Daily News, regretting that he was unable to keep an appointment, and the other addressed to B. Goldstein of 25 West 120th Street, were found in his personal effects. A death certificate also was found, showing that his wife committed suicide by inhaling gas on March 2, 1916, in Boston.

Professor Yaffe was President of the Hebrew English Scientific Publishing Company, with offices at 231 East Seventeenth Street. He had been out of work lately and was virtually without funds. According to Mr. Rosen, he had also been ill and had intended going to a clinic today to seek relief.

FAT HOG SENT TO HARDING.

Hint That Arkansas Gift May Be Farm Bloc Offering.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17. — Unannounced and unidentified, a fat Berkshire shoat arrived today at the White House attended only by an express messenger.

The crate which held the porker bore an inscription indicating that its former home was Marion, Ark. White House attaches are puzzling as to whether the animal was designed to grace the Thanksgiving table of the President or as an addition to the White House livestock. One suggested that it might have been an offering from the farm bloc.

225 ARRIVE ON THE LACONIA.

Cunarder to Be Overhauled for World Cruise Starting Tuesday.

The Cunarder Laconia arrived yesterday from Liverpool and Queenstown with 225 passengers, and will be thoroughly overhauled between now and Tuesday when the liner will sail at noon for a four months' cruise around the world, via the Panama Canal. As the ship will be making westerly all the time, the crew will have to work an extra day in the Pacific ocean for which they will not be paid.

The cruise was organied by the American Express Company, and about 400 persons are expected to be on the liner when it leaves San Francisco for Honolulu.

SMALL WON'T FREE LLOYD.

Illinois Governor Refuses to Pardon Wealthy Communist.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 17.—Governor Len Small indicated today that he would take no action pardoning William Bross Lloyd, wealthy Communist Party leader, sentenced to penitentiary for violation of the Illinois espionage laws.

"These cases have already been disposed of," the Governor said.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—In the Supreme Court today these proceedings were had:

69—Pierce Oil Corp., appit., v. L. Hopkins, Co. Clerk, &c., et al.—Motion to continue injunction in force submitted by Mr. Poe.

70—People's Natl. Bank of Kingfisher, Okla., et al., piffs., v. Bd. of Equalization of Kingfisher Co., Okla.—Submitted.

76—Gulf Refining Co., petr., v. J. S. Wardell, as U. S. Coll., &c.—Passed, to be restored to the call.

81—Greenpoint Basin & Const. Co., piff. and appit., v. the U. S.—Argued.

86—Federal Trade Comm., petr., v. Curtis Pub. Co.—Argued.

104—H. Hunsicker et al., appits., v. the U. S.; 111—E. G. Palmer et al., appits., v. the U. S.; 112—Arkansas Natural Gas Co. et al., appits., v. the U. S.; 113—B. R. Norvell et al., appits., v. the U. S.; 114—W. H. Matthews et al., appits., v. the U. S.; 115—D. P. Eubank et al., appits., v. the U. S.; 116, Dr. E. MacMullen et al., appits., v. the U. S., and 117—S. W. Mason et al., appits., v. the U. S.—Argument commenced for appits. and continued for appiee.

Adjourned until Monday.

Call for Nov. 20: Nos. 104 (and 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116 and 117), 74, 105, 106, 107, 110, 119 (and 127), 118, 368 (and 369, 381, 382 and 383) and 30.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Quartermaster Corps.

Mahon, Maj. J. H., to Ft. Benj. Harrison.
Dietz, Capt. C. W., appointed constrg. qm. at Wm. Beaumont Gen. Hosp., El Paso, Texas.
Mabbutt, Capt. C. J., to Camp Eustis.
Sanford, 1st Lt. K. H., to Univ. of Pittsburgh as Asst. Prof. Mil. Sci.

Infantry.

Shutan, Maj. W. H., to Havana.
Mendenhall, Capt. J. E., to Gov's Id. for duty at Recrg. Publicity Bur.

Miscellaneous.

Barnes, Lt. Col. J. B., retired, to Kemper Mil. School, as Prof. Mil. Sci.
Luse, Capt. A. H., Ord. Dept., to Aberdeen Prov. Grds.
Page, Capt. T. M., D. C., to Ft. McPherson.
Silcox, Capt. H. H., C. A. C., to Ft. McDowell.
Hess, 1st Lt. H. E., Vet. Corps, to Ft. Howard.
Hoag, 1st Lt. E. S., Air Svce., to Pittsburgh.

Resignation.

Chittenden, 1st Lt. M. P., C. A. C.

Leaves.

Davis, Capt. R. L., A. S., 1 mo. ext.
Ferguson, Capt. N. S., M. A. C., 20 days.
Butler, 1st Lt. F. B., C. of E., 1 mo.
Shanklin, 1st Lt. C. E., A. S., 1 mo. 5 days.

Wills for Probate.

ELDRIDGE, CHARLES E. (Oct. 29)—The estate of less than $1,000 is left to Mrs. Myra T. P. Sturdam.

RAUE, PETER H. (Nov. 3.—The wife, Maude, is the sole legatee and the executrix of an estate of $7,000.

SMITH, JAMES M. (July 27)—The estate is valued at "under $1,000." To a sister, Elizabeth M. Smith, is left a piano, the decedent's pension from the Department of Correction and the residue.

Police Department.

Commissioner Richard E. Enright issued these orders yesterday:

Transfers and Assignments.

PATROLMAN John Drake, from First Inspection District to 104th Precinct, assignment to duty in plain clothes discontinued, to take effect 8 A. M. Nov. 17.

Temporary Assignments.

LIEUTENANT.

Michael A. Wall, Fourth Inspection District, assignment changed from desk duty to supervisor of patrol, for 23 days from 8 A. M. Nov. 17, during absence of Lieutenant on vacation.

PATROLMEN.

Christian R. Wackerly, Fifth Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Kings County, from 8 A. M. Nov. 16 to 12 P. M. Nov. 18; James O'Connell, Sixteenth Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, New York County, for 5 days from 8 A. M. Nov. 17; Robert Bohan, Twenty-sixth Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, New York County, for 5 days from 8 A. M. Nov. 16; Stephen J. Wall, Thirty-ninth Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, New York County, for 5 days from 4 P. M. Nov. 18; Thomas McGuire, 113th Precinct, assigned to day tour and excused from reserve duty for 30 days from 8 A. M. Nov. 18.

From precincts indicated to 1st Inspection District, to duty in raided premises, for 14 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 17: Simon Denker, 18; John E. Livingston, 49; Henry Waldheim, 87; Michael Frawley, 87.

From precincts indicated to 5th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises, for 13 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 16: Joseph Reit, 21; William F. Coulter, 26; James J. Ellis, 42; John Daly, 47.

From commands indicated to 11th Inspection District, to duty raided premises, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 16: Frederick Ehleiter, 108; Wilbur J. Trick, 116; Edwin J. Long, H. D.; James Tormey, H. D.; John J. Dust, H. D.; William Knapp, H. D.; Frank Carrano, H. D.

Leave With Pay.

DEPUTY INSPECTOR—James E. Troy, 4th Inspection District, for 15 days; from 8 A. M., Nov. 16, balance of vacation.

Leaves Without Pay.

SERGEANT—Frank A. Dunn, Fortieth Precinct, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 17.

PATROLMEN—Arthur O'Keefe, Fifth Precinct, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 15; Harry Galle, Fifth Precinct, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 19; Patrick Cushen, Forty-third Precinct, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 15; Edward S. L. Porter, Forty-seventh Precinct, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 15; Peter J. Keenan, Eighty-seventh Precinct, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 20; Peter Ninety-sixth Precinct, for 2 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 17; Francis Reilly, 102d Precinct, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 18; Henry Stake, Traffic Precinct B, for 4 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 22.

Sick Leave Granted.

PATROLMEN—Frank Goehring, Seventy-fourth Precinct, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 17; Matthew J. Gilligan, Headquarters Division, for 30 days from 8 A. M., Nov. 19.

The following applications for full pay on sick report approved:

PATROLMEN—Patrick Tubridy, Traffic Precinct B, from 11:45 P. M., Oct. 4, during disability; Patrick J. Dillane, Traffic Precinct B, from 10:15 A. M., Sept. 21, during disability; William A. Schroff, Traffic Precinct C, from 6:10 P. M., Aug. 10, to 12 P. M., Aug. 14; James Costello, Traffic Precinct C, from 8:20 P. M., Aug. 7, to 12 P. M., Aug. 30; John G. Frey, Traffic Precinct E, from 9:15 A. M., Sept. 14, during disability; Frederick Stawiez, Traffic Precinct E, from 12:30 P. M., Sept. 25, during disability; William J. McCarren, Motorcycle Squad 2, from 9:05 P. M., Sept. 13, to 12 P. M. Sept. 25.

PROBATIONARY PATROLMAN—John F. McEntee, Fifth Precinct, from 8:30 A. M., Sept. 18, to 12 noon, Sept. 16.

Advancements to grade:

PATROLMEN—Francis A. A. McCloy, 83, Dec. 2; George Gibbs, 91, Dec. 13; to $2,100 grade.

Fined on Charges.

PROBATIONARY PATROLMEN—Paul J. Reguel, First Precinct, Aug. 21, did not properly patrol post and could not be found thereon 35 minutes—1 day; Lawrence A. Cudahy, Fifth Precinct, Aug. 31, absent from patrol duty 2 hours and 55 minutes—1 day; Ernest F. Freeberg, Twenty-third Precinct, Aug. 3, absent from reserve duty 4 hours and 20 minutes—1 day; Antony Aeillo, Seventy-second Precinct, Aug. 3, absent from reserve duty 3 hours and 15 minutes—1 day.

Reprimanded on Charges.

PATROLMEN William P. Harrington, 1st Precinct, July 31, absent from inspection of uniforms and equipment; William J. Wandling, 18th Precinct, July 27, absent from inspection of uniforms and equipment; Joseph Orth, 18th Precinct, Aug. 6, failed to have, and place a proper tag on body of drowned boy; Edgar C. Whitecar, 23d Precinct, July 31, loitering and apparently in conversation with another patrolman 12 minutes.

Charges Dismissed.

PATROLMEN James Delaney, 5th Precinct, Aug. 14, absent from post 12 minutes; Alfred A. Doolan, 5th Precinct, Aug. 16, failed and neglected to prevent violation of the State Prohibition law; Morris Meizak, 13th Precinct, July 24, had soiled pillow slip and spread on his bed; Michael J. Hickey, 18th Precinct, July 26, had soiled pillow slip on his bed; Patrick J. Farley, 13th Precinct, July 24, had soiled pillow slip on his bed; James J. O'Rourke, 23d Precinct, Aug. 11, absent without leave 8 hours and 10 minutes.

Suspended Without Pay.

PATROLMEN Edward J. Kirwen, 57th Precinct, to take effect 5:32 P. M., Nov. 16.

Fire Department.

Chief John Kenlon made these announcements yesterday:

Company commanders will report all violations of the Zoning law. Rough maps should be prepared by each company commander, laying out the residence, business and unrestricted districts, under the Zoning law, in his company district. No business of any kind is permitted in a residence district, except that, under a ruling by the Board of Appeals, a physician's sign, an architect's sign or a lawyer's sign displayed in a window or on a building is not considered business, therefore not a violation. Reports will be forwarded to this office on Monday of each week. Those reports will be checked by Chiefs of Battalion, and endorsed in the usual way.

Members of the Department Band and Bugle and Drum Corps will be directed to report to Engineer of Steamer John D. Schuber, at Hunts Point Palace, Southern Boulevard and 163d Street, Bronx, at 10 A. M., Monday, Nov. 20. Commanding officers of companies will excuse members of the band assigned to their companies for 24 hours, from noon, Monday, Nov. 20, and for 24 hours, from noon, Thursday, Nov. 23.

Special leaves of absence are granted to Lieutenant David J. Sullivan, Eng. Co. 288, for 6 hours, from 6 P. M., Nov. 19; Fireman John C. Willis, H. & L. Co. 104, for 6 hours, from 9 A. M., Nov. 19; Fireman Roy B. Wilkins, Eng. Co. 282, for 72 hours, from 9 A. M., Nov. 22; Fireman Ernest L. Scott, Eng. Co. 223, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Nov. 20; Fireman Harry Walsh, Eng. Co. 40, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Nov. 18; Fireman Philip A. Johnston, Eng Co. 53, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., Nov. 18.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

CAPTAIN.

Sparrow, H. G., to command the Tacoma.

LIEUTENANTS.

Knight, R. H., to recrg. barr., Hampton Rds.
MacKay, W. E., to recrg. sta., Boston.
Maynard, J. H., to navy yard, Norfolk.
Ryan, W. R., to Offr. in Chg., Navy Motion Picture Exch., New York City.

National Guard Orders.

ALBANY, Nov. 17.—These National Guard orders have been announced at the office of Adjutant General Kincaid:

Verbal orders of The Adjutant General detailing these officers to active duty with pay for Nov. 10 and 17, for the purpose of conducting preliminary West Point examinations prescribed by G. O. 23, AGO., 1922, at the points set opposite their respective names, are confirmed and made of record:

Major Ernest C. Dreher, 27th Inf. Brig.
Capt. William J. Mangine, 10th Inf.
1st Lieut. Walter F. Becker, 14th Inf.

detailed to active duty, without pay, for 90 days.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for Inspector Fire Prevention Bureau, Grade 2, will be received until 4 P. M. on Nov. 27. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examinations will be: Experience, 3; duties, 4; oral, 2; citizenship, 1. There will be ten vacancies in the Fire Department at $1,900 each a year on Jan. 1.

United States.

An examination has been ordered for railroad auditor, Income Tax Unit, Internal Revenue Bureau, at from $2,800 to $3,000 a year. Receipt of applications will close on Dec. 15. Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth year.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Air pressure was high Friday night in the Atlantic and East Gulf States, high and rising on the Pacific Coast and low along the northern border and over the Rocky Mountain and plateau region. The centre of lowest pressure was over Montana. Clouds cover much of the country, and since Thursday night showers have fallen in the Mississippi Valley, the West Gulf States, the Plains States, the northern Rocky Mountain and northern plateau regions and on the North Pacific Coast. There have been snows in parts of Wyoming and Colorado.

There has been a general rise in temperature since Thursday in the North Atlantic States, the Ohio and lower Mississippi Valleys, the region of the Great Lakes and in the southern Rocky Mountain region. Much colder weather appeared in the Far Northwest.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature.Barom-Rain-

Station.	*High.*	*Low.*	*eter.*	*fall.*	*Weather.*
Abilene	56	42	29.90	.02	Clear
Albany	52	32	30.03	..	Clear
Atlanta	60	42	30.30	..	Clear
Atlantic City	54	34	30.42	..	Clear
Baltimore	54	36	30.32	..	Clear
Bismarck	44	34	29.76	..	Rain
Boston	50	32	30.02	..	Clear
Buffalo	52	40	30.02	..	Clear
Cincinnati	60	50	30.18	..	Clear
Charleston	74	52	30.30	..	Clear
Chicago	54	38	30.06	.02	Rain
Cleveland	58	38	30.15	..	Clear
Denver	48	32	29.80	.26	Clear
Detroit	56	38	30.08	..	Clear
Galveston	74	64	30.02	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Helena	50	28	27.88	..	Clear
Jacksonville	74	54	30.23	..	Clear
Kansas City	46	32	29.90	.22	Rain
Los Angeles	68	52	30.06	..	Clear
Milwaukee	52	40	29.96	..	Cloudy
New Orleans	76	56	30.10	..	Cloudy
New York	54	36	30.19	..	Clear
Oklahoma	46	42	29.92	.06	Pt. Cl'dy
Philadelphia	55	38	30.20	..	Clear
Pittsburgh	50	36	30.18	..	Clear
Portland, Me.	42	26	30.00	..	Clear
Portland, Ore.	60	46	30.02	.10	Cloudy
Salt Lake City	48	36	30.06	.08	Cloudy
San Antonio	60	50	30.04	.02	Cloudy
San Diego	62	46	30.06	..	Clear
San Francisco	62	52	30.18	..	Clear
Seattle	52	42	29.98	.02	Clear
St. Louis	50	36	30.02	.10	Rain
Washington	58	32	30.22	..	Clear

FORECAST: TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Northern New England—Cloudy Saturday, warmer in eastern Maine; Sunday showers.

Southern New England and Eastern New York—Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday showers, moderate temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Partly cloudy with moderate temperature Saturday becoming unsettled by Saturday night; Sunday showers.

Western New York—Unsettled and mild, with local showers Saturday and Sunday.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperatures;

3 AM	37	12 M	51	9 PM	51
6 AM (low)	36	1 PM	51	7 PM	50
8 AM	37	2 PM	53	8 PM	48
9 AM	42	3 PM (high)	54	9 PM	47
10 AM	44	4 PM	52	10 PM	46
11 AM	46	5 PM	51	11 PM	45

Average temperature yesterday, 45.
Average same date last year, 53.
Average same date for 33 years, 43.

Barometer, 30.37 at 8 A. M.; 30.59 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 72 at 8 A. M.; 61 at 8 P. M.

Wind at 8 A. M., west, velocity 14 miles; at 8 P. M., southwest, velocity 24 miles.

Weather, clear at 8 A. M.; clear at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Forecast:

Illinois—Rain probably Saturday; Sunday fair, moderate temperature.

Indiana—Rain Saturday; probably fair during Sunday; moderate temperature.

Lower Michigan—Rain Saturday; Sunday unsettled; moderate temperature.

Upper Michigan—Rain Saturday and probably Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Wisconsin—Rain Saturday; probably fair Sunday; moderate temperature.

Missouri—Unsettled Saturday; rain probably east; Sunday fair; moderate temperature.

Minnesota—Rain probably Saturday; Sunday partly cloudy, colder.

Iowa—Unsettled Saturday, possibly rain east; Sunday fair, colder by night.

North Dakota—Unsettled Saturday, possibly rain or snow; Sunday partly cloudy, colder.

South Dakota—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday; colder Sunday.

Nebraska—Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday probably fair, colder by night.

Kansas—Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday probably fair, colder.

Montana—Unsettled Saturday, probably rain or snow east or north, colder; Sunday partly cloudy, colder.

Wyoming—Mostly cloudy Saturday, rain or snow northwest; Sunday partly cloudy, colder.

East Texas—Saturday cloudy, local rains east or south; Sunday generally fair.

West Texas—Saturday and Sunday fair; not much change in temperature.

North Carolina and South Carolina—Cloudy and warmer Saturday; Sunday local showers.

Georgia—Cloudy Saturday, warmer in north; Sunday local showers.

Florida—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.

2:03—475 Tremont Av.; L. Oppenheimer ..... Not given
2:10—627 W. 43 St.; W. Green ..... Not given
2:20—600-608 W. 36 St. (auto and garage); Sheffield Farms Co. ..... Slight
3:30—64 St. & B'way (taxicab); J. Foy. Slight
3:30—17 Stone St.; S. White ..... Slight
4:45—Broadway & 108 St. (auto); Max ..... Slight
8:15—114 W. 56 St.; John Coleman ..... Slight
9:45—1,319 Sedgwick Av.; Nicholas Cantone ..... Not given
11:15—370 St. Ann's Av.; Litscho & Litsche ..... Not given

P. M.

12:01—Greene & 3 Sts. (auto); Louis Furey ..... Not given
12:08—225 11 Av. ..... Not given
1:50—1,901 East Chester Rd.; Mary Engelhardt ..... Not given
2:35—425 W. 58 St.; M. Bruno ..... Not given
3:12—43 Exchange Place ..... Not given
3:30—193 Stanton St. (lumber yard); Louis Amberham ..... Not given
3:47—Pauling Av. & Williamsbridge Rd. (brush) ..... Slight
3:50—163 St. & B'way news stand); Paul Piarcus ..... Not given
4:05—18 St. & 6 Av. (rubbish); Van Buren Co. ..... Not given
4:40—512 E. 53 St.; J. C. Brady. Not given
5:50—385 East Fordham Rd.; Corn Exchange Bank ..... Not given
5:50—646 Hudson St. ..... Slight
6:15—52 St. & North River (scow); Dept. of Street Cleaning ..... Not given
7:20—238 St. & Riverdale Av. ..... Not given
7:10—56 Greene St.; National Bloomer Co. ..... Not given
7:45—12 W. 27 St.; Uneeda Cloak and Butt Co. ..... Not given
7:45—255 W. 148 St.; Viola Lockofsky. ..... Not given
8:00—3,169 Villa Av. ..... Slight
8:00—13 and 15 Mangin St. ..... Slight
8:25—50 Bend St.; E. Ichneg ..... Not given
8:50—16 St. and Av. A; Rockefeller Institute ..... Not given
9:15—1,231 Sheridan Av.; F. Coster. ..... Not given
10:25—301 E. 77 St.; Abe Brodsky ..... Slight
10:50—26 Spruce St.; A. W. Thompson. Slight
11:15—1,040 Teller Av. Sam Berger. Not given

Public School Notes.

Dr. Henry B. de Forest of the Medical Board of the Teachers' Retirement Board reports that a New York public school teacher recently suffered a paralytic stroke and also had a nervous breakdown. This teacher, it is said, without any examination by the Medical Board, has secured work in his school.

A bazaar and sale by the Association of Retired Teachers will be held on Nov. 25 at the Hotel McAlpin. Among the things on sale will be a knitted shawl made by a member of the association who is 80 years old. The proceeds will be used for the home club house which it is proposed to build for retired teachers. Tickets are twenty-five cents each. The President of the association is Margaret J. F. Lamson.

The Teachers Interests Organization will start a drive to have the thirty-year pension idea introduced in the pension law.

Florette M. Thatford, a teacher of Public School 78, Brooklyn, died on Wednesday last.

Estates Appraised.

HYDE, ANNIE F. (June 23, 1922)—Henry L. Rippe, James Hazen Hyde and Allan McCulloh, executors. Total estate, $3,619,289, of which half the residue, or $2,591,812, went outright to James Hazen Hyde, son, of Paris, and half in trust to Mary Baldwin Scott, daughter, of New York. She had securities valued at $5,008,487, cash of $282,601 and personalty valued at $273,700.

MOSES, BERNARD (Sept. 23, 1920), resident of Carbondale, Pa.—Isaac Singer, executor. He had a total estate of $344,847 and $32,587 in New York. The estate went to a son and three daughters.

SOHN, ISAAC H. (Jan. 1, 1922)—William Allen, executor. Total estate, $146,458, of which $56,137 went to Mrs. Hannah Moses and the remainder to Norma and Robert Hills, nephew and niece. He had $144,393 in securities.

TOMPKINS, HAMILTON B. (Dec. 23, 1921) —Joseph S. Spafford and Elihu Root Jr., executors. Total estate, $874,189, of which the residue, $770,259, went to Hamilton College. We gave $50,340 to Emily M. Spafford, cousin, and left other bequests to friends and institutions. He had $719,903 in securities.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	Sandy Hook. P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	Governors Island. P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	Hell Gate. P. M.	THE SUN. Rises. A. M.	THE SUN. Sets. P. M.
High water	6:44	7:00	1:00	1:20	7:57	9:08	6:36	4:36
Low water	0:30	1:10	7:00	7:40	1:40	3:05		

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
President Arthur	Dansig	Oct. 30
Barentgaria	Southampton	Nov. 11
President Harding	Southampton	Nov. 9
Rochambeau	Havre	Nov. 3
Laconia	Queenstown	Nov. 4
Iroquois	St. Domingo	Nov. 9

DUE TODAY.

Paris	Havre	Nov. 11
Panama	Cristobal	Nov. 10
Parima	St. Thomas	Nov. 11
Astrea	Cape Haitien	Nov. 11

DUE TOMORROW.

Tolon	Port Limon	Nov. 11
Monterey	Havana	Nov. 15
Canopic	Bremen	Nov. 10
Hansa	Hamburg	Nov. 7
Hannover	Bremen	Nov. 4

DUE MONDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Saxonia	Southampton	Nov. 11
Ebro	Valparaiso	Oct. 31
Santa Ana	Valparaiso	Nov. 5
Matura	Grenada	Nov. 15
Niagara	Bordeaux	Nov. 10
Marcaibo	Mayaguez	Nov. 13
Ponce	San Juan	Nov. 15
Zealand	Antwerp	Nov. 9
Baltic	Liverpool	Nov. 11

DUE TUESDAY.

Orduna	Cherbourg	Nov. 11
Assyria	Glasgow	Nov. 13
Manchuria	Hamburg	Nov. 13
Muranar	Nuevitas	Nov. 17
Orinoko	Havana	Nov. 14
Hellig Olav	Copenhagen	Nov. 11

DUE WEDNESDAY.

President Monroe	Queenstown	Nov. 13

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Levant Arrow	Colon	Nov. 7
Grainton	Harre	Oct. 31
Nera	Naeplos	Nov. 4
San Jacinto	Galveston	Nov. 12
City of Savannah	Savannah	Nov. 14
El Mundo	Galveston	Nov. 11
El Isleo	New Orleans	Nov. 11

DUE TODAY.

Parisiana	Leith	Oct. 24
Bankdale	Tarragona	Oct. 28
Hydaspes	Buenos Aires	Oct. 10
Jersey City	Middlesbrough	Oct. 29
City of Norwich	Oran	Nov. 20
Nervier	Antwerp	Oct. 31
Casper	Buenos Aires	Oct. 15
Hayrides	Marseilles	Oct. 24
Malacca Mara	Port Said	Nov. 16
New York	Rotterdam	Oct. 31
Ampetoo	Amsterdam	Nov. 1
Belgian	Liverpool	Nov. 3
Modig	Bremen	Nov. 1
Saucon	Harlepool	Nov. 1
Zarembo	Bordeaux	Nov. 1

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Exeter City	Fowey	Nov. 2
Firestone County	Dunkirk	Nov. 3
Oswan	San Pedro	Nov. 3
Georgian	Cebu	Nov. 11
Hoseme	London	Nov. 1
Montpelier	Baltimore	Nov. 17
Loughborough	Akim	Oct. 21

DUE MONDAY.

Knut Jarl	Immingham	Nov. 4
Floridian	Boston	Nov. 16

DUE TUESDAY.

Balaam	Dublin	Nov. 5
Carence	Palermo	Nov. 6
West Leshaway	Almeria	Nov. 5

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Suruga	Union Bay	Oct. 26
Hefron	Honolulu	Oct. 8
Ragnhil	Antwerp	Nov. 8
M. F. Elliott	Copenhagen	Nov. 6

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Irregular Recovery in Stocks—Foreign Bonds Advance Again —Exchange Goes Higher.

The outstanding movement on yesterday's financial markets was again the recovery of European bonds and European exchange rates. Some of the day's comment, in and out of the foreign exchange market, was to the effect that the further rapid advance in rates on London, Paris and Rome was a consequence of the British election returns. This explanation is at least superfluous; there were better reasons for the continued upward reaction in the franc and lira than the Conservative Parliamentary majority of 80 over all other parties. No doubt yesterday's figures of the popular vote, showing the Labor Party, although coming second on the poll, to have cast less than one-third of the total ballots, quieted the previous day's financial misgivings over Labor as the official Opposition. But the London stock market moved only moderately upward yesterday, whereas the rise in exchange, despite its previous recovery, was fairly violent.

Exchange on Paris, at 7.09 cents to the franc, compared with 6.91 on Thursday and 6.17 on Wednesday of last week. The Italian lira, in which the reaction of the "bear speculators" was carried to a finish last Tuesday, went a trifle lower yesterday; but sterling went above any rate touched since the third week of August, and, except for the mark, nearly every other European exchange rate improved. What really was back of this recovery—the sudden dispersal of the cloud of misconception and misrepresentation regarding Europe's economic condition—was proved by the course of foreign Government bonds on the New York Stock Exchange. A further rise of 1¼ points in French Government 8 per cents brought the bonds 5 points above Tuesday's lowest figure. Not only the other French bonds but Belgian and Dutch securities advanced ½ to 1¼ points, making total recovery in three days of 3½ to 4½. Such a movement would be most remarkable, if it were not that on this occasion it measures a preceding recklessness of speculation for the fall which has not often been matched, even in this speculative period.

Efforts of professional operators at the opening of business to effect continued downward reaction on the stock market accomplished little. Changes for the day were irregular, but advances predominated, some of them running to a point or two. Outside of foreign securities the bond market moved uncertainly, and Liberty bonds were almost stationary. In the Stock Exchange much attention was paid to the decline of the call money rate to 3½ per cent., for the first time in seven weeks. This was perhaps not a symptom of great importance; but it is one reflection of the ending of the season's interior demand for funds, and to that extent shows the drift of the general money market situation.

What the mercantile reviews have to tell us at the present week-end is pretty much what was to be expected after it became evident a week or two ago, that the healthy trade revival now in progress was pursuing a conservative and normal course, and in no respect shaping into an excited "boom." Remarks that new buying for the wholesale trade this week "has not held at the recent active rate in some important markets" and that, except in retail trade, "continuance of the slowing-down process" is expected, merely indicate the kind of situation which is usually looked for at this time in a generally favorable business season.

As a matter of fact, the crest of activity in the wholesale trade is ordinarily passed around the middle of November. Sometimes the merchant's disappointments or embarrassments come sharply to light at that date, which marks also the Autumn settlements of interior industry. There have been no such embarrassments this season and very few disappointments, except to those people—mostly in Wall Street and not in practical business circles—who last September were so confidently predicting the "inflation boom."

MONEY.

FRIDAY, NOV. 17, 1922.

Liberal supply of funds, coupled with relatively light demand, caused a drop in Stock Exchange call loan rate to 3½ per cent., reached just before close, and lowest since Sept. 18. Initial and renewal quotation was 4½. Time money firm and unchanged at 5 per cent. for all maturities. Call loan rate against acceptances declined to 3¾ per cent. from previous 4½; discount on bills steady.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Thursday's Last.
4½	4½	3½	3½	4

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days.....5
4, 5 and 6 months.....5
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days..5
4, 5 and 6 months.....5

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months.....4¾
Other names, 4 to 6 months.....5

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4; 16 to 90 days.....4
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4; 16 to 90 days.....4

Bankers' Acceptances.

	Bid.	Asked.
Call loans against acceptances		3¾
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	4¼	4
60 days	4¼	4
90 days	4¼	4
4 months	4¼	4¼
5 months	4¼	4¼
6 months	4¼	4¼
60-90 days	4¼	4¼
Non-members and private bankers, 60-90 days		4¾

London Market.

Money at London ¼ lower, at 1¾ per cent.; short bills ⅛ lower, at 2¼@2 9-16 per cent.; three months' bills ⅛ lower, at 2¼@2 9-16 per cent.

Gold bullion 5d lower, at 91s 11d. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation for gold would represent a price of 108¾ at London. On that same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 115¾ on Jan. 5. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 119½, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 107¾, on June 7, 1922.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $772,000,000; balances, $75,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $65,000,000; exchanges a year ago, $739,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ⅛d. higher, at 32 3-16d. New York price for domestic silver was quoted at 99¼c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver ½c up, at 63¾c.

Range for 1922:	Highest.	Lowest.
London	87¼d May 22	32¾d Feb. 28
New York	78¾c May 22	62¾c Feb. 28

Range for 1921:		
London	43¾d Sep. 27	30¼d Mar. 8
New York	75¼c Oct. 17	50¾c Mar. 5

TO PAY PASSED DIVIDENDS.

Montgomery Ward & Co. Resumes Payments on Preferred.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Directors of Montgomery Ward & Co. announced today resumption of regular quarterly dividends on the preferred stock of $7 a share and payment of the four passed dividends since suspension of such payments, in November, 1921.

Payment of the regular dividend and the four quarterly back dividends will be made on Dec. 11 to stockholders of record on Nov. 29.

The company's announcement said the action of the Directors today was warranted by increased business and earnings. The preferred stock on which dividends will be resumed consists of 40,000 shares of par value of $100 each.

Jones Tea Sales Fall Off.

The Jones Brothers Tea Company for October reports gross sales of $1,416,049, against $1,641,025 last year. For the ten months ended October sales amounted to $13,289,316, against $14,618,617 last year.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Shows Firmness at London and Irregularity at Paris.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Prices were firm on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, ½ higher at 57⅝; British 5 per cent. war loan, ⅛ higher at 99⅝; 4½ per cent. war loan, unchanged at 95.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 2¾; De Beers Mining, ⅛ lower at 11⅝.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 50 centimes lower at 48 francs 55 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 20 centimes lower at 75 francs 60 centimes.

Exchange on London, 40 centimes lower at 64 francs 15 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 14 francs 41 centimes, against 14 francs 65½ centimes yesterday.

D. L. Loew on Board of Loews, Inc.

David L. Loew was elected a Director of Loews, Inc., to succeed Harvey D. Gibson, resigned, at the annual meeting of stockholders held yesterday.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Irregular Recovery in Prices.

Although stocks in general gained headway in yesterday's stock market, the movement of prices during the greater part of the session was decidedly irregular. The professional element, which has been attacking the market of late, again attempted to depress certain issues, in the hope of forcing selling in other sections of the list. These attempts, however, were not as successful as earlier in the week, the result being that those operating on the constructive side of the list were more encouraged by the action of prices. During the late morning and early afternoon the active issues moved up slowly, and by the end of the day some substantial gains were recorded. In most cases the net gains were confined to fractions, but in special issues gains of a point or more were recorded, especially in the case of Corn Products, which is expected to declare an extra dividend; Baldwin Locomotive, Industrial Alcohol and other issues which have been prominent of late. Marine preferred recovered sharply, following its break on Thursday. This upturn was believed to be mainly a result of short covering, impelled by circulation of a report that the Directors might decide to pay the regular semi-annual dividend at their meeting next month. American International advanced in sympathy with Marine issues. Trading was on a more moderate scale, but sales were near the million-share mark.

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Corporation Maturities in December.

Wall Street statistics place the corporate maturities in December at $64,185,000, as compared with $53,678,510 in November and $101,010,025 in December, 1921. Most of the issues are for small amounts, and in the majority of cases provision for payment already has been made. Railroad maturities are unusually light, amounting to only $13,359,990. The largest issue of bonds falling due is that of one-year 7 per cent. notes of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York, which amounted to $20,000,000. Arrangement has been made to retire these by an issue of 6 per cent. preferred stock, which will be offered to shareholders at par. The Western Electric Company of Illinois has an issue of $15,000,000 first 5 per cent. bonds, which will be paid at their maturity, Dec. 31.

***

Pipe Line Company Dividends.

The financial district in the last few days has been greeted with several favorable dividend announcements from the pipe line companies of the Standard Oil group. Yesterday Directors of the Indiana Pipe Line Company declared a special cash dividend of $20 a share, and the Directors of the Buckeye Pipe Line Company declared a special dividend of $25 a share. These were in line with the announcements made Thursday by the New York Transit Company and the Northern Pipe Line Company, the former having declared a special dividend of $30 a share and the latter one of $15 a share. These announcements, and expectations that others will follow, caused active trading in the stocks of the pipe line companies yesterday and gains of three to nine points were recorded. In connection with these dividends, it is pointed out that the companies have large amounts of cash and securities on hand, and as all of them are complete units without need for working capital or cash for additional investments, it is believed the Directors may decide to distribute cash rather than stock dividends. Just what amount of recent dividends was paid out of earnings prior to the year in which the income tax law became effective could not be learned, but in making such cash dividend payments the companies have adopted the policy of declaring that a certain amount was paid out of earnings of recent years while the balance was out of earnings of years prior to the enactment of the tax laws. In this way, it is understood, part of the dividend will be non-taxable.

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Liberty Bond Yields.

One of the factors in making the sledding a trifle rough for dealers in industrial bonds is that the Liberty issues can be purchased, at current prices, at advantageous figures. It probably has been the largest single factor in slowing up the sale of municipal bonds in the last two or three weeks. At the closing prices last night there was but a single one of the Government's war issues which yields less than 4 per cent. at current quotations, namely, the Victory 4¾ per cents, which closed yesterday at 100.32, at which price the yield is 3.96 per cent. Yields on the other issues range from 4.12 per cent. for the first 4s, to 4.53 per cent. for the third 4¼s.

***

Consolidating Northwest Roads.

The application of the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Burlington Railways before the Interstate Commerce Commission yesterday for permission to be grouped together was in general accord with expectations in the financial district. Transportation quarters were particularly impressed with the broad attitude of the commission in attacking the question of consolidations as expressed by Commissioner Hall at the outset. The commission's tentative plan, he explained—which placed the Burlington and Northern Pacific together and the Great Northern and St. Paul in another group—did not indicate any prejudgment by the commission, but was rather put forth for the purpose of eliciting thought and discussion. Officials held this to be a manifestly fair attitude, although it was believed that such a program would prolong the conferences considerably.

***

"Stealing Thunder."

Some close students of stock market affairs are inclined to sniff at the activity generated on the New York Stock Exchange in listed securities by the announcement of a long succession of stock dividends. They point out that something like two-thirds of these big stock dividends are on shares not listed on the New York Stock Exchange, and which have no connection with the listed security market, and that the market activity based on this factor savors considerably of "stealing thunder" from some one else.

***

Packing Merger Financing.

It goes without saying that should a big packing merger take place, such as putting together the Armour Company and either Morris & Co. or Wilson & Co., there would be some sort of new financing necessary. Thus far the bankers here have not heard a word of the plans, although they have been deluging the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago with inquiries, since it is presumed that this institution would take the leading part in any packing merger proposed. It is supposed that the packers who are talking merger and their bankers prefer to secure the governmental attitude on the proposal before making any more definite plans.

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Western Freight Traffic.

An indication of the trend of freight movement in the West was shown yesterday in preliminary reports of some of the prominent carriers of that territory. Grouped freight loadings of the Atchison, Burlington, Northwestern, Illinois Central and Rock Island for the first week of November were shown at 207,116 carloads, as against 173,525 a year ago, and the feature of the report was said to be the sharp increase in grain movement. The Burlington showed a gain of 1,582 cars over last year, the Northwestern a gain of 1,138 cars, Illinois Central a gain of 914 cars, Rock Island 654 cars and Atchison 310 cars. Aggregate oil loadings increased 2,450 cars, coal was up 3,461 cars and live stock increased 1,511 cars.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, NOV. 17, 1922.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
934,716	1,045,966	1,157,994	869,570	1,430,124

Year to Date.	Same Period 1921.	1920.	1919.	1918.
232,879,266	128,715,385½	194,844,998½	282,077,416	127,824,118

1922 High.	1922 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
60½	31½	300	Advance R. pf. (3)..	46½	48¾	46	46	— 2	43	50
66	45½	400	Air Reduction (4)..	58	58½	58	58	— 1	57½	59½
16¾	9¾	1,200	Ajax Rubber	12½	12¾	12	12½	— ¼	12	12¾
¾	¾	700	Alaska Gold Mines..	¾	¾	¾	¾	..	..	..
2	1¾	900	Alaska Juneau	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	..	1⅛	1¼
91⅜	58¾	4,700	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	71¾	73¾	71¾	72¾	+ 1	72	72⅝
116⅝	101	100	Allied C. & D. pf. (7)	112½	112½	112½	112½	+ ½	111	113
52¾	37½	1,500	Allis-Chalm. (4) ..	41⅝	41⅝	41¼	41⅜	+ ⅛	41⅜	42
42¼	29¾	1,600	Am. Ag. Chem	30½	30¾	29¾	30	..	30½	32
72¾	58¾	200	Am. Ag. Chem. pf..	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	— ⅝	60	60½
55	51½	100	Am. Bank N. pf. (3)	53	55	55	55	— ½	55	..
49	31½	300	Am. Bosch Mag	35½	35¾	34	34	— 2	34	35½
58½	51	100	Am. Br. S. & F. (4).	71	71	71	71	..	70	72
76½	32¾	10,900	Am. Can	71	71½	69¾	71	+ 1⅝	70⅝	71⅜
112	93¾	100	Am. Can pf. (7)....	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	+ ⅝	109½	111
201	141	700	Am. Car & Fdy. (12)	179¾	180¼	179	179⅛	..	179	180
14	5	100	Am. Chicle	6	6	6	6	..	6	7
30½	18¾	500	Am. Cotton Oil	19½	19¾	19½	19¾	..	19	19¾
162	126	400	Am. Express (8)	145	145	145	145	..	142½	145
17⅜	10¾	300	Am. Hide & Leather	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	+ ¼	11¼	11½
122	78	600	Am. Ice (7)	104¾	104¾	104	104½	+ ¾	104	105
95¾	72	100	Am. Ice pf. (6)....	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾	+ ¾	86½	88
50¾	25⅝	3,900	Am. Internat.	26¾	28	26¾	27⅞	+ 1⅛	27½	28¼
18½	9½	200	Am. La F. F. En. (1)	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛	11⅝	11¾
42½	29¾	200	Am. Linseed	31¾	32	31¾	32	+ ½	31½	32
134⅜	102	2,960	Am. Locomot. (6) ..	121½	123	121	121⅞	+ ½	121½	122
52¾	44	900	Am. Metals (3), x d.	45⅝	45¾	44¾	44¾	..	44¾	45¼
129	82	600	Am. Radiator (5)..	113	113	112	112½	— 1½	112	112⅝
8¾	3¾	400	Am. S. Razor (25c).	7	7¼	7	7	..	7	7¼
25¾	5½	2,300	Am. Ship & Com....	19¾	20	19¾	20	+ ⅝	19⅝	20
67½	43¾	3,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref...	54	54	53	53⅝	+ ⅝	53⅜	53⅝
104½	86¾	100	Do pf. (7), x d....	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	+ ¾	100¾	101¾
60	30¾	600	Am. Steel Fd. (3)....	41¾	42¾	41¾	42¾	+ ¾	42	42½
85⅞	54½	2,800	Am. Sugar Ref.	68¾	69¾	67¾	69¼	+ 1¾	68¾	69
112	84	100	Am. Sugar R. pf. (7)	108	108	108	108	..	107	109
47	22¼	700	Am. Sum. Tobacco ..	29¼	29¼	28¼	29	— ¾	28½	29½
125¾	114¾	700	Am. Tel. & Tel. (9).	122½	122¾	122½	122⅝	— ¾	122½	122⅝
149¾	139¾	1,200	Am. Tobacco (12) ..	149¾	149¾	147¾	148¾	..	147¾	148½
126⅜	120	1,200	Am. Tob., Cl. B (12)	148¼	148¼	146	146¾	..	146½	147
33½	6	700	Am. Water W. & El.	28	29	28	29	+ 1	28	29
55¾	17¼	100	Do participat. pf..	47½	47½	47½	47¼	..	47½	48½
105	78½	6,000	Am. Woolen (7)	93	98¾	91¼	93⅝	+ ¾	94	94¾
21	12¾	300	Am. Zinc, L. & S....	16½	16½	16	16	..	15½	16
57	36	100	Am. Z., L. & S. pf..	50	50	50	50	..	49	50
57	44	2,400	Anaconda Copper ...	47¼	48	47¼	47¾	+ ¼	47¾	47¾
68¾	43	1,200	Assoc. Dry G. (4)....	62½	63¼	62¼	63¼	+ 1⅛	63¼	64
86	75	300	As. D. G. pf. (6)....	84	84½	83¾	84½	+ 3½	85	87
91½	75¾	16	As. D. G. 2d pf. (7).	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	..	89	90
135½	99	200	Associated Oil (6)....	113	113½	113	113¼	+ ¼	112¾	113½
106¾	91¾	2,300	At., Top. & S. F. (6)	101	101	100¾	100¾	+ ¾	100¾	101
101½	85	100	At., T. & S. F. pf.(5)	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	+ ¼	92	92½
5½	¾	200	Atlanta, Bir. & At..	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	..	1¼	1⅝
124½	83	400	Atl. Coast Line (7)	112	113	111¾	113	+ 1¾	112	113
3	1¼	100	Atlantic Fruit	2	2	2	2	..	1⅞	2
27⅜	17⅝	1,800	A., G. & W. I.....	22⅜	23¼	22¼	23	..	22⅜	23½
23½	14	100	Atlas Tack	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	..	16⅜	18
40¾	9½	900	Austin, Nichols	27¼	28¼	27¼	27¾	+ ¾	27½	27¾
142⅜	92¾	16,400	Baldwin Loco. (7)..	122½	124⅞	122¾	124⅛	+ 2	124	124⅜
118	104	100	Baldwin Lo. pf. (7)	118	118	118	118	+ 1½	116	118
60¼	33½	3,600	Balt. & Ohio.....	44⅝	45¾	44⅝	45⅜	+ ½	45¼	45⅜
66¼	52½	200	Balt. & Ohio pf. (4)	60	60	60	60	+ ½	59½	60½
56¾	19¾	1,800	Barnsdall Class A.	26¼	27⅜	26¼	27¾	+ ¼	27	27½
30	19¾	1,000	Barnsdall Class B.	17	19¾	17	19½	+ ⅜	19	20
45⅝	31	300	Beech Nut Pk. (48c)	42	42½	42	42½	+ ⅜	42¼	42⅝
79	51	300	Beth. Steel (5).....	64	64	63	63	— ¾	64	65½
82¾	55¼	28,200	Beth. Steel, Cl. B (5)	65½	65½	63¾	63¾	— 1¼	63¾	65¼
116⅜	104	200	Beth. Steel pf. (8)..	111	111	111	111	..	107	111
100¼	94¼	1,300	Do pf. new (7).....	95	95¾	94¼	94¾	— ¼	94	94¾
77	56	100	Brit. E. S. 1st pf. (7)	67½	67½	67½	67½	..	66¾	68
39	19¼	300	Brit. E. S. 2d pf....	27¼	27½	27½	27½	..	27	28
124½	100	200	B'klyn Ed. El. (8)..	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾	+ ¾	116	118
4,500	2¾	4,500	Brooklyn Rapid Tr.	13¾	14	13½	13⅝	..	13⅝	14
1,800	5	1,800	B. R. T. 1¼% of dep.	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	..	11¾	11⅝
124½	70	100	B'klyn Un. Gas (8)	114½	114½	114½	114½	+ 2½	114	117
64¾	42	500	Brown Shoe	57	57	56	56	— 2⅝	56	58
139¼	115	500	Burns Bros. (†10)..	132	133	132	132½	..	132	132¾
102	94	200	Burns Bros. pf. (7).	102	102	102	102	+ 1	102	..
43	25⅜	400	Burns Br. Cl. B (2)	43½	44½	43½	44½	..	½	..
8¾	5¾	500	Butte Cop. & Zinc..	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	..	7⅝	7½
37½	20¾	700	Butte & Superior....	29¾	30	29¾	29¾	..	29¾	30¼
15¾	7⅜	900	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7½	..	7⅝	8
86¾	68	500	Cal. Packing (6)....	80	80½	80	80¼	..	80	81½
71¾	43¼	1,500	Cal. Petroleum	48⅝	49¼	48¼	48¾	+ ¼	49	49¼
19¾	6¾	400	Calahan Zinc Lead..	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	..	7¾	8
147¾	119½	2,000	Can. Pacific (10)...	141	141¾	140¾	141¼	+ ⅛	141¼	141⅝
37¾	26	1,500	Cent. Leather Co...	35¼	35¾	34½	35	..	35	35½
74¾	52¾	100	Cent. Leath. Co. pf.	71¾	72¼	71¾	72½	+ ¾	72¼	74
212	184	100	C.R.R. of N.J. (†12)	210	210	210	210	..	203	212
41⅜	32¾	1,000	Cerro de P. Copper	37⅞	38¼	37⅞	38	..	37¾	38
73¾	47¾	3,100	Chandler Motors (6)	58⅜	59½	58⅜	59¼	+ ⅝	59	59½
74	54	2,800	Ches. & Ohio (4)....	69¾	70¼	69¾	70	+ ¾	70	70½
105¾	102¾	500	Ches. & Ohio vt. (4½)	103½	103½	103½	103¾	+ ¼	103½	..
13⅞	1⅜	100	Chi. & Alton.....	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	..	2	2¼
20¾	3½	900	Chi. & Alton pf....	4	4	4	4	..	4	4¼
43¾	12¾	800	Chi. & E. Illinois..	30¼	30¼	29	29	— 1½	29	29¼
10¾	4¾	200	Chi. Gt. Western...	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	..	4⅝	5
114¾	104¾	1,200	Chi. Gt. W. pf. (5)..	109	11	109	110	+ ½	109½	110¾
39¾	16½	3,900	Chi., Mil. & St. P..	25	25⅝	24¾	25¾	+ ⅝	25	25¾
55	29	9,000	C., M. & St. P. pf..	38¾	40	38	40	+ ¾	39¾	40
95¾	59	900	Chi. & N. W. (5)....	84½	84½	83¾	84½	+ ¾	84½	85
80¾	59	400	Chi. Pneu. Tool (4)	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾	+ ¾	78	79
3,100	2¾	3,100	Chi., R. I. & Pac..	34⅝	35	34⅛	34⅝	+ ¼	34⅝	34⅞
100	85	100	Chi., R. I. & P. pf.	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	..	96	96
200	70¾	200	C., R. I. & P. pf. (6)	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	..	85½	86
600	51	600	C., St.P., M. & O. (5)	75	75	74½	74½	..	74	76
6,000	21¾	6,000	Chile Copper	26¼	26¾	26¼	26⅝	+ ⅛	26⅝	26⅝
1,000	23¾	1,000	Chino Copper	23¾	23¾	23¼	23¾	+ ⅛	23¼	24
322	44	200	Chuett, Peabody	62	62	61	61	— 2	57	62
74	41	21,900	Cons. Cgas (4).....	72	74½	71¾	72¾	+ 1	72	72½
47	22¼	400	Colorado Fuel & I...	26	26½	26	26½	+ ½	26¼	27
125¾	114¾	100	Com'l Solv. A (4)....	48	48	48	48	..	45¾	49
53¾	38	1,400	Colorado South. (3)..	44	44½	43	43½	+ 1¼	43½	45
109¾	102¾	1,800	Colum.Gas & El.(6)	103	105¾	104	104¾	+ ¾	104½	105
40	20¾	400	Columbia Graph.	3¼	3¼	..	..	..	2¾	2¾
70	55¾	200	Comp. Tab. Rec. (6)	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾	..	66½	67½
30	25½	300	Consolidated Cigar..	33¾	33¾	33½	33½	— ¼	34	35
14,000	8¾	14,000	Consol. Gas (8).....	126¾	127¾	123¾	124	+ 2¾	123¾	124½
2,800	1¼	2,800	Consol. Textile	11	11⅛	11	11¼	+ ⅛	11	11¾
4,800	1¾	4,800	Continental Can	96	98	96	97	..	96¾	97
15	13¾	200	Conley Tin Foil....	14	14½	14	14½	..	14	15
19,500	9¾	19,500	Corn Pr. Ref. (†6)..	129	130¾	127½	130¾	+ 2¾	130¾	130¾
400	122	400	Corn Pr. R. pf. (7).	122	122	122	122	..	122	122½
9,300	46¾	9,300	Cosden Co. (4).....	46¾	47	45¾	46¾	+ ¾	46¼	46¾
300	98¾	300	Cosden Co. pf. (7)..	98¼	98¾	98¼	98¼	..	98¼	101
14,100	82¾	14,100	Crucible Steel	85	85¾	83¾	84¾

Government of Newfoundland

5½% Bonds

July 1, 1942

Price 100

and

Descriptive circular on request.

Dillon, Read & Co.
Nassau and Cedar Sts.
New York City

We recommend the sale of

Chi. Grt. West. 4s, 1959

and the purchase of

N.Y.N.H. & H. 4s, 1956

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

International Petroleum Company, Limited

Notice of Dividend No. 3

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of 25 cents United States Currency per share has been declared by the Directors of the International Petroleum Company, Limited, and that the same will be payable on or after the 20th day of November, 1922, in respect of the shares specified in any Bearer Share Warrants of the Company upon presentation and delivery of coupons No. 3 attached to the said Bearer Share Warrants at the following Banks:
The Royal Bank of Canada,

60 Church Street, Toronto, Canada.
The Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.,
16-22 William Street, New York, N.Y.
The Farmers' Loan & Trust Co., Limited,
26 Old Broad Street, London, England.
OR
The Offices of the International Petroleum Co., Ltd.,
56 Church Street, Toronto, Canada.

United States Internal Revenue Ownership certificates, Form 1001A, revised, properly executed, should accompany all coupons which are presented direct, by shareholders, to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 16-22 William Street, New York, N. Y.

The payment to shareholders of record whose shares are fully paid up at the close of business on the 17th day of November, 1922, and whose shares are represented by Registered Certificates will be made by cheque, mailed from the offices of the Company on the 18th day of November, 1922.

By Order of the Board,
J. R. CLARKE,
Secretary.
56 Church Street,
Toronto, Canada.
14th November, 1922.

E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY.
Wilmington, Delaware.

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the stockholders of E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company will be held on Monday, December 4, 1922, at 12 o'clock noon, at the principal office of the Company, No. 1007 Market Street, in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle, State of Delaware, for the purpose of voting on a proposition to amend Article Fourth of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company increasing the authorized common capital stock of the Company from 800,000 shares of the par value of $100 per share to 1,000,000 shares of the par value of $100 per share, and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting. The meeting will be held in the Meeting Room in the du Pont Building.
CHARLES COPELAND, Secretary.

UTILITY BONDS LEAD OFFERINGS OF WEEK

They Comprise $22,643,000 of a Total of $36,859,500 on the Market Here.

$4,000,000 ILLINOIS ISSUE

Hillsborough County, Florida, Next on List, With $1,500,000—Outlook for Next Week.

New public utility issues, sold to provide funds for expansion and improvement of properties and for the refunding of older and higher interest rate securities, featured offerings of new bonds this week. The total aggregated $36,859,500, of which $22,643,000 was based on properties which supply utility service to the public.

The largest single issue was $7,143,000 5s of the Commonwealth Edison Company of Chicago. The proceeds will be used in part to refund an issue of 7s maturing on Dec. 1, and to provide funds for the further expansion of the company. At the offering price of 99 the bonds yield 5.07 per cent. if held to maturity. The other issues of this group ranged from 6 per cent. to 7.30 per cent. The Cincinnati, Newport & Covington Railway Company sold an issue of $4,000,000 refunding 6s at par, the Louisville Gas and Electric Company sold an issue of $3,500,000 sinking fund gold bonds at 96½, and the Sioux City Gas and Electric Company sold an issue of 6s amounting to $3,500,000, at 90½, at which they yield 6.05 per cent. if retained by the investor to maturity.

Three moderate-sized industrial issues were offered and sold during the week. One of these was $1,000,000 6½s of the Lion Collars and Shirts, Inc., which were offered at a price to yield 6.75 per cent. The Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Corporation sold an issue of $1,000,000 6½s at prices to yield from 5.50 per cent. to 5.75 per cent., and the Edward Langer Printing Company, Inc., sold an issue of $1,350,000 6½ per cent. serial bonds at par.

Tax-Free Issues.

In the group of tax-free bonds, the largest was an issue of $6,000,000 4s of the State of Illinois, maturing from 1929 to 1940, and which were offered at prices for all maturities to yield fractionally more than 4 per cent. Other issues in this group were modest sized ones, among the largest being $1,500,000 5s for Hillsborough County, Fla., offered at prices to yield 4.70 per cent., and 700,000 school bonds issued by Chester, Pa., carrying a 4½ per cent. coupon, and sold at prices to yield 4.075. Proceeds of the bonds sold in the New York market this week will go for improvements in Syracuse, N. Y.; Kansas City, Kan., Miami Beach, Fla.; Providence, R. I.; Jackson, Miss.; Cedar Rapids, Iowa; Delaware County, Pa., and Dickenson County, Va.

Two issues of farm loan bonds were sold during the week. One of them was $1,125,000 of the First Carol na Joint Stock Land Bank, the other $1,000,000 of the St. Louis Joint Stock Land Bank. They bear a 5 per cent. coupon, and were offered at prices to yield about 4.60 per cent. to the optional maturity of all of these issues, in 1932, and 5 per cent. if held to maturity.

Bond dealers express the opinion that there is probably will be a slackening of new business between this time and the first of the year, when a very good reinvestment demand is expected to make its appearance. Maturities at the first of 1923 are particularly heavy and no doubt the new offerings will be spaced to meet this expected surplus of idle investment funds. The market for old bonds has strengthened considerably in the last few days, and this, too, has had its effect on the crop of new issues, quite a number of wh ch now are under consideration and negotiation.

Offerings for Next Week.

Spencer Trask & Co. and Blyth, Witter & Co. will offer next week $1,500,000 of the Nevada-California Electric Corporation 6 per cent. first lien gold bonds, Series B, due Oct. 1, 1950, making the total amount of first lien gold bonds outstanding in the hands of the public $11,278,200, of which $8,671,200 are Series A and $2,600,000 Series B, including the new issue.

The Nevada-California Electric Corporation serves the agricultural and industrial sections of Southern and Eastern California, and also the mining districts of Central, Western and Southwestern Nevada. The present installed capacity of the generating stations is 77,630 horsepower, of which 66,130 horsepower is hydroelectric. The replacement value of the properties as of August 31 amounted to $25,195,726, which compares with total bonded debt and secured notes outstanding in the hands of the public of $16,092,700, including the new issue. Earnings for the twelve months ended Aug. 31, 1922, were $1,822,349.

Henry E. Dodge, Treasurer of the Magma Copper Company, announces that on and after Nov. 20 the temporary ten-year 7 per cent. convertible gold bonds of the company may be exchanged for permanent engraved bonds with coupons annexed at the office of the trustee, the Chase National Bank. Lehman Brothers and Goldman, Sachs & Co. announce that the subscription books on the Phoenix Hosiery Company stock have been closed, all the stock available having been applied for.

S. W. Straus & Co. have purchased an issue of $2,350,000 first mortgage serial coupon three to twenty year bonds of the Brown Realty Company of Louisville, Ky., secured by the land, building and equipment and a first lien on the net earnings of the Brown Hotel, Louisville.

Fajardo Sugar Receipts.

The Fajardo Sugar Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, reports gross receipts of $3,366,105, against $3,661,806 in the previous year. After payment of all expenses the company reports a surplus of $272,488, against $695,302 last year. The surplus, however, was sufficient to cover cash dividends paid, the result being that a deficit of $15,487 was reported after dividends. In 1921 there was a deficit of $1,199,338 after dividends, but in 1921 there was reported a surplus of $4,104,848.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	86.20	85.06	86.06	+ .50
25 industrials	108.04	104.84	105.46	+ .62
50 stocks	94.47	93.29	94.08	+ .49

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 10	95.49	93.37	93.76	— .97
Nov. 11	94.90	93.10	94.18	+ .28
Nov. 13	95.70	93.84	95.15	+1.98
Nov. 13	95.63	94.26	95.13	— .45
Nov. 11	95.65	95.34	95.55	—1.47
Nov. 10	98.04	96.53	97.02	—1.17
Nov. 9	98.50	97.06	98.02	— .46

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1922	89.35	Nov. 9	82.84	Nov. 14	84.05
1921	93.88	Nov. 30	84.84	Nov. 1	87.66
1920	91.90	Nov. 4	82.85	Nov. 30	71.62
1919	95.59	May 8	84.16	Nov. 29	83.54
1918	90.16	Nov. 12	71.96	Nov. 26	73.80
1917	83.10	Nov. 28	80.42	Nov. 8	84.09

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1922	89.35	Oct. 19	82.21	Jan. 10	84.05
†1921	93.13	May 6	68.35	June 21	87.07

Full Years.

1921	93.13	May 6	68.35	June 21	83.50
1920	94.07	Apr. 5	67.20	Dec. 22	87.50
1919	98.47	Oct. 31	89.73	Jan. 21	89.73
1918	90.16	Nov. 12	84.13	Jan. 15	78.80
1917	102.46	Jan. 4	87.47	Dec. 20	88.58

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change.		
		Day.	Month	Year
40 issues	78.84	—.02	—1.56	+4.84

DAILY RANGE OF BONDS.

Nov. 10	78.96	+.06	Nov. 7	81	Holiday.	
Nov. 15	78.60	+.04	Nov. 6	80.06	—.20	
Nov. 14	78.56	—.03	Nov. 4	80.25	+.10	
Nov. 13	79.19	—.21	Nov. 3	80.15		
Nov. 11	79.40	—.11	Nov. 2	80.18	+.21	
Nov. 10	79.51	—.26	Nov. 1	79.84	—.01	
Nov. 9	79.87	—.02	Oct. 31	79.85	—.20	
Nov. 8	79.89	—.14	Oct. 30	80.05	—.13	

YEARLY RANGE OF BONDS.

*1922	82.54	Aug. 22	76.01	Jan. 3	78.84	
†1921	84.20	Nov. 16	67.56	June 20	74.20	

Full Years.

1921	76.31	Nov. 30	67.56	June 20	73.27	
1920	78.18	Oct. 21	66.57	May 21	68.66	
1919	79.05	June 11	71.05	Dec. 13	72.20	
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.63	Sep. 27	78.78	
1917	80.47	Jan. 20	76.34	Dec. 20	76.80	

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TRADE CONTINUES ACTIVE.

Substantial Revival From Collapse of After-War Boom in 1920.

Merchants and jobbers in various sections of the country report continuance of the active demands for merchandise noted in the past, according to the trade reports of the mercantile agencies. "With an inventory period close at hand," says Dun's Review, "and a holiday season approaching, a continuance of the slowing down process in other than retail branches would not be surprising, nor would it be a reason for loss of confidence. The fact stands out plainly that pressure of accumulated orders maintains outputs at a relatively high level in leading industries, and it is not uncommon now to hear of some manufacturers being engaged further ahead than at any time in two years. When the results of the current year are analyzed fully, it will be found that there has been a substantial revival from the depression which followed the collapse of the after-war boom in 1920, and that previous records have been surpassed in certain instances."

Bradstreet's says: "Following the slight wavering visible in trade distribution last week, there has come an apparent stiffening in jobbing trade, indicating a transference of activity from primary to secondary lines. Retail trade, as for some weeks past, affected largely by weather conditions, but also by discussion of price considerations, has seemed to lag relatively behind jobbing distribution."

WOOL MARKET STEADY.

Prices Are Very Firm in Primary Transactions.

BOSTON, Nov. 17.—The Commercial Bulletin tomorrow will say: "While prices are not materially higher in the seaboard wool markets, there is a constant tendency to strengthen, although the market has been less active. In the primary market value are stiffening or are very firm. In Texas, the fall clip is moving at extreme rates, about 47 cents having been paid for the Kerrville wools. The goods market is healthy.

The New Zealand season opened with prices 5 to 5 pence above the prices at the close last May. Liverpool this week showed advances of 5 to 10 per cent. on medium to fine crossbreds, although merinos were easier. London will be watched closely next Tuesday.

HILL ROADS AGAINST SEPARATING LINES

Argue Against Proposed Commerce Commission Zone Grouping at Hearing.

HOLD UNIFIED SYSTEM BEST

Call Taking Great Northern and Colorado & Western From Burlington Unwise.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17. — The Hill group was the first to be heard today by the Interstate Commerce Commission on the commission's plan for grouping Western railroads under the Transportation act. The Hill interests opposed the proposal of the commission to separate the Great Northern and Colorado & Southern from the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy but were ready to consolidate the Great Northern, Northern Pacific, Burlington and Colorado & Southern.

Walker D. Hines, former head of the United States Railroad Administration and now counsel for the Hill roads, and Hale Holden, President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy and Colorado & Southern, explained why the lines favored the plan they suggested. The commission has, under its tentative arrangement, placed the Burlington and Northern Pacific in System No. 14, the Great Northern and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul in System No. 13, and the Colorado & Southern (controlled by the Burlington) in System No. 16 with the Santa Fe.

"The present situation of the Burlington, Northern Pacific and Great Northern, with their interdependence and the further dependence of the Burlington on its participation in traffic to and from the South is not only one of the great existing facts in the railroad situation," said Mr. Hines, "but is a situation which has been the outgrowth of planning of the ablest pioneers in the railroad development of this country, and the prosperity of the three companies has been due to the realization of this early planning and to the continued and the prosperity of the three companies has been due to the realization of the great conceptions of these builders.

"We believe it will clearly appear that no other proposal involved in the tentative plan of the commission proposes such a formidable disruption of the existing relationships, upon the faith of which enormous expenditures have been made for the development of the public service, as involved in the effect of this tentative plan upon these three companies and their controlled lines.

"The purpose of the statute would be defeated and not promoted by placing one of the northern lines in a different gorup from that containing the other northern line and the Burlingston. This would be true because the public interest will be promoted by putting the three lines in the same group, and, further, because the inescapable facts are such as to destroy any motive for voluntary action on the part of the Great Northern to carry into effect the tentative plan for voluntary consolidations the only sort contemplated by the act.

"The affiliation existing between these three lines for over twenty years has been pre-eminently in the public interest, and it represents a long step in the direction of simplification and increased efficiency of the railroads of the country through a scheme of consolidation, the thing sought by the Transportation act. There is not another situation in the country where consolidation would be more logical or more in the public interest and there is no other situation where consolidation could be so readily brought about."

Mr. Holden maintained that the Burlington was in no way competitive with either the Northern Pacific or Great Northern. He used figures to show that more than 88 per cent. of all the freight handled by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern was competitive with other lines, such as the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, the Soo Line, the Chicago & Northwestern system and the Union Pacific system, so that by consolidating the Northern Pacific and Great Northern with the Burlington all practical competition was still protected while at the same time the long standing alliance between the Burlington, Northern Pacific and Great Northern would be improved and substantial economies in cost would be made.

He criticised the plan of the commission as based too largely on east and west traffic instead of also giving consideration to the importance of north and south traffic. He pointed to the growth of the great north and south lines of traffic, beginning in Eastern territory with the development of the Potomac gateway interchange between the Eastern lines and lines in the Southeast and moving west to points like Cincinnati and other Ohio River crossings, St. Louis and Kansas City, and predicted as the population in the Western territory continued to grow that the Denver gateway would increase in importance as the centre of another large flow of north and south traffic whereby the market for the products of the Northwest, and principally lumber, would increase throughout the Central and Southwestern States and the volume of fruits, vegetables and other products from the South would increase in volume in the opposite direction into the Northwest.

He thought that in the other tentative plans of the commission no serious disturbance to existing relations was proposed, whereas in the case of successful and important Western lines, such as the Burlington, Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Colorado & Southern, the plan seemed to be to separate them and thereby sacrifice many of the benefits which had come during the last twenty years through their close association and large investments in improvements. If one of the major purposes of the Transportation Act was to develop a basis for the consolidation and absorption of so-called weak lines, that could not be accomplished by first weakening a strong line like the Burlington and then expecting it to add any of the mileage of the so-called weak lines to its present system.

MINING COMPANY GAINS.

Butte & Superior Report Shows $108,821 Net Earnings.

The Butte & Superior Mining Company, in its report for the third quarter of 1922 shows net earnings, after all deductions, amounting to $108,821 as compared with a deficit of $66,844 for the second quarter and a deficit of $184,550 for the first quarter. The report showed that 77,031 dry tons of ore were milled in the third quarter as against 80,048 tons in the previous quarter, and that development work during the third quarter consisted of 3,920 feet of drifting and cross-cutting and 691 feet of raises, or a total of 4,611 feet.

The figures, making no provision for depletion, for the first three quarters of 1922 follow:

	3d Quar. 1922	2d Quar. 1922	1st Quar. 1922
Net value of Metals in concentrates	$782,550	$651,076	$406,986
Misc. income	20,712	32,001	16,804
Metal inv. & quotations	35,000		
	$818,263	$683,078	$518,771
Operating costs	616,827	644,809	511,475
Operating profit	$201,435	$38,269	$3,295
Shutdown expenses, depreciation, &c.	92,614	105,113	186,845
Net to surplus	$108,821	$66,844	$184,550

James D. Mooney Succeeds Haskell.

J. Amory Haskell, President of the General Motors Export Company, has resigned and James D Mooney has been elected to the vacancy. Mr. Mooney has been elected a Vice President of the General Motors Company and will have general charge of all of the corporation's overseas activities. Mr. Haskell has resigned to devote his time to the interests of the parent corporation.

Western Electric Sales Increase.

Charles G. Du Bois President of the Western Electric Company, announced yesterday that sales for the first ten months of 1922 amounted to $170,000,000, a slight increase compared with 1920, which was the largest year in the company's history. On Oct. 31 the company had on its payroll 50,177 employes, the largest number in its history.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Herman E. Winneone, an attorney of Queens County, has been elected a Director of the First Mortgage Guarantee Company of Long Island.

Frank Mead, formerly Treasurer of the Springfield Avenue Trust Company of Newark, N. J., has become associated with Hoagland, Allum & Co. of New York and Chicago and will represent them among institutions and investors in Northern New Jersey.

Sutro Brothers & Co. announced that Russell M. White has withdrawn from association with their firm.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Home Title Insurance Company yesterday, John L. Finck was elected Secretary.

The New York Trust Company has been appointed trustee under the mortgage securing $13,876,500 New Orleans Public Service, Inc., general lien gold 4½ per cent. bonds, due July 1, 1935.

The New York Trust Company has been appointed trustee of an issue of Rolls-Royce Company of America, Inc., $3,000,000 7 per cent. sinking fund gold bonds, due Sept. 1, 1937.

New Bond Offerings of the Week

Week Ended Friday, Nov. 17, 1922.

STATE AND MUNICIPAL.

Bond or Note.	Amount.	Price.	Interest Rate.	Yield, Per Cent.	Term Yrs.	Due.	Interest Payable.	Syndicate or Firm.
Syracuse, N. Y., impvt. bonds	$615,000	..	4-4¼	3.95	1-20	1923-42	J.&D.	Equitable Trust Co. of New York.
Kansas City, Kan., impvt. bonds	250,000	..	5	4.35	1-10	1923-32	M.&N.	Brandon, Gordon & Waddell.
Miami Beach, Fla., impvt. bonds	110,000	..	6	5.30	2-19	1924-41	J.&J.	Spitzer, Rorick & Co.
Providence, R. I., impvt. bonds	.....	..	4	4¼	40	1962	J.&D.	Estabrook & Co.
Hillsboro Co., Fla., highway bonds	1,500,000	..	5	4.70	2-30	1924-52	J.&J.	Harris, Forbes & Co.
Jackson, Miss., improvement bonds	166,500	..	5½	4.75	10	1932	J.&J.	Caldwell & Co.
Cedar Rapids, Iowa, waterworks bonds	200,000	..	4¾	4.25	1-20	1923-42	J.&D.	P. W. Chapman & Co., Inc.
Delaware Co., Pa., bridge bonds	500,000	..	4½	4.05-4	18-30	1940-52	A.&O.	Janney & Co., Philadelphia.
*Dickenson Co., Va., road bonds	100,000	..	5½	5-5.50	10	1932	J.&J.	R. M. Grant & Co.
Chester, Pa., school bonds	700,000	..	4½	4.075	30	1952	M.&N.	Stroud & Co., M. M. Freeman & Co.
State of Illinois highway bonds	4,000,000	..	4	4+	7-18	1929-40	May	William R. Compton Co., Halsey, Stuart & Co.

*Optional 1927.

PUBLIC UTILITY.

*Tide Water Power Co. 1st mtg. & ref. gold bds., Ser. A	$3,000,000	96	6	6.35	20	1942	A.&O.	Hemphill, Noyes & Co., Stroud & Co., Inc.; Coffin & Burr, Inc.; Otis & Co.
Louisville Gas & Electric Co. skg. fund gold bonds	3,500,000	96½	6	6.35	15	1937	A.&O.	H. M. Byllesby & Co., Federal Securities Corp., Wakefield & Co.
†Cincinnati, Newport & Covington Ry. Co. ref. mtg. bonds	4,000,000	100	6	6	25	1947	J.&J.	Beverley, Bogart & Co.
§Sioux City Gas & Electric Co. 1st mtg. gold bonds, Series A	3,500,000	90½	6	6.05	25	1947	M.&S.	Halsey, Stuart & Co.
‡Tide Water Power skg. fd. deb. bds.	1,500,000	97	7	7.30	15	1937	A.&O.	Stroud & Co., Inc.; Otis & Co., Howe, Snow & Bertles, Inc.; R. H. Wilsey & Co.
†Commonwealth Edison Co. 1st mtg. gold bonds	7,143,000	99	5	5.07	21	1943	M.&S.	Halsey, Stuart & Co.

*Callable after Oct. 1, 1927, at 107¼ to April 1, 1928, and at ¼ per cent. less during each succeeding year to maturity. †Callable first five years at 107½, second five at 105, third five at 104½, fourth five at 103 and fifth five at 101½. ‡Callable Sept. 1, 1932 to 1936, at 107½, to 1941 at 105, to 1946 at 102½ and thereafter at par. §Callable to Oct. 1, 1927, at 110, the redemption price decreasing 1 per cent. for each year thereafter. ‖Callable at 110 on 40 days' notice.

INDUSTRIAL.

*Lion Collars & Shirts, Inc., 1st mtg. sky. fund gold bonds	$1,000,000	97½	6½	6.75	20	1942	M.&N.	P. W. Chapman & Co., Inc.
Pennsylvania Coal & Coke Corp. equip. trust ctfs.	1,600,000	..	5½	5.50-5.75	1-15	1923-37	M.&N.	W. A. Harriman & Co., Cassatt & Co.
Edward Langer Printing Co., Inc., 1st mtg. gold bds.	1,350,000	100	6½	6½	2-15	1924-37	M.&N.	S. W. Straus & Co.

*Redeemable after Nov. 1, 1932, at 105.

LAND BANK.

*First Carolinas Jt. Stock Land Bank farm loan bonds	$1,125,000	102½	5	4.66-5	30	1932	M.&N.	Hayden, Stone & Co., Redmond & Co., Watkins & Co.
*St. Louis Jt. Stock Land Bank farm loan bonds	1,000,000	103	5	4.60-5	30	1932	M.&N.	William R. Compton Co., Halsey, Stuart & Co.

*Redeemable at par on May 1, 1932, or thereafter. †Optional Nov. 1, 1932.

Real Estate Mortgage Bonds are not included in this table.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	6.50	6.80	6.65	6.90
Quicksilver	72.00		72.00	
Aluminium	21.50	22.50	21.50	22.50
Iron 2x Silicon	32.25	34.25	32.25	33.25

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 12½c on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	63	7	6	63	5	0
Copper, futures	64	5	0	64	2	6
Tin, spot	177	10	0	180	2	6
Tin, futures	179	5	0	183	5	0
Spelter, spot	37	0	0	39	10	0
Spelter, futures	36	15	0	37	0	0
Lead, spot	26	0	0	26	2	6
Lead, futures	24	15	0	24	17	6

Short-Term Government Obligations.

Following are the prices bid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year	P.C.	Bid	Ask.	Approx. Yield
December	1922	3½	100		
December	1922	4½	100	100¼	3.80
March	1923	4½	100	100	3.34
December	1922	4½	100.04	100.08	3.32
May	1923	4½	100.30	100.34	3.30
June	1924	3½	101½	102	4.21
June	1923	5½	100¾	100	3.75
September	1924	5½	101½	101¾	4.43
December	1925	4½	99½	99¾	4.45
March	1924	4½	100¾	100¾	4.46
March	1925	4½	100¼	100½	4.50
September	1926	4½	99½	99¾	4.44

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, NOV. 17, 1922.

	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales:					
U. S. Government bonds	$2,886,700	$6,274,350	$8,134,100	$15,228,500	$10,468,000
Other domestic bonds	4,997,500	8,306,000	3,976,000	2,562,000	1,780,000
Foreign bonds	2,268,500	2,347,500	1,058,150	1,945,000	1,441,000
Total all bonds	$10,147,700	$16,927,850	$12,768,250	$17,730,500	$13,689,000
Year to date:					
U. S. Government bonds	$1,511,242,057	$1,782,848,825	$2,432,150,465	$2,294,670,165	$1,093,845,000
Other domestic bonds	1,728,096,100	826,711,300	619,968,085	472,208,985	308,502,500
Foreign bonds	544,466,800	298,049,700	239,121,900	198,333,600	244,807,500
Total all bonds	$3,783,804,957	$2,907,609,825	$3,291,235,450	$2,965,212,750	$1,647,155,000

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range, '22. High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
105.02	Oct. 19,'22	98.00	June 2,'21	103.02	94.84	596	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	100.14	100.20	100.19	100.19	—.06	100.06	100.10	3.46
102.70	Oct. 19,'22	96.14	July 11,'21	102.70	94.82	..	Liberty 3½s, registered	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
101.66	July 25,'22	93.00	May 19,'20	101.64	93.70	..	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	..	..	..	..	..	98.40	98.50	4.13
101.30	July 24,'22	93.80	May 19,'20	101.30	97.80	..	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
100.80	July 25,'22	91.40	May 20,'20	100.80	96.50	1½	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42	97.88	97.89	97.88	97.88	—.16	97.88	98.00	4.18
100.54	July 14,'22	91.28	May 21,'20	100.54	96.50	..	Liberty 2d 4s, reg	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
100.00	July 16,'22	90.00	June 7,'20	102.00	98.00	..	Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	..	..	..	..	..	100.00	100.30	..
101.78	July 22,'22	94.00	May 9,'20	101.78	98.06	107	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	98.50	98.64	98.50	98.52	—.06	98.52	98.60	4.28
101.40	July 24,'22	94.00	July 20,'20	101.40	98.84	1	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg	98.50	98.20	98.20	98.20	..	..	..	..
100.90	July 24,'22	91.40	May 20,'20	101.00	94.68	742	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	98.00	98.02	97.94	97.96	—.02	97.96	98.00	4.40
100.80	July 25,'22	92.50	May 19,'20	101.84	95.58	8	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg	97.90	97.90	97.80	97.80	—.10	..	..	..
101.00	July 20,'22	95.68	Dec. 23,'20	101.00	96.74	356	Liberty 3d 4½s, 1923-47	98.48	98.58	98.42	98.52	—.06	98.52	98.58	4.56
100.86	July 25,'22	92.40	May 19,'20	100.86	94.72	..	Liberty 3d 4½s, reg	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
101.86	July 27,'22	92.44	May 20,'20	101.86	96.86	69,700	Victory 4¼s, 1923-38	98.50	98.58	98.30	98.56	..	98.52	98.56	4.56
101.82	July 27,'22	92.40	May 20,'20	101.82	96.86	16	Victory 4¼s, reg. called 98.86		98.86	98.86	98.86	..	..	..	..
100.88	May 16,'21	94.70	May 20,'20	100.98	100.02	55½	Victory 4¼s, 1925	100.38	100.32	100.30	100.32	+.02	100.32	100.36	4.06
100.80	Apr. 8,'22	96.66	May 21,'20	100.00	99.84	229½	Victory 4¼s, reg	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..
100.14	Oct. 19,'22	98.00	Oct. 27,'22	100.14	98.80		Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	99.50	99.54	99.40	99.46	—.03	99.44	99.50	4.52

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s 1945	83¼	2	78	Dept of the Seine 7s 1942		2	98¼	2	98½	5s 1945		1	72¾	5s of 1944	
Imp. 7s 1927		1	77¼		98¾	2	98¾	3	98½	5s, 1968		2	72	7s, 1945	102
1	100¼	1	75¾	5	97¾	20	98¾	20	98¾	King of Italy 6½s 1925		21	73¾	Rep of Haiti 8 f 6s Ser A	92
8	100¾	8	78¼	1	87¾	5	98¾	Holland-Am 15-yr s f 6s 1947 int rcts		15	73¾	1922 Int ctfs	85
1	100¼	8	78½	1	88¼	5	99			5	73¾	2	86¼
5	100¼	1	78¾	1	87¾	2	99			2	74	1922 int ctfs	86¼
20	100¾	8	78½	1	88¼	5	99¼			6	74¼	5	86¼
10	100¼	1	78¾	1	87¾	5	99¼	Jap Govt 4s 1931 s f		1	74¼	18	86¼
5	100¼	1	78¾	5	87¾	2	99¼			2	74¾	2	86¼
20	100¾	1	78¾	10	87¾	1	99¼	Japanese Imp Dev tem deb 7½s 1942		1	74¾	1	86¼
10	100¼	4	78¾	10	87¾	1	99¼			1	74¾	1	86¼
City of Bergen 8s 1945		City of Montevideo tem s f 7s 1952		25	87¾	1	99¼			1	74¾	1	86¼
6	108½			2	87¾	1

NEW C. & O. SHARES GET FIRST DIVIDEND

Directors Order Initial Payment on Road's 6½ Per Cent. Preferred Stock.

USUAL RATE FOR COMMON

Increasing the Regular 4 Per Cent. Dividend Had Never Been Considered, Official Says.

The Directors of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad yesterday declared an initial dividend of $1.62½ a share on its new 6½ per cent. preferred stock. The disbursement, which is payable Jan. 1 to stockholders of record Dec. 1, covers the dividend obligations on that stock for the last quarter of 1922. Subsequently, dividends will be paid regularly on Jan. 1, and July 1. The Directors also declared the regular semi-annual dividend of $2 a share on the common, payable as of the same dates.

Following the Directors' meeting it was explained that only casual reference had been made to an extra dividend, a rumor which had been heard with considerable frequency in Wall Steret lately. At no time, it was said, have the Directors considered increasing the regular 4 per cent. rate on the common stock. Recent estimations have placed the company's earnings at a figure amounting to $12.74 a share on the $82,702,600 outstanding common stock, after all deductions have been made for preferred dividend requirements.

According to its plan for a preferred stock issue the company obtained permission from its stockholders on Sept. 26, 1922, to authorize $30,000,000 of 6½ per cent. cumulative convertible preferred stock, Series "A." Of this amount $12,558,500 was offered, plus an amount equal to 20 per cent. of par value of any additional common stock issued prior to Sept. 2, 1922, in conversion of the outstanding convertible bonds.

The new preferred was offered to holders of the common stock of record on Sept. 1, 1922, at $100 per share to the extent of 20 per cent. of their holdings. Subscriptions were made on or before Oct. 2, 1922, and dividends were to accrue from that date. The subscription was underwritten by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the National City Bank. The proceeds of the sale were to be used for additions, betterments and extensions of facilities.

CRAIG DEMANDS RETURN OF $500,000

Controller Notifies Borough Presidents Money for Charity Must Be Restored.

Controller Charles L. Craig served notice upon the Borough Presidents at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Estimate that if they did not find a way immediately to return something like $500,000 which had been diverted from money for charitable institutions to make up a deficiency in the 1922 budget somebody would have to suffer.

"You fellows have trifled with this thing long enough," said the Controller. "You haven't produced a cent despite your repeated promises to make good this great deficiency."

It was explained that in order to provide enough money for the Department of Education and still make it appear that a good showing was being made in the other departments some one conceived the idea of a "put-and-take" system of juggling figures by borrowing $1,300,000 to help out the Department of Education budget.

In order to carry out the plan it was necessary to borrow $500,000 from the charitable institutions and $500,000 from the Police Pension funds. The Controller declared there was a distinct understanding that this money was to be paid back and that pledges had been given from month to month to reimburse the charitable institutions and the pension funds by the departments and borough heads.

The Borough Presidents, the Controller added, had not made good their promises. He said his department had contributed its share toward making good its financial promise to keep the budget within the legal limit and that he expected the other heads of departments to do likewise.

"If we are given a week's time in which to find the money we'll make good," said Borough President Riegelmann. "If not we'll have to lay off hundreds of per diem employes."

"I don't like the idea of your having to 'put and take,'" said the Controller, "but I cannot be responsible for the way you handle your funds. The year is near its close, and this account has to be settled. You have pledged funds and you have failed to make good."

SEES REED AS 'WETS' LEADER

Clergyman Who Fought Him Tells of Hints Current in Missouri.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—A prediction that Senator Reed of Missouri would be leader of the "wets" in the next Congress was made today by the Rev. James W. Fifield of Kansas City, who helped in the campaign against him. He said:

"We had the old line Democrats, who disliked Reed because of his opposition to President Wilson, the churches, the Masons, the Ku Klux Klan and the women's clubs all against Reed, and yet he won.

"Reed did not contradict the statements current among the mountaineers that within two weeks after his election there would be plenty of liquor to be had by every one.

"At one high school where I spoke I saw a monument of empty whisky flasks and bottles which the boys had gathered around the tent where Reed had been speaking the evening before at a mass meeting.

"I believe that Senator Reed will be the leader of the "wets" in the next Congress and that we will see lively times."

Ruling on Jersey Standard Shares.

The Committee on Securities of the New York Stock Exchange has ruled that the common stock of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey be not quoted ex the 400 per cent. stock dividend on Nov. 23, and not until further notice, and that deliveries after that date shall be accompanied by a due bill.

Oil Properties Taken Over.

The Middle States Oil Corporation and the Southern States Oil Corporation have taken over the oil properties owned by Jos. M. Brown Jr., located in Louisiana and Southern Arkansas.

COTTON RECOVERS IN ACTIVE MARKET

Increase in Exports a Contributing Factor — Prices Advance 33 to 52 Points.

Following a further sharp break, which carried both January and March below 25 cents, cotton snapped back quickly yesterday. Operations were attended with an unusual degree of feverishness and excitement, prices moving in waves of alternate buying and selling until afternoon developments steadied the tone materially. After extensive liquidation and a decline of a cent and three quarters, support increased. Contracts have been running so close to spots South that definite weakness in that quarter is generally considered as a necessary preliminary to declining prices. An increase in both exports and spinners' takings encouraged aggressive buying. Spot sales fell under 10,000 bales, the smallest since August. Prices gained 33 to 52 points.

Interest before the market opened was centred in the action of Liverpool following a cent break on this side Thursday. Although results of British elections received an unfavorable interpretation in industrial circles abroad, Liverpool did no more than meet the New York decline and later recovered a portion of the early loss. This had a steadying effect and resulted in the absorption of extensive overnight liquidation at a slight advance in quotations. But the tone proved extremely nervous as a result of the running break late Thursday, causing violent price changes.

Efforts to start a recovery encountered so much cotton that an open break of half a cent occurred at midday. Stop-loss orders were reached and March sold as low as 24.96. Throughout the morning, liquidation of December was in progress, reducing the December premium to 5 points over January. Pre-notice day liquidation in the December position before Nov. 24 has been a feature of the past week, all those who do not intend to take up and pay for actual cotton being engaged in the process of transferring their interest to later months. Weight of this pressure on December has been a contributing factor to the decline.

Following the posting of large spinners' takings for the week, 437,000 bales against 360,000 last year, and exports for the day of 83,000 bales, the market turned abruptly and recovered 60 points about as rapidly as it declined the previous day. On the theory that liquidation has been drastic and the technical position correspondingly improved, professional and commission house operators furnished active support. An enormous volume of buying occurred, taking all contracts for sale and pushing March from below 25 cents to above 25.90.

New Orleans rebounded with New York and selling pressure was lifted during the improvement. Reports from Southern spot circles that actual cotton could not be purchased at levels represented by the two contract markets, although comparatively little actually changed hands, encouraged the repurchase of contracts sold out during the decline. Mills appeared as buyers, particularly in distant positions, and the advance in wheat brought in Western operators. There was no cessation of the buying movement in the last hour, prices recovering to best figures of the day and closing with more cotton apparently wanted than appeared for sale.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev.
Dec.	25.50	25.70	25.08	25.68-69	25.30
Jan.	25.30	25.70	24.95	25.67-70	25.15
March	25.35	25.64	24.90	25.60-64	25.15
May	25.09	25.48	24.80	25.43	24.93
July	24.92	25.15	24.60	25.13-15	24.80
Oct.	23.35	23.62	23.15	23.65-B	23.32

The local market for spot cotton was steady, 30 points advance, for middling upland. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 25.65c, 40 points advance; New Orleans, 25.50c, unchanged; Savannah, 25.30c, 30 points advance; Memphis, 25.75c, unchanged; Houston, 25.70c, 50 points advance; Little Rock, 25.50c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yester-day.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	34,655	46,291	35,099
Exports	83,542	36,108	59,139
Exports, season	1,869,643	1,630,792	2,127,482
New York stocks	59,538	50,818	112,294
Port stocks	1,194,087	1,210,193	1,503,942
N. Y. arrivals	200	150	2,882

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton dull, 42 points decline; 14.87d for middling. Sales, 5,000 bales; American, 2,000. Imports 20,000; American, 20,000. Futures opened steady, 31 to 35 points decline; closed steady, 21 to 25 points decline. Prices: December, 14.32d; January, 14.19d; March, 13.97d; May, 13.82d; July, 13.61d; October, 12.84d. Manchester—Yarns dull; cloths, buyers held off.

CRUCIBLE STOCK TAKEN UP.

Shareholders Told Cash in $5,000,000 Issue Has Been Deposited.

The $5,000,000 capital stock of the Crucible Steel Company of America, offered some time ago, has been taken and the cash deposited with the company, according to H. S. Wilkinson, Chairman of the Board of Directors, in a report to stockholders at their annual meeting yesterday in Jersey City. Mr. Wilkinson said that the business of the company has shown remarkable improvement and a profit is now being reported instead of a loss. All Directors were re-elected.

In a statement issued after the meeting, Mr. Wilkinson said:

"The operations at our Midland plant are assuming more normal conditions than at any time in two years. We are mining 2,500 tons of coal and delivering it daily in our barges from the mines to our coke oven and blast furnaces. We are looking forward in every way to meet the requirements for raw material during the Winter months and believe we will be able to keep our plants in operation. Our unfilled orders are increasing each month and our customers are looking forward to obtaining their requirements that they may be able to continue their operations."

Cement Profits Increased.

The International Cement Corporation for the quarter ended Sept. 30, 1922, reports gross sales of $3,083,406, against $2,803,851 in the quarter ended June 30. Net profits, after all expenses, amounted to $506,986, against $404,782, while the surplus for the quarter was $432,920, against $332,543 in the previous quarter.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 7,883 packages. Market generally steady, trade quiet. Creamery, higher than extras, lb., 50¼@51c; extras, 92 score, 50c; firsts, 39¼@49c; seconds, 37¼@38¼c; lower grades, 34½@35½c; centralized cars, 90 score, 44@45c; 89 score, 41@42½c; 88 score, 39@40c; 85 to 87 score, 37½@38¾c; unsalted, higher than extras, 92@93c; extras, 92 score, 51@51½c; firsts, 49@50c; seconds, 39½@41c; lower grades, 37@38½c; creamery held, high scoring, 46¾@47c; extras, 45½@46c; firsts, 39@44½c; seconds, 37@38¼c; State dairy tubs, finest, 48@49c; good to prime, 43@47c; common to fair, 34@42c; ladles, current make, extras, 36½@37c; firsts, 35@35¼c; seconds, 34c; lower grades, 32@33c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 34c; No. 2, 33c; lower grades, 32@32c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 9,558 cases. High grade fresh gathered scarce, show advance; storage steady with firmer market. Fresh gathered extras, dozen, 65@70c; extra firsts, 60@64c; firsts, 50@58c; seconds, 46@48c; lower grades, 25@36c; trade eggs, 25@30c; dirties, No. 1, 27@29c; No. 2 and poorer, 22@25c; checks, poor to choice, dry, 20@24c; refrigerator extras, charges paid to expiring dates, 31@33c; firsts, 28@30c; seconds and poorer, 23@27½c; checks, locally candled, 20@22c; refrigerator whites, nearby, 32@47c; Pacific Coast, 32@45c; other Western, 30@35c; refrigerator oil immersion process nearby whites, 50@55c; Pacific Coast, 42@48c; Western brown and mixed, 39@37c; fresh New Jersey hennery whites, uncandled, extras, 46@90c; nearby hennery whites, extras, locally candled, 90c; nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, average extras, 82@86c; extra firsts, 78@80c; firsts, 68@75c; nearby unfathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 68@78c; under grades, 55@66c; pullets' eggs, 42@53c; Pacific Coast henneries, extras, 81@85c; extra firsts, 76@80c; firsts, 65@72c; under grades, 65@66c; pullets, 42@53c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 52@68c; New Jersey, henneries, brown, extra fancy, 80@85c; other nearby henneries, extras, 72@76c.

TAXICAB BONDING UPHELD BY COURT

Appellate Division Declares That Law Is Valid and $2,500 Not Confiscatory.

DEATH FOR EVERY SIX CABS

Casualties Here Equal Those of a "Major Battle," Writes Justice Dowling.

The State law requiring the bonding of taxicabs for safeguarding the public was upheld yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Spreme Court. The question was considered on an appeal taken by Charles Martin, owner and chauffeur of a taxicab, after his conviction in General Sessions for failure to comply with the taxicab bonding law. Justice Victor J. Dowling, writing the opinion, held that the validity of the statute was not affected by the expense, however heavy, that must be borne by an owner of a taxicab. He pointed out that for every six taxicabs there was a death each year in New York City, as compared with one fatal accident for every twenty passenger cars of other types.

When an appeal was taken in the test case, District Attorney Joab H. Banton and Attorney General Charles D. Newton joined forces in an effort to have the law enforced. Each taxicab operated in cities of the first class is required to carry a bond of $2,500 to guarantee compensation if a passenger is injured. The taxicab bonding law became effective on July 1 last, and in order to test its constitutionality Martin agreed to submit to an order of arrest for its violation. Upon the conviction of Martin he was fined $100 with the alternative of serving a thirty-day jail sentence. The sentence was suspended pending the outcome of his appeal. In his decision, Justice Dowling said:

The fact that the exercise of the police power of the State or the passage of remedial statutes in the public interest may entail expense upon the owner of property, even though it may amount to more than he thinks he can temporarily stand, still is no answer to the question of validity of the law.

"The Legislature has not seen fit to prohibit the operation of taxicabs completely. It has sought to regulate their use and make such use a source of less damage to the public. The provisions of the act are reasonable and justified. The cost of complying with it is not confiscatory. The act is within the proper exercise of legislative power and should be held valid. The judgment appealed from, therefore, will be affirmed."

The existence of similar laws in other states, and particularly in Illinois, where a bond of $10,000 is required of taxicab operators, was disclosed in the course of testimony introduced on appeal. It was shown that in New York State thousands of actions for accidents had been started and that hundreds of judgments had been obtained against irresponsible owners of taxicabs.

Referring to the cost of bonding taxicabs, Justice Dowling said the testimony indicated that stock companies exact a premium of $960 for the required bond and that mutual companies charge $540 therefor." He cited a schedule filed with the State Department of Insurance, which was placed in evidence, showing the rates. The table follows:

Table 1—Collateral and Premiums.

Schedule for individual cars, and owners operating from one to 19 taxicabs:

Initial Collateral Deposit per Car	*Surety Carries	*Monthly Premium per Car
$2,000	$500	$5.00
1,500	1,000	12.50
1,000	1,500	15.00
750	1,750	17.50
500	2,000	20.00
250	2,250	22.50
...	2,500	25.00

*Plus $20 per month regarded as collateral; $45 per month total to taxi owner without deposit.

That automobile casualties in New York equaled those of a "major battle" was considered by Justice Dowling, who cited figures that were introduced as evidence.

Proof was received," he wrote, "that there are operating in New York City about 325,000 automobiles other than taxicabs and about 13,000 taxicabs, and that during the year 1921, according to figures of the Police Department of the City of New York, there were killed and injured by automobiles other than taxicabs in the City of New York 15,561, being a ratio of 1 to 22 (casualties to machines), and that according to the same figures there were killed and injured by taxicabs within the City of New York within the year 1921 2,056 persons, being a ratio of 1 to 6. So fraught with danger to the public is the use of automobiles."

ALL GRAIN MARKETS HOLDING THEIR GAINS

December Wheat Closes at $1.20 a Bushel and Rye Goes Into New Ground at 90¼.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—While the grain markets were inclined to act very heavy at times in the early trading, an excellent class of buying developed toward the close that carried wheat up to equal to the outside figure of the previous day, with the finish at the highest close on the crop and net gains of ¾@1⅛ cents. December, leading, closed at $1.20¾, or within ¼ cent of the outside figure and only 1 cent under the extreme figure, made some months ago.

Corn was unchanged to ⅝ cent higher, and oats ¼ to ⅜ cent higher, while rye was the only grain to get into new ground, gaining 1⅝ to 1⅞ cents, with December at 90¼ cents. The seaboard was a free buying in the last few minutes of trading, in the face of reports that premiums were easier.

The buying of wheat here at the last was headed by houses that usually act for Northwestern account, and it was understood that a Minneapolis mill which was a persistent buyer in that market was active on the buying side here. Minneapolis led the upturn in all markets, and gained 1⅝ to 1⅞ cents.

The trade did not know how to construe the reports that imports of Canadian wheat and flour into the United States had been prohibited under the anti-dumping clause of the tariff, although if the entry of this grain for domestic consumption is prevented, regardless of whether the duty is paid, it would have considerable influence on the domestic mill demand for hard wheat.

It is estimated that around 5,000,000 bushels of Manitoba have been imported, duty paid, so far, mainly by Eastern mills, although close to 800,000 bushels have arrived here, of which 220,000 are still in bond. Kansas City reported 100,00 bushels of hard Winter sold to mills Thursday and a good demand for choice grain today, although offerings of this kind were light. Winnipeg, Man., stated that demand was slow, with receipts increasing.

Seven solid trainloads of empty cars left here today over one of the leading lines for the Northwest and West for grain loading. A local operator was a free buyer of wheat here and a seller at Minneapolis and Winnipeg. Export demand was said to show improvement at the seaboard, with sales estimated at 500,000 bushels of Manitobas.

The corn market acted early as though it were shaping for a reaction, and many of the local traders were inclined to the selling side but failed to make any headway, as offerings were quickly absorbed and a sharp advance came at the last. The persistent reports of a good cash business in the West offset the very slow call here from the West.

Congestion at Baltimore and Philadelphia is said to be due to the large amounts of grain now being shipped daily from Eastern ports for export and also accounts for the slow demand. Country offerings are not large.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 1,725,000 bushels; week ago, 1,757,000; last year, 631,000. Shipments were 908,000 bushels; week ago, 873,000; last year, 870,000.

Corn receipts were 753,000 bushels; week ago, 913,000; last year, 602,000; and shipments, 394,000 bushels; week ago, 876,000; last year, 520,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	$1.20¾	$1.19	$1.20¾	$1.19¾	$1.08½
May	1.17⅝	1.16¼	1.17⅛	1.16⅛	1.11⅞
July	1.06⅛	1.08	1.06⅜	1.06⅛	...

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	.71⅛	.70⅝	.71⅛	.71⅛	.48
May	.71⅛	.70⅝	.71⅛	.71⅛	.34¼
July	.70⅝	.70¼	.70⅝	.70⅝	...

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	.44⅝	.43⅞	.44⅝	.43⅞	.33½
May	.43⅝	.43¼	.43⅝	.43¼	.32½
July	.40¾	.40¾	.40¾	.40¾	...

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	.90¼	.88⅝	.90¼	.88⅝	.81½
May	.90	.88½	.90	.88⅝	.80¼

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.	10.02	9.97	9.97	10.05	8.50
May	10.23	10.25	10.25	10.37	8.80
March	10.15	10.10	10.10	10.20	...

Moon Motor Car Orders Doubled.

Announcement was made yesterday by the Moon Motor Car Company that its distributers, assembled at St. Louis this week from all sections of the country, have placed orders for 15,625 cars for 1923 delivery. This is double the 1922 output, which will be approximately 7,500 cars.

MERGER OF PACKERS URGED FOR ECONOMY

Armour Told Harding Purchase of Morris & Co. Would Save $10,000,000 Yearly.

EXPLAINS RAIL CONDITIONS

Congress May Be Asked for Action to Regulate Shipments of Live Stock.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—It became known today that when J. Ogden Armour of Chicago, President of Armour & Co., had a talk with President Harding yesterday in the interest of his application to the Government for permission to purchase the packing house interests of Morris & Co., he represented that the merger was necessary on account of conditions in the packing business.

Supervision of the interstate business of the packing interests of the country has been placed in the hands of the Secretary of Agriculture by an act of Congress, and Mr. Armour's visit to Washington is for the purpose of ascertaining from the Secretary of Agriculture and the Attorney General whether the merger can be effected without violating the Federal law. In his talk with President Harding, Mr. Armour represented that unless the merger were effected the packing interests involved would be likely to suffer financially. He pointed out that the merger would enable Armour & Co. to save about $10,000,000 annually in overhead, and that unless this saving were effected the ledger might balance on the wrong side.

According to Mr. Armour the packing industry is suffering from some of the causes which have depressed the livestock growing industry. One question discussed was whether Congress would undertake to regulate shipments of livestock, but there was no information available in that connection. It seemed to be agreed that unless there were some such legislation both the livestock growers and the packers were likely to suffer.

The situation over freight shipments has produced heavy losses in the stock raising industry. Cattle growers, finding from the market reports that good prices were prevailing in Chicago and other markets, ship their cattle to these markets only to learn on many occasions that cattle raisers nearer the big markets had shipped on the same day and had so flooded the markets that later arrivals of cattle must be sold at reduced prices. In a considerable number of instances the shippers whose cattle arrive late have their entire profits wiped out. Measures for overcoming this state of affairs without increasing the cost of meats to consumers were discussed by the President and Mr. Armour.

The President showed that he was an observant housekeeper by asking Mr. Armour some pointed questions as to retail beef prices in Washington. He asked how it was that when choice cuts of beef were selling here at 15 cents a pound wholesale, the retail prices of the same beef ranged from 27 cents to 35 cents. Mr. Armour explained that the range in prices was not due wholly to any desire to profiteer, and that at even the highest retail price some dealers found it difficult to make a profit. He ascribed this condition mainly to the present tendency on the part of retail customers to market by telephone and to demand immediate delivery of the meats they ordered. Delivery costs were very heavy, but the telephone had made it necessary for meat dealers to provide elaborate delivery services.

It was indicated at the White House that President Harding had sighed deeply when he heard Mr. Armour's explanation and had expressed a hope for the return of the good old days when people went to market with baskets on their arms.

It is understood that the President was of the opinion that the conditions affecting the stock raising industry as to prices could not be overcome by the publication of the Government's market reports and that Congressional action might be necessary.

DENIES SECRET COMPACT.

C. W. Randall Shows Relations of Pierce Oil and H. L. Doherty.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 17.— Examination of the court record today of the testimony Wednesday of C. W. Randall, Vice President of the Pierce Oil Corporation, in a suit of preferred stockholders seeking to annul the recent election of directors of the company, revealed that he did not testify to the existence of a secret agreement between H. L. Doherty of New York and H. C. Pierce, President of the Pierce Company, as reported in these dispatches Wednesday. Mr. Randall further, it was shown, did not testify, as stated in the dispatches, that it was the purpose of any such agreement to defraud the stockholders and to obtain control of the company. Mr. Randall testified, and reiterated in a statement last night, that he had no knowledge of any such agreement.

The court record shows that Mr. Randall, on cross-examination conducted by Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the preferred stockholders, testified that he knew the general terms of an agreement entered into between Mr. Doherty and the corporation. This agreement, dated Oct. 1, 1922, a purported copy of which was produced in court, was produced by Mr. Pierce, Mr. Randall testified, at a conference at which five of the eight members of the Board of Directors were present. He testified that Mr. Doherty was elected a director of the corporation and participated in the conference of directors on that date.

Testifying further, Mr. Randall said that, although he was not obligated to do so, Mr. Doherty already had lent the corporation more than $300,000, and on Oct. 9 last gave the corporation the benefit of his credit to the limit of $1,000,000. Mr. Randall, the record showed, did not testify, as reported, that under a secret agreement between Mr. Pierce and Mr. Doherty the latter was to put up $300,000 and to have the privilege of converting into preferred stock whatever debts he chose to permit. Further, he did not claim, as reported, that it was the purpose of any plan to provide Mr. Doherty opportunity under the conversion privilege of exercising virtually an option on one-half of the voting power and thus practically controlling the corporation. Mr. Randall's denial of any knowledge of a secret agreement between Mr. Doherty and Mr. Pierce was brought out by close questioning of the witness by Mr. Untermyer regarding a "secret agreement" for an alleged stock-jobbing scheme.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 17.—Fifty-seven new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,704,000, were chartered today. They include:

Property Owners Mortgage Syndicate, Manhattan, $100,000; J. L. Strauss, D. L. Hunt, D. H. Shanker. (Attorney, M. Rose, 276 Fifth Av.)

Nolite Stores Co., Manhattan, devices and articles, $10,000; C. Munter, S. Davis, W. W. Selig. (Attorneys, Hoadley, Lauterbach & Johnson, 22 William St.)

Weinstein & Siener, Manhattan, mahs embroidery, $10,000; L. Weinstein, J. Seiner. (Attorney, L. Soil, 291 Broadway.)

Kolok Realty Corp., Manhattan, contracting, $10,000; M. and S. and D. Kulok. (Attorney, J. Berman, 346 Broadway.)

Leon Producing Corp., Yonkers, theatrical, $5,000; L. L. and J. J. Roreck, A. Collins. (Attorneys, Scrugham & Arbuckle, Yonkers.)

Mollis Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; H. and S. Sklaroff, M. Wolfson. (Attorneys, Kaufmann & Kaufmann, 115 Broadway.)

G. M. Fiedler Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $25,000; G. M. and W. Fiedler, V. F. Rick. (Attorney, H. Moerchen, 316 Avenue A.)

Rol-Nap Construction, Brooklyn, $6,000; I. Frankel, H. Levine. (Attorney, L. I. Hochstein, 346 Fifth Av.)

Royce Rolls Co., Manhattan, baking, $100,000; H. J. and M. G. Templeton, J. F. Whitney. (Attorney, T. Hansen, 55 Broadway.)

Bresław & Friedman Lunch Co., Manhattan, $12,000; F. Bresław, N. and S. Friedman. (Attorney, D. Bayton, 299 Broadway.)

Quality Sand and Gravel Co., Springville, Erie County, $100,000; D. H. Ames, S. G. Tregel, P. W. King. (Attorneys, Scott & King, Springville.)

Louis Manheimer & Bros., Manhattan, jewelry, $800,000; W. S. and B. H. Manheimer, J. C. Goodman. (Attorneys, Cohen, Cole & Weiss, 61 Broadway.)

Estelle Braid and Trimming Co., Manhattan, $5,000; E. Wolosky, M. Ladolce, C. Weiss. (Attorney, J. M. Frost, 174 Riving-ton St.)

Grand View Realty Co., Far Rockaway, $5,000; H. A. Fluckiger, F. R. Fisher. (Attorney, R. Sprague, Far Rockaway.)

Rosenfeld Basmas Dental Laboratory, Bronx, $10,000; N. N. Rosenfeld, G. Basmas, H. S. Wertheimer. (Attorney, H. I. Golieb, 27 Cedar St.)

Sanitas Drug Co., Brooklyn, $7,000; M. A. Mato, A. Geraci, V. Polito. (Attorney, M. Cohen, Yonkers.)

Perfeknit Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, $45,000; B. Brown, L. A. Greenberg, R. H. Rickman. (Attorney, S. J. Isaacson, 59 Wall St.)

Bennett Motor Car Co., Queens, $25,000; W. H. Bennett, J. C. Feely, J. F. Mimnagh. (Attorneys, Leonard Smith & Suydam, 25 Broad St.)

Benner Lithographing and Printing Co., Manhattan, $12,000; C. and S. Stern, S. S. Osterlag. (Attorneys, Kamen & Osterlag, 103 Park Av.)

Ner Tumid Publishing Co., Manhattan, $50,000; F. Raab, F. Demovitch, H. A. Shapiro. (Attorneys, Joseph Demov & Feinstein, 277 Broadway.)

Building and Construction Corp., Bronx, $5,000; S. and D. Klein, E. D. Pfeifer. Attorneys, House Grossman & Vorhaus, 115 Broadway.)

Strauss Homes Co., Manhattan, $20,000; S. Strauss, B. B. Davis, M. Goldwater. (Attorneys, Deiches & Goldwater, 63 Wall St.)

Alan Holding Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; M. M. Natanson, W. M. Wechsler. (Attorney, A. S. Natanson, 522 Fifth Av.)

Ken Oil Corp., Binghamton, $50,000; J. L. Weir, T. G. O'Brien, H. D. Ballard. (Attorneys, Mangan & Mangan, Binghamton.)

Ethelle Shoppe, Manhattan, women's wear, $20,000; I. I. Schnur, W. M. Sherman. (Attorney, C. Greenwald, 15 Park Row.)

A. Fisher Shirt Co., Manhattan, $50,000; A. Fisher, H. and B. Abrams. (Attorneys, Rippe & Michael, 63 Park Row.)

Springfield Drug Co., Queens, $5,000; M. D. Harmon, H. and I. M. Muller. (Attorney, R. F. Brown, Valley Stream.)

Juno & Stoesser, Schenectady, manage store for auto supplies, $50,000; W. W. and W. D. Juno, H. W. Stoesser. (Attorneys, Naylon, Robinson, Maynard & Bates, Schenectady.)

Corrado & Colgin Construction Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; A. and A. Corrado Jr., J. E. Colgin (Attorneys, Durack & Schelike, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

L. and M. Resturant Co., Manhattan, $20,000; M. Miller, S. Lerner, H. Levit (Attorney, J. B. Eisman, 253 Broadway.)

Exide Battery and Ignition Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; S. H. Brandt, D. and H. Schack (Attorney, E. W. Drucker, 299 Broadway.)

Adams Nash Motor Sales, Little Falls, $100,000; E. J. Adams, Oneida, Clinton, J. J. Gros (Attorney, R. F. Livingston, Little Falls.)

Robuf's Economy Store, Peekskill, department stores, $10,000; J. F. Moroney, M. Abramson (Attorney, C. L. Grad, 277 Broadway.)

M. & A. Realty Co., Queens, $5,000; J. A. and A. Abrahams, E. Goldblatt (Attorneys, Davis & Davis, 152 West 42d St.)

Mineola Coal Company, Mineola, $40,000; P. N. and T. D. Krug, J. J. Breen (Attorneys, Stoddard & Stoddard, Mineola.)

Friedman & Herman, Manhattan, men's hats, $5,000; S. Friedman, S. A. Herman, F. Freeman. (Attorneys, Marks & Marks, 356 Fifth Avenue.)

Lion Brokerage Company, Manhattan, rice products and canned fruit, $10,000; C. H. Ebert, H. L. Schlisky, P. Towse. (Attorney, L. Moses, 90 Wall St.)

Spitzer & Juster, Manhattan, trucking, $10,000; J. Spitzer, A. Juster, C. S. Aleson. (Attorney, M. Cohen, 51 Chambers St.)

S. L. R. Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; A. Levine, Siegel, M. Rosen. (Attorney, N. D. Shapiro, 802 Broadway, Brooklyn.)

S. W. & S. Printing Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; H. Stevens, D. W. Weisberg, I. Stolbinsky. (Attorney, E. L. Garvar, 100 Graham Av., Brooklyn.)

Intercity Knitting Mills, Brooklyn, $100,000; E. Lipsky, I. J. Schuster. (Attorney, L. E. Schlechter, 1 East 42d St.)

Walter Shuttleworth, Manhattan, paper products, $150,000; E. G. and W. E. Shuttleworth, H. Comiskey. (Attorney, R. S. Nichols, 141 Broadway.)

Rockland Lumber Co., Livingston Manor, $25,000; M. and M. and I. Brooks. (Attorney, E. Baker, Hurleyville.)

Midland Building Corp., Brooklyn, $100,000; D. Goldstein, H. Shapiro, S. Kohn. (Attorneys, Berlin & Berlin, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Lawyers Mortgage Co., Manhattan, $6,000,000 to $7,500,000.

Boyds, Buffalo, $80,000 to $60,000.

Metcalf Realty Corp., Buffalo, $200,000 to $400,000.

Smith Junior Co., Rochester, $80,000 to $100,000.

Kenmore Pipe Corp., Brooklyn, $15,000 to $300,000.

R. and R. Holding Co., Brooklyn, $300,000 to $600,000.

Colonial Importing Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $178,000.

American Lead Pencil Co., Manhattan, $3,208,000 to $4,000,000.

J. Fischer & Bro., Manhattan, $10,000 to $300,000.

Gotham Newspaper Service Corp., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

Hudson Manhattan, $15,000 to $1,500,000.

Excelsior Pearl Works, Manhattan, $20,000 to $50,000.

Corning Oil Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

Cohen & Gersh, Manhattan, $10,000 to $20,000.

Lynch Construction Co., Manhattan, $250,000 to $500,000.

Frederick Keim & Co., Manhattan, $120,000 to $160,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Candy Shop, Manhattan, $20,000 to $1,800.

New York Taxicab Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $800.

Expanded Metal Engineering Company, Manhattan, $150,000 to $60,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Powers Press, Syracuse, to Central City Press.

W. E. Hedger Jenks Co., Manhattan, to W. E. Hedger Co.

DESIGNATIONS.

Allentown Knit Fabrics Co., Pa., $100,000; rep., R. Schreiber, 230 5th Av.

American Textile Co. of Pawtucket, R. I., 8,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 8,000 common, par value; rep., E. A. Freeman, 15 West 17th St.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

Louis Manheimer & Bros., Ill.

DISSOLUTIONS.

J. C. Travis Co., N. J.

P. F. Bhutis Co., Amsterdam.

West Jamaica Land Co., Ltd., Jamaica.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 17.—New charters:

Lakewood Farm Lands Co., Lakewood, $500,000; John H. Newman, George W. C. Lawson, William Clayton, Lakewood.

Elkay Co., Newark, metal and leather novelties, $100,000; Alvyn O. Karlsen, Arlington; Harry L. Denburg, Seymour Klein, Newark.

Farch Bake Shop, Newark, $100,000; Abe Silberman, Robert Silberman, Benjamin Silberman, Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 17.—Charters filed:

Hayes Hunt Corp., automobiles, $100,000; Myles F. Bradley, Edward Z. Mangum, Gordon B. Hayes, New York. (Corporation Trust Company of America.)

Premier Gear Corp., deal in automobiles, $50,000,000; Myles F. Bradley, Edward Z. Mangum, Gordon B. Hayes, New York. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Buckeye Copper Co., Wilmington, $20,000,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Standard Corp., Wilmington, advertising, $3,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Amalgamated Mortgage and Securities Corp., $2,500,000; Luther S. Foss, Francis Foss, Louis F. Jubien, New York. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Guaranty Mortgage Co. of California, Wilmington, $2,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Standard Coal Co., Wilmington, textile goods, $10,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Central Producing and Refining Co., Wilmington; oil and gas wells, $350,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Magnetic Manufacturing Co., iron, steel, copper devices, $250,000; Axel Newall, Charles R. Carpenter, Charles Newall, Minneapolis. (Corporation Guarantee & Trust Co.)

High Cliff Coal Co., Wilmington, develop lands; $100,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

West Philadelphia Service Garage, $100,000; H. L. Maris, Penfield, Pa.; E. O. Thomas, M. J. Robinson, Philadelphia. (Amos A. Watson, Dover.)

Associated Securities Corp., New York, plants for gas; $100,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Tri-State Publishing Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., $50,000. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

United

COMMODITY PRICES.

Sharp Advances in the Grains; Coffee, Eggs and Cotton Also Higher.

Price changes in yesterday's cash markets were on the side of advances, the grains particularly featuring, wheat, corn and oats scoring substantial gains. Price appreciation was also found in coffee, cotton and eggs, the latter getting up to the year's best prices. Other staples were firm and unchanged from Thursday.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago:

	Nov. 17.	Nov. 10.	Nov. 17, 1921.
FOODSTUFFS——			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.46	$1.38¼	$1.18⅝
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.92	.89¾	.86¼
Oats, No. 2 white	.56	.55½	.44⅛
Flour, Minn., patent	7.75	7.75	7.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.10¾	.10⅝	.08⅛
Sugar, granulated	.07	.07	.05¾
Butter, cream, 92 score	.50	.49½	.45
Eggs, fresh gathered,			
firsts, per dozen	.50@58	.46@54	.64
Lard, Middle W'stern	12.10	11.70	9.50
Pork, mess	30.00	29.50	25.00
Beef, family	17.00	17.00	14.50
METALS——			
Iron, 2X, Philadelphia	32.00	32.00	23.50
Steel billets, Pitts.	40.00	40.00	29.00
Lead	7.37½	7.12½	4.87½
Copper	13.50	13.62½	13.25
Tin	36.50	37.50	29.00
TEXTILES——			
Cotton mid. upland	.25.80	26.30	17.20
Printcloths	.07¾	.07½	.06

Range of prices for year to date:

	Highest—		Lowest—	
Wheat	$1.61½	Apr. 22	$1.12	Sep. 14
Corn	.94	Oct. 17	.44	Aug. 31
Oats	.58½	Oct. 17	.44	Aug. 31
Flour	9.50	Feb. 27	6.50	Aug. 26
Coffee	.11¼	Apr. 26	.08¾	Jan. 24
Sugar	.07	Aug. 3	.048	Jan. 3
Butter	.50	Nov. 15	.34½	Jan. 10
Eggs	.58	Nov. 17	.23½	Mar. 7
Lard	12.85	Feb. 28	9.40	Jan. 3
Pork	30.00	July 5	22.50	Jan. 24
Beef	17.00	Nov. 27	14.00	Feb. 9
Iron	36.50	Sep. 7	21.25	Mar. 17
Steel	40.00	Sep. 14	28.00	Jan. 19
Lead	7.37½	Nov. 14	4.87½	Feb. 3
Tin	38.25	Nov. 13	29.50	Mar. 14
Copper	13.87½	June 5	13.50	Feb. 21
Cotton	26.80	Nov. 9	16.45	Jan. 30
Printcloths	.07¾	Nov. 14	.05¼	Feb. 3

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlist.) £20		Sep., 1945	71	72
Arg. recession		1945	65	67
Belgian Prem		1920	65	90
Belgian (rest'n)		Sep., 1919	50	55
Brazil 4½s		1883	41	43
Brazil		1889	38	40
Brazil		1895	45	48
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	78	81
British Funds	4	Mar., 1968	76¾	79
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1947-29	87¾	90¾
Brit. Nat. W. B.		Oct., 1927	94¼	97½
Brit. Nat. W. T.	5	Oct., 1922	99⅛	99⅞
Brit. Exchequer	5¼	1923	92¾	93¾
Canada	5	1937	99¾	100
Canada	5½	Nov., 1933	102	102¾
Chile	8	1st 5s	1911	63
City of Pelotas	5	1911	50	55
Colombia	6	1913	63	66
Costa Rica	5	1911	57	61
Cuba	6	1929	88	90
French Govt. Vic.		Jan., 1921	48½	50½
French Loan, '20	6		62	64
French Loan, '17	4	Jan., 1943	44	46
French L., May, '20	5		60½	62½
Italy Loan	5		46¾	48¾
Paris-Orleans R.R.	6	1956	60	62
Mdid. Railroad	6	1960	60	62
*Rus. external	6½	Dec., 1919	11¾	13
Do (Nat. City Bank etfs.)			10¾	11¼
*Russ. ruble bonds	5½	Feb., 1926	11	12¼
*Russ. external	5½	Dec., 1931	11	12¼
Do (Nat. City Bank etfs.)			11	12¼
Russ. rentes of 1914			4¾	5
Serbs	6	June, 1930	103¾	104
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	101	102
Uruguay	8	1910	68	70

FEDERAL LAND BANK Farm Loan Bonds.

Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.
6%	Nov., 1941 op. 31	103¾	104
6%	May, 1941 op. 31	103¾	104
5%	May, 1938 op. 23	100	100½
4½%	May, 1942 op. 32	100¼	100¾
4½%	May, 1939 op. 24	99¾	100
4½%	Nov., 1938 op. 23	99¾	100
4½%	May, 1937 op. 22	99¾	100

JOINT STOCK LAND BANK BONDS.

Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.
6½%	Nov., 1951 op. 31	105¼	106¼
5½%	May, 1939 op. 24	99½	100¾
5%	Nov., 1938 op. 23	99½	100¾

*Chicago.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	73	76	73	76
American Cigar pf	91	94	91	94
American Tobacco, scrip	141	146	140	144
Amer. Mach. & Fdy	85	100	85	
George W. Helme	170	180	170	
George W. Helme pf	114	116	114	
MacAndrews & Forbes	120	125	120	
MacAndrews & Forbes pf	100	102	100	
Mengel & Co	30	33	30	
J. S. Young	95	100	96	
J. S. Young pf	100	107	100	
Porto Rican American, scrip	75	85	75	
R. J. Reynolds new, A	80	90	80	
Schulte Stores	57	60	57	
Universal Leaf	118	122	118	
Universal Leaf pf	102	104	102	
U. S. Tobacco	58	60	58	
U. S. Tobacco pf	112	115	112	

SUGAR STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Caracas Sugar	14	16	14	
Central Aguirre	76	78	76	
Fajardo	78	79	76	
Federal Sugar	105	110	105	
Great Western, new, w. i.	80	85	80	
Great Western	323	340	323	
Great Western pf	108	110	108	
Godchaux	15	18	15	
Holly	16	20	16	
Holly pf	53	58	53	
National	152	155	152	
Santa Cecilia	13	20		
Savannah	37	42	37	
Savannah pf	90	93	90	
West Indies pf	43	48	43	

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alpha	7	8	Gadsden	65	75
Bay S. Gas	3	5	Homa	3	5
Bohemia	70	80	La Rose	13	20
Bost. & Ely	60	62	Majestic	5	7
Bost. & M.	8	9	Mex. Div.	20	25
Calaveras	2	3	Nixon		4
Chief Cons.	5¼	5½	Oneco	25	35
Cons. C., n	3¼	3½	Seven Mets.		8
Crystal, n.	1⅝	1⅞	Texana	6	7
Denbigh	4	5	U. V. Ext.	25	28
E. & B. B.	2	3	Yukon	70	75
Eureka C.	23	25			

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.		Keystone	.02
Andes	.11	Knox	.02
Best & Belcher	.07	Mayflower	.02
Caledonia	.45	Silver King	.09
Challar	.03	Zone	.08
Con. Virginia	.13	GOLDFIELD.	
Gould & Curry	.03	Booth	.02
Hale & Norcross	.07	Consolidated	.07
Justice	.20	Development	.03
Mexican	.01	Florence	.12
Ophir	.06	Red Hill Florence	.02
Savage	.04	Grandma	.03
Sierra Nevada	.03	Jumbo Extension	.05
Union	.23	Kewanas	.03
Utah	.02	Lone Star	.08
TONOPAH.		Silver Pick	.06
Belmont	1.45	Spearhead	.03
Cash Boy	.11	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Halifax	.45	Big Jim	.02
McNamara	.08	Boundary Min	.43
McNamara Cresc.	.06	Bullwhacker	.45
Midway	.10	Carrie	.04
Monarch	.03	Cash Entry	.02
New California	.16	Creasman	.02
North Star	.06	Gold Key	.02
Rescue	.16	Lazy Boy	.02
Tonopah Extension	3.30	Manhattan Cons.	.04
Tonopah 76	.04	Mayflower	.03
West Tonopah	.00	Nellie	.06
West End	1.40	OATMAN.	
DIVIDE.		Combination	.05
Belcher Extension	.05	Round Mountain	.26
Ben-Hur	.04	Fairview Min	.13
Ben-Hur Extension	.03	Silver Hills	.02
Bevis	.05	Simon	.54
Daughter	.03	Simon Extension	.05
Divide Tonopah	.10	Uncle Sam	.16
Dividend	.02	United Western	.03
Extension	.12	Veta Grande	.23
Marmill	.07	White Caps	.11
Hercules	.05		
High	.02		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	2½	2¾	Mary McK	2¾	2¾
Elkton	3	3	Portland	38	40
El Paso	9	12	U. Gold M.	13½	15
Golden C.	88	92	Vindicator	5	6
Granite	3	9	Rose Nicol	1	2
Isabella	.003				

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, NOV. 17, 1922.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,700 Acme C. M.	56c	55c	56c
4,000 Acme Pack.	38c	34c	36c
300 Amal Leath. 1st	14¾	14¾	15
100 Do pf	51	51	51
900 Arnold Constable pf stock, w w	20¾	20¾	20¾
100 Borden Co	111¼	111¼	111¼
100 Buoyrus Co	25	25	25
12,000 Br. Am. Tob. coupon	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
1,600 Do regist'd	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
1,300 Buddy Incu.	1¼	1¼	1¼
200 Can. A & E	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,900 Con G N Y new, w i	62¾	59¾	59¾
22,500 Do rts, wi	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,200 Cont Motors	10⅞	10¾	10¾
100 Cub Dom Su	5½	5½	5½
100 Curtiss Aero	4¼	4¼	4¼
300 Dart M Car	8	7¾	7¾
800 DubilierC & R	8¾	8¾	8¾
2,900 Durant Mot	53¾	50¼	52¾
100 Do of Ind	13¼	13¼	13¾
100 Fidel Phenix Fire Ins N Y		2¼	2¼
150 FordM'CofCan	402	397	397
145 Gillette S R	249	248	247
100 Glen Alden	23	23	23
100 G'dyear T pf	25¾	25¾	25¾
10 Gt Wes Sug	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜
200 Do new, w i	82	81½	81½
100 Hall Gear	21	21	21
100 Hall Sw & S	2¼	2¼	2¼
500 Hayes Wheel	37¼	37¼	37¼
100 Hupp Mot	21¾	21¾	21¾
100 Int Con Rub	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
100 Leh Pur Sec	18½	18½	18½
300 Lib McNAL	3	3	3
100 RHMacy&Co	60¼	60¼	60¼

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
40 Prairie O&G	685	680	680
145 Prairie P L	295	294	295
10 So Pa Oil	176	176	176
300 Std Oil Cal, new, w i	60	59¾	60
17,800 Std Oil Ind	117½	116¾	116¼
7,200 Std Oil N J, new, w i	40¾	40¼	40¼
810 Std Oil N Y	575	568	568
2,100 Do new, w i	48¾	48	48
200 Std Oil Ky, new	106½	106¼	106¼
1,400 Vacuum Oil, new, w i	41¼	41½	41¾

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,600 Alcan Oil	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
1,000 Allen Oil	23c	23c	23c
500 Am Fuel Oil			
Ry 5s	1	75c	85c
100 Am Nat Gas	9	8¾	8¾
100 Atl Gulf Oil	6½	6½	6½
12,000 Boone Oil	9c	8c	9c
600 Bos-Wyo Oil	95c	91c	93c
1,200 Cash Syn	4¾	4¼	4¼
45 Cities Svc	188	187	188
100 Do pf	69¾	69¾	69¾
100 Do bkrs an	19¼	19¼	19¼
100 Do B B pf	66¾	66¾	66¾
200 Creole Syn	2	2	2
8,000 Emp Fuel	19c	19c	19c
2,700 Federal Oil	83c	83c	88c
200 Gilliland Oil	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,000 Glen R Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,500 Gulf Oil Syn	54	54	54
200 Granada Oil	2¼	2¼	2¼
9,000 Hudson Oil	11c	10c	10c
30 Humble Oil	238	235	238
60,000 Key Export	35c	35c	38c
1,900 Kirby Petr	4	2¾	3¼
600 Latin Am OD	55c	55c	55c
800 Livingston P	1	1	1
1,800 Low Grade	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,700 Lyons Pet	64c	64c	64c
11,200 Mam Oil, Cl A	42¾	41¼	42¾
Cl B	2	2	2
17,400 Bos & Mont	3c	3c	3c
2,000 Bos M Cor	81c	80c	81c
2,000 Calu Z Cor	1c	1c	1c
300 Cana Cop	2¼	2¼	2¼
8,000 Big Ldg Cop	8c	7c	7c
1,700 Cot Emer	53c	50c	53c
3,900 Cor Cop Co	3¾	3¼	3¼
500 Chief Cons Min Co	5¾	5¾	6⅜
1,200 Cont. M. Ltd	4¾	4¾	4¾
2,000 Cork Prov	20c	20c	20c
3,800 Cortez Sil	1¼	1¼	1¼
200 Greason Cons G Min	2¾	2¾	2¾
2,500 Dean Cons Corp	70c	69c	70c
300 Dofor Esper	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,000 Dty Ext Min	11c	11c	11c
100 Dry Gd Cor	9	9	9
3,000 Driefel Bit Butte Recr	4c	4c	4c
1,000 El Sal Min	3c	3c	3c
35,000 Emma Sil M	3c	3c	3c
38,450 Eureka Cr	22c	22c	22c
84,000 Fort Con M	16c	16c	17c
50,000 Gfield Dp M	12c	10c	12c
1,000 Gfield Fl M	12c	12c	12c
1,000 Gfield Zone D	8c	8c	8c
2,000 Hecla Sil M	6c	5c	5c
600 Hecla Min	8¾	8¾	8¾
2,000 Hen Silver	73c	63c	71c
3,600 HilltopNevM	1¼	1¼	1¼
500 Hol Hy G M	11c	11c	11c
500 Howe Sound	2¾	2¾	2¾
44,000 Ind L M	28c	25c	28c
100 Jerome V D	2¾	2¾	2¾
5,000 Jerry Dty M	4c	4c	4c
6,000 Lone StrCon	6c	6c	6c
2,000 McN Cres D	6c	6c	6c
2,000 McN M & M	8c	8c	8c

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,000 Nat Tin Cor	25c	24c	25c
1,000 Nev Ophir	12c	12c	12c
18,000 New Sil Hor	2c	2c	2c
100 New Cornel	15	15	15
900 N Dom Cl A	3¾	3	3¼
30 N J Zinc	163	164	165
100 N Mex Land	2¾	2¾	2¾
2,100 N Y Min Res	90c	87c	90c
400 Nip Mines	5¾	5¾	5¾
4,000 Nixon Nev Cons Co	2c	2c	3c
2,000 Ohio. Cop	35c	35c	36c
2,900 Ray Her M	1¾	1¼	1⅝
4,000 Rex Cons M	6c	5c	5c
1,000 Rochester S	18c	18c	18c
22,000 Richm Cor	2c	2c	2c
M M & Dev	27c	25c	26c
3,000 Ruby R M	41c	41c	41c
1,000 Sands Kend	2c	2c	2c
2,000 Silver King	1¾	1¾	1¾
Div Recov	9c	8c	9c
6,000 Sil M of Am	19c	17c	19c
1,000 Simon Sil L	35c	35c	35c
1,000 Spr Hi Gl M	7c	7c	7c
1,000 Stan Sil-L	15c	15c	15c
1,000 Success Min	47c	47c	47c
100 Teck Hughes	87c	87c	87c
1,000 Temiskam	33c	33c	33c
5,400 Tono Dev	75c	73c	73c
1,200 Tono Ext	9¾	9¾	9¾
1,100 Un East M	1¾	1¾	1¾
630 Unity G M	4¾	4¾	4¾
2,000 Vi Cont M	19c	18c	19c
5,000 Victory Div	1c	1c	1c
4,200 W End Con	7¾	7¾	7¾
7,000 W E ExMin	5c	4c	5c
300 Yukon Gold	70c	70c	70c

RAILROADS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,115 East Mass	25⅛	23	24
145 Do adj	39	38¼	39
170 Do pf b	60	60	60
600 Do tr cfs	38¾	38	38¾
120 N Y, N H & H	23¾	21¾	22¾
5 Old Colony	82	82	82
2 Yer & Mass	95	95	95

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
250 Nat Leather	8¼	8¼	8¼
22 N Eng Tel	119	118¾	118¾
78 N Eng Oil	70	70	70
425 Orpheum	19¾	19	19¾
50 Punta Sugar	43	43	43
1 Plant pf	82	82	82
300 Simms Magn	50	50	50
87 Swift Int'l	107⅝	107	107⅝
385 Swift Intl	20	19¼	19⅝
29 Torrington	42¾	42¾	42¾
4 Un Dr 1st pf	48	48	48
11 Unit Fruit	152¾	150	152¾
225 United Shoe	41¾	41	41¾
30 Do pf	25¾	25¾	25¾
550 U S Steel	104½	103¾	103¾
110 Waldorf	30¾	30¾	30¾
825 Ventura	26	25¾	26
500 Waltham	20	20	20
78 Do pf	14	12¾	14
10 Walworth	11¾	11¾	11¾
90 Warren Br	27¾	27	27¾
35 Do 1st pf	84	84	84
40 Do 2d pf	40	40	40
500 Wick Wire	8¾	8¾	8¾

Bonds.

$4,000 A G W 5s	51	50¾	51
1,000 Carson 7s	96½	96½	96¼
2,000 Hood R 7s	99½	99½	99½
$5,000 Int Cem 8s	109	109	109
5,000 Swift 5s	99	98¾	98¾
2,000 War Br 7¼s	107	106½	106½

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
600 Am Rys	11¾	11¾	11¾
55 Do pf	64½	63	63
125 Am Stores	153	152½	153
210 E Shore G & E pf	26	26	26
30 H & P Top	9	9	9
125 Lake Sup	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
16 Lehigh Nav	73	73	73
25 North Pa	82	82	82
200 Phila R T	32¾	32¼	32¾
25 Pa Cent L & P pf	58½	56½	56½
54 Pa Salt	85	85	85
290 Ph Co c pf	31¾	29	29½
205 Phila Elec	31¾	31¾	31¾
61 Do pf	31	31	31
10 Phila Ins	44¼	44¼	44½
130 Phila Trac	57	57	57
25 Ph & W pf	33½	33	33
54 Tenn Nat B war	31	30¾	31
250 Tono Belm	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
25 Tono Min	2¾	2¾	2¾
581 Uni Gas Imp	50¼	49¾	49¾
85 Do pf	55½	55¼	55½
15 York Ry pf	34	34	34

Bonds.

$1,000 E & P 1st 4s	68	68	68
2,000 L V Coal 5s	99½	99½	99½
3,000 L Y gen 4s	80¾	80¾	80¾
12,000 P El 1st 5s	99¾	99	99¾

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
690 Ark Nat Gas	5⅞	5⅛	5⅛
510 Am W G M	57⅛	55	57
15 Con Ice	46	46	46
75 Ind Bwg Com	5¼	5¼	5¼
100 Lone S Gas	97	97	97
120 Mfrs L & H	69	67	67
70 Nat Fuel	18¼	18¼	18¼
150 Ohio Fuel	58	57¾	58
300 Okla Nat G	21¼	21	21¼
75 Pitts P G	180	180	180
3,500 Pitts-Mtkhas	24	23	24
130 Salt Ck Con	11	11	11
100 Tidal Osage	11¼	11¼	11¼
10 West'n'aLP	97	97	97

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
370 Alax Rubber	12¼	12	12
1,520 Allied M & P	73¾	72¾	73¾
295 Allis-Chal	42	41¼	41½
70 Am Agri Ch	30	30	30
175 Am B Mag	35¾	35¼	35¾
1,285 Am Can	70¾	69¾	70¾
90 Am C & F	180	180	180
50 Am H & L	11¼	11¼	11¼
310 Am Ice	105	103¾	104½
670 Am Linseed	37¾	36¾	37¾
170 AmLaFrance	11¼	11¼	11¼
480 Am Loco	123¼	121¼	122
90 Am Radia	112¾	112¾	112¾
840 Am S & R	115¾	113¾	115¾
370 Am S & S	53¾	53¼	53½
180 Am Sti Fdy	42	42	42
820 Am Sug Ref	69¼	68	68¾
240 Am S Tub	29¾	28¾	28¾
535 Am Tel & Cable	124¾	122¾	122¾
783 Am Woolen	63¾	61¾	63¼
80 Am Zinc	16¾	15¾	15¾
520 Anacon Cop	47¾	47¼	47¼
270 Assd Dry G	63¾	62¾	63¼
750 A. B & Atl	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
150 Atl Fruit	2	2	2
510 Atl G & W I	23¼	22¾	22¾
3,730 Bald Loco	124¾	122¾	124¼
830 B & O	45¾	44¼	45¾
120 Do pf	60¾	60¾	60¾
150 Barnsdall A	27¾	25¾	27¾
10 Do B	26¾	26¾	26¾
3,810 Beth Sti, CIB	65¾	63¾	65
80 Beech Pkg	42	42	42
780 B R Transit	14¾	13¾	14¼
75 Brown Shoe	57¾	57¾	57¾
90 Burns Bros	132¾	132¾	132¾
125 Lake Sup	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
16 Lehigh Nav	73	73	73
25 North Pa	82	82	82
200 Phila R T	32¾	32¼	32¾
25 Pa Cent L & P pf	58½	56½	56½
54 Pa Salt	85	85	85

Bonds.

$1,000 E & P 1st 4s	68	68	68
2,000 L V Coal 5s	99½	99½	99½
3,000 L Y gen 4s	80¾	80¾	80¾
12,000 P El 1st 5s	99¾	99	99¾

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
500 Col Grapho	3¼	3	3
340 Comp & Tab	66¾	65¾	66¾
1,045 Consol Gas	127¾	123¾	125¾
575 Con Textile	11¾	11¼	11¾
350 Cont Can	97¾	96¼	96¾
1,370 Corn P Ref	130¾	127¾	130¾
450 Cosden Co	46¾	45¾	46¾
2,470 Crucible St	67¾	65¾	65¾
540 Cuban Am S	20¾	19¾	20¾
100 Cuba C Sug	11¾	11¼	11¾
140 Do pf	34¾	34¼	34¾
380 Davison Ch	28	27¼	27¾
120 Dp Lea W	21¾	21¾	21¾
350 DuP de N	163	160¼	160½
280 Elec Stg Bat	54¾	53¾	54
75 Elkhorn C C	17¾	17¼	17¼
370 End-Johnson	89¾	88¾	89¾
770 Erie	11¼	10¾	11
440 Do 1st pf	17¾	16¾	17
1,290 Fam Play L	92¾	90¾	91¾
180 Fisher Body	168¾	161¾	163¾
385 Fisk Rubber	11¾	11¼	11½
3,235 Gen Asphalt	44¾	41¾	45¼
320 Gen Elec	176	175¾	176¼
4,127 Gen Motors	15¾	14¾	15¾
50 Gimbel Bros	38¾	38¾	38¾
350 Goodrich, BF	31	30¾	30¾
80 Goldwyn Pic	5¾	5¾	5¾
200 Gray Davis	10¾	10¼	10¾
410 Gt. North pf	68½	68¼	68¼
840 Do ctfs for ore prop	31¾	29	29¾
1,405 Gulf Sta St	73¾	70¾	72¾
80 Habirshaw E	13¾	13¾	13¾
615 Houston Oil	67¾	65¾	67
200 Hydraulic C	4	4	4
175 Hudson Mot	21¾	20¾	21¾
150 Hupp Motor	21¾	20¾	21¾
585 Inspira Cop	33¾	32¾	33¾
150 Int Consol	¾	¾	¾
120 Int Cement	33¾	33¼	33¾
160 Int Combus	22¾	22¼	22¾
540 Int Mer Mar	10¾	10¾	10¾
850 Do pf	49	46	49
470 Int Nickel	14	13¾	13¾
120 Int Paper	49¾	49¾	49¾
875 Invincible O	14¾	14¾	14¾
425 Iron Prod C	41¾	41¼	41¾
4,350 Isl O & T	¾	¾	¾
100 Jewel T pf	61¼	60¾	60¾
580 Kan City So	15	14¾	15
570 Kayser	40¼	38¾	38¾
1,520 Kelly S Tire	42	40¾	41¾
525 Ken Cop	32¾	31¼	31¾
190 Keys T & R	6¾	6¾	6¾
325 Leh Valley	64	63¾	64
80 Lima L Wks	56¾	56	56
130 Loew's Inc	19	19	19
150 Loft, Inc	12	12	12
530 Ray Con Cop	12¾	12	12¾
910 Reading	78¼	76¾	78
420 Replogle Sti	24¼	22¾	22¾
110 Rep I & S	47¾	46¾	47¼
85 Ry Reynolds	57¾	56¾	57¼
300 R D N Y S	54	54	54
810 Skelly Oil	9¼	9	9
200 Santa Cecilia	24	23¾	24
180 Sec Invest	32¾	32	32¾
120 Do pf	58¾	58¾	58¾
3,265 Saxon Motor	3¼	3	3
1,420 Sears-Roeb	81¾	81	81¾
1,100 Shattuck Ariz	31¾	31¼	31¾
150 Sp Prods	17¾	17¾	17¾
540 South Pac	90¾	89¾	90
630 South Ry	23¾	22¾	22¾
1,180 St Oil Ind	19¾	19¼	19

ASTOR ESTATE SELLS TWO BIG PARCELS

Transactions Involve 21 Dwellings on 45th Street and 14th Street Corner.

PURCHASED BY OPERATORS

Buyers Will Improve 14th Street and 9th Avenue Corner With $450,000 Commercial Building.

Continuing the policy of liquidating its real estate holdings in this country, the estate of the late Baron William Waldorf Astor disposed of a row of twenty-one old-fashioned three-story and basement private dwellings on Wes Forty-fifth Street, and the corner of Ninth Avenue and Fourteenth Street yesterday.

The uptown property, which is known as 326 to 342 West Forty-fifth Street, has a fron age of 325 feet and a depth of 100 feet.

It adjoins the southwest corner of Eighth Avenue, 100 feet square, which the Astors sold last month. The properties are part of the old Silas farm and have been in the possession of the Astors for over a century.

A new holding company, headed by Nathan Wilson, an operator, is the buyer. Hall J. How & Co. negotiated the transaction.

Five of the Forty-fifth Street houses are 20 feet wide, six are 16.8 feet front and ten are 17.8 feet. The property was held free and clear and is valued at $550,000. Several tenants are understood to have made bids for their respective houses, but Mr. Wilson has not yet decided whether he will dispose of the property in units or in bulk.

Astor Sale on Fourteenth Street.

The Fourteenth Street Corporation, John J. Gillen and James S. Maher, purchased from the estate of William Waldorf Astor the property located at the northwest corner of Ninth Avenue and Fourteenth Street, containing 13,500 feet and comprising the only available property upon that block, which is the centre of the wholesale market district.

The buyers are large operators in this section, having improved other Astor holdings, covering fifteen lots in this block with business buildings during the last few years, and contemplate immediate improvement of the parcel with a fireproof building of a type similar to those now used in this section for the wholesale trade and hotel supply business. The cost of the operation is estimated at $450,000.

These buyers now control the major portion of the eastern half of the block bounded by Fourteenth and Fifteenth Streets, Ninth and Tenth Avenues, the western half of which was recently purchased by the National Biscuit Company. The brokers in the transaction were Brown, Wheelock-Harris, Vought & Co., Inc.

One of the largest leasing contracts ever drawn involving Bronx realty was closed yesterday, when Charles Matteson, an operator, leased the property owned by Katie W. Grensbach and Julia A. Whitehorne at the southwest corner of Fordham Road and the Grand Concourse, a site fronting 113 feet on Fordham Road and 195 feet on the Concourse, improved with a modern one-story building containing twelve stores. The lease and renewals cover a term of sixty-six years.

The lessee contemplates the improvement of the plot at the expiration of present leases, with a tall business building, for which the location is now adapted. It is conceded to be one of the busiest and most valuable locations in the upper part of the city, and in the immediate section are prominent automobile concerns and department stores and other business concerns.

The existing building was built about seven years ago by Gaines & Roberts, pioneer builders and operators in this section, and, shortly after its completion, was purchased by the present owners. They have held it as an investment, notwithstanding many offers to sell.

The property was formerly part of the estate of the late J. B. Haskins. Byrne & Bowman were the brokers in the transaction.

Historical Society's Holdings Resold

James L. Van Sant resold to the Vartan Holding Company, Inc., the two four-story two-family frame dwellings, Nos. 464-466 West 165th Street, on a plot 38 by 70, irregular. The seller purchased the property last month from the New York Historical Society. The New York Historical Society acquired this property some years ago as a legacy. The purchasers intend to improve the property.

PRIVATE HOUSE SALES.

New Owner for Proctor Mansion—Was Held at $225,000.

Rodney and William Proctor, executors, sold the six-story dwelling at 11 East Fifty-second Street, on a lot 25 by 81 feet. The property was held at $225,000, and was occupied for many years by the late William Proctor. The brokers in the deal were Frederick Fox & Co.

The estate of Gertrude Beekman sold the three three-story dwellings 305-7-9 West Fifteenth Street, size 50 by 103, to the Welvin Real Estate Corporation. This property has been in the family of the sellers since 1828. George W. Mercer & Son were the brokers in the deal.

Porter & Co. have sold for Annette B. Stier to Leonard Weill the three-story brownstone dwelling located at 60 West 127th Street, size 18.9 by 100.

Charles K. Clisby & Co., Inc., in conjunction with Brown-Wheelock Company, have sold for the Clark estate 30 West Seventy-third Street, a four-story twenty-foot private dwelling, held at $42,000, to a client for occupancy. This is the third house in Seventy-third Street to be sold by the same brokers for the Clark estate in thirty days.

Realty Notes.

Katherine Lennon and Elizabeth Mulligan are the purchasers of 324 West Eighty-second Street, adjoining Riverside Drive, from Erastus T. Tefft. James P. Walden arranged the sale.

Allger & Buck, Inc., have procured a first mortgage for $100,000 for five years on the premises 128 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, for S. Zolotow. This is a six-story elevator, 90 by 90, on the corner of Prospect Park West and Eighth Street. The same brokers also obtained a first mortgage of $12,500 on a dwelling on the southwest corner of Neptune and Surf Avenues, Sea Gate, Coney Island, for D. Weisenfeld; a first mortgage of $5,000 on a one-family dwelling at 1,008 Fifty-third Street, Brooklyn, and also sold $46,500 in small second mortgages on fourteen two-family houses on the north side of Sixty-second Street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first Avenues, for the Rascal Building Company.

A notice published on Nov. 14, concerning officers of the 320 East 176th Street Corporation is incorrect. The officers of that company are P. Grassi and Joseph Grassi. Title to the property has not passed from the hands of the Grassi family.

John L. Rogers has placed a first mortgage for $17,500 at 5½ per cent. for five years on 302 West Eighty-third Street for Helen Mitchell Lee.

Old Yonkers Homestead Sold.

The Schember estate on Post Street, Yonkers, which has been the family homestead for nearly half a century, has changed ownership. The land, which has a substantial frontage on Post Street and runs nearly through to Morris Street, contains many old shade trees. Thomas F. Larkin of the firm of Lynch & Larkin has acquired the property for his own occupancy, through the office of Thomas S. Burke.

THE BRONX MARKET.

Builders Buy Union Avenue Corner for $400,000 Apartment Project.

The northeast corner of Union Avenue and 166th Street has been sold to a firm of builders, headed by Leon Grossman, by an estate for $55,000. The plot 168 by 100 feet, and will be improved with a five-story flats, to contain 108 apartments and stores.

It is estimated the operation will cost $400,000.

Isaac Lowenfeld purchased from Wilhelmina Sturm 2,085 Tiebout Avenue, the northwest corner of 180th Street, 32 by 100, a five-story new-law apartment, housing sixteen families, with a rental of $7,500, held at $50,000. The brokers in the deal were L. J. Greenberger and N. Morrison.

Julius Trattner sold for H. Heyd to an investor the five-story brick double flathouse at 574 East 141st Street, on a lot 27½ by 100.

J. Clarence Davies, Inc., sold for the Debb Corporation, Leo Levinson, President, 1441 Washington Avenue, near 167th Street, the three-story frame buildings, on lot 25 by 90, containing two stores and two apartments.

The Dreadnaught Realty Corporation, Nathan Wilson, President, sold the plot fronting 385.4 feet on the east side of Loring Place, 100 feet south of Burnside Avenue. The new owner is the Lorington Construction Company (Robert, Jacob and Abraham Friedman), which will erect eleven two-family houses on the property.

Operator in Heights Apartment Deal

Purchase has been made by Charles Kimmelman of the four apartment houses at 617 to 623 West 170th Street, comprising the block front between Fort Washington Avenue and Broadway, on a plot 248 by 100. They were built by E. M. Kralewitch, from whom Mr. Kimmelman bought them. The houses rent for $136,800 per year and were valued at $700,000. They contain 136 suites. William S. Baker negotiated the deal.

The six-story apartment on a lot 87 by 100 feet at 506 and 508 East Eighty-second Street was sold by Isaac Cooper to Dominic Campagna through Francis M. Santore, as broker. The property was held at $46,000.

The Benanson Realty Company purchased the Avon, a seven-story elevator apartment house on a plot 80 by 100, at the northwest corner of Madison Avenue and 116th Street. The entire ground floor frontage on the street is occupied by the Public Bank of New York and the avenue frontage is used by the United Cigar Stores. The property rents for $48,000 a year.

The same company also resold to an investor 960 Prospect Avenue, a six-story elevator apartment house, on a plot 75 by 223, housing thirty-six families and renting for more than $36,000 a year.

Church Buys Dance Hall.

The African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church has bought the property at 230 Ralph Avenue, corner of Chauncey Street, Brooklyn, on plot 100 by 100. This property was formerly a church, but for the past eight years has been used for a dance hall, scenic studio and other purposes. The A. M. E. Z. Church was formerly at 418 Ralph Avenue, their new quarters being much larger, due to the increase in the congregation. F. Washington Bennett, attorney, represented the church in both transactions.

Heights Site for Apartments.

The Active Operating Company sold the site at 590 West 182d Street, 75 by 100, to the newly formed 589 West 182d Street Corporation, composed of Max and Annie Weinstein and Abraham Silverman, for improvement with an apartment. The Chelsea Building Corporation has made a building loan of $125,000.

Business Property Sold.

Samson Goldstein sold through Spotts & Stern, Inc., 943 to 953 West 149th Street, being a two-story business property, on the north side of West 149th Street, 225 feet east of Broadway, upon a plot 100 by 100.

The property was held at $185,000. Mr. Goldstein bought this property through the same brokers about a month ago.

Auction Results.

AT 14 VESEY ST.

By Edward P. Dilt.

58th St., 425 feet e of 4th Av., 16.8 by 100.5, Peter Cooper Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank vs. Joseph J. Fay et al.; R. & E. J. O'Connor, attorneys; Horatio H. LaGuardia, referee; due, $ 522.11; taxes, &c., $66.50; to the plaintiff for $11,550.

BRONX EXCHANGE.

By George Price.

Bruner Av, w s, 150 ft s of Tillotson Av, 50x100, vacant; James W. Taylor vs. Frank Marion et al.; action No. 1; Mar-Morrison, attorneys; Otto Hensel, referee; due, $1,013.18; taxes, &c., $80.96; to the plaintiff for $1,000.

Bruner Av, w s, 200 ft s of Tillotson Av, 50x100, vacant; same vs. same; action No. 2; De La Mare & Marsden, attorneys; Otto Bensehel, referee; due, $2,855.00; taxes, &c., $85.48; to the plaintiff for $2,500.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

Adventist

THE CITY TEMPLE.
120th St. and Lenox Av.
CARLYLE B. HAYNES, Pastor.
Sunday Sabbath School, 9:30. Service, 11. SUNDAY NIGHT, "SUNDAY OBSERVANCE, INSTEAD OF BEING BIBLICAL AND CHRISTIAN, IS UNBIBLICAL AND ANTI-CHRISTIAN. CHRIST NEITHER KEPT SUNDAY NOR COMMANDED IT TO BE KEPT. THERE IS NO COMMAND IN THE BIBLE TO OBSERVE SUNDAY, AND THE BIBLE CONTAINS NO EXAMPLE OF SUNDAY OBSERVANCE. NO PROMISE FOR SUNDAY KEEPING, NO WORNING AGAINST SUNDAY WORK, BUT PROVES BEYOND QUESTION THAT SUNDAY IS ENTIRELY A FALSE AND COUNTERFEIT SABBATH, A DECEPTION AND A FRAUD, HAVING BEEN SUBSTITUTED BY MAN FOR THE SABBATH OF GOD. SUNDAY IS NEITHER HOLY NOR SACRED, BUT IS ONLY A COMMON, SECULAR, WORKDAY, MERELY THE FIRST OF THE SIX WEEK DAYS."

In this address Mr. Haynes will read every passage in the New Testament which refers to Sunday or uses the expression, "The First Day of the Week." In this way the complete teaching of the New Testament regarding Sunday Observance will be made plain.

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST,
West 57th St., Bet. 6th and 7th Avs.
Dr. JOHN ROACH STRATON, Pastor.
10:30—Preaching by Dr. Straton.
"The Individual and the Army."
7:45 P. M.—Preaching by Dr. John W. R. Stinwalt. "The Beasts and the Angels."
FULL CHORUS CHOIR.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. Cor. 83d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"WHY IS A CONVERT?"
8—"AN ALMIGHTY SAVIOUR."
The Spanish Musical Trio, the Pujol Sisters, Violinist, Pianist and Gospel Singer will assist in the evening service.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av. between 122d and 123d Sts.
Rev. H. G. WESTON SMITH.
11 A. M.—"THE USE OF CHRIST."
8 P. M.—"PAST AND APPROVED."

PARK AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Formerly Fifth Avenue Baptist,
Park Av. and East 64th St.
Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, Pastor.
11 A. M.—DEDICATORIAL SERVICE.
8 P. M.—DEDICATION OF THE ORGAN, Church School and Women's Class, 9:45 A.M. Men's Class, 9:45 A. M., Leader: Dr. ARTHUR E. BESTOR.
Young People's Service, 6 P. M.

Washington Heights Baptist Church,
Corner Convent Av. and 145th St.
Rev. Albert G. Lawson, D.D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Six on Failures or One."
8 P. M.—"The Storm King."

Christian Science

AUTHORIZED CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICES AND MEETINGS are held in the following New York Branch Churches of the other Church,
THE FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST
in Boston, Massachusetts,
SUNDAYS, 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M,
WEDNESDAYS, 8 P. M.

FIRST	Central Pk. West & 96th St
SECOND	Central Pk. West & 68th St
THIRD	11 East 58th St,
FOURTH	Ft. Wash. Ave. & 178th St.
FIFTH	9 East 45th St
SIXTH	1,301 Boston Rd., Bronx
SEVENTH	620 West 112th St.
EIGHTH	103 East 77th St
NINTH	Moreoco Th., 317 W. 45th St.
TENTH	25 Waverley Place
ELEVENTH	2,562 Bridges Ave., Bronx
TWELFTH	34 West 43d St.
THIRTEENTH	241 West 83d St.
FOURTEENTH	Broadway & 190th St.

Wednesday meeting at 8:15 P. M.
Second Sunday Service of Seventh Church is at 4:30 P. M.
Second Sunday Service of Thirteenth Church is at 4 P. M.
Wednesday meeting at 12 noon.
No Sunday evening service.
Temporary address.
The above churches are the only authorized Christian Science Churches in the Boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx, in accordance with the Manual of The Mother Church.

FREE LECTURES ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE will be given by Members of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church at 8 P. M.

November 21	FIRST CHURCH
November 23	SECOND CHURCH
November 24	SEVENTH CHURCH

are cordially invited to attend.

Community Church

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y.
Park Av. and 34th St.
11 A. M.—JOHN HAYNES HOLMES. "Religion and the Reconstruction in Russia: (1) My Visit to the Moscow Church Congress."
8 P. M.—Forum—GLENN FRANK. "A New Dark Age or a New Renaissance?"
"Psychoanalysis: Habit and Education."

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH
Broadway and 56th St.
The Pastor, DR. JEFFERSON, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH,
142 West 81st St.
Dr. FINIS S. IDLEMAN, Pastor.
11 A. M.—The Cross Stands!
8 P. M.—Men's Platform Meeting.

Divine Science

REV. W. JOHN MURRAY
of the
CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria,
Sunday, 11 A. M. Subject:
"THE LAW OF CONSERVATION."
Sunday School for Children at 11 o'clock.
Wednesday Evening Meeting at 8 o'clock.
DAILY HEALING MEETING
at 12 o'clock, Waldorf-Astoria. The public is cordially invited to all meetings.
Tuesday evening, Dec. 12, Theatre Party, "The Fool." Particulars given, Room 100, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

SOCIETY OF UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD
Rev. ERMA WHITING
Hotel Martha Washington, 29 East 29th.
PREACHING SERVICE SUNDAYS, 8 P. M.
Osborne, 7th Av. and 57th.
Psyche Analysis, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 8 P. M.
Divine Healing by appointment. Circle 8420.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE
INVITES YOU SINCE 1876.
ETHICAL CULTURE MEETING HOUSE,
Central Park West and 64th St.
PROMPTLY AT 11 A. M. SUNDAY
DR. FELIX ADLER
will deliver address entitled
"THE QUESTION OF INTERMARRIAGE."
THE PUBLIC IS INVITED.

Interdenominational

Bosworth Brothers
EVANGELISTIC CAMPAIGN
Under the auspices of
THE GOSPEL TABERNACLE,
602 Eighth Av., near 44th St.
Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Founder.
Rev. E. B. FITCH, Acting Pastor.
Rev. P. C. BOSWORTH
will speak in the Lexington Theatre, 51st St. and Lexington Av., every night (except Monday) at 7:30, until Dec. 17th.
He will also speak in the theatre Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock and Sunday evening at 7:30.
The Sick will be instructed and prayed for at the close of each evening service. There will be Special Healing Services Tuesday and Friday nights, the subject to be:
"BODILY HEALING IN THE GOSPEL."
Program of meetings and additional information may be obtained by phoning or writing Rev. E. B. Fitch, 602 Eighth Av., N. Y. Tel. Bryant 4431.
SPECIAL AFTERNOON MEETINGS TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, 2:30 P. M.
COME AND BRING THE SICK.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY,
Broadway at 120th St.
Public Lecture on "AN ENGLISHMAN'S APPRECIATION OF AMERICAN THEOLOGY" by the Rev. JOHN OWEN FARQUHAR MURRAY, D. D., Master of Selwyn College, University of Cambridge, on Tuesday, Nov. 21, at 4 o'clock.

HARRIETTE GUNN ROBERSON,
Personality Builder and Psychologist,
TODAY and SUNDAY, 8 P. M.
Seats Free. Come and Bring a Friend.
UNION CHURCH SOCIAL CENTRE,
233-237 West 48th St.,
"Ninety-nine Steps From Broadway."

GOSPEL TABERNACLE,
692 8th Av. (near 44th St.)
Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Founder.
Rev. B. FITCH, Acting Pastor.
DR. GEORGE SHAW
OF NYACK WILL PREACH
SUNDAY AT 10:30 A. M.

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
New Church Home, 126 West 80th St.
11 and 8. Rev. Henry L. Walton.

Independent--Christian Science

SCIENTIFIC HEALING INSTANTER!
HOTEL ASTOR, Sunday, 8 P. M. All Come.
Rev. G. Tomkins, Health Teacher, 14 E. 38th.

Church of Jesus Christ of L. D. S.

MORMON
SUNDAY SERVICES.
11:30 A. M.—2,700 Broadway, New York City.
11:30 A. M., 7:30 P. M.—273 Gates Av., Brooklyn.
FUNDAMENTALS OF FAITH."
Subject of Brooklyn evening sermon by B. H. ROBERTS.
Public Invited—No Collections.

Jewish

TEMPLE EMANU-EL
Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M.—Dr. Enelow on "How Can the Modern Jewess Help Judaism?"
Sunday, 11:15 A. M.—Dr. Silverman on "Is Religion Compatible with Intellectual Progress?"
Monday, 11:00 A. M. sharp—Dr. Enelow on "Physical Provisions for Health in the Bible."
Friday Evening Services, 5:30 o'clock.
Daily Noon Service, 12:30 o'clock.
All are welcome.

TEMPLE BETH-EL,
5th Av. at 76th St.
Sunday, Nov. 19, at 11 A. M.
DR. SCHULMAN'S DISCOURSE
"What Is Religious Education?"
Saturday Services 10:15.
ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.

JEWISH SCIENCE.
RABBI MORRIS LICHTENSTEIN, leader.
Services, Sunday morning, 10, Hotel McAlpin.
"NERVOUSNESS—THE MALADY OF THE AGE."
Wed. eve., 8:30, Y. W. H. A., 31 W. 110th.

SPANISH & PORTUGUESE SYNAGOGUE,
Central Park West and 70th St.
Rev. Dr. D. DE SOLA POOL, Minister,
will preach this (Saturday) morning at 11.
"PRAYER."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

FREE SYNAGOGUE
Carnegie Hall, Sunday morning at 10:45
DR. WISE
"Before the High God Not For Sale."
All Are Welcome.

SHEARITH ISRAEL (Spanish and Portuguese), Central Park West and Seventieth Street.
Rabbi: D. de Sola Pool.
Saturday: "The Services of the Lord."

Lutheran

ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St.
The REV. A. STEIMLE, Pastor.
Services at 11 and 8.

HOLY TRINITY, 65th St.-Central Park West.
Paul Scherer, Pastor. 11, Topic, "The Heavenly Commonwealth;" Evening, 8.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 75d St. Dr. Remensnyder, 11 A. M.

Moravian

THE FIRST MORAVIAN CHURCH.
Lexington Av. and 30th St.
Rev. HARRY E. STOCKER, Ph. D., Pastor.
Services, Sun., 11 A. M., Wed., 8 P. M.

Methodist Episcopal

CALVARY,
129th St. and 7th Av.
Rev. WILLIS P. ODELL, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Desire of All Nations."
8 P. M.—MRS. HARRIET D. KENNEDY, "Van Dyke's Drama Story—The Lost Word."

CHELSEA, 178th St., W. of B'way, Christian P. Reisner, D. D., 11—"God in You."
8—"Cous and Healing." Philippine Orchestra plays.

OLD JOHN ST., 44 John St.
FRANCIS B. UPHAM, D. D., Pastor.
11 Sunday; each week day, 7 o'clock.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 4th St., W. of 5th Av.
Dr. J. SUMNER STONE, 11 and 8.

Methodist Episcopal

MADISON AVE. CHURCH, 60TH ST.
Rev. Ralph W. Sockman, Ph. D., } Ministers
Rev. Leland F. Carr, M. A., }
11—Dr. ALAN MACROSSIE.
8—Bishop WILLIAM FRAZER McDOWELL.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE,
7th Av. and 14th St.
11 A. M. and 8 P.M.
LYELL M. RADER.
Also Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Evenings.
Music by his daughter and three sons.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH,
76th St., near Columbus Av.
J. Lewis Hartsock, Minister; Jay C. Warner, asst. 11 A.M.—"The Message of Ephesians."
8: "The Spiritual Will."

ST. JAMES',
Madison Av. and 126th St.
11 A. M.—Dr. W. R. SUMWALT.
8 P. M.—Dr. WALLACE MacMULLEN.

ST. PAUL'S,
86th St. and West End Av.
Rev. RAYMOND L. FORMAN, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Forman will preach at 11 and 8. Every Man's Bible Class at 10:15, "Debtors, Great and Small."

New Church

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM,
Clark St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn.
The West Side Subway to Clark St.
Rev. W. M. LAWRENCE GOULD will preach.
11 A. M.—"What About Miracles?"
Sunday School 10 A. M.

NEW CHURCH (Swedenborgian),
35th St. between Park and Lexington Avs.
Services: 11 A. M. Preacher:
Rev. CLYDE W. BROOMELL.
"The Great Preparation."

New Thought

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
222 WEST 72ND STREET.
Sun., 11:15 A. M.—Mrs. Addalene Menzel, "Spoken Words Bring Events to Pass."
8:15—"Recent Investigations Into the Unknown."
HEREWARD CARRINGTON.
Tues., 8:15—League Healing Meeting.
Mrs. Adelene Menzel, Leader.
Wed., 1:30—League Healing Meeting.
8:15—"Numerology," Mary Allen, 50c.
Sat., 8:15—Psychology Club.
Speaker, Mr. John Dovington.

UNITY. PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY.
Fisk Building, 250 W. 57th St., Room 518.
RICHARD LYNCH, Speaker.
Sunday, 3 P. M.—Subject:
"REBUILDING UNSATISFACTORY CONDITIONS."
8 P. M.—AGNES M. LAWSON. Subject:
"Fourth Dimensional Vistas."
RICHARD LYNCH also speaks Tuesday, 2:30 P. M., and Wednesday, 8 P. M.
Public Cordially Invited.

MRS. GENEVIEVE BEHREND
(T. Troward's Only Personal Pupil.)
Monday, 11 A. M.
"THE POWER OF UNITED SUGGESTION."
(With Individual Treatment.)
Friday, 8 P. M., Lesson:
"HOW TO GET WHAT YOU WANT."
SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS,
136 West 72d St.

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE,
Fellowship of the Life More Abundant.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M., Brooklyn Masonic Temple, cor. Clermont and Lafayette Ave.
Brooklyn, N. Y. Subject, Nov. 19,
"THE LAW OF MIND INSURES SUCCESS IN BUSINESS."
Congregational Singing. All Welcome.

DR. AND MRS. MILLS,
200 West 57th St. Sunday at 11.
General Subject:
"INSPIRATION FROM THE GREAT WITHIN."
All Welcome. Weekly Classes.

GEORGE TOLK, L. B. T.
Important—Inspiring—Vitalizing—Free.
Sunday, 8 P. M. Wednesday, 8:15 P. M.
Suite 825, Liggett Building,
424 St., cor. Madison Av.
Thursday, Nov. 23d, 8:15 P. M.
at League for the Larger Life.

MARY CHAPIN,
COMMODORE BALLROOM, 11 A. M.
"What Is the Matter With You?"
All Welcome. Concentration and Prosperity Class Mon. eve., 8:15, Carnegie Hall, R. 807.

ANNA C. NOLLE,
HOTEL ASTOR SUNDAY, 11 A. M.
"GETTING THE BETTER OF YOUR NERVES."
HEALING MEETING FOLLOWS.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH.
Fifth Av. and Thirty-seventh St.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill.
{ Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
ROBERT E. SPEER, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M.
DR. MERRILL will preach at 4 P. M. Subject, 4 P. M.—"If We Must—We Need—THE CO-OPERATOR."
Bible School at 9:40 A. M.
Young People's Society Social and Supper Meeting, 5:30-7:30.
Midweek Service Wednesday at 8:15 P. M.
Noonday Service Every Weekday at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and Fifty-seventh St.
Rev. DWIGHT W. HYDE, D. D., LL. D., Pastor.
9:45 A. M.—Church School.
11 A. M. & 4:30 P. M.—Preaching by pastor.
FULL CHOIR AND INSTRUMENTS AT BOTH SERVICES.
WILLIAM REDDICK, ORGANIST.
Wednesday, 8 P. M.—Devotional Meeting.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN
Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street
Rev. JOHN KELMAN, D. D., Minister.
Rev. PAUL A. WOLFE, Asst. Minister.
DR. KELMAN
will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Offering for Assembly's Board for Freedmen.
9:30, Church School. 10, Bible Classes, 4, Organ Recital by Harry Gilbert.
Wednesday, 8:15 P. M.—Midweek Service in the Chapel, conducted by Dr. Kelman.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue, 11th and 12th Sts.
{ Rev. George Alexander, D. D.
Ministers { Rev. Harry E. Fosdick, D. D.
{ Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers.
9:45 A. M.—Children's Church and Sunday School. 11 A. M., Dr. Fosdick.
8 P. M., Mr. Speers.
Midweek Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway at 174th St.
Rev. JOHN McNEILL, Pastor.
Preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Work preaches at both services.
8 P. M.—"The Future of Prohibition."

Presbyterian

HARLEM-NEW YORK CHURCH,
Mt. Morris Park West and 122d St.
Rev. Leland F. Carr, M. A.,
DR. M. T. SHELFORD preaches at 11 and 8.

Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church.
Corner South Oxford St., Brooklyn.
Take Brooklyn subway express to Atlantic Avenue.
Dr. Charles C. Albertson will preach at 11 and 7:45.
Morning—Holy Communion.
Evening—Music from compositions of Cesar Franck, 1822-1922.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner 73d St.
11 A. M.—Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D.
4:30 P. M.—Rev. George Stewart, D. D.
8 P. M.—Dr. Coffin.
ALL SEATS FREE.

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Park Av. and 86th St.
TERTIUS VAN DYKE, Pastor. 11 and 8.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS,
130th St., near 5th Av. Services, 11 and 8.
Rev. THOMAS { HODGE } Minister
{ JOHNSON }
8 P. M.—MASONIC SERVICE.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d Street.
Rev. Daniel Russell, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
S. Cor. 96th St. and Central Park W.
Dr. ROBERT WATSON, Minister.
11 A. M.—Dr. William H. Matthews.
8 P. M.—Dr. Samuel W. Graffin.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av., Cor. 105th St.
DR. EDWIN KEIGWIN preaches
Answering—"What are the churches saying?"
11, "WHAT IS SALVATION?"
8, Dr. John E. Williams will speak.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av. and 86th St.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Evans preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Evening Subject: "Adding to Our Resources."

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Ave. and 112th St.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Very Rev. HOWARD C. ROBBINS, D. D., Dean of the Cathedral.
4 P. M.—Rev. H. PERCY SILVER, D. D., Rector of the Church of the Incarnation, New York.
Thirty Services—7:30 A. M., 5 P. M.
(Choral except Monday and Saturday.)

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
WEST END AV. AND 81ST ST.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion, 8 A. M.
Morning prayer and sermon, the Very Rev. C. T. Fry, D. D., Dean of Lincoln Cathedral, England, 11 A. M. Evensong, 4 P. M.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector
11.—"Why Not Let Cous Help Us?" (Dr. Grant).
4.—Oratorio, "Elijah," Part I. (Dr. Grant).

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE
on 59th St. between Madison and Park Avs.
Rev. SEO. R. VAN DE WATER, D. D., Rector.
Communion, 8 A. M.. Morning Prayer, 10 o'clock. Communion service, Rector Celebrant, Rev. Dr. Barber, Rector Emeritus, Preacher, 11 A. M.
SPECIAL MASONIC SERVICE.
4 P. M. Republic and Naphthalia Lodges, escorted by Palestine Commandery M. sons and other invited; sermon by Dr. Van de Water, 33d Past Grand Chaplain State of New York. Cello, violin-harp-organ; full choir. Anthem, "O Lord, We Shall Thee," by Dickinson. Frank Ayres, baritone soloist, and chorus.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St., Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, D. D., Rector, 8 and 10:15 A. M., Holy Communion; 11 and 8, Preacher, Rev. Mr. Lowrie; 7:45, Recital, and 8 Choir and Soloist.

GRACE CHURCH.
Broadway and Tenth Street.
Holy Communion ..... 8 A. M
Service and Sermon, Rev. Ernest M. Stires, D. D. ..... 11 A. M
Later Evensong, Dr. Lubeck ..... 8 P. M.
Daily Noonday Service at 12:30.

HOLY APOSTLES, 9th Av. and 28th St.—Rev. LUCIUS A. EDELBLUTE, Rector. 8 A. M.-8 P. M., Reunion Service.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST.
Fifth Avenue, Above 45th Street.
Rev. DARLINGTON, Rector.
Services: 8 A. M., Holy Communion.
9:30 A. M., Sunday School.
11 A. M., Morning Service (Rector).
4 P. M., EVENSONG (Rector).
Sermon Topic: "QUO VADIS?"
You are Cordially Welcomed to all Services

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
6th Av. and 20th Street.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Rev. Dr. Mottet.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—Rev. H. P. Alan Montgomery.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Avenue and 35th St.
Rev. H. P. Silver, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M., Holy Communion. 11 A. M., Morning Prayer. Sermon (Rector).
4 P. M. CHORAL EVENSONG
Organ Recital by John Doane.
Noonday Service daily except Saturday, 12:30 to 12:50, with brief address.

CHURCH OF THE RESURRECTION,
74th St., East of Park Av.
Rev. E. RUSSELL BOURNE, Rector.
Sunday Services 8, 11 and 5.
11.—Preacher, Rev. J. O. S. Murray, D. D. Master of Selwyn.

HOLY ROOD, Ft. Washington Av., 179th St. Dr. CARSTENSEN. Services 8, 11 & 8.

ST. ANDREW'S—5th Av. and 127th St. Services 8 and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Rev. A. R. RIBOURG, D. D., Rector. Preacher, the Rector.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Park Avenue and Fifty-first Street.
Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M., Holy Communion.
11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon. Preacher, REV. WILLIAM H. GARTH.
4 P. M., Sunday School.
4:30 P. M. Evensong and Address. Preacher, DR. LEIGHTON PARKS.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH,
STUYVESANT SQUARE,
16th St. East of Third Ave.
Rev. Dr. RAINSFORD, Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector).
4 P. M.—Vespers, Service one hour Address by Rev. RAINSFORD.
8 P. M.—Evensong and Address.
Special Music—Congregational singing led by the combined choirs of St. George's, Soloists: Miss Mozelle Bennett, Violinist; Mrs. Thomas Guthrie Speers.
Reader, Chief Magistrate William McAdoo.
8 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Address.
All Seats Free. The Public Welcome.

ST. IGNATIUS, West End Av. and 87th St.
Rev. WILLIAM P. McCONNELL, Rector.
Masses: 7, 8, 9:30, 11.
Vespers and Benediction, 4.

Protestant Episcopal

ST. JAMES' CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Rev. Frank Wartield Crowder D. D., Rector.
8 A. M., Holy Communion.
11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector).
4:30 P. M., Evening Prayer and Sermon (Rev. Horace E. Clute).

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
Rev. WILLIAM N. WALSH, Rector.
11—"Jesus' Belief in Man's Possibilities."

BUYING IN THE SUBURBS.

Trading Indicates Demand for Plots and Small Residences.

The Malba Estates Corporation, through Champ & Dasey, sales directors, sold at Malba-on-the-Sound, L. I., the two large waterfront plots facing the bathing beach and extending from the corner of Malba Drive and the Boulevard to the residence of Ray Palmer, and comprising over an acre of ground, on which the purchaser will erect a residence for his occupancy. This is the seventh recent sale of waterfront building sites at Malba, all of which will be improved by the purchasers.

H. Richter & Co., Rockaway Park, sold for John J. Eagan six lots on Beach 137th Street, Belle Harbor; for Florence Van Benschoten, three lots on Beach 144th Street, Neponsit; for Timothy H. Lynch, two lots on Beach 137th Street, Belle Harbor; for Dr. Paul Bechet, three lots on Newport Avenue, between 147th and 148th Streets, Neponsit, and for J. C. Brigham, three lots on the corner of Bayside Drive and 143d Street, Neponsit.

The Elsner-Stevens Company sold a plot of three-quarters of an acre of the Emily O. Butler tract at Hartsdale, N. Y., to Howard Marsh of Brooklyn, who will erect a residence for his own occupancy from plans of Adrian Hardenbergh.

Howe & Thompson negotiated the sale of the Butler property.

Plan Germany Realty Corporation sold for Miss Emily O. Butler approximately four acres of the Butler property at Scarsdale to the Tennis Realty Corporation, and has also sold to a client of W. P. Johnston a plot on Fenimore Road, and to a client of Howe & Thompson another plot on the same road, also for Miss Emily O. Butler. It is understood that both purchasers will start building in the near future.

The Scarsdale Estates, Robert E. Farley, President, have sold a plot in their Greenridge development to William T. Hart, its Secretary, for his home site.

The Stilwell Realty Company of Mamaroneck sold the Colonial house of Samuel McAndless at Harbor Heights to Frederick Boyce of New York City, who will occupy.

Walter H. Ellis purchased the Schultz estate, Summit, N. J., consisting of three and a half acres, from Mrs. Norman Schultz. It is one of the show places of suburban life and represents an investment of over $100,000. The residence is of brick and tile and consists of twenty rooms and five baths. Eugene Jobst-H. F. Beck Company were the brokers.

The Scarsdale Estates, Robert E. Farley President, sold a plot in their Greenridge development to Mrs. Edith L. Just.

Trading in Brooklyn.

Pierrepont Davenport, as broker, sold for Emma Henson a parcel of lots on East Ninth Street.

Irwin M. Berlinger and Mark Elsner purchased for a client the corner of Nelson Avenue and Heiser Street from the Bliss Street Realty Company.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

With Golf and Tennis for your amusement and recreation, there is never a dull, drab day if you live at

Jackson Heights

22 Minutes from 42nd St. Subway Station

New Elevator Garden Apartments

5 to 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths

Social and Business References Required

Children's Playgrounds, Golf, Tennis, etc.

Tenant-Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms

Take Subway to Grand Central, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St. (Jackson Heights) Station—(Office Opp. Station)

By motor—59th via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. to 25th St.

The Queensboro Corporation

Manhattan Office—50 East 42nd Street

REAL ESTATE. REAL ESTATE.

MANUFACTURING PLANT
IN CENTER OF PHILADELPHIA

TWO ACRES OF LAND
FRONTING SCHUYLKILL RIVER
70,000 FEET FLOOR SPACE
MILL CONSTRUCTION 1-2- and 3-STORY
Sprinkler System throughout—Power Plant—Shafting
UNLIMITED WATER SUPPLY
RAILROAD SIDING

LOUIS DALMAS, Real Estate Trust Bldg. Philadelphia, Pa.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Move in now Rent to start Feb. 1, 1923

AN OPPORTUNITY

to locate your business in a building having these extraordinary advantages.

11TH and 12TH FLOORS, 15,000 sq. ft. each, or part.

WILLIAM J. SUSSMAN INCORPORATED REAL ESTATE ADMINISTRATORS

300 MADISON AVE. *VANDERBILT 1725*

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Apartments of
1, 2, 3 & 4 ROOMS

840 Seventh Ave.
Corner 54th St.
3 Rooms

300 Central Park West
Corner 90th St.
2 Rooms

321 West 55th St.
Block West of B'way
3 & 4 Rooms

434 West 120th St.
Corner Amsterdam Ave.
2 & 4 Rooms

45 Tiemann Pl.
Block So. of 125th St. and B'way Subway Sta.
2 & 3 Rooms

350 West 55th St.
Block West of B'way
1, 2, 3 & 4 Rooms

Apply on premises or

Bing & Bing Corporation
119 West 40th St. Tel. Bryant 6410

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage Money Wanted

Responsible financial institution wants to establish connections with people of moderate means who have money to loan on first mortgages. Brokers need not apply. We deal with principals only.

Lincoln Syndicate of New York
25 WEST 43RD ST.
VANDERBILT 7530

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

162 West 86th St.
High-Class Elevator Apts.
2, 3 & 4 Rooms
Rents $800 to $1800
Apply on premises or
Pease & Elliman,
165 W. 72nd St. Col. 8300

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

To Lease
Corner and Stores
also
20,000 Feet in four floors
Liberty & Washington Sts
BROKERS PROTECTED
135 Liberty St. Corp.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES FOR
DOCTORS AND DENTISTS.
CLUNY PROFESSIONAL BUILDING.
133 West 72nd St.
SEE SUPERINTENDENT.

125th St. Stores

$5,000 up; suitable all lines. Long leases to desirable tenants. Rox Realty Co., 245 Lenox Avenue.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Hall Apartments
KEW GARDENS, L. I.

Distinctive elevator apartment, situated amid country surroundings, one block from station and country club. Golf clubs in vicinity. Sixteen minutes from Penn. Station. Fireproof construction throughout with log-burning fireplaces.

Apartments of 4 to 7 rooms, $1600 to $2400 per year and upwards.

Ewing, Bacon & Henry,
Renting Agents
101 Park Ave., Phone Murray Hill 2060 or Agent at the building.
Phone Richmond Hill 7401 or 8837.

Furnished—West Side.

7th Ave., near 54th
BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED
4 ROOMS AND BATH

Equipped at an unusually large cost. WILL SACRIFICE TO QUICK BUYER. FURNISHINGS and LEASE

Owner leaving town. Can be seen by appointment.

Phone Circle 9400 Apt. 13-A

Unfurnished—East Side.

New Building
4 East 88th St.
At Fifth Avenue

4-5-7 Rooms
1 to 3 BATHS
$2,400 to $4,500
ALMAB CORP., Owner
8 E. 41st St. Tel. Vanderbilt 6962
Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Ave., Renting Agents, or your own broker.

Unfurnished—West Side.

7 Rooms, $2400
4 Rooms, $1500

Two apartments with an unusual appeal because of their splendid location, exceptional arrangement, fine light and particularly low rental.

306-10 W. 100th St.
A DISTINCTIVE ELEVATOR APARTMENT
Apply on premises or to
Max N. Natanson
522 Fifth Avenue
Vanderbilt 8586

New High-Class Elevator Apartments
NOW READY
860-870 West 181st St.
Overlooks Riverside—Hudson—Palisades
3-4-5-6 Rooms $70 to $160
TELEPHONE BILLINGS 0870, or
Nehring Brothers St. Nicholas Av., Cor. 183rd.

KNICKERBOCKER CHAMBERS
66 West 53rd St.

2 ROOMS and Bath

High Class Elevator Apartments Now Ready for Occupancy
Maid Service if desired.
Renting Agent on Premises

No. 9 W. 81st St.
(Facing Manhattan Square.)
6-story Elevator Building
Finest House of its Type in New York.
2, 3, 4 & 5 Rooms
KITCHENETTE & BATH
REDUCED RENTALS
COMPLETE MAID SERVICE
Apply to Superintendent at Premises, or telephone to Owner, Ashland 7787.

HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT
MANHATTAN AV. & 122D ST.
3, 4, 5 & 6 ROOMS
KITCHEN AND KITCHENETTE
Rents $70 to $125.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

George Washington
116 WEST 72ND ST.
New, Absolutely Fireproof Apartment Hotel
2 Rooms, Bath.....$110-$145
1 Room, Bath, Furnished.....$90.00
2 Rooms, Bath, Furnished.....$160-$200
Yearly Lease., Maid Service., Restaurant.

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MONEY AT 5 PER CENT.
LARGE AMOUNTS.
Building and Permanent Loans.
SECOND MORTGAGES.
Buildings financed
to completion.
QUICK ACTION.
CHARLES S. LIPPNER,
1,452 Broadway, Room 401
Entrance 145 West 41st St.
Phone Bryant 6250 or 5448.

LOANS EVERYWHERE.
LOWEST RATES. QUICK SERVICE.
First and Second,
also Building and Permanent
MORTGAGE LOANS
NEW YORK, BRONX, BROOKLYN,
LONG ISLAND, NEW JERSEY.
STEEL REALTY, 152 W. 42 St. Bryant 5341.

LOANS against rents or on second mortgages. Samuel Dach, 145 West 41st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

HERE is a sacrifice! 13 rooms, one-family house, two baths, every improvement; good condition; two-car garage; shrubbery; corner plot; excellent neighborhood—$20,000, easy terms; would cost $30,000 to build; look at it. Hamilton, owner, 215 South Parsons Av., Flushing.

Staten Island—For Sale or To Let.

STAPLETON—For sale, one-family house, stucco, 7 rooms and bath, porches, screens, storm sash and awnings; easy terms. E. W. Thompson, 54 Tompkins Av. Telephone Tompkinsville 880.

STAPLETON—For sale, one-family frame house, 10 rooms, 3 baths, screens, storm sash and awnings; easy terms. E. W. Thompson, 54 Tompkins Av. Telephone Tompkinsville 880.

GREAT KILLS—Comfortably furnished cottage, 4 rooms, bath, hot water heat; improvement; moderate rental. Rogers, 47 Woodland Av.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE IN PELHAM.

New, costly, cosy English stucco bungalow with individuality; 7 large rooms delightfully appointed; open fireplace; every possible modern convenience; 2-car garage; plenty coal; porch, solarium; only 11 miles out; in New York's nearest high-class suburb; 2 minutes' walk to one station, 2 minutes to the other; excellent train service; convenient to schools, golf and bathing; A LITTLE ESTATE on beautiful, high corner about 100x125; rustic fences; fine trees and views; street car almost at door; a little gem at bargain, $35,000, terms; will sell furnished if desired. Phone owner, Vanderbilt 7092, or Pelham 1640.

ON BATTLE HILL,
BATTLE AVE. & PRIMROSE ST.

WHITE PLAINS, newly constructed homes on large garden plots; price $9,500 to $11,000, on very easy terms to desirable purchasers. Agent on premises Sundays and weekdays.
V. GREEN CONSTRUCTION CO.
45 West 34th St. Tel. Fitzroy 3800.

GREENACRES.

$5,000, cash $2,000 yearly until paid. brick-stucco, 11 rooms, 3 baths; double oak floors; all improvements; steam heat, open fireplace, sleeping porch, sun parlor, breakfast room, extra toilet; beautiful grounds, trees and shrubbery; wonderful location; 5 minutes to station. Look at this place before buying.
Stephen J. Stilwell.
Tel. 394, opposite depot, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

LARCHMONT—Your chance; new stucco house, on lot 50x200; six rooms, bath, sleeping porch; every modern appointment; convenient to school, shopping district and station; will sell to quick buyer for $10,000. Drummond Realty Corp., 53 Boston Post Road, Larchmont. Phone 554 or Murray Hill 7323.

SHORE FRONT.

Charming house, four master's bedrooms, two baths, two servants' rooms and bath, 2-car garage, with quarters for man; one and one-half acres; beautiful lawns, &c; bargain at $35,000. LESTER J. NOLAN, Mazzetti Building, Rye, New York. Telephone Rye 534.

SCARSDALE.

Closing estate, three private houses, perfect condition, near best schools, station, trolley; immediate occupancy; $8,500 to $15,500; small cash required; balance monthly. E. J. Bouchoux, Popham Road. Phone Scarsdale 868.

RIVERDALE
DUPLEX HOUSE
Cor. 261st St. and Leibig Av.
40 x 100 Feet.
Two seven-room apartments with garages. Every improvement. Terms arranged. Tel. Morningside 6132.

SHORE FRONT.

Charming house, 4 master bedrooms, 2 baths, 2 servants' rooms and bath, two-car garage with quarters for man; 1¼ acres, beautiful lawns, &c., bargain at $35,000. Lester J. Nolan, Mazzetti Bldg., Rye, N. Y. Telephone Rye 534.

RENT or SALE at PELHAM MANOR, beautiful new house, 7 rooms, 2 baths; garage; rental $200 monthly; sacrifice; sale price $17,000; terms arranged. E. W. F. ROSS, Owner's Representative, 25 West 43d St. Tel. Murray Hill 0789.

FOR SALE—New stucco house, 6 rooms, bath, all improvements; open fireplace, hardwood floors; near church, school, station; best location; lot 62x209; price $8,000, terms arranged. Tel. 963, owner, Briarcliff Manor, N. Y.

NEW ROCHELLE—Seven-room house, 50x150; two-car garage; high ground; price $15,000. Particulars, write Geo. McNally, 850 East 23d St.

SCARSDALE, "Edgemont Estate"—We'll finance your home and have it built for you in our picturesque community. Scarsdale-Edgemont Corp., 41 West 34th. Fitzroy 3100.

HARRISON—House, nine rooms, bath, all improvements; enclosed porch; garage; plot 47x170; near station; fine section; $10,800, terms. Brown & Brown, Depot Square.

PELHAM—For rent, new seven-room house, furnished; enclosed porch; garage; 3 minutes station; references. Phone Prospect 8282.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

SMALL HOMES IN GREENWICH.

A group of five tasteful little homes of varying design, just completed, in the attractive Cos Cob section of Greenwich, Conn., ready for immediate occupancy; may be purchased by the right kind of people for $12,000 each with nominal cash payment—the balance like rent.

Planned and built by Patterson-King, the design and construction is of the highest type. There are five rooms—living room, dining room, kitchen (with gas range), two bedrooms and bath; stairs to roomy attic.

Distinctive Exteriors—English, Colonial, Italian, French and Spanish. Descriptive brochures illustrating each sent upon request.

Commuting time—Cos Cob to Grand Central, New York, 51 minutes.

Houses 3 minutes' walk from the station.
CHARLES A. CLEAVER,
716 Flatiron Building, New York.
Telephone—Ashland 7649.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

PORT WASHINGTON HOMES—Real bargains; have to be sold; two new houses: one has six rooms and tile bath; the other has eight rooms and tile bath; oak floors, hot water heat, open fireplaces; beautiful locations; convenient to churches, schools and bathing beach; prices $8,500 and $10,500; terms arranged. Cawley, Main St. and Middle Neck Road. Telephone 378J.

$11,500—$13,500.

JAMAICA, for sale, new two-family house, eight rooms and two baths; light three sides; five minutes from station; $11,500, terms. Also, two-family house with corner store; $18,500; frame and stucco; good business section; will sell on easy terms; open for inspection any time. Willett and Sutphin Boulevard. Phone 4323W Jamaica.

AT FLORAL PARK.

Electric service; house of 8 rooms and bath; water, gas, electricity, steam heat; laundry separate; rooms nicely decorated; extra conveniences; fine location, on county road; near trolley, school, stores and station; plot 80x100; hedge, lawn, shrubbery; $9,000. A. H. Goldsmith, Post Office Building, Floral Park.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.

Only $10,800; 6 rooms; extra furnished room in attic; breakfast porch; fireplace; new tax exemption; fine location; terms. Phone Jerre Johnson, Flushing 3823, care of F. H. Reeve, Inc., Broadway, at railroad station, Broadway-Flushing. Open Sunday.

BELLEROSE—30 minutes out; electric service; new 6-room house, tile bath and kitchen, extra toilet and tubs in basement, instantaneous gas heater; fireplace, double floors, &c.; $10,500; reasonable terms. Edward Bialla, owner and builder, 41 Remsen Lane, Phone 350 Floral Park.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.

Two fine business lots, 50 feet each, for sale, right at Broadway-Flushing station; lowest price and terms. Phone Jerre Johnson, Flushing 3823, care of F. H. Reeve, Inc., Broadway, at railroad station, Broadway-Flushing. Open Sunday.

DOUGLASTON.

Four new, modern homes, 8 to 10 rooms each; $20,000 to $25,000; reasonable payment, balance to suit.
E. Hanseen on Property.
THE DOUGLASTON PARK REALTY CO., Douglaston, L. I. P. O. Box 34.

FREEPORT, L. I.—New six-room houses, all improvements, near station, $5,600; $500 to $1,000 cash, balance on mortgage. Owner, A. H. Courtenay, Hempstead, N. Y. Telephones Hempstead 644 and Hempstead 178.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

For rent, new brick house, corner; just finished; 7 rooms, 4 baths, sun parlor; garage; only few blocks from station. Phone owner, 8489 Boulevard, or call 55 Bow St.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS—Forced to sell new house, solid concrete; never occupied; 8 rooms, garage; plot 50x100; every improvement; offered at nearly half price. 350 Burns St.

GREAT NECK—Colonial home, 8 rooms, 2 baths; garage; large plot; overlooking water; near bathing, golf; $27,500. Goddard, 60 Bayview Av. Telephone 815.

100-ACRE GOLF COURSE.

Garden City, L. I., 2,000 lots, $50,000 above mortgage; a money making investment. Claude E. Lasher, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—Cozy house, with garage; 6 rooms, with or without furniture; good section. Inquire 119 Susquehanna Av., Great Neck, L. I.

FLORAL PARK—Attractive 7-room stucco and shingle, with garage; splendid condition; small cash payment. Phone 92W or 208 Bryant Av.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.

Dutch Colonial; 6 rooms and bath; near station; tax exempt; garage; $10,000; terms. Durand, Flushing 3823.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

HUNTINGTON, L. I. BEAUTIFUL HOME, 9 rooms and bath, garage, chicken house, plot 100x150, all kinds of fruit and berries, shrubs, flowers; ideal location; Bay Avenue; sacrifice; owner must move. Huntington Brokerage Co., Inc. Phone Huntington 900.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

STOP! LOOK! READ THIS!

$750 and $35 monthly buys new, modern six-room home with up-to-date bathroom, steam heat, gas, electricity, sewer and all assessments paid; large plot for garage, garden and chickens; in progressive suburb only 30 minutes from New York, with all city conveniences; near station, stores and school; excellent train service; $5.88 monthly fare. Photo and full description mailed upon request. John A. Baldwin, 1 Mt. Vernon St., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

HALLBERG & LONGFELLOW, Builders, invite inspection of their better built homes, in high and healthful Teaneck Gardens, near schools, churches and stores. Half hour out on West Shore Railroad, 6 rooms, tiled bath, gas, electricity, steam, open fire place, sun parlor, ready to move in. Plot 50x150 up. Cash $1,500; balance terms. Offices opposite stations, Ridgefield Park and Bogota.

MONTCLAIR—Half modern, spacious home; complete privacy; furnished or unfurnished; exposures east, south, west; accessible but in restful woodland surroundings; 3 fireplaces, 2 private baths, shower, kitchenette, laundry, veranda, tennis court; Winter fuel on hand; furnishings, steam heat, hot water, gas, electricity included in rental, $140; garage arranged if desired. Phone Montclair 228W.

$750 CASH—Lovely six-room home, balance $6,750 like rent; larger house, balance $6,750, bath, gas, electric, heat, parquet, fireplace; two lots; paved street; near stations, stores, schools; quick possession; commute ¼ hour Manhattan, 9¼ cents. Appointment phones, Hackensack 2740, Cortland 1720. Clara Henschel, 142 Overpeck Av., Ridgefield Park.

BOGOTA, N. J.—For immediate occupancy, half of duplex house; 6 room and bath; restricted residential neighborhood; convenient to stores, railroads and trolley; $85 rent includes heat, water and hot water furnished. Call or write OWNER, 15 Ridgefield Avenue, Bogota, N. J. Phones Hackensack 631 or Hackensack 814-W.

NEW Colonial Home, with garage; seven rooms and sun parlor; 2 baths; hot water heat; electric lights; hardwood floors; fine location; good commutation; price $12,500; easy terms; others from $8,000 to $25,000. Write or call at once Arkraft Homes Co., 144 North Av., Plainfield, N. J. Tel. 507.

$500 DOWN AND $40 monthly buys modern six-room home, every improvement; plot 50 by 100 feet, top soiled and graded; select location; six minutes to station, 40 minutes Times Square, West Shore Railroad; large selection. J. M. Demarest's Sons, owners and builders, Bergenfield, N. J.

FACTORY WITH RAILROAD.

One-story brick; 22,000 square feet; 2 acres ground; very high ceilings; practically new; suitable for any kind of manufacturing; offered at bargain.
WILSON FEIST,
Kinney Building, Newark, N. J.

BUNGALOW, 6 rooms, bath, steam heat, electricity, oak floors, chestnut trimmed; garage, two cars workshop, poultry, fruit trees; plot 163x177; high elevation; 5 minutes station; terms; bargain. Mrs. Kult, Brook Av., Montvale, N. J.

UPPER MONTCLAIR—To let, furnished, modern house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; all improvements; near station and trolley. Owner, 64 Brookfield Road. Tel. Montclair 3675M.

BARGAIN—$1,000 down, balance as rent, house, 6 rooms and bath; all improvements, large plot; near station; in restricted neighborhood. Full price $6,000. Christie, Bergenfield, N. J.

MORSEMERE—Six-room house with glassed upper porch, steam heat, $70; Harwood Av., 30 minutes downtown, Erie R. R. or 125th St. ferry. See any agent; very desirable.

WYCKOFF (near Ridgewood)—Attractive shingled home of 9 rooms, bath, 3 fireplaces; situated on hill overlooking lake; 2 acres; price $11,000. Owner, G. Quackenbush.

RENT—Seven rooms, semi-detached house; 30 minutes from Hudson Terminal; ideal for children; $58 monthly. 311 Division Av., Hasbrouck Heights, N. J. Phone 321J.

ORDERED by client to dispose of one-family house, 763 Scotland Road, Orange, N. J.; best offer will take. Scher & Albert, Attorneys, 203 Union Bldg., Newark, N. J.

RIDGEWOOD.

Seven-room house; all improvements; hardwood trim, floors; fireplace; $7,500; terms. Bedell, 90 West Broadway, New York.

TO desirable party will sell new six-room house, all latest improvements; half hour out; restricted; $600 cash, balance like rent. Telephone Cortlandt 2140.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write VAN WINKLE CO., Rutherford, N. J

FREE LIST of houses for sale and rent. Write Ellsworth Shafto, Passaic, N. J.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

City Property.

OWNERS, BUILDERS, ATTENTION

We have investors with cash for tax-exempt property. Will advance rentals, place second mortgages. Sigley Realty Co., 145 West 41.

SELLING and exchanging city and country properties. For results, owners consult Du Cret Company, 41 Park Row, New York.

WANTED APARTMENT HOUSES in Manhattan and Bronx; principals only. Oliver & Franklin, 25 Church St., New York.

WHAT HAVE YOU TO OFFER?
Want to lease tenement properties; have cash, security. Armand, 896 Falle St.

WANTED—Buy Washington Heights walk-ups, elevator apartment. Lichtman, 329 West 46th St.

BRONX taxpayer wanted: $15,000 to invest; full particulars or no attention paid. C 386 Times.

WANT to buy plot in Forest Hills Gardens; $90 a foot by 100. B 818 Times.

WHAT have you to offer? Want to lease properties. Lowey, 105 West 112th.

Country Property.

WANTED—SUMMER CAMP ON LAKE OR LOCATION ON LAKE SUITED FOR CAMP. S 485 TIMES.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

60-ACRE Farm—New house and barn, high location, 2 miles from station, near Plainfield; price $11,000, terms. Artcraft Homes Co., 144 North Av., Plainfield, N. J.; telephone 507.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

WILL exchange two new one-family up-to-date homes, each plot 40x100; Queens. B 830 Times.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Massachusetts.

SALE or rent, Summer homes in Berkshire Hills. Wm. R. Hayward, Pittsfield, Mass.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SUBLET, two or three offices; City Hall district; immediate possession Lafayette 2488.

45TH, 150 WEST, few doors from Broadway—Manicure, beauty parlor, &c.; large show window; $100 month.

STORES to let, best location on Grand St., New York. Inquire Samoph Holding Corp., 15 Division St.

BUILDING, 30x92, with offices to lease, for all purposes; heat furnished. Av. B, corner 20th St.

49TH ST., 4 WEST—Large, attractive parlor floor; most ideal location, just off 5th Av. Vanderbilt 7557.

STORE for rent, 30 Second Av., near Fourth St. H. G. Rouse, 215 4th Av.

OFFICE SHOWROOMS, $20 UP.
Photo accommodation. 30 East 27th.

BROADWAY, 160—Private office for rent, furnished or unfurnished. Apply Room 912.

42D, 220 WEST (Candler Building)—Office, 1,000 feet; bargain. Rogert, Room 1118.

72D, 119 WEST—LARGE DOUBLE FRONT PARLOR, SUITABLE ANY BUSINESS.

36TH, 133 EAST—Large, light basement to rent for business purposes.

LOFTS, very light, elevator, sprinkler, 529 8th Av., between 36th and 37th Sts.

SPACE—All kinds; lower West Side. Frank L. Bedell, 90 W. Broadway.

73D, 55 WEST—Parlor floor, suitable doctor, dentist; alter to suit business.

BID, 420 EAST—Store suitable for any one not depending on neighborhood.

74TH, 159 WEST — FRONT BASEMENT, SUITABLE FOR BUSINESS.

TWO light front offices for rent cheap. Apply Room 41, 221 Broadway.

PARLOR FLOOR, 20x80, 21 W. 49TH ST. APPLY HOUSEKEEPER.

FOR RENT—Part of light loft, 1,500 sq. ft. Call 10 West 30th.

CHOICE offices in Capitol Theatre Building, 1,639 Broadway.

57th Av., 990—Room 702; part of all of office.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

57TH AV. (NEAR 49TH ST.) FIFTH (TOP) FLOOR; ABOUT 80x35 FEET; SKYLIGHTS; WINDOWS FACING 57TH AV. AND REAR; ADAPTABLE FOR DRESS-MAKING, MILLINERY OR ANY BUSINESS WHERE LOCATION, LIGHT AND REFINED SURROUNDINGS ARE ESSENTIAL. Z 2175 TIMES ANNEX.

CUYLER BUILDING.
116-122 West 22d St.
Offices and showrooms from 500 to 7,000 square feet; immediate possession and Feb. 1; rental $1,200 and up.
Wm. S. Sussman, Inc., 300 Madison Av.
Tel. Vanderbilt 1725.

17TH, 141 WEST—An opportunity to secure a well-lighted loft; 5 double windows, indirect lighting system, passenger elevator, freight elevator, improved fire-sprinkling system, 60x80 ft.; will sacrifice by accepting any reasonable offer. Call 3d floor, Brett Mfg. Co.

LOFTS, LOFTS, LOFTS.
42 West 27th, $6,000-$6,000.
40 West 3d St., daylight, $1,600-$1,900; store and basement, $2,000; elevator, steam.
137 Grant St., $2,400.
Immediate, Feb. 1. Owner, Rhinelander 9837.

LOFTS to let, first and second, at 47 Warren St., Manhattan, 1,500 square feet each; just put in first-class condition; rent reasonable.
JAMES S. ANDERSON & CO.,
32 Nassau St. Tel. John 0070

OFFICES.
Low Rents.
236 West 55th Street,
at Broadway.
Also, a few completely furnished.

OFFICES, particularly suitable for New York representatives, at bargain price; Nassau Street, near City Hall; light, comfortable rooms for one and two men; furniture and telephone service supplied. Telephone Beekman 2893.

79 5TH AV., COR. 16TH.
Immediate possession or Feb. 1; offices from 300 feet to any space required; manufacturing permitted; very reasonable rent. Wm. S. Sussman, Inc., 300 Madison Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 1725.

PRINTERS' LOFTS, 343 West 36th, 63x100; manufacturing lofts, 15 West 20th, 56x99; manufacturing lofts, 133 West 24th, 25x110; manufacturing lofts, 130 Bleecker St., 25x100.
OWNER, FITZROY 4842.

MARBRIDGE Building, large light office, partitioned, 10th floor, facing 34th St. Apply Room 1143, 47 West 34th St.

OFFICE.
Corner Elevator Building,
Small Light Office, $35.
Call between 9 and 10 A. M.
Greenwood, Room 105, 96 Warren St.

LARGE corner store, between gas company and telephone company, Flatbush Av.; space to rent; also window display, will consider gloves, corsets, furs, lingerie, hosiery; long lease. 136 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

OFFICE SPACE, 220 square feet; good light, exceptional service, phone connection; immediate possession. Robert Hamilton Corporation, Suite 1304, Guardian Life Building, 207 Fourth Av. at 17th St.

BOWERY, 110 (near Grand St.)—Heart of lower east side; 5-story elevator building to let, for wholesale or light manufacturing; beautiful store. Write Musher, 5,712 14th Av., Brooklyn.

MOST desirable corner and four stores to lease; suitable for better class merchandise; also four floors, about 5,000 feet each, Liberty and Washington Sts. 135 Liberty St. Corp.

LARGE STORE, good for retailing specialty women's wear; beautiful display window opposite Oppenheim Collins and next door to Ratkowsky. Further particulars Watkins 6134.

JUST COMPLETED,
52 WEST 46TH ST.
LIGHT SHOWROOM LOFT, 20x90.
BEST ESTABLISHED RETAIL STREET.

57TH, 248 WEST (Adj. Broadway)—35x100; reasonable rent; loft; 1st floor; store front; modern building; elevator; electric. Steinman, 4,261 Broadway, Wadsworth 0296.

PROMINENT corner, facing Madison Square, in building of highest character, for sublet floor of 14,000 square feet, at sacrifice. Peter Grimm, 522 5th Av. Vanderbilt 7567.

PRIVATE office and desk space with or without furniture; stenographers and telephone service if wanted. 118 East 28th St., Room 912, Madison Square 3742.

PRIVATE OFFICES, well furnished, complete service; exclusive building; excellent location; lease. I. Steingut, Brokaw Building, 1,457 Broadway.

PROFESSIONAL Offices—Splendid offices just vacated by physician; excellent location for dentist, doctor, &c. Hotel Flanders, 135 West 47th St.

ATTRACTIVE, large corner store, near Broadway, 125th subway; $1,200 year. Apply 1,674 Broadway, Room 807. Phone Circle 5655.

17TH ST., 16 EAST—Lofts to let; two elevators; near 5th Av. J. Boltan, owner, 617 West 152d. Telephone Audubon 2282.

NEAR 5TH AV.—Part of store; wonderful location for luncheonette, barber and other business. 4 East 30th St. R. 302.

BOWERY, 110 (near Grand St.)—Beautiful store for temporary tenant. Write Musher, 5,712 14th Av., Brooklyn.

TO LEASE—Vacant lots, Avenue B, 18th and 19th, estate John U. Brookman. 165 Broadway, Cortlandt 1091.

LOFTS, 25x100, newly renovated; elevator service; northeast corner 34th St. and 3d Av.

CONVENIENT light offices; about 1,000 feet; sixth floor; reasonable rental; lease to May, 1924. B. S. Heller, 56 Pine St.

Desk Room.

DESK ROOM, $10; office furnished, $20; mail privilege, $2. Nelles, 27 Warren.

DESK room, rent, modern office building; prominent 34th St. location. S 497 Times.

Brooklyn.

THEATRE BLOCK.
SUBWAY AT DOOR.
We have exceptional openings for
DENTIST.
CHIROPRACTOR
TEA ROOM
DRY GOODS
SHOES
CLOAKS AND SUITS
INFANTS' WEAR
BARBER OR BAKER
Apply on premises, Nostrand Av. corner, Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, or phone Prospect 2600.

CONFECTIONER.

Wonderful opportunity, theatre block, subway corner; plenty room. Apply Nostrand Av., corner Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, or phone Prospect 2600.

DELICATESSEN.

Wonderful opportunity; theatre block; populated district; subway corner. Apply Nostrand Av., corner Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, or phone Prospect 2600.

STORE, complete, to rent for two months, in best shopping district of Brooklyn; exceptional opportunity offered for the holidays. 197 Smith St., Brooklyn. Phone 2703 Main.

LOFTS (2), 50x100, light 4 sides; steam heat, elevator. Apply on premises, 269-271 Meserole St., Brooklyn, or to owner, Schwartz & Daniels, 145 West 45th St., New York.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS.

ATTORNEY desires attractive suite; lease assumed or will purchase office furniture; library; modern building. P 656 Times downtown.

4-STORY building with store, for long term, east of 3d Av., between 14th and 42d Sts. J. Di Domenico, 1,314 Rogers Av., Brooklyn.

WANTED to sublet, office, with phone, between 224-424, West; must be light, accessible. S 470 Times.

OFFICE space, about 3,000 feet, not exceeding $1.50 per foot. S 492 Times.

FACTORIES.

FOR SALE—Almost new plant consisting of two brick buildings equipped for mixing and barreling syrups; suitable for manufacturing, handling and storing other commodities; located near waterfront in valuable Greenpoint section of Brooklyn, within free lighterage district; quick action desired. Sugar Products Company, 25 Broadway, New York.

REDFORD section—Good building, one story, 22x120; daylight three sides; high ceilings; completely equipped with steam, electricity, plumbing; walls will carry additional story; unrestricted to manufacturing; sacrifice immediately for $2,500 cash; terms to suit; price $20,000. Bulkley & Horton Co. Ind. Dept., 414 Myrtle Av. Prospect 5400.

FIVE-STORY factory for sale, located on 30th Av., near 36th St., 26,000 square feet, plot 74x100, freight elevator, heating plant. General P. O. Box 524, New York City.

FACTORIES WANTED.

LOFT for jewelery manufacturing; 3,000 to 4,000 sq. ft.; lower Manhattan to 34th St., must be cheap rent. S 480 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

516T, 157 EAST, near subway and Ambassador Hotel; 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; absolutely clean, nicely furnished; immediate occupancy; rent $125 per month until October 1st.

209 WEST 57TH.

MRS. PRESCOTT AND MISS WHELEN are offering an exclusive list of personally inspected apartments, Park Av., side streets, east side; also below 59th, west side; rentals ranging from $200 to $1,500 monthly. Telephone Circle 1253 and Circle 3918.

59TH, 160 WEST.
MISS WHELEN
announces the removal of her office to

209 WEST 57TH ST.

Exclusive furnished apartments on east and west side, ranging from $200 to $1,500 monthly.

TELEPHONE CIRCLE 3918.

82D ST., 17 EAST (adjoining 5th Av.)—Apartment of 2 and 3 large rooms, with bath and kitchenette, beautifully furnished; rents $150 and $200. Apply on premises or call Rhinelander 1852.

82D, PARK AV.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; newly furnished; $100. Vanderbilt 2650.

83D ST., MADISON AV. (Hotel Ashton)—Newly decorated furnished; 1, 2 suitable rooms, private bath; buses, surface cars, subways; from $17.50-$28 weekly; hotel service; restaurant.

FIFTH AV.—25.
Doorman will show Mrs. Prescott's beautifully furnished apartment on the 12th floor; fireplace, piano. Circle 1535.

MADISON AV., 985—Attractive living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette. Welch, Rhinelander 4601.

MURRAY HILL (356 Lexington Av.)—Living room, alcove bedroom, bath, shower, kitchenette with window; $115; showing afternoon. Gleeson.

A FEW choice apartments for rent; American plan; beautiful private park and neighborhood; children welcome. Hotel Irving, 26 G

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

Continued from Preceding Page.

72D, 118 WEST (Earlton Apartments)—Very desirable two rooms and bath, furnished in excellent taste; reasonable rates; hotel service, restaurant.

73D, 144 WEST—Beautifully furnished kitchenette apartment; reasonable rent; will sell furnishings complete. Apply A. W. Woodruff, Columbus 5087.

72D ST., 42 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished and unfurnished two-room suites; bath, hotel service; restaurant; references required.

72D, 18 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 1-2 ROOM KITCHENETTE SUITES; PRIVATE TILED BATH; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY.

72D, 344 WEST—5 rooms, 2 baths. Columbus 8483-8687.

73D ST., 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Newly decorated, luxuriously furnished 1-2-3 outside rooms; private bath; elevated, surface cars, subways; from $30 to $45 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

72D, 53 and 117 WEST—One and two rooms, bath, kitchenette apartment.

74TH, 131 WEST (NEAR BROADWAY). Elaborately furnished front two rooms, elevator apartment, kitchenette; refined surroundings; references. Owner.

74TH, 103 WEST—Two rooms, with sun parlor kitchen, bath; also other rooms.

75TH, 25 WEST—Handsomely furnished, newly decorated, two large rooms, bath, kitchen.

77TH—Attractive two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment; southern exposure; $100. Bryant 7498.

50TH, 225 WEST (Broadway)—Front room, private bath; independent entrance; elevator. Thomas.

81ST, Columbus Av. (Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms; private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $24-$30-$40 weekly; complete service; restaurant.

84TH, 15 WEST—Parlor, bedroom, kitchenette, with private bath; steam heat; electricity, phone; single rooms. See janitor. Springer.

87TH, 24 WEST—Comfortable 1-2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, fireplace, or unfurnished.

88TH, 344 WEST—Very spacious 1 or 3 rooms, real kitchen, bath; appointments of the best, every detail.

92D, 263 WEST—Living room, kitchen, bath; 3d floor; modern private house; furnished or unfurnished.

89TH, 314 WEST (Riverside)—Attractive one-room apartments, bath, kitchenette; $55-$65.

81ST-BROADWAY—3 and 6 rooms, well furnished apartments; elevator. 2,465 B'way.

84TH, 67 WEST—Two elegant front rooms; private house; bath, kitchenette privilege; suitable two, business woman; $80.

96TH, WEST—Attractive 4 rooms, piano, marble bathroom; private residence. Riverside 9235.

97TH (745 West End Av.)—Large sunny room, kitchenette, bath; piano; $75.

101ST, 311 WEST—FRONT APARTMENT, 2 ROOMS, KITCHENETTE, DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

102D (2,684 Broadway)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; permanent; business people; $75. Supt.

103D (Broadway)—Five rooms, outside; elevator; piano; magnificently furnished; $155. Columbus 1278.

103D, 203 WEST—Business couple share apartment; elevator; housekeeping; suitable two. Sachs.

104TH (2,731 Broadway, at 103d St. Subway Station) — Newly, beautifully furnished 4 and 6 rooms and bath; elevator building; from $115 up.

107TH, 308 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 1-2-3 ROOM KITCHENETTE PRIVATE BATH; LAVATORY, PIANO, VICTROLA; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

107TH ST., 203 WEST—Six rooms and bath; extra maid's bath; elaborately furnished; $300 monthly. Apply Apt. 3A.

107TH, 323 WEST—Three large rooms, bath, kitchenette; well furnished; river view; to April 1 or longer. Wilson.

109TH ST. (215 MANHATTAN AV.) 2-3-4-5-6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator; $70 monthly up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av. Open evenings and all day Sunday. Phone Academy 1647.

109TH, 107 WEST. PRE-WAR PRICES. 2 and 3 rooms, high class; $70 monthly up. Academy 1611. Open from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

112TH, 526 WEST (Apt. 22)—Attractive 5 rooms, neatly furnished; lease; moderate.

112TH, 507 WEST—2-3-4 rooms, completely equipped apartments, furnished with excellent taste for families accustomed to real homes; 2 bedrooms in some apartments; rent $1,400 upwards.

113TH, 530 WEST—2 unusually large rooms, bath, kitchenette, 1st floor front; modern fireproof building; $120 until Sept.

113TH, 507 WEST—Two rooms, bath, tiled kitchenette, extremely well furnished, elevator.

113TH, 546 WEST — Apartments for lease; 3 rooms, bath, maid service.

115TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 435 WEST (overlooking Columbia)—Exceptionally desirable two rooms, kitchenette, ninth floor front; entirely south; accommodates three. 9F.

121ST ST., 501 WEST—Completely furnished apartment, five rooms, bath; sublet till June 1. Apply Superintendent.

122D, 511 WEST—Exquisitely furnished five-room apartment; sell or rent furnished; private or income property. Proprietor, 10.

123D, 537 WEST, near Columbia—Three rooms, bath, kitchen; attractively furnished; monthly rental reasonable or will sell lease and furniture; bargain. McCuen, Apartment 1.

123D, 510 WEST (Apt. 36)—Three rooms, real kitchen; elevator, shower; exceptional.

123D, 547 WEST (Broadway) — Four bright rooms; latest improvements; $90. Apt. 31.

139TH ST., 515 WEST—Five rooms, ground floor, front, $110; references. Supt.

149TH, 530 WEST—Parlor floor, furnished, kitchenette; also single rooms; phone.

158TH, 475 WEST—Four-room corner apartment, newly decorated; player piano; magnificent view; $115. Wadsworth 6270. Apartment 72.

161ST ST., 567 WEST (Near Broadway)—2-3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; reasonable.

170TH, 571 WEST—4 sunny rooms; piano; couple; reasonable; call evenings. Sullivan.

BROADWAY (93d)—Attractive 3-room apartment, elaborately furnished; immediate possession. Columbus 6228.

BROADWAY, 2,731 (104th)—Six rooms; beautifully furnished; light. Reinecke, Apt. 7 North.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 352 (95TH ST.)—BEAUTIFUL MODERN FLOOR, THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $150 INCLUDING SERVICE.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 385 (98th)—Eight rooms, 2 baths; piano, phone; $225.

CLAREMONT AV., 130—5 sunny rooms, newly decorated; $100.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 90—5 large, sunny rooms; high-class elevator building; furnished or unfurnished; great bargain. Supt., 1-H.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240. (Corner 96th St.) 15-STORY APARTMENT. Two rooms, foyer, bath, $1,320 up. Will rent furnished or unfurnished. Seen any time, daily, evening, Sunday.

THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA APARTMENTS. 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 110TH STREET AND COLUMBUS AVENUE. High-class elevator apartment hotel, furnished and unfurnished, with kitchenette and bath; two rooms, $80 and up; three rooms, $110 and up. We cater to small families with children, students, nurses, &c.; references required; conveniently situated to subway (2 blocks), 6th and 9th Av. "L" (1 block); 5th Av. bus official stops in front of house; all apartments newly redecorated and paintings. Open 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. daily, including Sundays. Phone Academy 0613. Manager on premises.

WEST END AV., 677, COR. 86D. Attractive two-room furnished apartment; phone; private entrance; seen 10-5. Riverside 9741.

WEST END AV., 920—8 rooms, elegant location, beautifully furnished; $300 monthly.

SUITES of 1, 2 and 3 rooms with bath, with complete hotel service, within 50 minutes of Pennsylvania Station, at $120 a month and up.

The Nassau Hotel, Long Beach, L. I.

Open all year.

NEW YORK'S FRIENDLY HOTEL. HOTEL FLANDERS, 135-137 West 47th St. 134-136 West 48th St.

We are now redecorating and refinishing a number of very attractive two and three room apartments; low rates to permanent guests.

ARTISTICALLY furnished apartment, including two bedrooms, in high-class building, in the 90s; will sublet four to six months responsible party only, who can give references for proper care and attention; owner leaving for Europe shortly; $300 per month; no agents. L 906 Times Downtown.

ON account of leaving town, will sublet my two-room and bath non-housekeeping apartment at a sacrifice. Mason. Phone Circle 8154.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

TWO and three rooms, bath, kitchenette, newly furnished, all modern improvement; maid service; block subway; 5 minutes to Wall St. Landy, 101 Montague St.

BEDFORD SECTION—Beautiful apartment, tiled bath, tiled kitchen, artistic decorations; all improvements; superior surroundings; near subway. Decatur 0313.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—2 rooms, $80 up. Girard. 215 Montague St. Main 9534.

Unfurnished—East Side.

157TH, 105 EAST (Union Square)—Two rooms, kitchenette, first-class elevator building; very convenient; all transportation; $70.

77TH ST., 39 EAST—3 rooms, kitchenette; reduced rental; $90 month. Superintendent.

83D, 18 EAST—Two rooms and bath, all modern improvements, few doors from 5th Av.; also furnished apartment. Apply Edward Margolies, 19 East 35d.

86TH, 110 EAST—Large room and bath, $85; refined house. Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison. Madison Square 0337.

86TH, 33 EAST—Two rooms and bath, elevator, reasonable; doctor's apartment; 3 rooms; $55.00. See Supt.

114 EAST 40TH ST. 2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Doctor's offices with separate entrances. RENTALS MODERATE; $1,000-$2,625. Renting Agent, on premises, or FRENCH & FRENCH, INC., 350 Madison Av., at 45th St. Vanderbilt 3237.

47TH ST., 21 EAST—Attractive one-room non-housekeeping apartments, with bath; open fireplace; steam heat.

OGDEN & CLARKSON CORPORATION, 21 East 47th St. Vanderbilt 1275.

50TH, 156 EAST—Modern, bath, 1-4 rooms, $75 up; parquet flooring.

56TH ST., 1 EAST—Desirable 5th Av. corner suite, private passage, elevator, southern exposure; lease until October, 1923. Plaza 8046.

57TH ST., 104 EAST—2 rooms, bath, dressing room.

81ST ST., 114, 116. 7 rooms and 2 baths, $160 to $175. Superintendent or M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO., EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., Consolidated. Bryant 6466. 130 West 42d St.

82D, 120 EAST—Two and three rooms; kitchenette, bath; extremely moderate rent.

88TH, 120 EAST. 6 rooms and bath, new law house, all modern improvements, rent $100 monthly. Inquire Supt. or phone University 2548.

89TH, 22 EAST—Choice elevator apartment, two and three large rooms and bath; housekeeping, non-housekeeping; exceptional location; low rent; restaurant on premises.

222D, 668 EAST—Seven large rooms, all improvements; private entrance. Olinville 1909.

GRAMERCY PARK SECTION—76 Irving Pl. 4 rooms, bath, kitchenette; redecorated; elevator; $1,500 yearly. Gramercy 3045. Shubael Cottle.

LEXINGTON AV., 846 TO 854. 1, 2 and 3 rooms, Attractive houses, $780 to $1,500. Apply 854 or M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO., EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., Consolidated. Bryant 6466. 130 West 42d St.

LEXINGTON AV., 515—Six beautiful rooms; steam, electricity, telephone, elevator; parquet floors.

MADISON AV, 517—Two beautiful very large rooms with bay windows the entire floor; facing east and west, kitchenette and bath, reasonable, will divide.

MADISON AV., 903—One large room, open fireplace, bath; steam, electricity, kitchenette; $65. Gaynor, 5:30 to 6:30 P. M.

MADISON AV., 960—3 rooms and bath; refined house; $1,000. Payson McL. Merrill Company, 9 East 44th St. Murray Hill 8300.

177 MADISON AV., AT 34TH ST. 3 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette. Immediate Possession. Maid service.

IN FASHIONABLE SECTION IN FIFTH AVENUE BLOCK. Three rooms and bath on ground floor, 19 East 95th St., living room, bedroom, kitchen and bath; rent $90.

APARTMENT OR STUDIO. 24th St., 128 East; new building; large living room, bath, kitchenette; north light; parquet floors; $1,200 per annum.

THREE upper floors, altered building, 13 rooms, suitable rooming house; possession immediately; seen by appointment. Carstein & Linnekin, Inc., 221 4th Av, Stuyvesant 7780.

Unfurnished—West Side.

12 5TH AVENUE. Two, three rooms and bath, fireproof, elevator building; maid service; immediate possession; one block from 8th St. 6th Av. "L" station; convenient to all surface and subway lines; 5th Av. bus passes door.

7TH AV., 1,854—4 and 5 rooms, newly decorated. Phone Cathedral 8462.

10TH, 36 WEST—Large living room, open fireplace; bedroom, bath; 2d floor.

11TH, 53 WEST—Desirable 5-room apartments, bath; choice locality; reasonable.

12TH, 200 WEST—Six rooms, bath, steam heat; subway station; $75 monthly.

14TH, 344 WEST—Handsome choice 4-6 room apartments, parquet, telephone; reasonable.

15TH, 560 WEST—Handsome, choice 3-4 room apartments; telephone; reasonable.

16TH, 140 WEST—Six exceptional rooms, electricity, parquet floors, telephone; reasonable rent.

46TH ST., 67 WEST—Exceptional 2-room elevator apartment; unique and attractive; greatly reduced rents; all night service.

48TH, 12 WEST—Elegant three-room apartment; kitchen; improvements. Bryant 7379.

48TH ST., 109 WEST, opposite Friars Club. 2 Rooms and Bath.

Modern, parquet, telephone; ideal for bachelor

49TH, 21 WEST—Apartment, 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette. Apply housekeeper.

506 TO WASHINGTON HEIGHTS — Select apartments, two to eleven rooms, $100 to $1,500 monthly. Save your time and energy today. Colgate, 500 5th Av.

50TH ST., 49 WEST—Two rooms and bath; high-class. Inquire on premises or Longacre 4204.

50TH, 33 WEST—1 room and bath, closet; bachelor or studio apartment.

51ST ST., 306 WEST—Six elegant rooms in all improved elevated apartment house; fine location; reasonable.

52D ST., 206 WEST, "The Newport"—5 and 6 rooms; elevator; references required.

52TH, 16 WEST (NEAR 5TH AV.)—UP-TO-DATE ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, 2 AND 4 ROOMS WITH BATH, KITCHENETTE AND ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. APPLY ON PREMISES.

55TH, 19 WEST—3, 5 and 6 rooms and 2 baths; new apartment house. Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison. Madison Square 0337.

56TH, 135 WEST—Six rooms and bath, reduced price $1,200. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St. Murray Hill 8300.

57TH, 140 WEST—11th floor, 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; reduced price $1,800. Payson McL Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St. Murray Hill 8300.

57TH ST., 149 WEST—One and two room studio apartments, $100 monthly. Inquire on premises or Longacre 4204.

57TH ST., 44 WEST—Beautiful two-room apartment; unusual opportunity; $100 month. Janitor on premises.

58TH, 34 WEST—Splendid location, opposite Plaza, two rooms, kitchen, bath, parquet floors, paneled walls, elevator; $2,200; lease. Valligny.

64TH ST., 1 WEST. Great sacrifice; very desirable 8-room apartment, southern exposure, 3 master's bedrooms, 3 baths; annual rental $4,200; will sublet balance of term; large concession; restaurant in building. Shown Sunday, 11-5; ask for Vaillant, Apt. 3C; other days apply superintendent, Columbus 6500.

67TH ST., 19 WEST—Duplex apartment, studio, living room, kitchenette, refrigeration, 2 bedrooms and bath, electric dumb waiter service; food cooked free of charge; swimming pool in building. Apply Saturday and Sunday afternoon, 2 to 5. Miss Lincoln, Apartment 510.

69TH, 18 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette; elevator, southern exposure, roof garden; finest neighborhood; near park; refined tenants desired.

69TH ST., 19 WEST—Choice 2 rooms, bath apartments; fireproof; $100; maid service.

70TH, 51 WEST—Attractive 2, 3 and 4 rooms, bath and kitchenette, elevator; will lease building for term of years. James A. Dowd, 374 6th Av. Circle 0032 or agent, premises, all week.

74TH, 131 WEST (NEAR BROADWAY) Select 2-room, front, modern, elevator apartment, kitchenettes; refined surroundings, highly respectable.

74TH, 23 WEST—2 spacious rooms, bath, large kitchenette; reasonable. Owner.

76TH ST., 250 WEST. Three-four rooms, fireproof building; just completed; $1,800-$2,400.

Unfurnished—West Side.

78TH ST. AND WEST END AV.—Beautiful 4-room apartment to sublet; will redecorate to suit; compelled to leave town; elevator service; will allow private phone to remain; no vacancies in building. Phone Columbus 4268 about 12 M. for appointment.

81ST ST., 306 WEST. 2 and 3 rooms, $1,200 to $1,400; high class, modern. Apply premises. M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO., EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., Consolidated. Bryant 6466. 130 West 42d St.

78TH, 304 WEST — Large room, kitchenette and bath; all improvements; $75 monthly.

81ST, 138 WEST—Four sunny rooms, fireproof, modern apartment; immediate possession.

82D, 57 WEST—Modern, 2-room apartment with kitchenette, 2nd floor. Supt. on premises.

82D, 25 WEST—3 rooms, high-class elevator, fireproof building, 9th floor; immediate possession; rent $1,800. Schuyler 10056.

82D, 62 WEST—Most desirable suite for professional use; physician, dentist preferably.

83D, 58 WEST—You have seen many; now see these; beautiful, large living room, bedroom, completed kitchen; was $125, now $100; top floor $90; building of high standard; Japanese foyer; liveried valet; everything provided for comfort.

83D ST., 68 WEST—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; immediate possession; $85 a month. F. R. Wood & Co., Inc., Times Building. Bryant 1176.

83D, 48 WEST—Modern fireproof elevator building; 3 and 5 rooms. Apply on premises. Phone Columbus 4131.

85TH, 250 WEST (The Powers)—Just completed, 15-story fireproof, 2-3-4 rooms, tiled kitchens and kitchenettes; every improvement; $1,400 up. Schuyler 0334.

85TH ST., 239 WEST—Unusually attractive; entire floor, 2 rooms, bath, electric kitchen.

85TH, 118 WEST—Entire floor, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; very attractive; $100.

86TH, 162 WEST (near Broadway)—High-class 1, 2, 3 and 4 room elevator apartments; all conveniences; rents $700 to $1,800. Apply on premises, or Pease & Elliman, 165 West 72d St. Columbus 8500.

86TH, 111 WEST—Sumptuous living room, bedroom, breakfast room, kitchenette, bath; new furniture; phone; lease.

87TH ST., 315 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath, front apartment; $100 per month; key in basement. Apply M. H. Gallard & Co., Broadway and 82d.

88TH, 19 WEST—One, two rooms, bath, kitchenette. $68-$75, including light.

88TH, 167 WEST—Attractive, modern, second floor; 3 rooms, tiled bath; $1,500.

88TH, 75 WEST. One block from Central Park West, 5-room, kitchenette apartments; high-class walk-up apartment house; $80 to $110.

88TH, 242 WEST—Living room, kitchen, bath, third floor modern private house.

92D ST., 215 WEST—3-room apartment, immediate possession; suitable for doctor; rent $900. Apply on premises, or telephone Columbus 0538.

93D, 217 WEST—To sublet, two beautiful apartments in high-class fireproof elevator building, consisting of living room, 23x13, bedroom, bath and kitchen; also seven rooms and bath.

93D, 316 WEST—Near Riverside Drive; 6 rooms, elevator apartment. Inquire of Superintendent.

94TH, 308 WEST—Eight rooms, 2 baths; large apartments.

96TH ST., 210 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY)—NEW UP-TO-DATE ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; EXCEPTIONALLY BEAUTIFUL HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS; TWO, THREE ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; $1,200 UP.

97TH ST., 316 WEST, Near Riverside Drive. Six-seven rooms, high-class elevator apartment house; $1,500-$1,700. Superintendent.

102D ST., 240 WEST—Three rooms and bath, newly decorated; attractive; all conveniences.

104TH ST. (2,731 Broadway, at Subway Station)—Newly decorated 6-room apartment; unusual light; elevator building; $100.

302 WEST 107TH STREET 2 rooms and bath, $90. Apply on premises or M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO., EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., Consolidated. Bryant 6466. 130 West 42d St.

110TH, 223 WEST—Three and six room apartments in elevator building; all improvements; opposite Central Park. Cathedral 0342.

111TH, 503 WEST—Elevator, 3-4-5 rooms; rents reduced; newly decorated.

113TH ST., 535 WEST—Beautiful apartment, 4 rooms, bath; all modern conveniences; moderate rental.

117TH, 201-3 WEST (corner 7th Av.)—7 and 8 rooms, bath; all modern improvements; large outside rooms. Supt.

119TH, 56 WEST—8 rooms, all improvements; reasonable rent.

620 WEST 122D ST. Modern 6-story elevator building, corner Riverside Drive; 5 and 6 rooms; $1,600 up. SHARP & CO., 2,480 BROADWAY.

122D ST., 521 WEST—4 and 6 rooms, bath; elevator full service.

123D, 435 WEST—4-room, bath elevator apartment; near Columbia, Morningside; $70.

124TH ST., 510 WEST—Elevator; 5-6-7 rooms; $70 up; all redecorated.

141ST ST., 680 WEST (corner Drive)—Fireproof elevator, 5-5-6 rooms; reasonable.

143TH, 510 WEST—Six rooms, immediate possession; elevator, all improvements; reasonable rent.

143D, 500 WEST—Four, six, seven rooms; decorated, light, elevator; very reasonable.

146TH, 352 WEST—Eight light rooms, all improvements, elevator. Apply premises or phone Bowling Green 6094.

145TH ST., 409 WEST—Eight rooms, all improvements and elevator. Apply premises.

157TH ST., 544 WEST—Seven rooms, high-class elevator apartment, fireproof building, all modern improvements; subway station. Promises.

160TH, 901 WEST (Corner Broadway)—Seven rooms, foyer, two baths; fireproof elevator apartment. Inquire Superintendent on premises.

160TH ST., 523 WEST—Five rooms, all improvements; rent reasonable. Supt.

161ST ST. (between Ft. Washington Av. and Riverside Drive)—Elevator apartments, all rooms. Apply offices Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Telephone Wadsworth 6336.

161ST ST., 580 WEST, Corner Broadway. Seven large rooms, corner apartment, rent reasonable. Superintendent.

161ST, 567 WEST (near Broadway)—2, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; reasonable.

163TH, 601 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY) —ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, 6 ROOMS, SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.

170TH, 555 WEST—Four rooms, front; high class; elevator; $80. Inquire Superintendent.

172D ST., 715-725 WEST—High-class elevator apartments; 4, 5 and 6 rooms; all improvements; immediate possession; concessions; near Riverside Drive. Inquire premises.

172D, 601 WEST—6 rooms, elevator apartment; best section on Washington Heights. Supt. on premises.

179TH ST., 85 WEST (southwest corner) University Av.—High-class four, five room apartments; large and light; reasonable rent. Inquire Supt.

179TH, 825 WEST (corner Northern Av.)—4-5 rooms, all outside; all improvements; elevator; rent reasonable. Apply premises.

186TH ST., 600 WEST (corner St. Nicholas) —High-class, large, light elevator apartments, 4, 5 rooms; moderate rentals.

178TH, 840 WEST. 180TH, 880 WEST. 5 and 6 room apartments; high-class walk-up; all modern improvements; newly decorated; reasonable rental; immediate possession. Superintendent on premises.

181ST, 720 WEST—Elevator, 5 rooms; will rent reasonable; before Dec 1st.

187TH, 523 WEST (near Audubon Av.)—8 rooms, front; large light elevator apartment; extra lavatory; $125. Superintendent, premises.

191ST ST., 601 WEST—4 to 8 rooms, $75 up; corner elevator apartments.

222D ST. WEST, CORNER MARBLE HILL AV., at Broadway subway and New York Central stations; one of the healthiest, most picturesque and countrified sections in city, 4 and 5 rooms; now available; elevator apartment house. Superintendent on premises, or phone Gramercy 8303.

256TH ST., WEST—Overlooking Van Cortlandt Park; 7-room apartment, porches, heat, hot water, garage. Phone Kingsbridge 1687.

AUDUBON AV., 145 (cor. 172d St.), Washington Heights—6 rooms, to Oct., 1923; immediate possession; $100 month. Inquire on premises.

AUDUBON AV., 227 — Attractive 5 and 6 room elevator apartments. Apply Supt.

BROADWAY (S. E. cor. 100th St.)—6-room, first-floor apartment; large rooms; thoroughly renovated and decorated to suit; adapted for oculist, osteopath, chiropractor or other similar professions; doctor and dentist now in house. Billings 1080.

BROADWAY (S. E. cor. 160th St.)—6 and 7 room apartments; large rooms; thoroughly renovated; decorated to suit; high-class elevator house. Billings 1080.

BROADWAY, 3,310 (corner 159th)—High-class elevator apartments; all outside rooms; 7 rooms, $140; 6, $110; 4, $90.

BROADWAY, 2,274—Two rooms and bath, $75 per month and up; references required. Superintendent on premises.

BROADWAY, 2,100 (NEAR 78TH)—FOUR ROOMS, IMPROVEMENTS $85.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 852 (95TH ST.)—BEAUTIFUL MODERN FLOOR, 3 ROOMS AND BATH, $140, INCLUDING SERVICE.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 859—Four rooms, real large kitchen, $70-$95; rent no higher than less desirable locality; leases only.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 463—4-rooms apartment; $65-$75; kitchen; leases.

CLAREMONT AV., 25—Seven rooms, freshly decorated, one or two year lease, in very desirable apartment house; references required. Apply Superintendent on premises.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 454 (181st)—4-5-6-7-8 rooms, 3 baths; elevator. Wadsworth 8220. Barclay 2700.

FULTON AV., 1,195—4 extra quiet rooms; $45 to $60.

GAY ST., 15 ("Village")—Several studios, conveniences; choice of decoration; near Christopher.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 106, Near 124th—Seven-room apartment, latest improvements; ground floor.

MORTON, 47 (Greenwich Village)—Handsome 6-room elevator apartment; steam, parquet; reasonable.

110 RIVERSIDE DRIVE (85d). Corner apt., 8 rooms, 2 baths, $5,000. E. K. VAN WINKLE. 152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 239 (at 96th St.) 6-7 ROOMS; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. WM. J. ROOME & CO., INC.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 788 (southeast corner 156th St.), (Rhine cliff Court)—5 and 7 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; all light. Inquire Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452—2 rooms, non-housekeeping elevator apartments; immediate possession. See Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 454—Beautiful 6-room elevator apartment; immediate possession. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 835 (north of 153d)—Newly completed elevator apartment, five rooms. Apply office on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46 (corner 77th)—Two large sunny rooms, with kitchenette and maid service; second floor, front.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 260 (corner 98th)—1-8 rooms, all outside, 2-3 baths; rent reasonable. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 112—Eight large rooms, all improvements. Apply premises or phone Bowling Green 6094.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th)—Four-six, fireproof building. Audubon 6804. Barclay 2760.

RIVERSIDE, 325—Lovely 4-room apartment; view of river. Blackman. Academy 0772.

RUTHERGLEN 179th St. and Loring Place, 2 blocks west of University Av., 4-room apartments, all outside rooms; ready for occupancy. Apply premises.

ST. NICHOLAS AV. (S. E. cor. 173d St.)—Six light rooms, adjoining Park; reasonable.

THE LEVERIDGE. 172 WEST 77TH ST. 3, 4 rooms, real kitchen, modern, $1,000 to $1,500. See Superintendent or M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO. EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., Consolidated. Bryant 6466. 130 West 42d St.

WADSWORTH AV., 851—Five outside room apartment, all modern improvements; block from subway cars, buses; reasonable. Inquire Superintendent.

WEST END AV., 920—Eight rooms, sublet; immediate possession; $300 monthly.

PHYSICIANS—DENTISTS. OFFICES AND APARTMENTS IN SAME BUILDING. Single or suites on office floors. From $25 up. 2 rooms and bath or 7 rooms and 2 baths (all housekeeping) from $1,500 up. THE NEVADA. 2,025 Broadway, 69th to 70th St. Columbus 6586.

PHYSICIANS—DENTISTS. OFFICES AND APARTMENTS IN SAME BUILDING. Single or suites on office floors. 3 rooms and bath to 10 rooms and 4 baths (all housekeeping), on apartment floors. THE OSBORNE. 205 West 57th St., corner 7th Av. Circle 5420.

STUDIO. 414 WEST 24TH ST. Unusual combination of artistic atmosphere and modern convenience; north light, hardwood floors, tiled bath; open fireplace; alcove; also two rooms and bath. Phone or call Chelsea 0275.

ATTRACTIVE three-room apartment, with kitchenette and bath, steam heat, hot water; $60 month; seen evenings, Sunday afternoon. 332 West 22d, near Broadway.

1 AND 2 ROOMS and bath; $1,000 to $1,200 per annum. 132 West 72d, near Broadway.

THREE room apartment, newly renovated, for doctor or dentist. 259 West 70th St.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS, Popham Av., 1,800 (Montgomery)—Four rooms, spacious, all outside rooms; 2-3 baths; rent reasonable. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 2,240 GRAND CONCOURSE, Near 183d St. Seven large, light rooms; immediate possession. Apply Butler & Baldwin, Inc., 15 East 47th St., or Superintendent on premises.

WEBB AV., 2,432—New building, one block west of University Av., north of Fordham Road, facing High Academy; beautiful location; 4 rooms and bath, second floor, $80; possession before Dec. 1.

CHESTNUT ST., 802 (east of Burke Av. subway) — Apartment in new 2-family 6 rooms, porch; latest improvements; rent $75. Horne, 1,868 West Woodlawn.

BEDFORD PARK, Perry Court—4 Rooms, New Building; 206th St., near Perry Av., near 204th St. station of 3d Av. L.

175TH, 619 EAST (Bronx)—Eight rooms in two-family house; steam heat and electric light; $35.

WEST BRONX—Four rooms, bath, basement apartment, but above ground; all light; improvements; $50. Schmitt, 909 Summit Av.

196TH ST., W. CONCOURSE—3-4 extra quiet rooms; $45 to $60.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

CALIFORNIA BUNGALOW APARTMENTS (15 Stratford Road, near Caton Av., at Prospect Park)—High-class residential neighborhood; suites of 5 and 6 large rooms, with spacious closets; sound proofed; perfect appointments; 17 minutes from financial district; Church Av. express station B. R. T. subway.

OVERLOOKING HARBOR. Housekeeping apartments of four and five rooms at 68-70-72 Columbia Heights, open fireplaces, all improvements, rear windows; special concession to desirable tenants. Supt. on premises, or Chauncey Real Estate Co., 187 Montague St., Brooklyn.

BENSONHURST (Cropsey Av., corner Bay 29th St.)—Three, four and five rooms in high-class apartment house overlooking the bay; exceptionally large rooms; ready for immediate occupancy; three minutes from Bay Parkway station. Agent on premises.

CROPSEY AV., 2,100 (Bensonhurst)—Beautiful six-room apartment in corner house; suitable for doctor or dentist; will be altered to suit, with private entrance on street. For particulars apply to A. Meislin, 1,450 President St. Lafayette 8606.

BOROUGH HALL SECTION—Large living room, bedroom, new bath, hot water each room, heat, parquet, electricity, all sunny; electric breakfast equipment; no other tenant; references; $60; five minutes both subways. Telephone 3287-W Main.

FLATBUSH, 1,598 OCEAN AV.—7 large, airy rooms in 2-family house; open and closed porch; tile bath and shower; tile kitchen, heat and garage; $175. Simon, Telephone Midwood 10433. New York and Brooklyn brokers protected.

ART STUDIOS, north light, with kitchen, bedroom, tiled bath, shower; all modern improvements; just over Brooklyn Bridge; all subways; $30 up. 51 Poplar.

BERGEN ST., 1,050—Seven-room apartment, all improvements; suitable for doctor or dentist; reasonable rent. Telephone 5310 Williamsburg.

ARGYLE ROAD, 10—Three-room apartment, latest improvements; $75; B. R. T. subway, Church Av. station.

70TH, 1,406—Upper part of up-to-date 2-family house, with or without garage. Phone 4198 Bensonhurst. Rosanelli.

OCEAN PARKWAY, corner Church Av.—3, 4 and 5 large rooms. Agents on premises every day and Sunday.

STERLING PLACE, 430 — Five rooms and bath, front; near both subways and park; $75. Hartman.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—6 rooms, $70 up. Girard, 215 Montague. Main 9554.

PARK SLOPE (561 4th St.)—Seven rooms, $85. Owner, Shore Road 1087.

Unfurnished—Queens.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—5 rooms and sun parlor, six rooms and sun parlor, offered for rent under lease by tenant owners. Phone Resale Dept., Queensboro Corp., Newtown 2561.

SECOND floor of five rooms, with bath, heat, in corner house; all improvements; parquet floors; near high school; rent $75. 102 Ivy St. Elmhurst.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

TO LET—Seven-room apartment, new house, beautiful light rooms, laundry, heat. M. F. Stander, Jamaica Av. and 195th St., Hollis, L. I. Tel. Hollis 4681-J.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I. Apartments. Vitroy 0321. Boulevard 6545. Special, three rooms, $1,080.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

EAST ELMHURST, LONG ISLAND—First floor, two family, new house; 6 rooms, tile bath, inclosed porch, parquet floors, electricity, latest improvements; Gilmore st., near Grand Av. Havemeyer 0271. John Pearson.

NEW corner house, 2d floor, six rooms, garage, hot water and heat supply, every modern improvement; three minutes from station. 58 Nieman Av., Lynbrook. Full particulars phone Murray Hill 3228.

SUBLET at once, three rooms, kitchen, bath, new, strictly modern; three blocks north L. I. station; 20 minutes Penn. Station. 8,914 Sutphin Boulevard, Jamaica.

JAMAICA—4 rooms, $60; 4 rooms, $65; 8 rooms, $80, and 6 rooms, $75. Corner Willett and Sutphin.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

HARMON-ON-HUDSON—Five rooms, bath, with heat; two-family house; ideal location; eight minutes walk station; one hour from G. C. Terminal; $65. M. A. Schrier, care Oxford, 35 West 32d St. Phone 6570 Penn.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

NEWARK (Roseville Section)—Apartments, 5 rooms and sun parlor; all modern conveniences; new building; occupancy Dec. 1; 1 block from D., L. & W station. 226 Roseville Av., Branch Brook 9888.

FIVE or 9-room apartment, 2 baths, modern improvements, heated, $65 and $95; 5 minutes to train; best neighborhood. 724 Watchung Av., Plainfield, N. J.

APARTMENT—Five rooms and bath; lower floor; 2-family house; all modern improvements; separate entrances; $75. L 199 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

GENTLEMAN and wife (Christians) desire to rent or lease until May or longer furnished apartment, 5-6 rooms and bath, of owner if possible, $200-$225, 70s or 80s, between 5th and Lexington; written description and price; best references. S 343 Times.

McCARTHY & TACKETT, RENTING EXPERTS. PHONE LONGACRE 4058. IF YOU HAVE APARTMENTS TO RENT, QUICK SERVICE GUARANTEED. OFFICE 47 WEST 42D ST.

WANTED—Furnished apartment between 50th and 72d Sts., West, near subway, 5 or 6 rooms; some one going away for January, February and March, who would appreci

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate line. For Agate (Minimum space, two lines) Line.

Situations Wanted 15c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted 15c
Boarders and Board Wanted 15c
Help Wanted 15c
Real Estate, Automobiles 15c
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Apartments to Let and Wanted 15c
Country Board 15c
Mortgage Loans 15c
For Sale 15c
Automobile Exchange 15c
Agents Wanted 15c
Employment Agencies 15c

For Week

Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 50c) 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers 15c
Book Exchange (Sunday) 15c

SUNDAY EDITION

Classified Advertisements for insertion in The Sunday Times must be received in The Times Building as follows: Schools, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts—Noon Thursday. Display Apartments and Real Estate—Midnight Thursday. Undisplayed Real Estate—3 P. M. Friday. Announcements for the Editorial Section—3 P. M. Friday. Business Opportunities—11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified announcements not later than 3 P. M. Saturday.

DAILY EDITION

If received after 4 P. M. on the date preceding publication, classified announcements ordered for the daily edition of The New York Times are subject to omission. The final closing time is 5 P. M.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

THE Metropolitan Room Exchange offers its free service to homeseekers. EXCELLENT, INSPECTED, HOMELIKE ROOMS; COMFORTABLE HOUSEKEEPING SUITES. 1,966 Broadway, near 60th. Columbus 8781. Branch 155 West 82d. Schuyler 0027.

LARGE, sunny room facing Broadway; elevator apartment; subway, buses. Morningside 8360-W.

BARGAINS in rooms; reliable service. Furnished Room Exchange, 5 Columbus Circle.

SMALL, sunny room, kitchen privileges, lady, no roomers; reasonable. 5315 M Audubon.

Brooklyn.

PARK PLACE, 221—Large and small rooms, nicely furnished, electricity, running water; near both subways.

Westchester County.

WISH one or more literary persons who might be interested in beautifully situated home which could be genuinely enjoyed. Daily shared with family; half hour out. Telephone Yonkers 3126.

Long Island.

FOR BUSINESS COUPLE—2 furnished rooms in cozy 5-family house; private; electric lights, steam heat, use of kitchen; in select neighborhood; convenient to either L. I. R. R. or Jamaica elevated station in Woodhaven. Apply at 7,618 91st Av. or 7,607 Jamaica Av., Woodhaven, L. I.

BOARDERS WANTED

Rates, 15 Cents Per Agate Line.

East Side.

207TH ST. (at Lexington Av.)—Hotel Rutledge, for women only; one room and meals, $19 weekly; elevator, telephone, &c. full hotel service; newly decorated.

63D (Near Madison Av.)—Handsome room, second floor, front; bath connecting, to single lady; with board; $30 weekly; references. Phone 5474 Rhinelander.

63D, 1 EAST—Under new management; choice rooms; clean; excellent table; references exchanged. Telephone Rhinelander 10159.

69TH, 144 EAST (corner Lexington Av.)—Large room, board, electricity, gas, telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 241—Large, small rooms; latest improvements; private bath; home cooking.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 36th)—Attractive room; excellent table; references.

West Side.

16TH ST., 22 WEST—Small room, steam, electricity, running water; excellent table.

54 WEST 54TH ST.

Large room with board; references.

72D, 65 WEST (The Little House)—Desirable rooms, private bath, delicious meals.

76TH, 49 WEST—Comfortable accommodations, business people, American-Hungarian cuisine, table guests.

76TH, 142 W.—SINGLE, DOUBLE, LOCATION IDEAL, FOOD A1, REASONABLE.

79TH, 114-132 WEST—Wide parked street; large rooms and lounge; steam heat, electric light, private telephone.

82D, 124 WEST—The Gray Court has real home atmosphere, with congenial people; splendid table; pleasant rooms and reasonables rates.

82D, 66 WEST—Single room, second floor front, business people, ticket system.

82D, 27 WEST—Medium, single room, first class board, table guests.

86TH, 63 WEST—Large front room, also medium, adjoining bath, southern exposure; excellent home cooking; table guests accommodated.

87TH ST., 57 WEST—Nice single room; excellent table; references.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

146TH ST., 463 WEST—One-two sunny rooms, bath, kitchenette, 1st floor, in Christian home; doctor or business woman.

MADISON AV., 1,042 (76th)—Studio room; closet, lavatory; near bath; $50-$55.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

REGISTER YOUR FURNISHED ROOMS with a licensed real estate brokerage. References investigated; Clients Waiting. METROPOLITAN ROOM EXCHANGE, 1,966 Broadway, near 66th. Columbus 8781. Branch, 155 West 82d. Schuyler 0027.

YOUNG business man (American), wishes to find accommodations in private apartment between 72d St. and 103d St., near Broadway; must be congenial surroundings; state particulars. H 146 Times.

We specialize in rooms below 96th St. Moderate fee. Many applicants waiting. FURNISHED ROOM EXCHANGE, 5 Columbus Circle. Col. 8940-8941.

COUPLE wants large airy room, bath, central location, apartment house preferred; state price. Brandler, 320 Fourth Av., City.

YOUNG business man wants comfortable room with refined small family, Riverside, West End Av. section. E 20 Times.

THREE adults wish cave small apartment for Winter; would pay reasonable rent; undoubted references. K 18 Times.

FOUR or five rooms below 80's until April; adults; no children; highest references; $200. 2171 Times Annex.

LADY desires small room with bath, between 80th and 70th Streets, east side. A. A., 32 East 50th St.

ROOM, bath, two gentlemen; University Heights; state terms. F 633 Times Downtown.

TWO rooms, bath; two gentlemen; University Heights; terms. F 632 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

ROOM with bath, between 50th and 70th Sts., east side. E. E., 32 East 50th.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE,
ELMWOOD HOTEL,
AMERICAN PLAN.

All rooms with bath and telephone. $25 for two per week in double room, with meals; also 3 rooms en suite. Phone Orange 1461. One block from D., L. & W. Station.

New York State.

SAUGERTIES, N. Y.—"Inglewood"; run down, nervous or convalescents; splendid equipped modern home open to you; medical, nursing attendance.

Westchester County.

THOSE seeking comfortable surroundings can secure large and single adjoining rooms, private bath, twin beds; best of home cooking; garage. Box 41, Dobbs Ferry.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ASSISTANT bookkeeper, stenographer, refined young woman, wishes position. L 195 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, intelligent, trial balance, controls; salary $25. Miss Goldberg, 217 Bristol St., Brooklyn, or phone Dickens 0061.

BOOKKEEPER - SECRETARY, unusually competent, high school graduate, $25. F 474 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, stenographer, typist, seeks position; moderate salary. Goldberg, 100 Snediker, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years executive, trial balances, controlling accounts, typist. B 320 Times.

COUPLE, chauffeur and general work; best references; city, country. Phone Columbus 8298.

DRESSMAKER, artistic designer, desires engagement by day, week, month, private family. 108 West 85th. Schuyler 4085.

DRESSMAKER, good, reasonable; by day, $5. Donohe, 885 East 31st.

DRESSMAKER will make children's clothes at home. Telephone Flushing 1130.

GIRL, Austrian, speaking little English, desires position as governess or housekeeper; New York City only; best references. Write Miss G. Hahnel, 1 Lincoln Place, Weehawken, N. J.

GIRL, Irish, wishes position as chamber-maid-waitress with private family; call 9-5 Monday. B. O'Neill, care Travels, 135 West 86th. Riverside 2179.

GIRL wishes position with actress, generally useful. Phone Waverly 6221.

GIRL, colored, housework. Ryan, 238 West 136th. Morningside 8619.

HOUSEWORK, girl wants, all, part time; respectful, responsible. Audubon 4122. Mary Field.

HOUSEWORK—Half time or hours; colored. Audubon 9110. Apt. 45, Lenox Court.

HOUSEWORKER for one lady; highest references. Write Miss Allen, 66 West 69th.

HOUSEWORKER—Young Irish girl; small private family. Murphy, 517 West 20th St.

HOUSEWORKER, refined; wishes day's work; good references. Morningside 4679.

LADY, thoroughly capable, practical housekeeper, companion to lady; nurse. C 362 Times.

MAID'S services given to lady going to California or abroad in exchange for trip; young colored woman of refinement, good appearance. F 106 Times.

MANAGING HOSTESS—A capable, experienced American woman, at present managing country club, would be interested in similar position in club, school or hotel; highest social and professional references. Z 2119 Times Annex.

MASSEUSE, 28957, Swedish; ladies; circulation, rheumatism; reducing, highly recommended. 51 West 84th, City.

NURSE—Attend infants or children; few hours or all day. 1,215 Madison Av., care of Mrs. Stiles.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, visiting, French, knowledge English; best city references. Caddeville, 519 West 178th St., N. Y. City.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER—3 years' business experience; reliable; references. Box 539, 1,540 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, experienced, highly intelligent, high school graduate; $22. Rate, Orchard 8277.

SWITCHBOARD operator, central office experience. Miss Reilly, 228 East 12th. Stuyvesant 8226.

TUTORING, elementary or college preparatory branches; best of references. L 115 Times.

TYPIST, with knowledge of stenography; 4 years' experience. Hermann, 12,402 Metropolitan Av., Richmond Hill.

TYPEWRITING, any description, home work, addressing envelopes, communications. F 165 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

YOUNG woman, competent all-around dressmaker, wishes to work in a high class establishment; salary small if right opportunity. E 36 Times.

DOMINANT personality, large and varied commercial experience, unblemished reputation, zealous, able and energetic—these are the qualifications of a woman of unique executive capacity recommended to the consideration of a business or civic organization. She possesses keen faculty for the selection of subordinates and associates and her enthusiastic leadership inspires the best efforts.

The Maley Advertising Service is enabled to testify to this woman's commanding ability for any position in which tact, integrity and great executive power are needed. Address Maley Advertising Service, Times Building, Times Square, for additional details. Telephone Bryant 9205.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, four years' public accounting experience; college graduate, passed New York certified examinations; wishes position with reputable accounting concern. K 616 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, wide experience, with public accounting experience, Federal tax laws, credits, collections; open for engagement; best of references. Z 2115 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, passed New York C. P. A. examinations; desires part-time work. E 480 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, closed, temporary books; firms without bookkeeper. Telephone Main 5513.

ACCOUNTANT, college graduate, experienced; wishes part-time position. J 882 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT

Somewhere there is an overworked advertising manager or an agency seeking a capable young man who will relieve them of the detail, who will make a good assistant. I know printing, engraving, stereotyping. I write copy that moves the goods. I get things done. L 304 Times.

ATTORNEY, 31, seeks position of responsibility and executive nature; possesses a sound legal mind, initiative and executive ability; will consider representation in Baltimore. W 778 Times Downtown.

AUTO mechanic service, expert, with personality and executive ability, desires position with reliable concern. E 1250 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, (28), Spanish, some experience, well educated, fair typist, desires position; assistant with drug firm; will accept moderate salary provided position offers chance for advancement; references. B 1186 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, hotel, commercial experience, thoroughly reliable; reponsible position. E 491 Times.

BUTLER, Swiss, first-class references; position private house, city. F 96 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—Strictly high class, well acquainted with State highways as well as city; exceptional knowledge all makes automobiles, desires position, private party who appreciates service and satisfaction. D 286 Times.

CHAUFFEURS—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway, Telephone Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, competent, long experience on cars and driving, makes minor and other possible repairs; highly recommended; wishes permanent private position. E 490 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 33; 6 years' experience; careful driver; go anywhere. Pastow, 141 West 43d St.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes private position; long experience; best references. Rudolph Kopala, 136 West 26th St.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, wishes position private; references. Apt. 45, 108 W. 141st St.

CHAUFFEUR—Electrical student, colored, Christian; wants position. D 42 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEURS (3).

Expert mechanic, foot and relief man desire position with high class private family by Dec. 1; go anywhere; long experience on high grade foreign cars; unquestionable references from New York families. B 1185 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, EXPERIENCED MECHANIC, AGE 40, SCOTCH; ROLLS-ROYCE, PIERCE, LOCO, WANTS STEADY YEAR-ROUND POSITION; HIGHEST REFERENCES FOR LAST 12 YEARS. DODGAN, 114-48 LONG ISLAND CITY. PHONE HAVEMEYER 1122.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, expert traffic driver, 12 years' experience, A1 references, Locomobile, Pierce, Cadillac, Hudson, own tools, careful, neat, willing, wishes position in city or country or touring. Byrnes, Morningside 6236.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private; city, country; best reference. Phone Astoria 4064.

CHEMIST—Graduate, wishes position, any thing; investigational work preferred. E 473 Times.

COOK AND BUTLER—Man and wife, colored, want job; city reference. Call or write 673 West End Av., right bell.

CREDIT MANAGER, wide experience in accounting all branches, open for engagement; best of references. Z 2114 Times Annex.

DIAMOND, pearl and precious stone expert, European, desires to connect with reputable jewelry firm; references. H 143 Times.

INTERPRETER or similar position. Speaks English, French, Italian, Spanish, Greek, Armenian, Turkish; good references. H. P. Hamamdjian, 208 E. 81st.

JAPANESE, first-class cook, butler, valet, general housework; references. Nero, 100 West 53d. Circle 4078.

JAPANESE couple, best in every way; small family only; good wages required. H 20 Times.

JAPANESE valet, butler or general houseworker; small family; best references furnished. E 21 Times.

JAPANESE student wants to work as houseman; schoolboy; experience; $6 weekly. B 1194 Times Harlem.

JAPANESE wishes position, butler or waiter; best references. G. S., Apt. 4D, 565 West 192d St.

JAPANESE, experience janitor, housework; wishes position; good references. Fuji, 17 Concord St., Brooklyn.

JAPANESE, expert cook only; wishes position; good references. Yato, 17 Concord St., Brooklyn.

JAPANESE cook, housework, butler; both good references. John. Telephone Plaza 9814.

JAPANESE cook, butler; very good cook. Kame, Plaza 9814. 724 Lexington Av.

OFFICE MANAGER, systematizer, experienced, thorough campaigner, 27, married, now employed, desires change, wishes connection with business house in executive capacity; small investment if necessary. L 178 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, thorough accountant, capable credit checker, desires connection with progressive commercial firm. L 307 Times.

SALESMAN—Young Italian, possessing intelligence, personality, determination; good correspondent; desires position in big firm, city or traveling; everywhere; best references. A 1176 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, experienced wholesale and retail; desires connection, reliable concern. E 403 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in electrical supplies and appliances; salary, commission. D 389 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.

The advertiser is a young man qualified by experience for position in private office, involving work of a confidential or secretarial nature; he is well educated American young man, congenial, intelligent, dependable; Protestant, 30, married, at present employed and desirous of forming another connection; only permanent position considered; salary $35. F 97 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, GOOD CORRESPONDENT; $35. F 97 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, 25, experienced process server and investigator; wishes connection, law firm or detective agency. F 117 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18; neat; high school education; desires position. F 113 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, willing, capable, wishes position; anything. YJ 907 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to learn jewelry trade. J 891 Times Downtown.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ATTENDANT in dispensary; hours from 1 to 5; $6 per week. 231 East 57th.

BILLING CLERK—Experienced Elliott Fisher operator; must be good at figures; to one qualified a permanent, desirable position is offered; state salary. B 1249 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, to take full charge of double entry books, with control and depreciation accounts, make trial balances, annual balance sheet; state, in own handwriting, age, experience and salary expected; must be able to take at least 100 words per minute simple dictation and transcribe at least 50 words per minute on No. 10 Remington. K 29 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT in office manufacturing corporation; double entry experience in posting, trial balances, &c., essential; state age, experience, references, salary. L 321 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted on individual ledger in Brooklyn bank; must have previous banking experience; state age, salary, references and religion. Z 2149 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, one thoroughly experienced in double entry bookkeeping, rapid at figures and typewriter; knowledge of stenography 156 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

CASHIER familiar with retail business; references required; salary to start $16 a week. Apply Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., 78th St. and Park Av.

CORSET MAKERS, thoroughly competent; experienced on best grade custom work; steady work for those that qualify. Mme. Campbell, 47 West 45th St.

FILE CLERK—About 25 years of age, with some previous experience; should have some high school education; large concern located uptown; good opportunity for right person; accuracy and concentration; give age, education, experience and salary desired. D 1058 Times Annex.

GIRLS,

STEADY WORK

AS

TELEPHONE OPERATORS,

$15.00 TO START.

FREQUENT INCREASES

IN SALARY.

$16.50

AT END OF 1 MONTH.

NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.

APPLY

1,138 BROADWAY, COR. 27TH ST., N. Y. C.
870 EAST 150TH ST., BRONX.
53 WEST HOUSTON ST., N. Y. CITY.
81 WILLOUGHBY ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

NURSE, white, not over 35, willing to do chamberwork; baby 20 months; country. Apply 38 West 83d, Monday, between 10-12:30.

NURSE GIRL, white—Take care two children; no housework; sleep in; $40. 880 West 181st. Apartment 5G.

NURSE—Doctor's office; typewriting; state age and experience; board given. S 518 Times.

NURSE for two children, 2 and 6; good wages; references. Manfield 8235.

SALESLADY.
APPLY AT HUYLERS,
2,149 BROADWAY.

SALESLADIES, thoroughly experienced; not over 35 years old; high-class specialty shop; gowns and wraps. Telephone Riverside 5120 for appointment.

SECRETARY-BOOKKEEPER, rapid, accurate stenographer, pleasant personality, under 30, as assistant real estate executive; have answers Times office today; fullest particulars. E 2 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, expert; President of a Chicago paper manufacturing corporation desires services of a lady of refinement, judgment and one who has full command of the English language; permanant position that calls for an alert, elastic personality; remuneration commensurate. Z 2150 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER who will handle office details in addition to stenographic work; 42d St. district; state experience, age, salary; Christian firm. Z 2145 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced for general office, large firm in Long Island City; write fully, stating age and experience. S. H., 231 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by a Connecticut manufacturing concern; Spanish; English not necessary. Z 2164 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER — First-class rapid stenographer; state experience, salary, &c.; good opportunity. S 417 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, neat appearance; pleasant surroundings, easy hours. Smith, 2,067 Broadway.

STENO.-TYPIST—For part time work, evenings; state full particulars; letter only. S. and S., 115 West 83d.

TYPIST-BILL CLERK—Advertising agency has opening for typist-bill clerk; must have agency experience; state salary and experience. S 519 Times.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

YOUNG LADY IN SALES OFFICE; STATE SALARY DESIRED. ADDRESS IN OWN HANDWRITING. S 496 TIMES.

Employment Agencies.

H. & J. EXCHANGE, 74 BROADWAY.
Comptometer operator, $25; switchboard operator, brokerage, knowledge stenography, $23; secretaries, beginners, $15.

PERSONNEL PLACEMENT BUREAU,
17 West 42d St. Longacre 8080.
STENO., law; $30.
TYPISTS; $16-$20.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ACCOUNTANT, EXPERIENCED IN SYSTEM BUILDING; MUST BE STUDENT OF GENERAL AND COST ACCOUNTING AND BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION METHODS; PREFER MAN WITH KNOWLEDGE OF APPLICATION OF MECHANICAL DEVICES (ESPECIALLY BOOKKEEPING MACHINES); WRITE EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION, SALARIES EARNED AND EXPECTED, AFFILIATIONS, &C.; PREFER MARRIED MAN, 28-32. BOX 417, 2501 WORLD TOWER BUILDING.

ARTIST wanted, a real art man, experienced in making idea sketches and layouts for newspaper and national campaigns; able to personally execute or buy advertising art at the right price; a judge of typography and experienced in the buying of engravings; this is an established advertising agency; we want a man for such a man who can grow bigger with us, but we want no amateurs; write outlining your experience, stating salary expected and send samples of recent work; state your phone number. GREEN-LUCAS COMPANY, 109 South Gay St., Baltimore, Md.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER — Experienced accounts, receivable, accounts payable, ledgers, Christian concern; call at 9 A. M. 147 Cedar St.

ATTORNEYS—By a large title company attorneys experienced in examination, reading or closing of titles to city and country real estate; excellent salaries paid; answer by letter, stating age, qualifications, experience and salary desired. 49 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BLACKSMITH wanted; steady work, good wages. Starke, 576 Columbia St., Brooklyn.

BOYS wanted for assorting raw materials, and warehouse work; permanent position for wholesome, energetic, conscientious workers. Apply 83 Murray St., one flight up.

BOY, 16-17, good opportunity with old-established Christian firm; business commission merchants, hosiery and underwear. Address P. O. Box 96, City Hall Station.

BOYS wanted in large downtown company; advancement given as quickly as merited; write age, salary. V 776 Times Downtown.

BOY, good appearance; general office work; salary $12 to start. Call between 8:30 and 9 A. M., Hofstatter, 136 West 52d St.

BOY, intelligent, ambitious; opportunity for advancement; large corporation. J 834 Times Downtown.

BOY, office, bright, American, start $10. Apply Mr. Davis, 200 West 72d St.

BUTLER and housemaid, married preferred, for historical house near New York; must be fully competent to take complete charge of running and cleaning house and serving at table; excellent position for right person. Answer, with references, T 898 Times.

BUYER wanted, for coats, suits, dresses and skirts; department store, Pacific Coast, for basement department using better type merchandise; only aggressive man with volume business experience. D 389 Times.

BUSINESS MANAGER wanted, acquainted with produce commissioners, sell farm produce, namely, potatoes and cucumbers; fixed salary guaranteed $1,200 yearly, otherwise handle same on strictly commission basis; one speaking Bohemian language preferable; references desired. Apply to the Hub Truckers' Association, A. Miller, Secretary, Silverhill, Ala., under title "Manager."

DRAFTSMAN—Squad boss, experienced in supervision of draftsman and checkers on central station power and sub-station design. 145 W. 4, Times Brooklyn Branch.

DRAFTSMAN and estimator for conveying machinery; state age, education, experience and salary. W 805 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL CHECKERS—Not less than three years' experience checking design of power and sub-station equipment. Address, giving experience, age and salary, 148 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

ESTIMATOR, steam, only man with experience in contractor's office; state experience. W 1113 Times Harlem.

FOREMEN-SUPERINTENDENTS in hosiery mill; first-class men and those with long experience need apply; state full particulars, salary. Box 519, 206 7th Av.

FURNITURE POLISHERS (five) at once. Apply Mr. Finnigan, 121 West 20th.

MAN, active and intelligent, over 30; one wanted as messenger; $18 Apply 1 o'clock, Saturday, Mr. Wells, 1,265 7 E. 42d St.

MANAGER wanted for instalment furniture house; must be qualified to take complete charge of an entire establishment in every detail, both the buying, selling and the collections; store is located in Pennsylvania, about 150 miles from New York, in a city of 35,000 population; unusual opportunity for an ambitious man who is not afraid of work; must state references, and in application set forth each experience, and with whom for the last five years, and how presently situated; state salary expected; all applications will be treated in confidence. X 2197 Times Annex.

MANAGING SUPERINTENDENT for high-class apartment, American, with New York experience; energetic, neat appearance and clear head required; apply in own handwriting. G. L., 40, Room 1201, 220 West 42d.

MEN, experienced, for fender work; Magee wiring machine operators, rotary shear operators, power hammer operators; finishers; good piece-work proposition on large, steady production job. Apply J. W. Murray Mfg. Co., corner North and Newark Avs., Elizabeth, N. J.

MEN to operate as conductors on motor buses; must be bonded; applicants must be over 28 years of age. Apply in person, Leindorf Motor Sales, 136th St. and Madison Av.

MEN and boys wanted as helpers; steady work. Starke, 576 Columbia St., Brooklyn.

OFFICE BOY, 16 years of age, in theatrical office; hours, 12 noon to 10 P. M.; state experience and salary expected. Write P. K., Box 87, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

SECRETARY—Wanted, high class male stenographer of good education and ability for railroad official. Give age, education, experience, references and salary expected. Box W 151, 206 Broadway.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced and efficient, familiar with paper, New York docks, New York City, Brooklyn and Jersey City deliveries. W 809 Times Downtown.

SPANISH Translator — Must be competent English stenographer; knowledge export billing. Call M. T. STARK, 303 Fourth Av.

STEAM LOCOMOTIVE REPAIRMAN, expert, capable assuming entire responsibility on big job; give references. Curtis, 1,172 Main St., Bridgeport, Conn.

STENOGRAPHER — Underwood machine. State salary and experience. Z 2182 Times Annex.

STOCKROOM MAN in grocery dept.; must have grocery experience. Weisbecker, 2,833 Broadway.

TEACHERS, private lessons, English, day and evening. Room 509, 110 West 40th.

WINDOW TRIMMER and card writer wanted, experienced, one who knows the business from A to Z, one who has served with a popular price department store and can trim neat but stocky windows, one who is not afraid of work; single man preferred; steady position. Write, giving full particulars, past experience, &c., in strict confidence. Gamon Bros., Inc., Albany, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN to work Burroughs bookkeeping machine for a large clothing house; must also have a thorough knowledge of stenography and typewriting; state salary. S 511 Times.

YOUNG MAN—Experienced accounts receivable, accounts payable ledgers, Christian concern. Call at 9 A. M., 147 Cedar St.

YOUNG MAN, about 17, for office work in large corporation; good opportunity. S 408 Times.

Salesmen.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN
WANTED WHO CAN PRODUCE TO SELL CHANDLER CARS ON A COMMISSION BASIS; DRAWING ACCOUNT AFTER YOU MAKE GOOD; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS BY LETTER ONLY.

CHANDLER,
S 441 TIMES.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN wanted to sell Chevrolet cars; commission basis. Apply Boyce Motor, 246 South Broadway, Yonkers.

FARM PAPER SALESMAN wanted who writes $50 or more business weekly; salary or commission for hustler willing cover any county. American Agriculturist, 461 4th Av. New York City.

STOCK SALESMEN—We have an honest proposition, & we want several honest stock salesmen to sell a block of our stock, for the purpose of expansion and increased production; will pay handsome commissions to right men; literature and photos ready; only conscientious workers need apply. 141 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SECURITY salesmen, on high-class security, has active market; will furnish leads of present stockholders; liberal commission. Kaufman & Spanier, 20 Broad St.

TRAVELING SALESMAN for New England wanted, by well known Connecticut wholesale dry goods house; We want a man who has a good following and clean record, and who is willing to make his home in the City we are located. Give full details in first letter. All applications will be treated confidentially. Salary, % 2162 Times Annex.

TRUCK TIRE SALESMAN, LOCALLY; STANDARD PROPOSITION; STATE TERRITORY COVERED, &C., IN DETAIL; GOOD OPENING FOR GOOD MEN; ALL COMMUNICATIONS ABSOLUTELY CONFIDENTIAL; STATE FULLY SALARY EXPECTED, &C. S 462 TIMES.

SALESMEN

We have an opening for a sales representative to cover the territory from Denver to the Pacific Coast; we are open to receive written applications from men having a thorough knowledge of millinery goods and an acquaintance with the trade using the highest grade merchandise; commission basis. Address, stating qualifications, previous connections, age, &c., Hunkon, Neale & Forbes, Inc., 453 5th Av.

SALESMEN of character, personality, tact, to interview prospective members for nationally known organization of high standing; attractive income on commission basis; congenial, permanent position is open to those meeting with above qualifications; references required. Call Mr. Archibald, 2-4 P. M., Hotel Ansonia, 74th St. and Broadway.

SALESMEN, traveling, calling on notion & fancy goods, jewelry jobbing trade, to handle a line of fancy shape in rolled gold metal; best line in market of popular priced goods; money making proposition for the right men; all territories open; commission basis. Superior Novelty Mfg. Co., 49 West 27th St.

SALESMEN SELLING DIRECT BY MAIL ADVERTISING; EXPERIENCED PREFERRED, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; MUST BE ENERGETIC; SALARY DRAWING ACCOUNT. CALL SATURDAY MORNING, 1 MADISON AV., ROOM 1608.

SALESMAN WANTED.

A high school graduate who wants to learn advertising solicitation as a territorial work on a trade paper will be paid a fair salary with opportunity for advancement. Address D. R., Box 48, Long Island City.

SALESMEN (4), traveling, syndicate cuts, experienced preferred but not necessary, to sell banks and merchants; new proposition; strictly commission; no advances; our men earn $5,000 year upward. Room 617, 1,819 Broadway.

SALESMEN—Two men to sell wool blankets, 1647 silverware, 1923, &c., on easy payment plan from my automobile; big commissions. Joseph McCusker, 90 Elm St., West New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.

SALESMAN, printing, controlling $3,000-$5,000 per month; booklets, folders, house organ and catalogs; big printing; liberal drawing account commission. W 804 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, who call on metal finishing trade preferably; small effort by experienced man can bring large returns; choice territories not yet assigned. W 792 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Wholesale dealers in butte and eggs have opportunity for salesman; prefer with established route; salary and commission. Willner & Stein, 34 Harrison St.

SALESMEN wanted to sell popular low price automobiles; real chance for live wires; commission. Scharitin Motor Co., 156 2d Av. Gramercy 2070.

SALESMEN with good following to sell popular priced line of caps; strict commission basis; can also use as side line. Z 2128 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, experienced, who understands thoroughly and can sell pure food gelatine; salary and commission. Warren Products Co., 205 Canal St.

SALESMEN with good following to sell popular-priced line of caps, strict commission basis; can also use as side line. Z 2191 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, thoroughly familiar with department store and jobbing trade; sell wire goods; references required; salary. E 488 Times.

SALESMEN, insurance men and men to learn the business, full or part time; salary and commission. Room 1701, 277 Broadway.

SALESMEN (locally) for established food product; commissions paid daily. 1122 Knickerbocker Building.

SALESMAN to solicit contract work sand blasting buildings; commission basis. Phone Franklin 1139.

MEN wanted to solicit orders for high class printing work; rotary newspaper press with color deck attachment; only first-class men need apply; commission; references required. Apply by mail only. Hungarian daily newspaper, 24 Union Square.

DRIVER, route salesman, to sell laundry service; intelligent, ambitious, willing worker; must be bonded; $25 salary to start plus liberal commission. National Laundry, 2 West 141st.

SOLICITOR wanted immediately; salary. Call, after 8, Kimball Business School, 116 West 14th St.

Instruction.

ACCOUNTANCY.

Are you interested in training for the C. P. A. degree or for an executive position as Controller, Treasurer or Office Manager? If so, investigate the professional courses of Pace Institute. Write for helpful booklet, "Making Good," and Bulletin 23. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

BOUGHT for highest cash prices, contents of residences, apartments, hotels; pianos, works of art, books, bric-a-brac, carpets, rugs, &c. Jones, 161 East 125th. Harlem 2787.

FURNITURE WANTED.

Highest cash prices contents houses, apartments; pianos, rugs, works of art, &c. Henry, 115 University Pl. Stuyvesant 5577.

PURCHASED FOR CASH.

High-grade furniture, contents of houses, paintings, porcelains, bronzes, rugs, jewelry, &c. Sparks, 15 W. 46th St. Tel. Bryant 1022.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3795.

HIGHEST CASH for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos, china, rugs, bronzes, &c. Polson, 157 East 47th. Stuyvesant 10161.

BOUGHT FOR SPOT CASH.

High grade household goods and furniture. B. Crosaman, 68 West 45th. Vanderbilt 2524.

OFFICE FURNITURE of every description, in small and large quantities, bought for cash. Telephone 10483 Bowling Green.

CASH paid for stores or any kind merchandise. Regan Purchasing Sales Co., 106 Third Av. Telephone 8515 Stuyvesant.

A GRAND or an upright piano wanted reasonable for cash. Lenox 10139.

FOR SALE

Unscrupulous persons sometimes respond to advertisements. Readers are warned against entering into negotiations without full investigation.

STANDARD full-size box oranges, $3, f. o. b. Florida; standard full-size box grapefruit, $3, f. o. b. Florida; shipments direct from Florida; flat crate oranges, $1.50, f. o. b. Blackville; flat crate grapefruit, $1.50, f. o. b. Blackville. The Grocery Shop, Blackville, S. C.

VERY fine collection of postage stamps will be sold at Collectors' Club, 120 West 40th St., on Nov. 20, 21, 23, 1922, at 8 P. M. Walter T. Scott, Auctioneer. 428 Times.

WE have brand-new restaurant fixtures for sale at a sacrifice price. If interested, call Audubon 4578 or Harlem 0265.

FOR SALE—One of the world's oldest Bibles. Frank Conner, 1,800 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

Cats and Dogs.

REKINGESE—Loving female, thoroughbred, 2 years; harness, sweater; $50. E 37 Times.

SHEPHERD (Police) puppies for sale. Call after 6, Lanke, 782 Columbus Av.

House Furnishings.

ABSOLUTE SACRIFICE. Must dispose immediately, furniture of 6 story dwelling; large, small Oriental rugs; runners; 86-inch way baby grand bought for musician; Paintings; secretary; chest drawers; living room suite; davenport-table; lamp; two day-beds; gate-leg table; tea cart; Windsor chairs; miscellaneous. Private House, 72½ Irving Place (East 19th).

FOR SALE at a sacrifice, sofa and chair, brown silk velour, tufted, for library; also beautiful mahogany sideboard and serving table; in excellent condition and new sold under silk shade for dining room dome, together with other attractive household furniture; seen only by appointment. S 1036 Times Annex.

OWNER going South will dispose at sacrifice some valuable pieces furniture, such as davenport, chairs, mahogany or boy cases, antique secretary cabinet and large Oriental rug (size 21x10); can be seen by appointment only. Call Columbus 8400, Apt. 32D.

86 BEAUTIFUL Royal Worcester plates, unused, in storage; $670; will sell for $350. Telephone 0235 Stuyvesant.

FOR SALE—Latest model Ideal Steam Heater, now in private house. Apply basement, 312 Riverside Drive.

House Furnishings.

BEAUTIFUL living room set, bedroom, walnut 10-piece dining room. Phone 3288 Morningside. Private house. 141 West 123d.

Jewelry.

ARTISTIC platinum flexible bracelet, diamonds and emeralds; lady sacrifices jewels for quick cash; also two others and diamond platinum wrist watch. B 329 Times.

DIAMOND solitaire ring, 3 carats, perfect blue white, cost $1,350; must sacrifice $750; appraisal allowed. A 1173 Times Harlem.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, addressographs, time clocks and safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

SPANISH mahogany and oak desks, chairs, cabinets, &c.; selling out at sacrificing prices to close an estate; no reasonable offer refused. Reade Office Furniture, 2 Reade St.

ADDING machine, addressographs, mimeographs, multigraphs, typewriters, check writers, bought, sold. Eagle Co., 383 Broadway. Call

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Rate fifteen cents per word.

Bank and business references required under this classification. Swindlers are warned against replying to advertisements in The New York Times. Improper use of the mails is referred to the Post Office Department.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

ACTIVE BUSINESS MAN WILL INVEST $20,000 TO $25,000 IN SOUND MANUFACTURING OR OTHER ESTABLISHED business ABLE TO SHOW CERTIFIED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS; PRINCIPALS ONLY. NED ANSWER. SEND FULL PARTICULARS TO BOX S 424 TIMES.

HAVE from $10,000 to $30,000 to invest in sound, manufacturing or other established business, where I can take active interest; turn over of my present business $1,000,000 per year, developed in three years with very little capital; for certain reasons desire additional outlet for my activities. Address A. Wielich, 150 Hudson St., N. Y. City.

CAPITAL WANTED.

CAPITAL WANTED FOR AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION, WHICH IS COVERED BY THREE UNITED STATES PATENTS; GOOD SIZE PLANT NOW OPERATING; EXCEPTIONALLY WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY; SURE FINANCIAL SUCCESS AND UNUSUALLY LARGE PROFITS. WRITE FOR PARTICULARS, E. M., 133 EAST 17TH.

ONE-HALF interest in established business offered to the right party who will invest $15,000; believe you would be convinced after thorough investigation that our business will net you unusual returns. S 416 Times.

WANT experienced business man as partner to take half interest in now organizing wholesale mercantile import business; large profit assured; necessary capital, $10,000 to $15,000. L 164 Times.

ADDITIONAL capital wanted for enlarging sound manufacturing business yielding very good returns; fullest investigation solicited. Z 2134 Times Annex.

CAMP partner wanted; active or silent; have site; capital required for equipment; state references. L 193 Times.

$2000 Loan, gets interest in feature picture, ready for market, large returns assured, money secured. L 328 Times.

RIBBON looms, German; in good order. Box 330, Realservice, 15 East 40th.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

WANTED—Ready to wear lines, commission basis, by St. Louis ex-dress manufacturer, strong following, good stores, locally, also Southwest; big producer for meritorious lines; prefers houses who will carry stock in St. Louis; unquestioned ability; represents considerable financial responsibility. J. D., Suite 808, 110 West 40th.

MAN, energetic, reliable, wants connection small growing business; good organizer and business builder; take large credits, collections, correspondence, sales, advertising, shipping, &c. L 330 Times.

PARTNER wanted, preferably designer, with original ideas, in a high-grade ladies' turn shoe factory whose output is between 1,000 and 1,500 pairs weekly. Box 65, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

MANUFACTURER'S AGENT, office in Philadelphia, wants to take on additional line; familiar with architects, engineers and contractors. Z 2170 Times Annex.

PARTNER—Furniture man who understands the manufacturing of upholstered furniture; small investment desired. 841 Union St., Brooklyn.

DESIRABLE space in millinery shop for ladies' dresses. 3,410 Broadway. Aud. 7796.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A high-class cafeteria and restaurant, beautifully furnished and with most modern equipment, established for a period of 10 years, located in the heart of the business centre; at present doing a business of $100,000 yearly; as owner wishes to retire from active business, price is very reasonable. Address H. M. Powdermaker, 443 North Gay St., Baltimore, Md.

HARDWARE BUSINESS — Unexpected ill health forces 30-year established Iowa retail hardware for sale; city of 25,000; only two other stores; five railroads; average yearly sales about $175,000; merchandise $45,000; no trades; information upon request. Beck-Walker Company, Mason City, Iowa.

FOR SALE—New 175-car commercial garage with complete equipment, on lower west side, two floors with two ramps; 35,000 square feet; 150 cars now storing; security and rent reasonable; long lease if desired. S 259 Times.

DEPARTMENTS for rent, cloaks and suits, millinery, furs, shoes, &c. Kanter's Department Store, 56 West 14th St. (near Hearn's). Chelsea 5356.

PHARMACEUTICAL manufacturing corporation for sale; small capital required; must sell. Call 54 Montgomery St., Jersey City.

FOR SALE—Millinery store; attractive new fixtures; unusual opportunity; good location. Telephone Intervale 4441, Apartment 3B.

MULTIGRAPHING AND PRINTING FIRM WISHES TO SELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS. V 774 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

COMMERCIAL stationery store; monthly business $1,800; splendid opportunity. Inquire Room 2, 253 West 42d St.

SYRUP FACTORY—Entire building, fully equipped ready for business. J. J. Baker, 21 Catherine Slip, New York City.

PHONOGRAPH music and novelty shop, prominent and busy neighborhood; particulars B 1102 Times Harlem.

INVENTION for sale; amusement device. address Inventor, T 1239 Times Bronx.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEPARTMENT wanted with reliable retail store; city or out of town, in the heart of any business thoroughfare, for silks, velvets and woolen piece goods, on percentage basis. Box 616, 1214 Wilson Building.

CANDY DEPARTMENT to let in large department store for holiday season; $150. Lyndon Dept. Store, 5,216 3d Av., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS LOANS.

DON'T WORRY FOR MONEY. We will turn your accounts receivable into cash for very little charge. Ginsburg-Mintz Corporation, 44 East 23d.

LOANS, any good collateral. Kahn and Heyman, 1,810 Broadway, Columbus 8214. Call 9-12 mornings.

BUSINESS SERVICES.

MONEY loaned on accounts receivable, second mortgages or good collateral security. Eagle Finance Co., 44 East 23d St. Ashland 2389.

LOANS—Mortgages, accounts, securities; quick action, easy terms. American Loan, 276 5th Av., Room 501.

PLUTO WATER

America's Physic

A CLEAN BODY MAKES A CLEAR MIND

CHAMBER, 306-116, BACKS MUSSOLINI

Premier Crushes Resistance—Members Ask if Italy Is to Have a Napoleon.

STORMY 8-HOUR SESSION

Minister Tangorra Forecasts a Financial Agreement With America.

ROME, Nov. 17 (Associated Press).—The Italian Chamber of Deputies late tonight by a strong vote of confidence given the new government of Premier Mussolini, the Fascisti leader, placed the seal of legality upon a movement which three weeks ago was considered by the then ruling authorities as rebellion and revolution. The vote was 306 to 116.

Mussolini conquered the Chamber by the same methods by which he led his Fascisti legions to Rome. As the Deputies scattered into the night after an eight-hour session there were many of them, even those who had voted for the Premier, who asked one another, "Will he prove to be a Sulla, a Cromwell or a Napoleon?"

The minority vote of 116 came from Socialist, Communist and Republican Deputies and a few adherents of former Premier Nitti. Seven German Slavs abstained from voting. The remainder of the Chamber balloted solidly in favor of the Government. All the former Premiers present, including Orlando and Giolitti, supported the Government.

Hardly had the vote been recorded when Minister of the Treasury Tangorra introduced a bill asking full power from the Chamber to enforce the fiscal reforms which had been decided upon. The Deputies, by a show of hands, favored the request. The bill will be referred to a committee of nine to be appointed tomorrow and will become law in a few days.

Premier Mussolini will start for Switzerland tomorrow night to meet Premier Poincaré of France and Foreign Secretary Curzon of Great Britain, near Lake Geneva, and discuss the Lausanne conference. In the absence of the Premier, the Chamber will continue in session.

Premier Replies to Foes.

Prior to the debate it had been announced by Mussolini that he would allow eleven Deputies—one from each group—to address the Chamber. Fifty-three members had desired to be heard. Hardly had the eleventh man concluded when the Premier sprang to his feet.

To Signor Cao of Sardinia he said he was glad to hear that Sardinia had abandoned the idea of separation from the motherland. "Small States cannot exist by themselves; we would have seen to it that Sardinia should live," he declared.

To Signor Wilfan, Deputy for Trieste and a member of the Slav group, who had complained that his countrymen did not enjoy liberty, Mussolini said: "You Germans, Austrians and Slavs as minorities enjoy liberties of the press, speech and meetings, all of which you were denied by the Italian majority under Austrian rule."

During the long session there were frequent verbal clashes between the Socialists and members of the Fascisti. The excitement at times was intense. At one juncture the Deputies became so violent that the Speaker, Signor di Nicola, threatened to resign.

The first attacks on the Government were delivered with bitterness by Signor Turati. Signor Conti and Signor Nicolussi, respectively leaders of the Socialist, Republican and German groups. Invective was hurled back and forth between the Socialists and the Fascisti, intermingled with warnings of physical violence.

Signor Turati, the leader of the Intransigeant Socialists, launched into a scathing arraignment of Mussolini for the "abominable manner in which he has treated the Chamber."

"I treated the Chamber the way it deserves to be treated," interjected Mussolini.

"For the first time in the history of Parliaments," Turati continued, "the Government has not presented itself before the Chamber, but the Chamber has been summoned before the Government to give its reasons for being alive. Confidence is not requested, but is exacted. This Chamber is dead and embalmed. But we prefer death to life by the grace of Mussolini."

"Petty resentment because I wouldn't let you in the Government," replied Mussolini, contemptuously.

Socialists Hoot Mussolini.

Signor Turati proceeded to read extracts from writings of Mussolini, while the new Premier was a member of the Socialist Party, exalting Socialist ideals. At this the Socialists hooted, catcalled and booed. Mussolini sat throughout this part of Turati's address without moving a muscle or interrupting him.

"We will vote against the Government; we cannot vote confidence with revolvers pointed at our throats," exclaimed Turati in conclusion.

Signor Conti, Republican, took the rostrum.

"We have three reasons for being against the Mussolini Government," he began.

"One good one will do; spare us the others," said Mussolini.

The main reason for the objection of the Republicans against Mussolini, Conti continued, was the admission of Catholics in his Government. He charged that Mussolini had altered his belief from that of an anti-clerical in 1919 to that of a strong Catholic in 1922 when he needed Catholic support.

Flaunts Enlightened Despot.

"They hail you now as a Messiah," Conti added. "Soon you will become a jest, and although I will not have the pleasure of crucifying you I at least will have the satisfaction of voting against you. We do not believe in your genius. We do not believe in the possibility of an enlightened despot." (The Republicans in the Chamber number twelve.)

Signor Nicolussi, leader of the German Deputies, who number ten, announced that his followers would vote against the new Government because of the Fascisti outrages in the Trentino, which constituency he represents.

The Chamber went without dinner. It was decided to sit through into the evening in an attempt to get a vote on the question of confidence.

The Premier took the rostrum after Signor Daragona, President of the Italian Labor Federation, had spoken on behalf of workingmen and requested the Premier not to curtail the funds appropriated by the previous Government for aid unemployment, which was likely to become greater during the Winter.

"Have these men a right to live?" queried Daragona as he took his seat.

Warning to Labor Unions.

Amid profound silence Mussolini rose.

"I come from the proletariat and have known the hardships and the near starvation of the poor emigrant," the Premier said. "Yes, Daragona, your workingmen will live. Never fear.

"But the Labor Federation must free itself from the influence of the various Socialist parties. We have no intention of conducting an anti-workmen's policy, but we must enforce our policy with the necessary severity. The proletariat headquarters needs to open its window wide and let in a draft of fresh air to dispel the pestilential atmosphere within.

"We do not intend to follow a policy of servitude to the bourgeoisie classes either; but we shall draw a sharp distinction between the bourgeoisie which works and produces, which we cannot yet do without, and the parasite bourgeoisie.

"In fact, Russia, after having physically destroyed the bourgeoisie, now is trying to create another one. On the other hand, if the industrialists, the manufacturers and the employers think they will enjoy special privileges from us, they are sadly mistaken. We shall try to be just and fair to the workingman, the bourgeoisie and the employer alike."

ECONOMIC POLICIES DECLARED.

Minister Tangorra Says Italy Will Stop Paper Money Issue.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 17.—Minister of the Treasury Tangorra, in an address to the Chamber of Deputies today, traced in gold outlines Italy's fiscal and economic policy, leaving details to the forthcoming financial statement. His policy closely follows the one previously indicated in these dispatches.

Signor Tangorra began by saying that the Government did not want to hinder—in fact, wanted to help in every way—economic production, believing that in this direction lay prosperity also for the workers, but at the same time it was absolutely determined to balance the budget.

Outlines Ten Chief Reforms.

According to Minister Tangorra's plan, economy will be effected by ten main reforms. These are:

First, by revising war pensions; second, by cutting down the deficit from the railroads, posts, telegraphs and telephones; third, by spreading indemnifications for losses sustained during the war and the reconstruction of the devastated Venetian provinces over a longer period of years; fourth, by cutting down all enterprises which are a burden to the exchequer; fifth, by restricting subventions to steamship lines; sixth, by limiting State participation in public utility enterprises; seventh, by boldly facing and solving the problem of bureaucratic reform; eighth, by simplifying State activities, especially in the public services, ninth, by cutting to the bone all proposed expenditures by the Administration; tenth, by hunting out and applying all, even the smallest, economies in each of the Government departments.

United States Shipping Board

INVITES OFFERS FOR PURCHASE OF

Eight Steel Cargo Vessels and One Steel Refrigerator Vessel

The United States Shipping Board, through the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, invites offers for the purchase of any or all of the following steel cargo and refrigerator vessels, which have been appraised and are to be sold at private competitive sale.

SS "CHAS. H. CRAMP"—Located at Baltimore; Steel cargo; Approximate specifications: Deadweight, 9395 tons, Gross, 6220 tons, Net, 3812 tons; Engine, One Quadruple expansion, 3300 I. H. P.; 4 Scotch boilers; Oil burning; Builders, Wm. Cramp & Sons Ship & Engine Building Company, Philadelphia, Pa., 1920.

SS "HENRY S. GROVE"—Located at Baltimore; Steel cargo; Approximate specifications: Deadweight, 9412 tons, Gross, 6220 tons, Net, 3812 tons; Engine, One Quadruple expansion, 3300 I. H. P.; 4 Scotch boilers; Oil burning; Builders, Wm. Cramp & Sons Ship & Engine Building Company, Philadelphia, Pa., 1920.

SS "CAPE HENRY"—Located at Norfolk; Steel cargo; Approximate specifications: Deadweight, 7371 tons, Gross, 4628 tons, Net 2832 tons; Engine, One triple expansion, 2500 I. H. P.; 3 Scotch boilers; Coal burning; Builders, Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation, Sparrows Point, Md., 1918.

SS "CAPE ROMAINE"—Located at Norfolk; Steel cargo; Approximate specifications: Deadweight, 7371 tons, Gross, 4695 tons, Net, 2880 tons; Engine, One triple expansion, 2500 I. H. P.; 3 Scotch boilers; Coal burning; Builders, Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation, Sparrows Point, Md., 1918.

SS "NEPONSET"—Operating: Steel refrigerater; Approximate specifications: Deadweight, 9766 tons, Gross, 7435 tons, Net, 4565 tons; Insulated cargo space, 404,285 feet; Engine, One triple expansion, 2500 I. H. P.; 4 Scotch boilers; Oil burning; Builders, Sun Shipbuilding Company, Chester, Pa., 1918.

SS "LIBERATOR"—Located at Norfolk; Steel cargo; Approximate specifications: Deadweight, 11,713 tons, Gross, 7707 tons, Net, 5892 tons; Engine, One triple expansion, 2800 I. H. P.; 3 Scotch boilers; Oil burning; Builders, Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation, Alameda, Calif., 1918.

SS "WESTHAVEN"—Operating; Steel cargo Approximate specifications: Deadweight; 8619 tons, Gross, 5781 tons, Net, 4140 tons, Engine, One triple expansion, 2800 I. H. P.; 3 Scotch boilers; Oil burning; Builders, Skinner & Eddy Corp., Seattle, Wash., 1917.

SS "WEST IRMO"—Located New York; Steel cargo; Approximate specifications: Deadweight, 8759 tons, Gross, 5900 tons, Net, 3670 tons; Engine, one triple expansion, 3000 I. H. P.; 3 Scotch boilers; Oil burning; Builders, Ames Shipbuilding Company, Seattle, Wash., 1919.

SS "WEST CAWTHON"—Located at Baltimore; Steel cargo; Approximate specifications: Deadweight, 8553 tons, Gross, 5972 tons: Net, 4529 tons; Engine, One triple expansion, 2800 I. H. P.; 3 Scotch boilers; Oil burning; Builders, Southwestern Shipbuilding Company, San Pedro, Calif., 1919.

All offers received on or before December 6, 1922, will be considered and no award will be made before that date. Negotiations may be continued thereafter; and all offers received prior to final award will be considered.

These ships will be sold "as is, where is," at date of sale, exclusive of consumable stores, fuel and leased equipment, and without warranty or guaranty as to condition, description, capacity or tonnage, but with warranty against liens.

Bids should be submitted on a lump sum basis and must be accompanied by certified check for two and one-half per cent (2½) of the amount offered. This sum will be credited on the purchase price if award is made to the bidder or will be retained by the Board on account of damages if the successful bidder fails to complete the purchase. Checks will be returned promptly to bidders whose offers are rejected.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Bids should be addressed to the

DEPARTMENT OF SHIP SALES
UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD
WASHINGTON, D. C.
and marked "Bid for (name of steamer)"

U.S. SHIPPING BOARD

PIERCE

A Car for All Occasions

For many years, manufacturers have been attempting to design an all-season, all-purpose motor car. That Pierce-Arrow has solved this problem, seems impressively shown by the unprecedented success of the new Enclosed Drive Limousine. For four months the factory has been unable to build enough of them.

Here is a design that is instantly changeable from owner-driven to chauffeur-driven car. The transformation is perfect.

Here is a car that meets every weather requirement. No winter day can be too cold or blustery; no summer storm or sun can ever cause discomfort. (An unusual arrangement of ventilators and windows assures exceptional ventilation.)

May we show you the Enclosed Drive Limousine and other Pierce-Arrow models?

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New York—Brooklyn

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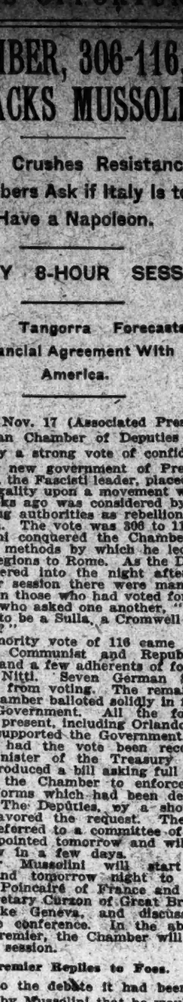

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ZALATLA:—Refreshing as it is subdued. The French and English lasts combined and meded—a flat broad toe, abundant ted room, bark tannd calfskin and all lether where lether ought to be

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WAR VOLUMES

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Consisting of twenty volumes, it gives a comprehensive account of all the significant events which led up to the great conflict; the battles and their portent; stories of heroic deeds, written by the men who performed them; documents; photographs of stirring scenes.

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Free booklet describing the work will be sent on application.

The New York Times
WAR VOLUMES
Times Square, New York

Section 1

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Showers today, clearing and colder Monday; southwest winds.
Temperature yesterday: Max. 54, min. 40.
Full weather report—See Page 7, Part II.

Section 1

VOL. LXXII...No. 23,675. NEW YORK, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1922. In Ten Parts, Including Rotogravure Picture, Book and Magazine Sections. FIVE CENTS In Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn; Elsewhere THREE CENTS

SUMMON RADICALS TO MEET IN CAPITAL DEC. 1 TO ORGANIZE

La Follette Heads Movement, Disclaimed as Third-Party Plan, But Looking Like It.

CONGRESS BLOC IS PLANNED

Program Is Anti-Subsidy and Anti-Cummins Act, and Generally Hostile to Harding.

FARM BLOC'S PLANS SIMILAR

Capper Says Farmers Saved Party —He Outlines Legislation to Insure Victory in 1924.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—What is regarded as the beginning of a third party movement for the campaign of 1924 made its appearance here today, when a call was issued for a conference in Washington Dec. 1 and 2 of progressives and radicals of all political parties. The call was signed by Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin, Republican, and Representative George Huddleston of Alabama, Democrat, acting as Chairman and Vice Chairman of the "People's Legislative Service," a name adopted two years ago at a meeting in Washington of about 200 men and women who were dissatisfied with the outcome of the elections of 1920.

Senator La Follette said in an interview that he was "near-sighted," when it came to looking for a third party, but the language of a formal statement issued by him suggests that the group of progressives and radicals will practically function as a third party movement. The ostensible purpose of the group is to keep the two major political parties in order, and apparently from the statements made it will act in a spirit of hostility to the Harding Administration.

Senators and Representatives in Congress, Governors of States, labor leaders, leaders of organizations of farmers, clergymen, welfare workers, and others of progressive and radical tendencies have been invited to attend the conference, which aims to organize a national council of progressives besides forming a progressive bloc in Congress.

Some of Those Invited.

The name of Senator Borah does not appear in the list of those invited, but it was said that Mr. Borah would be asked. He is keenly interested in the formation of the new pan-partisan group. The name of Albert J. Beveridge also is missing. Senator-elect Howell of Nebraska, who defeated Senator Hitchcock on Nov. 7, will not be asked until it has been ascertained whether he is sufficiently "progressive" to qualify.

Among the members of Congress invited to the conference are Senators France of Maryland, Ladd of North Dakota and Norris of Nebraska, Republicans, and Walsh of Massachusetts, Democrat, and Representatives Beck, Browne, Burek, Collins, Frear, Huddleston, Keller, Mead, Nelson, Sinclair and Voigt, also Senator-elect Brookhart of Iowa, Representative-elect Sherwood of Ohio, former Senator Vardaman of Mississippi and former Representatives Kent of California and Keating of Colorado.

William J. Bryan and his brother, Governor-elect C. W. Bryan, of Nebraska, Judges Anderson and Amidon of the Federal bench and F. C. Howe, formerly Immigration Commissioner at New York, are other public men on the list.

These labor leaders have been asked to attend: W. N. Doak, President of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; E. H. Fitzgerald, President of the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks; J. A. Franklin, President of the International Brotherhood of Boilermakers; E. F. Grable, President of the Maintenance of Way Employes; Timothy Healy, President of the International Brotherhood of Firemen and Oilers; D. W. Helt, President of the Brotherhood of Railway Signalmen; B. M. Jewell, President of the Railway Employes' Department of the American Federation of Labor; William H. Johnston, President of the International Association of Machinists; James W. Kline, President of the International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths; W. G. Lee, President of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; E. J. Manion, President of the Order of Railway Telegraphers; J. P. Noonan, President of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers; L. E. Sheppard, President of the Order of Railway Conductors; Grand Slocum, President of the Ancient Order of Gleaners; Warren S. Stone, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; Herman E. Wills of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

New Yorkers on the List.

These New York men are included in the invitation: Alexander M. Bing, Royal W. France, the Rev. John Haynes Holmes, Herbert Croly, Rabbi Judah L. Magnes, George Foster Peabody, Gilbert E. Roe, Samuel Untermyer, Professor Thorstein Veblen and Oswald Garrison Villard.

Other men on the list are: Herbert F. Baker, President of the Farmers' National Council; Professor Edwin M. Borchard of New Haven, P. H. Callahan of Louisville; Ben C. Lindsey of Denver; Professor Robert M. Lovett of Chicago; Jackson H. Ralston, the Rev. John A. Ryan and Frank P. Walsh of Washington; the Rev. R. W. Hogue, Executive Secretary of the Church League for Industrial Democracy; Owen R. Lovejoy, General Secretary of the National Child Labor Committee, and W. Jett Lauck, labor attorney.

These women have been invited: Miss Jane Addams of Chicago; Mrs.

Continued on Page Seventeen.

BRILLO A SENSATION for Cleaning, Polishing of aluminum utensils. Try.—Advt.

Miami, Fla.—Thru Sleeper 3:40 P. M. Daily. Seaboard—142 W. 42nd St.—Advt.

Missing 12 Years Since Term In Jail; Wife Wins Freedom

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Nov. 18.—Supreme Court Justice Frank L. Young granted an order today which gives an Enoch Arden dissolution of marriage to Mrs. Marion Louise Brunnie of 1,366 Seventy-first Street, Brooklyn, from John James Brunnie, who has been missing for twelve years. The testimony taken before Justice Young showed that the couple were married in Brooklyn on Nov. 8, 1909, and have one daughter. The plaintiff said that her husband disappeared in July, 1910, after serving time in jail for robbing a cash register in a cigar store where he was employed as clerk.

HARBORD TO HEAD RADIO CORPORATION

Deputy Chief of Staff Will Retire From the Army in December.

PRAISED HIGHLY BY WEEKS

Pershing Joins in Paying Tribute to the General Who Rose From the Ranks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Major Gen. John G. Harbord, one of the distinguished officers of the United States Army and ranking only below General Pershing, as Deputy Chief of Staff, will retire Dec. 29, to become President of the Radio Corporation of America. Secretary of War Weeks approved today his application for retirement, but in doing so he thrust aside the usual crisp military formality and freely expressed his personal admiration of the officer, who, he said this afternoon, was "a wonderful man."

General Harbord will be succeeded as Deputy Chief of Staff by Major Gen. John L. Hines, now commanding the Eighth Corps Area, at Fort Sam Houston. General Hines will be succeeded in this command by Brig. Gen. Edward M. Lewis, now commanding the Second Division, at Camp Travis, and who has been recommended by Secretary Weeks to be Major General. Brig. Gen. Dennis E. Noland, now commanding the Second Field Artillery Brigade, will succeed to the command of the Second Division, and Brig. Gen. Paul B. Malone, commandant of the infantry school at Camp Benning, will be assigned to command the Second Field Artillery Brigade.

The retiring Deputy Chief of Staff will leave Washington about Dec. 15 to visit his mother in Kansas, and will go to New York about a week later, taking charge of his new duties with the Radio Corporation on Jan. 1 next. Army circles and official Washington in general said the corporation could not have obtained a more fitting man for its head.

Equipped with a college education, General Harbord enlisted as a private in the army at 23 years of age, because, it is said, the only appointment from his district was given to another youth. Since that time he has worked himself up to his present position through sheer merit, his friends asserted. He is a former Rough Rider, a veteran of Cuba and the Philippines; was Chief of Staff under General Pershing in France, and later in command of the fighting marine brigade of the Second Division at Belleau Wood, Boureseches and Chateau-Thierry, when the German advance on Paris was stopped in June, 1918.

At Head of Supply Service.

He was made a Major General and commanded the Second Division during the Soissons offensive. In 1918 he commanded the Service of Supply responsible for all the supplies of the A. E. F. Reappointed Chief of Staff in May, 1919, he served as such until sent by President Wilson to the Near East as Chief of the Military Mission to Armenia. He has been Deputy Chief of Staff since June, 1921. He will be 56 years old in March.

In approving the application for retirement of General Harbord, who is the only Major General in the army who rose from the ranks, Secretary Weeks wrote:

"General Harbord's retirement is a loss to the active forces of the army which cannot be adequately expressed. We have not had in our military service or in our Government service in any capacity a man of higher qualities or one who has inspired in others a greater degree of confidence. The business he will enter is in its infancy, and it will offer full scope for his abilities. That he will prove himself a great leader in industry and commercial affairs seems as certain to me as his great leadership in military activities. I have an acute sense of personal loss in his going. His ability and loyalty have been of vital importance to me in administering the affairs of the War Department."

General Pershing made the following statement:

"I feel that I am voicing the views of the entire army in expressing keen regret that General Harbord has decided to go into civil life. His distinguished services abroad and throughout his life

Continued on Page Twenty.

OBREGON CHARGES WE ARE INTRUDING IN OIL LEGISLATION

His Resentment of 'Censorship' Stirs Storm in Chamber, Which Upholds Him.

CRY 'YANKEE IMPERIALISM'

Deputies in Vindictive Debate Vote to Tell Latin America of Our 'Encroachment.'

HAD SOUGHT OUR OPINIONS

But Washington View That Proposed Law Is Inadequate Provokes Protest for "Aggression."

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 18.—President Obregon, through a secretary, at last night's session of the Chamber of Deputies assailed the alleged interference of the United States in Mexican affairs, particularly with reference to the proposed legislation on petroleum.

The reading of the notes said to have been exchanged between George T. Summerlin, American Chargé d'Affaires, and Alberto Pani, Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, relative to the oil legislation precipitated a stormy debate in the Chamber.

One of the notes from Mr. Summerlin was said to have conveyed Washington's objections to certain phases of the proposed law as inadequate for the protection of the legally acquired rights of American citizens.

It was stated on behalf of the President that he was ignorant of the means by which the State Department obtained a copy of the proposed law.

"The executive," it was declared, "has not sent as yet any project referring to the regulation of Article 27. Moreover, the honor and sovereignty of the nation make it absolutely impossible that laws which are the exclusive competence of the federal legislative power should be censured previously by the Governments of other countries."

A number of Congressmen made speeches attacking the United States. Congressman Isedro Fabela in a long speech reviewed the case of Panama, the occupation of Vera Cruz, the Pershing expedition and the Monroe Doctrine.

Perez Taylor, a former newspaper reporter now in Congress, demanded that the Congressmen march through the streets "accompanied by the common people" to congratulate President Obregon upon his stand.

The press prints page-wide headlines stating that "Obregon refuses to permit an invasion of Mexico's sovereignty."

All Latin America Notified.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 18 (Associated Press).—All South and Central American republics were being informed today that Mexico resented any censorship of its legislation by the United States or other powers and that President Obregon's statement to that effect had secured for him a virtual vote of confidence in the Chamber of Deputies.

This action grew out of a heated debate in the Chamber last night following the disclosure of a series of communications which are said to have recently passed between Foreign Secretary Pani and George T. Summerlin, the American Chargé d'Affaires. In these communications, Mr. Summerlin, speaking for the American State Department, is alleged to have offered suggestions concerning the prospective petroleum law which is to be considered by Congress. The Mexican Government is represented as holding the opinion that these suggestions are intrusive.

Seldom has there been such an outburst of oratory and vindictive speeches against the United States as was witnessed in the Chamber last evening, when communications dating back to Oct. 19 last were read. These letters, some of which were mere personal notes between Foreign Secretary Pani and Mr. Summerlin, were interpreted as an encroachment upon the national sovereignty, and the lower house, unanimously approving President Obregon's attitude, voted to inform all Latin-American countries of "the Yankee attempts at imperialism."

Proposed Law "Inadequate."

According to the communications as published here, Mr. Summerlin on Oct. 19 last wrote a personal note to Secretary Pani, enclosing a copy of a draft of a proposed petroleum law and requesting a copy of the official bill as soon as it was prepared. On Oct. 21 Secretary Pani acknowledged the note, and on Nov. 15, according to the published memoranda, he received another communication from the American Chargé, in which the latter said he had received instructions from the State Department to inform the Mexican Minister "that the proposed petroleum law is entirely inadequate for the protection of rights legally acquired by North Americans."

On Nov. 16 Secretary Pani replied that both he and President Obregon had not

Continued on Page Fourteen.

H. G. Wells Is Beaten in Contest for Commons; Lloyd George May Visit the United States

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—H. G. Wells, standing on the Labor ticket for London University, came out at the bottom of the poll. Sir Sidney Russell-Wells, vice chancellor of the university and a well-known physician, was elected as a Conservative with 3,833 votes. A. F. Pollard, professor of English history and a Liberal, got 2,180 and H. G. Wells 1,427.

Writing of the new House of Commons the political correspondent of the Sunday Times says:

"The apprehension the ex-Premier excites in Ministerial circles is curious. His very presence in the House seems to them to savor of danger, and to be quite sure of him they would like him out of the way.

"Therefore some of them are putting forward the suggestion that he should be sent to the United States as Ambassador in which capacity they assure us his personality and prestige would be invaluable.

"No doubt they would, and if Mr. Lloyd George were willing to be shelved the suggestion would be admirable, but he isn't, and he won't go to the United States as Ambassador, though at the first opportunity to make a substantial holding he may yield to the pressing invitation that he has received to visit America and Canada."

7 DEAD, 7 INJURED IN AUTO ACCIDENTS

Child in Baby Cart Coasts in Front of Car—Old Man Run Down.

FOUR DIE IN NEAR-BY TOWNS

Two at Point Pleasant, Two Near Egg Harbor—Dobbs Ferry Woman Dying.

Seven were killed and seven injured in automobile accidents yesterday in New York City and nearby communities. Three were killed and two injured in the city, four were killed and two injured in Jersey and three were injured in Westchester County.

Pauline Sackalowsky, 4 years old, of 322 Thatford Avenue, Brooklyn, was coasting in a baby carriage down an incline on a vacant lot at Thatford and Livonia Avenues, Brooklyn, when she rolled into the street directly in the path of an automobile owned and driven by Charles Viot, 465 Bedford Avenue. Viot said he was unable to stop his car. The baby carriage and its small passenger were crushed by the motor car. The child was rushed to St. Mary's Hospital by Viot in his machine, but when they got there it was found the child was beyond medical assistance.

John McClellan, 80, of Covert Street, Brooklyn, died in Bushwick Hospital after having been struck by the automobile of Henry G. Zeurcher, 536 Hart Street, Brooklyn. When arraigned before Magistrate Llota in Gates Avenue Court, Zeurcher was held in $2,500 bail for further examination on Nov. 21.

Andrew J. Driscoll, 22, of 14 Walnut Street, Great Neck, L. I., was killed early yesterday morning when an automobile driven by him was in collision on Fulton Street, at Glenada Place, Brooklyn, with a truck of the Ward Baking Company. Driscoll's car overturned and crushed the driver to death. The car was lent to Driscoll by John Maynard. George Roman was driver of the truck.

Motorcycle Policeman Patrick Tuohy, of 259 Warren Street, attached to the Fourth Avenue Station, Brooklyn, and Patrolman John J. Ward, of the same precinct, who lives at 537 St. John's Place, were struck and injured, not dangerously, early yesterday morning by an Essex touring car, for whose driver the police are now looking.

Tuohy was riding his motorcycle along Seventh Avenue when the touring car tried to pass and sideswiped him. Tuohy's cycle was bowled over and he was thrown to the pavement. Tuohy's shouts attracted Patrolman Ward, on duty at Seventh Avenue and Forty-fifth Street. When Ward tried to stop the automobile he was knocked down by the motor car.

The police are looking also for a large touring car that shot down Third Avenue in the Bronx at 60 miles an hour, according to witnesses. The touring car passed a northbound Police Department automobile, swerved from side to side of the street and finally began to slow up as it mounted the sidewalk at 167th Street, where it crashed into the plate glass window of Curt Findelsen's Bakery, 3,721 Third Avenue. It quickly backed out of the show window and sped south on Third Avenue, leaving a trail of blood behind it.

Special to The New York Times.

DOBBS FERRY, N. Y., Nov. 18.—Mrs. John McKeon of Dobbs Ferry was injured, probably fatally, and her cousin, James Burke, and Mrs. P. J. Carpenter Jr., both of Dobbs Ferry, were badly injured, when a car driven by Mrs. McKeon on the Saw Mill River Road was in collision with another that approached from the opposite direction. The injured were helped from the wreckage by John Daniels, passing with a bus load of basketball players. Mrs. McKeon was later reported to be dying in Dobbs Ferry Hospital. The others injured were taken to their homes.

EGG HARBOR, N. J., Nov. 18.—Miss Bessie Winkel, 45 Annapolis Avenue, Atlantic City, and Clifford Cline, former proprietor of a barber shop in this place, were killed today when their automobile left the White Horse Pike and struck a telegraph pole six miles southeast of Egg Harbor. Jerry Fair, a fireman of Atlantic City, injured in the accident, was taken to Atlantic City Hospital. The bodies of Cline and Miss Winkel were taken to Atlantic City. Mr. Cline's wife and two sons, who are staying with Mrs. Cline's father, proprietor of the Philadelphia Hotel here, were notified of the accident soon after it happened.

POINT PLEASANT, N. J., Nov. 18.—Mrs. William T. Patterson of this place and Alfred Johnson, a chauffeur, were killed last night when the taxicab in which Mrs. Patterson was going home was in collision with a train at the Forman Avenue crossing. Mrs. Pauline Regan was seriously injured. All three were residents of this place. Mrs. Patterson was the wife of a brakeman on the Pennsylvania Railroad. Mrs. Regan is the wife of Barton Regan, telegraph operator at Mount Holly, N. J.

AFTER A HEAVY MEAL THERE'S NOTHING like BELL-ANS for Indigestion.—Advt.

DROP 50 DRY AGENTS WHO GOT NO RESULTS

Dismissals by Yellowley Had Received Official Sanction From Washington.

JUDGE PROTESTS RUM BILL

Ire Aroused by Detectives Who Ordered Three Highballs to Be Sure It Was Whisky.

Fifty Federal prohibition agents were dropped from the service in this State yesterday. The official reason given is that the agents were not producing satisfactory results. It is understood that before the men were dismissed official sanction from Washington was received by E. C. Yellowley, Acting Federal Prohibition Director for this State. Mr. Yellowley was not in the city yesterday, being in Washington in conference with Federal Prohibition Commissioner Roy A. Haynes and other officials.

The names of the dismissed agents were not made public, but it was said that the list does not include any agents whose names are more or less familiar because of their activities in running down violators of the prohibition law. Many rumors of shake-downs among the agents have been heard, but it was denied by officials last night that any of the men dropped yesterday were involved in any misconduct of this character.

It was understood that all but twenty-two of the dismissed agents have been working outside of New York City. Of the twenty-two it is understood that ten were attached to the Brooklyn office. With the dismissals yesterday the field force in this State is cut down to around 200.

Only one Federal dry raid was reported yesterday. This was staged by Agents Michael F. Sassi and Karl Rosen, who made a search of Guffanti's restaurant, 272 Seventh Avenue, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth Streets, on a warrant issued by United States Commissioner Hitchcock. The dining room was crowded with patrons at the time of the raid. Only a few bottles of wine were found, the agents said, and these were in the kitchen.

Unlike most other raids, the purchase of intoxicants in this restaurant by agents did not form the basis for the search warrant. Sassi said they had frequently visited the restaurant and were just as frequently turned down when they attempted to buy drinks stronger than allowed by Volstead. However, they saw other persons being served with something that appeared to them to be wine. It was on this observation that the search warrant was obtained from Commissioner Hitchcock.

"I don't think the police should spend the taxpayers' money in this manner," said Magistrate Edward Weil in the West Side Court yesterday when Detectives Thomas J. Lyons and Charles Beaky of the Headquarters Prohibition Squad, said they had spent $23 for food and drinks getting evidence in "The Nest," a cabaret at 133 West Fourth Street. The Magistrate freed the defendants, Joseph Frank of 245 East Eighty-third Street, one of the partners in "The Nest," and Samuel Greenfield, 26 years old, of 181 East Seventy-fifth Street, a waiter. The waiter, the detectives said, served them the drinks.

The raid was made last Thursday night. The detectives testified that they ordered two highballs with their meals. Satisfied there was whisky in the highballs, they ordered two more, followed by a third round.

"Why did you order the second round?" asked Magistrate Weil.

"Because we wanted to be sure it was whisky," Lyons replied.

"But you were pretty well convinced after the first drink!" asked the Court.

"We were," the detectives replied.

"And still you ordered a third round and ran up a check for $23," said the Court.

The Magistrate then discharged the defendants and referred to the waste of the people's money.

Patrolman William Milberry of the Special Service Squad was reprimanded by Magistrate George W. Simpson in Essex Court yesterday for the arrest of Eugene O'Brien, 32 years old, of 551 Hudson Street, a longshoreman, charged with violating the Mullan-Gage law. The defendant was discharged.

O'Brien, according to the testimony of the policeman, was standing at Broome and Forsyth Streets Friday beside a cardboard carton which on examination was found to contain a gallon of wine.

"What right did you have to open this box without a search warrant?" Magistrate Simpson asked the patrolman. "I'll tell you. About as much right as you have to go into a man's pocket," he added. O'Brien denied all knowledge of the wine or ownership of the box.

Detectives Geary, Litowitz and Connell of the Third Inspection District, tried a new method of obtaining evidence yesterday, but it wasn't acceptable to the Magistrate presiding in Harlem Court. The detectives had a search warrant for the saloon at 1,799 Third Avenue. They found no whisky in the saloon, but suspected that a safe in one corner contained bottles of liquor. Unable to get the combination, and not caring to wait until an expert could be got to open it, the detectives shook the safe about until they heard bottles smashing. Then in another bottle they proceeded to catch the drippings of liquor which came from all the cracks in the safe.

The bottle of fluid thus collected and the waiter and bartender, Patrick Donovan, 26 years old, of 160 East Ninety-sixth Street, were taken along to Harlem Court. After the detectives had related how they had finally got a bottle of "hootch" from the safe, the Court said: "All very true, but there is no evidence that this man knew anything about what may have been in the safe. Case dismissed."

FOR DISCOMFORT OR DISTRESS AFTER eating take BELL-ANS for Indigestion.—Advt.

105 DOCTORS SUE TO ANNUL DRY LAWS AFFECTING PRACTICE

Unite to Carry to U. S. Supreme Court All Limitations on Alcoholic Prescriptions.

SAY PUBLIC IS MENACED

Great Suffering and Even Death Threatened Under Volstead Act.

CONGRESS COURSE ASSAILED

"Is Practicing Medicine Ignorantly" With Its "Pint-In-Ten-Days" Rule, It Is Charged.

Action was begun here yesterday in the United States District Court to annul the provisions of the prohibition law in so far as it restricts physicians to a limited amount of whisky or other alcoholic beverages in the treatment of patients. In other words, physicians claim the right of full freedom in practice.

At the instance of Joseph S. Auerbach of the law firm of Davies, Auerbach & Cornell, representing Dr. Samuel W. Lambert, Dean Emeritus of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University, subpoenas were issued by the Clerk of the United States District Court requiring Edward C. Yellowley, Acting Prohibition Director for New York; David H. Blair, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and William Hayward, United States Attorney, to appear before the Court and show cause why the provisions of laws enacted under the Eighteenth Amendment in so far as they relate to physicians in the practice of medicine should not be judicially declared inoperative.

The plaintiff represents a considerable body of eminent medical men in this city, and the intention is to carry the suit to the United States Supreme Court as speedily as possible.

The action was not started as an outcome of the deliberations of the American Medical Association at its St. Louis meeting last May, when that body reversed itself by declaring that alcohol was a necessary therapeutic agent. In fact, the suit was decided upon some months previous to that meeting.

Form Protective Association.

Determined to lift from the medical profession the restrictions of the Volstead act, so far as it affects the practice of their art, 105 physicians and surgeons in this city banded themselves together for action. The body thus formed has been named the Association for the Protection of Constitutional Rights. Its officers are: Dr. Samuel W. Lambert, President; Dr. James F. McKernon, Vice President; Dr. Warren Coleman, Secretary, and Dr. Frederic E. Sondern, Treasurer. The following compose the Executive Committee: Dr. Nathan E. Brill, Dr. William K. Draper, Dr. Charles L. Dana, Dr. J. T. Gorton and Dr. J. Bentley Squier.

The association distinctly disclaims connection with any lay organization or with any anti-prohibition movement. Indeed some of its members are ardent prohibitionists, but are opposed to Government interference with their methods of practicing therapeutics, a subject they assert, concerning which Congress knows nothing.

Under the Volstead law a physician may only prescribe a pint of whisky or brandy for a patient every ten days. The physician claims the right to prescribe as much more in the same period as, in his judgment, his patient requires. The contention is that no one except a physician is a competent judge of what that requirement may be.

"This is not a case of a number of physicians hastily rushing into litigation with the Government," said an officer of the association last night. "They have pondered over the problem for months with growing irritation, for they have witnessed needless suffering and threatened death or else have deliberately violated a law which they characterize as stupid and unjust.

Congress Practicing Medicine.

"A peculiarly exasperating feature of the Volstead act is that in putting its restrictions upon the medical profession Congress is not only assuming to know more about what a patient needs than the physician, but is actually practicing medicine; and practicing medicine ignorantly and incompetently, and making thousands of persons suffer needlessly, many of them in the fear of death.

"The organization in New York expects similar associations to be formed in other large cities with the same object in view. Indeed, the officers of the association already have been in communication with leading physicians and

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Say Poison Gas Is Nullified By New French Invention

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—An invention which will destroy the usefulness of poison gas is reported today from Bordeaux.

The inventor is a chemical engineer named Kovache, and the product which he has perfected is said to counteract all results of poisonous gases.

The Minister of War has placed at the disposal of M. Kovache credits for the manufacture of 16,000 kilograms of the chemical.

All that is known unofficially of the substance is that it is a remarkably simple composition and the results are declared to be perfect.

ALLIES IN ACCORD ON TURKISH POLICY

Curzon Calls Results of Paris Conference "Perfectly Satisfactory."

FORCE TO BE USED IF NEEDED

Italy Wins France to England's View of Curbing Extravagant Kemalist Pretensions.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—A five hours' conversation on the Near Eastern Conference at Lausanne, "which confirmed their complete accord," took place today between Lord Curzon, the British Foreign Secretary, and Premier Poincaré. At the same time nothing was finally settled with regard to the terms of the peace treaty. Today's conversations, which began with a luncheon given by the Premier, were only preliminary to the real discussions at Lausanne, and the agreement which has been reached is less an agreement on a common policy than an understanding of the different points of view and the arguments to be debated there.

Military Experts at the Meeting.

Both conferees brought with them to the meeting many experts, among whom were numbered Marshal Foch, General Weygand and Admiral Lacaze for France, and Generals Burdett-Stuart and Sir Harold Nicholson with Lord Curzon. Ambassador Harrère, the French Ambassador to Rome, and Senator Bompard, who will be the two French plenipotentiaries at Lausanne, were also present with the Italian Ambassador, to France, Baron Avezzano.

The British memorandum of last Wednesday was taken as the basis of discussion and gone through point by point. Afterward Lord Curzon described the conversations as "completely satisfactory," but when pressed as to whether the French presented a similar statement of their views replied with the statement that "the understanding was quite complete."

In the official communiqué which was issued the conversations are described as "preliminary and useful," and in the last phrase as having confirmed agreement on all questions "to be debated at Lausanne." From this last sentence one is permitted to deduce that the peace which is to be drafted at Lausanne will not be one which will be imposed upon the Turks in the same way as the peace of Versailles was imposed upon Germany, or in the way which the Allies attempted to impose the treaty of Sèvres upon Turkey.

The Turks are to have an equal right to debate every point, and, while the British have made reservations in Lord Curzon's memorandum as to the length they will go in making concessions, the French seem to intend to be guided by policy as the conference proceeds. It is understood, for instance, that at today's conversations what is for the British the big question of the regime for the Dardanelles between the time of the signing of the treaty and that of the definite settlement, their status, though discussed, was not settled.

The British are insistent that allied troops remain on the Gallipoli Peninsula until the League of Nations regime, or whatever other settlement may have been adopted, is in full working order. Lord Curzon drew a parallel between such an occupation and that of the Allies of the left bank of the Rhine, and emphasized his point by recalling to M. Poincaré that such precaution was not so much directed against the Turks as against a Turco-Bolshevist combination which would set the whole of the Balkans in a blaze.

From the Italian side Lord Curzon had strong support for his argument, as the new Ambassador had been instructed by Premier Mussolini before he left Rome to stand firm with the British on the necessity of guarding the freedom of the Straits and preventing any attempt by the Turks to win more during the negotiations than was their just due

Continued on Page Five.

FRANCE MAY FIGHT, CLEMENCEAU SAYS ON ARRIVAL HERE

War Premier Declares That a Crisis Now Exists Which Has Not Been Met.

WILL EXPLAIN TO AMERICA

Octogenarian "Tiger" Doesn't Want to See France Invaded Again by Germany.

HAILED AS FIRST CITIZEN

George W. Wickersham and Acting Mayor Hulbert Extend Greetings to Visitor.

Clemenceau is here. France's war Premier, "the Tiger of France," stepped ashore at the Battery at 10 o'clock yesterday morning on what he thinks, may be the last great mission of his life—to explain to America his views on how a world crisis may be met and another war averted, as well as to dispel what he believes to be a prevalent opinion in this country that France is militaristic and imperialistic.

"There is a crisis which has not been met," he said in his speech at the City Hall. "How it will end nobody knows. If you tell the bad side—well, there has been no war—we may have to go to war again. If it turns out right and the right thing is done at the right time, then it is one of the greatest steps for the civilization of mankind. In my own life I have seen my country twice invaded by Germans. I don't want to see that invasion repeated. We must defend ourselves."

He would not say in his interviews whether he would set forth the League of Nations here as a cure of world ills, as had been reported, saying merely: "Wait and see." He said that America should wait for his first speech in the Metropolitan Opera House on Tuesday night, and even Colonel E. M. House, confidant of Clemenceau, said that he did not know what subject the Tiger's claws would scratch—"but he will say exactly what he wants to, because that is the beauty of the Tiger."

Had "Bad News From America."

Clemenceau gave the inkling of the aims of his unofficial mission when he was received officially by Acting Mayor Hulbert in the Aldermanic Chambers at City Hall. There he dropped the bantering, vivacious mood with which he had received the American committees and newspaper men down the bay and spoke with a compelling air of earnestness and sincerity which swept aside in an instant all the frivolous early impressions gathered from seeing a man of 81 years hold his ears like a child to guard them from the painful noise of sirens, from seeing him balance himself boyishly on a two-foot railless gangplank twenty feet above the water, and from hearing his enthusiastic comments on the beauty of American women.

"One morning I was in my private house bordering on the sea on the other side of the water when I received bad news from America," he said at the City Hall in telling of the aims of his trip. "I heard bad names. We were called imperialists and militarists. I think that is horrid, and I thought I had better go and tell them how things happened to pass and to show them that their judgment was not correct.

"One day a British newspaper arrived. It contained criticisms from a woman of very high standing, calling America bad names. At that moment I decided that I had better go to America. That is the reason why I am here. I do not make sentences. I don't promise anything. I come, as you very well know, on a mission.

"May Have to Go to War."

"Nobody can ascribe any personal aim to my act in visiting this country. My life is over. But it seems to me that I can do you some service in letting you know how we Europeans judge the American people. It is necessary, because in the world at this time there is a crisis which has not been met. How it will end nobody knows. If you tell the bad side—well, there has been no war—we may have to go to war again. If it turns out right, and the right thing is done at the right time, then it is one of the greatest steps for the civilization of mankind.

"That is the question I have come to put to America. I will ask them for great freedom of thought and great freedom of speech. I must be allowed to speak as a free man to free men who are not afraid of anything, and I hope your greetings will encourage me to believe that I will get good access to American minds. It will be a great satisfaction to me.

"During over fifty years I have been mixed up with all the worst crises of France—think of that! In my own life I have seen my country twice invaded by Germans. I am the only survivor of those who protested at the Assembly at Bordeaux against the act of invasion. I don't want to see that invasion repeated. I will not permit any one to tell me that I have too many soldiers, or too few soldiers, unless they succeed in some way and give us such guarantees. Then only, with the greatest of pleasure, will I dissolve the French army.

"Will you Americans show us the similar feeling? We must defend ourselves!"

Message From Wilson.

One of the first messages of greeting received by Clemenceau on landing in this country was from ex-President Wilson, who was one of the Big Four at the Peace Conference. The message read:

"Allow me to bid you an affectionate welcome to America, where you will find none but friends."

Clemenceau immediately dispatched the following reply:

"Deeply touched by your message. Please accept my kindest regards and

Japan's Naval Budget to Conform to Treaty; Gets Assurances Ours Will Also Be Cut

TOKIO, Nov. 18 (Associated Press)—Before the framing of Japan's naval budget, which shows a decrease of yen 117,000,000, as compared with that of the current year, the Foreign Office, an official said, had received assurances from the American Government that the United States naval budget would be drawn up in the spirit of the Washington conference.

Japan gave similar assurances. The conversations which brought about the understandings were carried on by Charles B. Warren, American Ambassador at Tokio, and Foreign Minister Uchida. Both expressed the desire of their governments that the budgets should accord with the naval treaty of Washington.

Mr. Warren's letter confirming the conversations, according to the Japanese Foreign Office authority, assured the Tokio Government that pending ratification of the Naval Treaty and the deposit of the ratifications at Washington, the naval budget of the United States would be based upon the naval limitations treaty of Washington. The letter is said to have stated further that no construction would be undertaken contrary to the terms of the treaty and that the status quo of American fortifications in the Pacific would be maintained.

Competent officials here are satisfied that Japan's budget for the coming year complies with these assurances. The budget for the year which will end in March, 1923, is yen 323,562,000. That for the next fiscal year is yen 276,000,000.

There may be a supplementary estimate of yen 10,000,000 to provide retiring bonuses for men discharged from the service. Already 8,000 men have been dropped from the rolls.

Peddie Students Burn Barn, Fighting Off Firemen, to Mark Football Victory

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 18.—Celebrating their victory over Blair Academy, students of the Peddie Institute, near here, tonight set fire to a barn on the outskirts of their campus and when firemen attempted to extinguish the blaze, fought them with stones and sand.

Willard W. Norris, world war veteran and volunteer fireman, was seriously injured when struck on the head by a stone. Physicians believe his skull was fractured. Another member of the fire forces was struck by a flying brick and slightly injured.

Students also threw sand into the faces of the firemen in an effort to frustrate their attempts to save the blazing structure. Members of the faculty were called to the campus and finally succeeded in restoring order among the rioters.

WHAT CAN WE DO ABOUT CANCER? Pearson's for November will tell you—ask your newsdealer.—Advt.

2 DAILY TRAINS WITH THRU SLEEPERS to W. Palm Beach and Miami via Penn.—Atlantic Coast Line, 8:35 P. M., 9:15 A. M. 1,246 B'way. Tel. Longacre 1800.—Advt.

Spend Thanksgiving at WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS. Overnight from New York.—Advt.

Your druggist recommends VENIDA CLINTONIC TWIN SOAPS. 2 cakes 25c.—Advt.

tions withes. Am looking forward with great pleasure to seeing you in Washington."

The Tiger lost no opportunity in informal interview and speech to emphasize his hope that his speaking tour of American cities would be one of the greatest triumphs of his life, and that the name of Clemenceau would go down in the history of Franco-American relations with that of Lafayette and Franklin. More than one hint of Lafayette was injected into the reception of the "grand old man of France." He was greeted on the liner Paris by Colonel House with an adaptation of the line used by General Pershing at the tomb of Lafayette, "Lafayette, we are here," and both Acting Mayor Hulbert and George W. Wickersham in their speeches at the City Hall compared this visit with the services of Lafayette.

"You are here," said Colonel House. "We are both here."

"You are here," replied Clemenceau, as he smiled at Colonel House.

There was no outpouring of crowds to see Clemenceau, as had been the case when Joffre and Viviani came here early in the war to plead the cause of France, or even as in the case of Foch, who arrived before the war fervor had abated. But the thousands who did turn out were real admirers of the great war Premier. In his ride up Broadway from the Battery to City Hall Clemenceau found a dramatic incident to emphasize one of the main ideas of his mission, which is to attempt to show America that France is not imperialistic or militaristic, and that she loves peace.

"Tiger" Greets White Pigeon.

As his automobile was passing up Broadway near Wall Street a flock of pigeons, apparently alarmed by the paper snowstorm from the skyscrapers, dropped out of the dark spires of Trinity, directly over Clemenceau's car. He looked up quickly and saw that the birds were led by a bird almost pure white, symbolic of the dove of peace.

With a gesture visible to thousands, Clemenceau smiled and waved his gloved hand at the speedy bird, which darted here and there through the aerial mazes of flying paper and ticker tapes hurled out of office windows in the city's typical greeting to distinguished foreigners. The thousands who saw the gesture roared approval, and that incident really began a demonstration for Clemenceau which, up to that moment, had been listless in comparison with the greetings given to Joffre, Foch and Viviani.

Two Clemenceaus come to America, two vivid, picturesque personalities. One is that of the man of 81 years who returns to a city after fifty-four years' absence to compare the impressions of a great world figure and French patriot with the memories of a school teacher and physician of 25 or so—both the same man, whose life spans over two epochs of world history and three disrupting wars, in two of which he played major parts.

Playful and Vivacious at 81.

This first Clemenceau is the youth of 81, living in the midst of memories revived by the sight of old scenes in this city, and it was this youthful Clemenceau who toyed with the questions of interviewers and reporters on the municipal boat which was carrying him yesterday morning to the Battery from the French liner Paris at Quarantine. He was playful, vivacious, sarcastic, but not serious.

The crowd at the City Hall saw another Clemenceau, a man apparently inspired, whose years fall away from him as he talks and whose magnetism wields a spell over his listeners—a French patriot, an advocate of the cause of France, whose mind grasps all the woes and the glories of France and weaves them into an heroic tale.

His large head, which looks like a large bulb, set flat upon a pair of shoulders that are still broad, nods and turns in animated emphasis to the words that fall in a voluble stream from the lips of the trained debater and parliamentarian. His gloved hands—always gloved—move in lightning gestures. Then he does not look 81, but 60, and he is the swift-moving, alert master of the forum—a veritable mental Tiger.

Baruch Spies Out Visitor.

It was the first Clemenceau viewed by the committee which went down the bay on the city steamer Macom to greet the Tiger. The Macom pulled up on the starboard side of the Paris at Quarantine, but because of the list of the big vessel the smaller craft could not get up to the level of the opening in the side of the liner, and the little steamer had to go around to the port side. All eyes hunted Clemenceau, but he was not to be seen. Then Bernard M. Baruch, who knew Clemenceau at the Peace Conference, singled him out on the upper deck, and his find was heralded to the others on the Macom with the comment:

"He looks younger than ever."

Then all eyes found Clemenceau at a small window high in the ship, his face hardly standing out among all the others along the big vessel. A cheer went up, and at first Clemenceau seemed oblivious to it, but finally he doffed his hat with a smile, exposing a large head almost destitute of hair. Then a siren whistle, and Clemenceau clapped his gloved hands over his ears. The skipper of the Macom tied the cord down for a minute, and Clemenceau kept his ears in the "bomb proof shelter" of his hands.

There was a long delay in getting the committee aboard the ship, since the Macom, because of her structure, was unable to get close, so a hurry radio call had to be sent for the police boat Manhattan to serve as a bridge between the Macom and the Paris. When the Manhattan wedged in between the two larger ships there was such a rush of the Macom's passengers to get aboard the larger vessel that the police boat listed dangerously, and patrolmen rushed to and fro to get the surplus load more evenly distributed, and then to get it off the boat altogether. It was a hard job.

Polk Extends Greeting.

Frank L. Polk, Under Secretary of State during the Wilson Administration, and Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements for the reception to Clemenceau, hurried aboard the Paris to greet Clemenceau first. He was accompanied by Alfred L. Meehan of the Department of Plant and Structures, who was in charge of the arrangements for the city. Other members of the committees and representatives of military organizations hurried along in the wake of these leaders.

Officers of the Paris met the members of the committee and conducted them to the upper deck to a large lounge which had been set aside for the reception. They discovered that the doors of the lounge were locked, with no key at hand, Clemenceau inside the room, and the committee outside. After a long delay the key was found and Clemenceau and his official greeters were united. Mr. Polk and Commissioner Meehan welcomed Clemenceau, and Jules J. Jusserand, the French Ambassador to this country, greeted his old friend. Then came Robert Woods Bliss, Third Assistant Secretary of State, who extended the official welcome of the Government; George W. Wickersham, former Attorney General of the United States; Otto H. Kahn, Bernard M. Baruch, Hamilton Fish Armstrong, Secretary of the Committee on Arrangements, and Stephen Bonsal, who is to accompany Clemenceau on his tour.

Then, in burst the army of photographers and moving picture men with their insistent pleas that the visitor pose in innumerable ways so that each one would get as many pictures as he desired. Clemenceau refused to take off his hat, and started to walk away when he thought that the picture men had been satisfied. But they were insistent for more and more and more pictures until finally Clemenceau exclaimed with a smile:

"Is there no way in this country to kill photographers?"

Tribute to American Legion.

But the picture men kept at it. They swarmed over the Macom, climbed on ventilators, fought bitterly among themselves, and then retired to prepare plates and film for fresh assaults on land. Clemenceau only taunted them.

Then the delegations arrived with their tributes. On behalf of the National Executive Committee of the American Legion, R. E. Condon said to the visitor:

"The American Legion greets you as the person who, more than any one else in the world, best exemplified the spirit which enabled us to carry on the war."

Clemenceau thoughtfully replied that it was the men I like to ask because your thoughts are the ones that count.

Then a committee of officers of the Alsace-Lorraine Association reminded Clemenceau that he was the only living member of the Chamber of Deputies which in 1870 protested against the cession of Alsace-Lorraine to Germany and the invasion by the enemy. The body then was sitting in Bordeaux, because the enemy held Paris. He thanked the President, Alfred Blum, for the reminder, and then spoke of the incident in his speech later at the City Hall.

A young woman reporter who had crawled on hands and knees under lifeboats and other projections, so that she could reach her victim, then handed Clemenceau a list of questions for his facile wit to play on. But the Tiger's only comment was:

"They seem intelligent."

Clasps Hands to His Ears.

It was difficult for Clemenceau to cross over the improvised bridge of the Manhattan to the Macom, and before he left the Paris he expressed desire to the officers to remain on board. Commissioner Meehan and a sergeant of the marine police escorted him safely across. When Clemenceau reached the upper deck of the Manhattan the sirens opened up, and the "Tiger" clasped his hands to his ears and kept them there as the two larger men hurried him along. Their hold on his arms and his posture in holding his ears made it look as if he were being dragged along in disgrace. The most perilous stage of this change from vessel to vessel came when Clemenceau had to walk from the deck of the Manhattan to the deck of the Macom on a two-foot bridge about twenty feet above the water, with the movement of the boats giving it a series of lurches. But he danced across the dangerous road as blithely as if he were a chorus girl on a runway over a theatre audience. Then he laughed as he finished this glide, and found himself face to face again with a battery of cameras.

So great was the crush of picture men and photographers on the upper deck of the Macom, where a canopy had been erected for the guests, that Commissioner Meehan had to move Clemenceau and the Reception Committee to the bow of the boat, and station sailor guards to keep the photographers back. Then the newspaper men were brought around the other side of the deck and an interview began.

Swifter Than Interviewers.

This was to the liking of the "Tiger." He ate it up. The twinkle came into his eye as he and Colonel House sat side by side in armchairs, Clemenceau wrapped in a heavy blue overcoat with a black fur collar, a dark gray hat pulled down over his face.

His agile mind leaped at questions before they were entirely out of the minds of the questioners, as a flash of fire runs along a strip of celluloid and in an instant drops a dust of gray ashes. Questions were disposed of before they were asked, and the swift-working brain then cut in with some humorous comment.

But his mind failed to function, at least not audibly, on the question of the fall of Lloyd George, last of the Big Four to remain in power; on the Near East situation, or on the rise of the Fascisti in Italy, so that questioners fell back on their stock questions of the Manhattan skyline, the beauty of American women, what the visitor thought of the city. The only thing they forgot was the Statue of Liberty. In the turmoil on the boat Clemenceau was permitted to pass that by, and it was erected as a gift of France to America since he was here last in 1869.

His mind worked with the rapidity of a six-cylinder gas engine on the questions about his early life in this city and the women of that period.

"The women are just the same, just as beautiful," he said, with a grin at his assemblage, which had several women.

"I came here when the ladies showed their faces, necks and hands. Now they show so much more!"

Will Tell His Mission on Tuesday.

Several times, in bantering spirit, Clemenceau tried to end the interview with such expressions as:

"Now, does anybody want to know the length of my nose? No?

"You feel quite gratified? Good-bye?

"I have no message. I don't wish to go any further. I don't wish you any harm.

He leaped at the questions about his early life in this city. He recalled that he lived in Seventh Street, near Sixth Avenue, for a time, and was able to locate himself as near that part of town when he was driven from Lafayette Street to Fifth Avenue through Ninth Street.

"The high buildings?" he said, looking at them. "They are too far from the moon." And later he said they were beautiful.

"Wall Street? It's in the same place, isn't it?"

Preceding his speech at the City Hall, he said that he would say nothing about the purpose of the trip.

"I will tell you that in the Metropolitan Opera House on Tuesday evening," he said. "But I have a mission, a mission that I gave myself."

"I don't know what he is going to talk about at the Metropolitan Opera House," said Colonel House, "but I suppose I shall know before he delivers the address. He will say exactly what he wants, to—that is the beauty of the Tiger."

A crowd of 5,000 was waiting at Pier A at 10 o'clock to greet Clemenceau when he came ashore as a great figure in the world's history, in sharp contrast to the day, fifty-eight years ago, when he set foot on almost the same spot of American soil as a poor student visitor to this country. Up Broadway went the procession, with ticker tape sailing out of the windows, great flakes of paper settling down from the open windows of skyscrapers to the City Hall plaza.

In the Aldermanic Chamber Clemenceau seemed his second personality, quite different from the verbally playful traveler. He seemed solid, immovable, one thing standing still in the midst of a pressing throng. His black tie showed out from a background of white shirt and collar; his striped cutaway coat and trousers of the same material made him look like some venerable physician—that was his first profession. His ever-present gloves, always worn in public, were especially noticeable as Clemenceau gestured.

Hulbert Acts for Mayor.

Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen, who is Acting Mayor in the absence of Mayor Hylan, met Clemenceau on the steps of the City Hall, and then read this formal speech of welcome in the Aldermanic Chamber:

"It is a very agreeable and distinctive privilege for the President of the Board of Aldermen, acting as the Mayor of the City of New York, to receive the former President of the Municipal Council of Paris, who, however, has since attained such a position of pre-eminence in the affairs of the world that I greet you as the most distinguished citizen of the great sister republic, France.

"Since the days of the American Revolution, when your countrymen, inspired and led by the gallant La Fayette, came to the aid and assistance of the struggling patriots of the thirteen American colonies, France has had an enduring claim upon our gratitude and Frenchmen an abiding place in our affections.

"The people of the two nations believed then, as they believe now, that self-government is the natural government of mankind. To the maintenance and defense of that principle you have devoted a long life of service, characterized by the display of unusual courage, keen foresight, masterly ability and dynamic force.

"More than a half century has elapsed since you first came and took up a residence in the United States, and though many changes have come about in what has perhaps been the most progressive fifty years in the world's history, our habits, our traditions, our ideals, our struggles and our political divergencies are not unfamiliar to you.

"Your sojourn in this country, though all too brief, unquestionably enabled your alert, active and penetrating mind to grasp, understand and appreciate the American character and viewpoint. That acquaintance with our country of many years ago, which we are glad you have come to renew, will enable you, probably far better than any other citizen of France, to interpret to your fellow countrymen, the views, the thoughts and the hopes of the American people on the great questions of the day and particularly those of international import.

"I can assure you that, in spite of the innuendo or indirectness of ingratitude, the people of this city are incapable of closing their hearts against compassion for human woes and that this nation is still, as it always will be, inspired by high ideals and a sturdy conception of human liberty and human freedom. The flower of our vigorous youth and manhood whose bones are commingled with the soil of your beloved France proclaim more eloquently than the tongue of man, the truth of that historic fact.

"Permit me, M. Clemenceau, to extend to you a most hearty and cordial welcome and an expression of our most fervent hope that you will enjoy your stay among us and be spared for many years in health and vigor, to enlighten and to aid the conscience and intelligence of a sorely distressed and bewildered world."

George W. Wickersham then introduced M. Clemenceau, saying:

"Mr. Mayor: On benalf of the Council of Foreign Relations I have the honor to present to you one of the first citizens of the world—a man whose name is a household word in every country. Called to be head of his Government when its fortunes and those of its Allies were at a low ebb in the great war, he instilled into the cause his never-failing energy, directness and singleness of purpose which made victory inevitable.

"He appointed Ferdinand Foch to be commander of the armies of France—a selection which was afterward ratified by the allied nations in making him Generalissimo of all their armies on the western front.

Named First Citizen of France.

"M. Clemenceau gave on behalf of the civil Government of France to Marshal Foch and his armies that unquestioning aid and support in all his plans, without which military power can rarely be successful.

"The inflexibility of his purpose was embodied in a sentence with which he answered a question in the Chamber of Deputies as to what his Ministerial policy would be: 'Moi je fais la guerre!' 'I prosecute the war.'

"In that policy he never wavered until there came that victory over the enemy forces in which, by the blessing of God, America was privileged to have a share.

"After the termination of hostilities M. Clemenceau turned to the task of making peace with the same intensity with which he had made war. Alas! Mr. Mayor, it is harder to make peace than to conduct war. M. Clemenceau found the complexities more than he could master. Although four years have elapsed since the armistice of November, 1918, not one can say peace reigns in Europe and M. Clemenceau has come to aid in making lasting peace for the world. He has come to help create that state of mind which is the essential foundation of peace.

"Mr. Mayor, I have the honor to present the first citizen of France, its former Premier, M. Georges Clemenceau."

Clemenceau's Reply.

In his reply Clemenceau spoke extemporaneously and with a felicity and volubility reminiscent of his compatriot and master of the French forum, Viviani. His speech was as follows:

"Ladies and gentlemen, the fact is it is only fifty-seven years ago since I saw this old City Hall of New York. At that time it looked to me very high. Why is that? Now it looks so low.

"Of course, I cannot help being moved to the utmost by the kind words which General Wickersham and Mr. Mayor were kind enough to address to me. The fact is that I myself did not come to get greetings. Our information is not so bad over in the benighted country we call France, but that, of course, I knew I would have a kind greeting. But I did not think it would go to the bottom, as Mr. Mayor's speech would want me to think.

"You have not said a word, Mr. Mayor, that is not an expression of the truth. You spoke of the time when France came to visit the American soil with weapons. But we want to see it never again, though it has progressed toward bettering nations and men. We have had a terrific, the greatest war that ever was in the world. Men fell by hordes of thousands with that war and we waited very long, sometimes, and we looked around to see if some help would not come.

Found Help When Needed.

"Help did come and it came magnificently, I must say, in the shape of the American soldier. I can speak of it as having seen it on the fields, and I have seen it, too, on the farm; very often I met at the peasants' homes a big, huge American with two children on his knees, you know, [laughter], telling stories to them and trying to understand the questions that the old men and women should ask about America. Of course he did not speak French more than the others spoke English. Some way or other they made themselves understood. Very soon we discovered they were all friends.

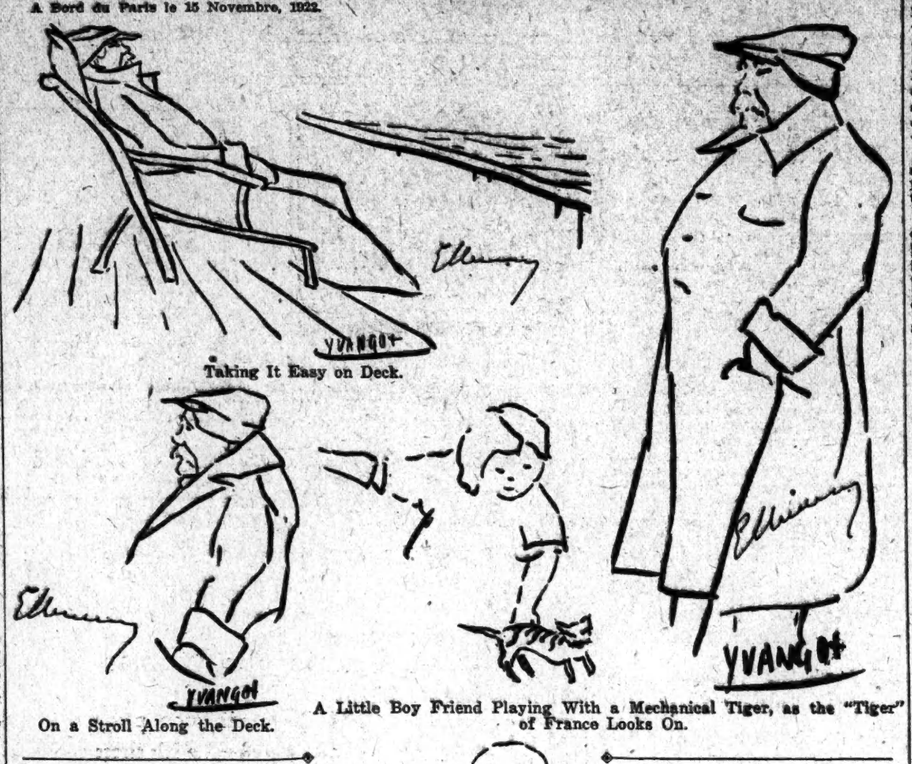
"I have seen them—the Americans—in the fight and I have seen them in the field with the American Army under the command of General Pershing—something like, I think, twenty-two divisions—and four French took hold marvelously at St. Mihiel, losing a great many people. When I arrived the next day, what did I see? All the motors in the old city full of French women and children and flowers. These poor people, who had not been allowed to get out of their dens for three years, were rescued by the Americans.

"And I saw the crowd cry, and laughing and crying, I think I saw once in a while an American soldier get a kiss from some woman. And it was the next day after the battle took place when all of the city had been emptied by the Americans. It was a joy not to be forgotten.

Saw Americans in the Mud.

"I saw sometimes the worst. I have seen Americans in the mud of the trenches for days and days without being relieved and looking very sorry, but the moment I came and brought them the crosses of war they had so magnificently gained, you know, they were all smiles. We shook hands and we spoke of the old place, America, was the old place. They did not cry, but I could see the twinkle in their eyes. Of course they knew I was theirs and they knew they were mine. One day in the highway I met a troop of soldiers going home and they made me feel sad when they spoke of the old country.

"They said: 'Won't you come to America some day?' I said, 'No, I am too old; I cannot think of going there,' I said. 'You make me make speeches and it tires my lungs. I have very few of them left. Poor miserable things.' They said, 'Do come.' 'I won't go,' I said, and for years and years I said I won't go. One morning I was in my private house bordering on the sea on the other side of the water when I received bad news from America. I heard bad news. We were called im-



Taking It Easy on Deck.

On a Stroll Along the Deck.

A Little Boy Friend Playing With a Mechanical Tiger, as the "Tiger" of France Looks On.

Watching the New York Skyline as the Steamship Came Up the Harbor.

Drawings of Clemenceau on the Steamship Paris by a French Artist, Lieutenant Angot

Each Drawing Shows the "Tiger's" Autograph.

TODAY'S SUNDAY TIMES

I. General News Section (in 2 Parts) including Sports.
II. Editorial, Financial, Business.
III. Book Review in Rotogravure.
IV. Magazine in Rotogravure.
V. Rotogravure Picture Section, First Part.
VI. Rotogravure Picture Section, Second Part.
VII. Drama, Music, Fashions, Society, Art, Radio.
VIII. Special Features, Letters to The Times, Automobiles, Steamships and Tours.
IX. Real Estate.
X. Classified Advertisements.

Drinks Poison in Mistake for Medicine.

Mrs. Mary Ann Hoffman, 70 years old, of 1,000 Fifth Avenue, died in Lenox Hill Hospital yesterday afternoon after drinking poison in mistake for medicine. She had been ill for some time and had been taking medicine from a bottle which stood on a table in her room. Yesterday she picked up the bottle and drank its contents. The bottle contained carbolic acid.

Mrs. Wilson Visits Mrs. Harding.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson visited Mrs. Warren G. Harding at the White House yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Wilson was accompanied by Mrs. Edith Bolling Galt, her sister-in-law.

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Clemenceau Visits Museum.

Premier Clemenceau visited the Metropolitan Museum of Art yesterday afternoon. He was accompanied by Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Mrs. Henry White, Mrs. Robert Woods Bliss, Mrs. Frank L. Polk, Mrs. Bernard M. Baruch, Mrs. Stephen Bonsal, Mrs. Hamilton Fish Armstrong, Mrs. Jules J. Jusserand, Mrs. Robert Lansing, Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, Mrs. Frederic R. Coudert, Mrs. Thomas W. Lamont, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Mrs. Edward R. Stettinius, Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, Mrs. Henry Fairfield Osborn, Mrs. Edward Robinson, Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Mrs. Frederick Sturges, Mrs. Robert Woods Bliss, Mrs. Stephen Bonsal, Mrs. Hamilton Fish Armstrong, Mrs. Frederick Nathan, Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mrs. Henry Clay Frick, Mrs. Cornelius J. Sullivan, Mrs. Franklin K. Lane, Mrs. Vernon L. Kellogg, Mrs. Howard Mansfield and Miss Gertrude Whiting, Vice Presidents, and Miss Edith Wetmore, Treasurer.

Spent $20,000 to Elect Townsend.

DETROIT, Nov. 18.—The Townsend-for-Senator Committee spent a total of $19,441.72 in the unsuccessful campaign for the re-election of Senator Townsend, according to a statement made public today. Senator Townsend reported personal expenditures of $005.

The Pre-eminence of *Apollinaris*
"The Queen of Table Waters"
—drunk the world over for more than a generation—is based on its distinctive excellence.
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An established business of over 14 years. Owner has just decided to retire. An unusual opportunity presents itself. The business is one of those daily cash receipts, no charge accounts, steady income. Business can show large yearly profit. Very little work connected with the operation of the establishment. Can be conducted by woman or man of executive ability. Ready made money maker. Will stand a thorough investigation of statements for the last ten years. Brokers will not be considered under any circumstances. Owner desires to participate in the profits and trade mark. Only those who can give full particulars as to their past business experience and qualifications need apply. Business will be sold on cash basis only.
L. S., P 591 TIMES.

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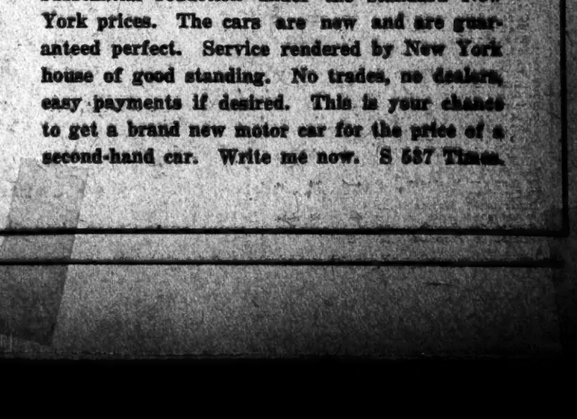
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IMPORTANT NOTICE
I am suddenly thrust into a situation whereby I must sell—at extreme sacrifice—40 new 1922 model Automobiles of nationally known makes. Two, four, five and seven passenger, both open and closed models. I will sell these cars at a substantial reduction under the standard New York prices. The cars are new and are guaranteed perfect. Service rendered by New York house of good standing. No trades, no dealers, easy payments if desired. This is your chance to get a brand new motor car for the price of a second-hand car. Write me now. S 537 Times.

NEEDLE GUILD SALE.

Crafts Organization to Offer Holiday Gifts in Its New Quarters.

The Guild of the Needle and Bobbin Crafts has moved to its new headquarters at the Anderson Galleries, Room 304. An interesting exhibition of work done by Bohemian, Russian, Ukrinian and American women will be held on Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. 22 and 23, from 11 A. M. to 6 P. M. There also will be for sale laces, American weaving, quilting and crewel work, articles suitable for holiday gifts.

The officers of the Guild of the Needle and Bobbin Crafts are Mrs. Herbert E. Hoover, Honorary President; Mrs. Cornelius J. Sullivan, President; Mrs. Franklin K. Lane, Mrs. Vernon L. Kellogg, Mrs. Howard Mansfield and Miss Gertrude Whiting, Vice Presidents, and Miss Edith Wetmore, Treasurer.

ALICE MAYNARD
(Just Off Fifth Avenue)
18 West 46th Street
SALE
for three days, beginning tomorrow
AT HALF PRICE
Gowns formerly from 175.00 to 65.00
Sweaters " " 30.00 to 10.00
The first "Alice Maynard" sale in years
It gives an opportunity to purchase from this old established house at prices within reach of every purse.